# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

# **FORM 10-K**

# ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007 Commission File No. 1-8923



(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

34-1096634 Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer incorporation or organization) Identification Number) 43604 One SeaGate, Suite 1500, Toledo, Ohio (Zip Code)

(Address of principal executive office)

(419) 247-2800 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Common Stock, \$1.00 par value 7.875% Series D Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, \$1.00 par value 7.625% Series F Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, \$1.00 par value 7.5% Series G Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock, \$1.00 par value

Title of Each Class

Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered New York Stock Exchange New York Stock Exchange

New York Stock Exchange

New York Stock Exchange

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes 🗵 No o

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Act. Yes o No 🗵

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months; and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  $\ensuremath{\square}$  No o

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment of this Form 10-K. 🗵

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer  $\square$ Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes o No 🗵

The aggregate market value of the shares of voting common stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant, computed by reference to the closing sales price of such shares on the New York Stock Exchange as of the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter was \$3,260,216,426.

As of February 15, 2008, there were 85,759,075 shares of common stock outstanding.

# DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Portions of the registrant's definitive proxy statement for the annual stockholders' meeting to be held May 1, 2008, are incorporated by reference into Part III.

# HEALTH CARE REIT, INC. 2007 FORM 10-K ANNUAL REPORT

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### PART I

### Item 1. Business

# General

Health Care REIT, Inc., a Delaware Corporation, is an equity real estate investment trust ("REIT") that invests across the full spectrum of senior housing and health care real estate, including continuing care retirement communities, independent living, assisted living, skilled nursing, hospitals, long-term acute care hospitals and medical office buildings. We also offer a full array of property management and development services. Founded in 1970, we were the first REIT to invest exclusively in health care properties. As of December 31, 2007, we had \$5,020,026,000 of real estate investments in 638 properties located in 38 states.

Our primary objectives are to protect stockholder capital and enhance stockholder value. We seek to pay consistent cash dividends to stockholders and create opportunities to increase dividend payments to stockholders as a result of annual increases in rental and interest income and portfolio growth. To meet these objectives, we invest in the full spectrum of senior housing and health care real estate and diversify our investment portfolio by property type, operator/tenant and geographic location.

Depending on the availability and cost of external capital, we anticipate investing in additional properties and providing loans to qualified obligors. Capital for future investments may be provided by borrowing under our unsecured line of credit arrangement, public or private offerings of debt or equity securities, or the incurrence or assumption of secured indebtedness.

References herein to "we," "us," "our" or the "Company" refer to Health Care REIT, Inc. and its subsidiaries unless specifically noted otherwise.

# Windrose Medical Properties Trust Merger

As discussed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2006, we completed our merger with Windrose Medical Properties Trust on December 20, 2006. These operations are the principal component of our operating property segment. The results of operations for this segment represent the primary change in our consolidated results of operations from the prior year. Allocation of the purchase price has been finalized. See Note 2 to our consolidated financial statements for additional information.

# Rendina/Paramount Acquisition

In May 2007, we completed the acquisition of 17 medical office buildings and Paramount Real Estate Services, a property management company, from affiliates of Rendina Companies. The results of operations for these properties and Paramount have been included in our consolidated results of operations from the date of acquisition. Allocation of the purchase price has been finalized. See Note 2 to our consolidated financial statements for additional information.

### Portfolio of Properties

The following table summarizes our portfolio as of December 31, 2007:

Type of Property		vestments thousands)	Percentage of Investments		Revenues(1) (In thousands)	Percentage of Revenues	Number of Properties	# Beds/Units or Sq. Ft.		Investment per metric (2)	Operators/ Tenants	States
Independent	_											
living/CCRCs	S	777,349		15%	\$ 45,502	9%	62	7,509 units	S	157,564 per unit	21	22
Assisted living										•		
facilities		1,043,467		21%	114,961	23%	206	12,750 units		98,087 per unit	24	33
Skilled nursing												
facilities		1,592,035		32%	159,033	32%	227	30,647 beds		52,752 per bed	21	28
Medical office												
buildings		1,248,264		25%	112,317	23%	121	5,032,333 sq. ft.		276 per sq. ft.	913	18
Specialty care												
facilities		358,911		7%	25,484	5%	22	1,541 beds		248,321 per bed	11	10
Interest income					25,823	5%						
Other income				_	10,035	3%						
Totals	\$	5,020,026	1	00%	493,155	100%	638					

- (1) Revenues include gross revenues and revenues from discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2007.
  (2) Investment per metric was computed by using the total investment amount of \$5,820,723,000 which includes real estate investments and unfunded construction commitments for which initial funding has commenced which amounted to \$5,020,026,000 and \$800,697,000, respectively.

# **Property Types**

Our primary property types include investment properties and operating properties. Investment properties are those in which we do not participate in the management of the property and include skilled nursing facilities, assisted living facilities, independent living/continuing care retirement communities and certain specialty care facilities. Our operating properties are those in which we are responsible for the management of the property and are primarily medical office buildings. Our properties include stand-alone facilities that provide one level of service, combination facilities that provide multiple levels of service, and communities or campuses that provide a wide range of services. The following is a summary of our various property types.

# Assisted Living Facilities

Assisted living facilities are state regulated rental properties that provide the same services as independent living facilities, but also provide supportive care from trained employees to residents who require assistance with activities of daily living, including management of medications, bathing, dressing, toileting, ambulating and eating.

Alzheimer 's/Dementia Care Facilities Certain assisted living facilities may include state licensed settings that specialize in caring for those afflicted with Alzheimer's disease and/or similar forms of dementia.

### Skilled Nursing Facilities

Skilled nursing facilities are licensed daily rate or rental properties where the majority of individuals require 24-hour nursing and/or medical care. Generally, these properties are licensed for Medicaid and/or Medicare reimbursement.

# Independent Living/Continuing Care Retirement Communities

These communities may include one or more of the following property types.

Continuing Care Retirement Communities Continuing care retirement communities include a combination of detached homes, an independent living facility, an assisted living facility and/or a skilled nursing facility on one campus. These communities are appealing to residents because there is no need for relocating when health and medical needs change. Resident payment plans vary, but can include entrance fees, condominium fees and rental fees. Many of these communities also charge monthly maintenance fees in exchange for a living unit, meals and some health services.

Active Adult Communities Active adult communities contain primarily for-sale single-family homes, townhomes, cluster homes, mobile homes and/or condominiums with no specialized services. These communities are typically restricted or targeted to adults at least 55 years of age or older. Residents generally lead an independent lifestyle. Communities may include amenities such as a clubhouse, golf course and recreational spaces.

Independent Living Facilities Independent living facilities are age-restricted multifamily properties with central dining facilities that provide residents access to meals and other services such as housekeeping, linen service, transportation and social and recreational activities.

### Specialty Care Facilities

Our specialty care facilities generally include acute care hospitals, long-term acute care hospitals and other specialty care facilities. Acute care hospitals provide a wide range of inpatient and outpatient services, including, but not limited to, surgery, rehabilitation, therapy and clinical laboratories. Long-term acute care hospitals provide inpatient services for patients with complex medical conditions that require more intensive care, monitoring or emergency support than that available in most skilled nursing facilities. Other specialty care facilities typically provide specialized inpatient and outpatient care for specific illnesses or diseases, including, among others, orthopedic and neurologic care.

### Medical Office Buildings

Medical office buildings are office and clinic facilities, often located near hospitals or on hospital campuses, specifically constructed and designed for the use by physicians and other health care personnel to provide services to their patients. They may also include ambulatory surgery centers that are used for general or specialty surgical procedures not requiring an overnight stay in a hospital. Medical office buildings typically contain sole and group physician practices and may provide laboratory and other patient services.

### Investments

We invest across the full spectrum of senior housing and health care real estate. We diversify our investment portfolio by property type, operator/tenant and geographic location. In determining whether to invest in a property, we focus on the following: (1) the experience of the obligor's management team; (2) the historical and projected financial and operational performance of the property; (3) the credit of the obligor; (4) the security for the lease or loan; and (5) the capital committed to the property by the obligor. We conduct market research and analysis for all potential investments. In addition, we review the value of all properties, the interest rates and covenant requirements of any debt to be assumed and the anticipated sources of repayment of any existing debt that is not to be assumed.

We monitor our investments through a variety of methods determined by the type of property and obligor. Our asset management process generally includes review of monthly financial statements and other operating data for each property, periodic review of obligor creditworthiness, periodic property inspections and review of covenant compliance relating to licensure, real estate taxes, letters of credit and other collateral. In monitoring our portfolio, our personnel use a proprietary database to collect and analyze property-specific data. Additionally, we conduct extensive research to ascertain industry trends and risks.

Through asset management and research, we evaluate the operating environment in each property's market to determine whether payment risk is likely to increase. When we identify unacceptable levels of payment risk, we seek to mitigate, eliminate or transfer the risk. We categorize the risk as obligor, property or market risk. For obligor risk, we typically find a substitute operator/tenant to run the property. For property risk, we usually work with the operator/tenant to institute property-level management changes to address the risk. Finally, for market risk, we often encourage an obligor to change its capital structure, including refinancing the property or raising additional equity. Through these asset management and research efforts, we are generally able to intervene at an early stage to address payment risk, and in so doing, support both the collectibility of revenue and the value of our investment.

Depending upon market conditions, we believe that new investments will be available in the future with spreads over our cost of capital that will generate appropriate returns to our stockholders.

### Segment Reporting

Our business consists of two business segments — investment properties and operating properties. For additional information regarding business segments, see Note 18 to our audited consolidated financial statements.

### Investment Properties

Real Property. Our investment properties are those in which we do not participate in the management of the property and are primarily land, building, improvements and related rights that are leased to operators under long-term operating leases. The net value of our investment properties aggregated approximately \$3,016,993,000 at December 31, 2007. The leases generally have a fixed contractual term of 12 to 15 years and contain one or more five to 15-year renewal options. Most of our rents are received under triple-net leases requiring the operator to pay rent and all additional charges incurred in the operation of the leased property. The tenants are required to repair, rebuild and maintain the leased properties. Substantially all of these operating leases are designed with either fixed or contingent escalating rent structures. Leases with fixed annual rental escalators are generally recognized on a straight-line basis over the initial lease period, subject to a collectibility assessment. Rental income related to leases with contingent rental escalators is generally recorded based on the contractual cash rental payments due for the period.

At December 31, 2007, 87% of our investment properties were subject to master leases. A master lease is a lease of multiple properties to one tenant entity under a single lease agreement. From time to time, we may acquire additional properties that are then leased to the tenant under the master lease. The tenant is required to make one monthly payment that represents rent on all the properties that are subject to the master lease. Typically, the master lease tenant can exercise its right to purchase the properties or to renew the master lease only with respect to all leased properties at the same time. This bundling feature benefits us because the tenant cannot limit the purchase or renewal to the better performing properties and terminate the leasing arrangement with respect to the poorer performing properties. This spreads our risk among the entire group of properties within the master lease. The bundling feature may provide a similar advantage if the master lease tenant is in bankruptcy. Subject to certain restrictions, a debtor in bankruptcy has the right to assume or reject each of its leases. It is our intent that a tenant in bankruptcy would be required to assume or reject the master lease as a whole, rather than deciding on a property by property basis.

Construction. We currently provide for the construction of properties for tenants as part of long-term operating leases. We capitalize certain interest costs associated with funds used to pay for the construction of properties owned by us. The amount capitalized is based upon the amount advanced during the construction period using the rate of interest that approximates our cost of financing. Our interest expense is reduced by the amount capitalized. We also typically charge a transaction fee at the commencement of construction. The construction period commences upon funding and terminates upon the earlier of the completion of the applicable property or the end of a specified period. During the construction period, we advance funds to the tenants in accordance with agreed upon terms and conditions which require, among other things, periodic site visits by a Company representative. During the construction period, we generally require an additional credit enhancement in the form of payment and performance bonds and/or completion guaranties. At December 31, 2007, we had outstanding construction investments of \$313,709,000 and were committed to providing additional funds of approximately \$800,697,000 to complete construction.

Real Estate Loans. Our real estate loans are typically structured to provide us with interest income, principal amortization and transaction fees and are generally secured by a first, second or third mortgage lien, leasehold mortgage, corporate guaranties and/or personal guaranties. At December 31, 2007, we had outstanding real estate loans of \$381,394,000. The interest yield averaged approximately 9.24% per annum on our outstanding real estate loan balances. Our yield on real estate loans depends upon a number of factors, including the stated interest rate, average principal amount outstanding during the term of the loan and any interest rate adjustments. The real estate loans outstanding at December 31, 2007 are generally subject to three to 20-year terms with principal amortization schedules and/or balloon payments of the outstanding principal balances at the end of the term. Typically, real estate loans are cross-defaulted and cross-collateralized with other real estate loans, operating leases or agreements between us and the obligor and its affiliates.

### **Operating Properties**

Our operating properties primarily consist of multi-tenant medical office buildings leased to health care providers. Management of these properties is provided by Paramount Real Estate Services, our property management company. Leases with our tenants are primarily triple net leases that require the tenants to pay their proportionate share of operating expenses. Other lease types with our tenants are gross or modified gross leases, where all or a portion of our operating expenses are not reimbursed by tenants. Accordingly, we incur certain property operating expenses, such as real estate taxes, repairs and maintenance, utilities and insurance. At December 31, 2007, 78% of our operating property leases were triple net as compared to 8% gross and 14% modified gross leases. Substantially all of our leases at operating properties include annual base rent escalation

clauses that are either predetermined fixed increases or are a function of an inflation index, and typically have an initial term ranging from one to 20 years, with a weighted average remaining term of approximately six years as of December 31, 2007. Operating property leases are normally credit enhanced by guaranties and/or letters of credit. The net value of our operating properties aggregated approximately \$1,307,931,000 at December 31, 2007.

### **Development Services Group**

Through our subsidiary, HCN Development Services Group, Inc. ("DSG"), we develop quality specialty medical properties. Formerly known as Hospital Affiliates Development Corporation or "HADC," DSG develops and constructs new "build-to-suit" and multi-tenant facilities for us, and in some instances, for third parties who are expected to develop long-term relationships with the Company. DSG provides services such as property development, facility and medical equipment planning and implementation services to healthcare services, physician groups and third party medical property owners.

### **Equity Investments**

Equity investments consist of an investment in a public company that has a readily determinable fair market value. We classify this equity investment as available-for-sale and, accordingly, record this investment at its fair market value with unrealized gains and losses included in accumulated other comprehensive income, a separate component of stockholders' equity. This investment represents a minimal ownership interest in the company.

# **Borrowing Policies**

We utilize a combination of debt and equity to fund the purchase of new properties and to provide loan financing. Our debt and equity levels are determined by management to maintain a conservative credit profile. Generally, we intend to issue unsecured, fixed rate public debt with long-term maturities to approximate the maturities on our leases and loans. For short-term purposes, we may borrow on our unsecured line of credit arrangement. We replace these borrowings with long-term capital such as senior unsecured notes, common stock or preferred stock. When terms are deemed favorable, we may invest in properties subject to existing mortgage indebtedness. In addition, we may obtain secured financing for unleveraged properties in which we have invested or may refinance properties acquired on a leveraged basis. It is our intent to limit secured indebtedness. In our agreements with our lenders, we are subject to restrictions with respect to secured and unsecured indebtedness.

# Competition

We compete with other real estate investment trusts, real estate partnerships, private equity and hedge fund investors, banks, insurance companies, finance/investment companies, government-sponsored agencies, taxable and tax-exempt bond funds, health care operators, developers and other investors in the acquisition, development, leasing and financing of health care and senior housing properties. Some of our competitors are larger with greater resources and lower costs of capital than us. Increased competition inhibits our ability to identify and successfully complete investments. We compete for investments based on a number of factors including rates, financings offered, underwriting criteria and reputation. Our ability to successfully compete is also impacted by economic and population trends, availability of acceptable investment opportunities, our ability to negotiate beneficial investment terms, availability and cost of capital, construction and renovation costs and new and existing laws and regulations.

The operators/tenants of our properties compete on a local and regional basis with operators/tenants of properties that provide comparable services. Operators/tenants compete for patients and residents based on a number of factors including quality of care, reputation, physical appearance of properties, services offered, family preferences, physicians, staff and price. We also face competition from other health care facilities for tenants, such as physicians and other health care providers that provide comparable facilities and services.

For additional information on the risks associated with our business, please see "Item 1A -- Risk Factors" of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

# Employees

As of December 31, 2007, we had 198 employees.

### **Customer Concentrations**

The following table summarizes certain information about our customer concentrations as of December 31, 2007 (dollars in thousands):

	Number of Properties	Total Investment		Percent of Investment(1)	
Concentration by investment:					
Emeritus Corporation	50	\$	355,147	7%	
Signature Healthcare LLC	34		325,744	6%	
Brookdale Senior Living, Inc	84		258,990	5%	
Life Care Centers of America, Inc.	25		255,168	5%	
Senior Living Communities, LLC	8		187,437	4%	
Remaining portfolio	437		3,637,540	73%	
Totals	638	\$	5,020,026	100%	

	Number of Properties	Total Revenue	Percent of Revenue(3)
Concentration by revenue:			
Emeritus Corporation	50	\$ 39	,546 8%
Brookdale Senior Living, Inc	84	37	7,791 8%
Home Quality Management, Inc.	35	24	,512 5%
Life Care Centers of America, Inc.	25	23	,854 5%
Tara Cares, LLC	33	18	,982 4%
Remaining portfolio	411	338	,435 68%
Other income	n/a	10	,035 2%
Totals	638	\$ 493	,155 100%

- (1) Investments with our top five customers comprised 32% of total investments at December 31, 2006.
- (2) Revenues include gross revenues and revenues from discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2007.
- (3) Revenues from our top five customers were 43% and 43% for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

# **Certain Government Regulations**

# Health Law Matters — Generally

We invest in assisted living, skilled nursing, independent living/continuing care retirement communities, medical office buildings and specialty care facilities, which represented approximately 21%, 32%, 15%, 25% and 7%, respectively, of our investments at December 31, 2007.

Typically, operators of assisted living and independent living facilities do not receive significant funding from governmental programs and are regulated by the states, not the federal government. Operators of skilled nursing and specialty care facilities do receive significant funding from governmental programs and are subject to federal and state laws that regulate the type and quality of the medical and/or nursing care provided, ancillary services (e.g., respiratory, occupational, physical and infusion therapies), qualifications of the administrative personnel and nursing staff, the adequacy of the physical plant and equipment, distribution of pharmaceuticals, reimbursement and rate setting and operating policies. In addition, as described below, a number of our property operators are subject to extensive laws and regulations pertaining to health care fraud and abuse, including kickbacks, physician self-referrals and false claims. Hospitals, physician group practice clinics, and other health care facilities in our portfolio are subject to extensive federal, state and local licensure, certification, and inspection laws and regulations. Our tenants' failure to comply with any of these laws could result in loss of accreditation, denial of reimbursement, imposition of fines, suspension or decertification or exclusion from federal and state health care programs, loss of license or closure of the facility.

### Licensing and Certification

The primary regulations that affect assisted living facilities are the states' licensing laws. In granting and renewing these licenses, the regulatory authorities consider numerous factors relating to a property's physical plant and operations including, but not limited to, admission and discharge standards and staffing and training. A decision to grant or renew a license is also affected by a property's record with respect to patient and consumer rights and medication guidelines and rules. Certain of the senior housing facilities mortgaged to or owned by us may require the resident to pay an entrance or upfront fee, a portion of which may be refundable. These entrance fee communities are subject to significant state regulatory oversight, including, for example, oversight of each facility's financial condition, establishment and monitoring of reserve requirements and other financial restrictions, the right of residents to cancel their contracts within a specified period of time, lien rights in favor of residents, restrictions on change of ownership and similar matters. Such oversight and the rights of residents within these entrance fee communities may have an effect on the revenue or operations of the operators of such facilities and therefore may adversely affect us.

Skilled nursing facilities are subject to a variety of licensure and certificate of need ("CON") laws and regulations. CON laws in those states that have them generally require a facility to demonstrate the need for constructing a new facility, expanding an existing facility, changing the ownership or control of an existing licensed facility, or terminating services that have been approved through the CON process. CONs, where applicable, generally are required before a covered facility can construct a new facility, add beds or expand services, invest in major capital equipment or add new services, or terminate services for which the facility has previously been awarded a CON and a license. The CON laws and regulations may restrict the ability of operators to add new properties or expand an existing facility's size or services. In addition, CON laws may constrain the ability of an operator to transfer responsibility for operating a particular facility to a new operator. If we have to replace a barred property operator, our ability to replace the operator may be affected by CON rules and policies governing changes in control.

With respect to licensure, generally our skilled nursing and specialty care facilities are required to be licensed and certified for participation in the Medicare and Medicaid programs. This generally requires license renewals and compliance surveys on an annual or bi-annual basis. The failure of our operators to maintain or renew any required license or regulatory approval or the failure to correct serious survey deficiencies identified in compliance surveys could prevent them from continuing operations at a property. In addition, if a property is found out of compliance with the conditions of participation in Medicare, Medicaid or other health care programs, the property may be barred from participation in government reimbursement programs. Any of these occurrences may impair the ability of our operators to meet their obligations to us. If we have to replace a barred property operator, our ability to replace the operator may be affected by federal and state rules and policies governing changes in control. This may result in payment delays, an inability to find a replacement operator, a significant working capital commitment from us to a new operator or other difficulties.

#### Reimhursement

Assisted Living Facilities. Approximately 23% of our rental revenues for the year ended December 31, 2007, were attributable to assisted living facilities. The majority of the revenues received by the operators of our assisted living facilities are from private pay sources. The remaining revenue source is primarily Medicaid under certain waiver programs. As a part of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act ("OBRA") of 1981, Congress established a waiver program enabling some states to offer Medicaid reimbursement to assisted living facilities as an alternative to institutional long-term care services. The provisions of OBRA and the subsequent OBRA Acts of 1987 and 1990 permit states to seek a waiver from typical Medicaid requirements to develop cost-effective alternatives to long-term care, including Medicaid payments for assisted living and home health. At December 31, 2007, five of our 24 assisted living operators received Medicaid reimbursement pursuant to Medicaid waiver programs. For the twelve months ended September 30, 2007, approximately 12% of the revenues at our assisted living facilities were from Medicaid reimbursement. There can be no guarantee that a state Medicaid program operating pursuant to a waiver will be able to maintain its waiver status. If a state loses its waiver status under Medicaid, the state will be unable to maintain Medicaid reimbursement to assisted living facilities, which will reduce the revenues of some of our operators, making it more difficult for such operators to cover expenses, including our rent or debt service.

Rates paid by self-pay residents are set by the facilities and are largely determined by local market conditions and operating costs. Generally, facilities receive a higher payment per day for a private pay resident than for a Medicaid beneficiary who requires a comparable level of care. The level of Medicaid reimbursement varies from state to state. Thus, the revenues generated by operators of our assisted living facilities may be adversely affected by payor mix, acuity level and changes in Medicaid eligibility and reimbursement levels. In addition, a state could lose its Medicaid waiver and no longer be permitted to utilize Medicaid dollars to reimburse for assisted living services. Changes in revenues could in turn have a material adverse effect on an operator's ability to meet its obligations to us.

Skilled Nursing Facilities and Specialty Care Facilities. Skilled nursing and specialty care facilities typically receive most of their revenues from Medicare and Medicaid, with the balance representing private pay, including private insurance. Consequently, changes in federal or state reimbursement policies may also adversely affect an operator's ability to cover its expenses, including our rent or debt service. Skilled nursing and specialty care facilities are subject to periodic pre- and post-payment reviews and other audits by federal and state authorities. A review or audit of claims of a property operator could result in recoupments, denials or delays of payments in the future, which could have a material adverse effect on the operator's ability to meet its obligations to us. Due to the significant judgments and estimates inherent in payor settlement accounting, no assurance can be given as to the adequacy of any reserves maintained by our property operators for potential adjustments to reimbursements for payor settlements. Due to budgetary constraints, governmental payors may limit or reduce payments to skilled nursing and specialty care facilities. As a result of government reimbursement programs being subject to such budgetary pressures and legislative and administrative actions, an operator's ability to meet its obligations to us may be significantly impaired.

Medicare Reimbursement and Skilled Nursing Facilities. For the twelve months ended September 30, 2007, approximately 29% of the revenues at our skilled nursing facilities (which comprised 32% of our rental revenues for the year ended December 31, 2007) were from Medicare reimbursement. In an effort to reduce federal spending on health care, the Balanced Budget Act of 1997 ("BBA") fundamentally altered Medicare payment methodologies for skilled nursing facilities by mandating the institution of the skilled nursing facility prospective payment system. The prospective payment system shifted reimbursement from reasonable cost to a prospective fee schedule that generally reduced Medicare reimbursement for skilled nursing facilities. The reductions in Medicare payments resulted in immediate financial difficulties for skilled nursing facilities and caused a number of operators to seek bankruptcy protection. The federal government subsequently passed legislation to lessen the negative financial impact from the prospective payment system. These payment increases have since expired.

Skilled nursing facilities received a 3.3% inflationary market basket increase in Medicare payments for federal fiscal year 2008, which represents \$690 million of additional Medicare spending. Section 5008 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 2005 directs the Secretary (as defined in that statute) to conduct a demonstration program beginning January 1, 2008 assessing the costs and outcomes of patients discharged from hospitals in a variety of post-acute care settings, including skilled nursing facilities. The outcome of that demonstration program could lead to changes in Medicare coverage and reimbursement for post-acute care. It is not known how either the demonstration program, or any other changes in Medicare reimbursement or regulatory obligations that might be proposed, might impact tenants of the Company's properties.

The BBA mandated caps on Medicare reimbursement for certain therapy services. However, Congress imposed various moratoriums on the implementation of those caps. The moratoriums on the therapy caps for Part B outpatient rehabilitation services expired December 31, 2005. The annual payment cap of \$1,810 per patient applies to occupational therapy and a separate \$1,810 cap applies to speech and physical therapy. Until June 30, 2008, patients exceeding the cap will be able to obtain additional Medicare coverage through a waiver program if the therapy is deemed medically necessary. If the waiver program is not further extended, patients will need to use private funds to pay for the cost of therapy above the caps. The waiver has historically been extended.

Medicare Reimbursement and Specialty Care Facilities. For the twelve months ended September 30, 2007, approximately 39% of the revenues at our specialty care facilities (which comprised 5% of our rental revenues for the year ended December 31, 2007) were from Medicare. Specialty care facilities generally are reimbursed by Medicare under either the diagnosis related group prospective payment system reimbursement methodology for inpatient hospitals, or the long-term acute care hospital prospective payment system for long-term acute care hospitals. Acute care hospitals provide a wide range of inpatient and outpatient services including, but not limited

to, surgery, rehabilitation, therapy and clinical laboratories. Long-term acute care hospitals provide inpatient services for patients with complex medical conditions that require more intensive care, monitoring or emergency support than that available in most skilled nursing facilities.

With respect to Medicare's diagnosis related group/outpatient prospective payment system methodology for regular hospitals, reimbursement for inpatient services is on the basis of a fixed, prospective rate based on the principal diagnosis of the patient. Hospitals are at risk to the extent that their costs in treating a specific case exceed the fixed payment. The diagnosis related group reimbursement system was significantly changed for 2008, with the expansion of diagnosis groups from 538 to 745 diagnosis related groups to greater reflect severity. It is possible that this change in the DRG system will adversely impact reimbursement for some of our hospitals. In some cases, a hospital might be able to qualify for an outlier payment if the hospital's losses exceed a threshold.

Medicaid Reimbursement. Medicaid is a major payor source for residents in our skilled nursing and specialty care facilities. For the twelve months ended September 30, 2007, approximately 52% of the revenues of our skilled nursing facilities and 28% of the revenues of our specialty care facilities were attributable to Medicaid payments. The federal government and the states share responsibility for financing Medicaid. The federal matching rate, known as the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage, varies by state based on relative per capita income, but is at least 50% in all states. On average, Medicaid is the largest component of total state spending, representing approximately 22.0% of total state spending. The percentage of Medicaid dollars used for long-term care varies from state to state due in part to different ratios of elderly population and eligibility requirements. Within certain federal guidelines, states have a wide range of discretion to determine eligibility and reimbursement methodology. Many states reimburse long-term care facilities using fixed daily rates, which are applied prospectively based on patient acuity and the historical costs incurred in providing patient care. Reasonable costs typically include allowances for staffing, administrative and general, and property and equipment (e.g., real estate taxes, depreciation and fair rental).

In most states, Medicaid does not fully reimburse the cost of providing skilled nursing services. Certain states are attempting to slow the rate of growth in Medicaid expenditures by freezing rates or restricting eligibility and benefits. States in which we have skilled nursing property investments increased their per diem Medicaid rates roughly 3.3% on average for fiscal year 2008. Three of our states have effectively frozen rates for fiscal year 2008, which will impact profitability to the extent that expenses continue to rise. In addition, Medicaid rates may decline if revenues in a particular state are not sufficient to fund budgeted expenditures.

The Medicare Part D drug benefit became effective January 1, 2006. The direct impact on nursing facilities is that residents dually eligible for Medicare (and enrolled in one of the new Part D plans) and Medicaid now may enroll and receive reimbursement for drugs through Medicare Part D rather than through Medicaid. Part D will result in increased administrative responsibilities for nursing home operators because enrollment in Part D is voluntary and residents have the choice of multiple prescription drug plans. Operators may also experience increased expenses to the extent that patients' specific prescribed drugs may not be on the Part D drug plan formulary for the plan in which specific patients are enrolled.

The reimbursement methodologies applied to health care facilities continue to evolve. Federal and state authorities have considered and may seek to implement new or modified reimbursement methodologies that may negatively impact health care property operations. The impact of any such change, if implemented, may result in a material adverse effect on our skilled nursing and specialty care property operations. No assurance can be given that current revenue sources or levels will be maintained. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that payments under a government reimbursement program are currently, or will be in the future, sufficient to fully reimburse the property operators for their operating and capital expenses. As a result, an operator's ability to meet its obligations to us could be adversely impacted.

#### Other Pelated Laws

Skilled nursing and specialty care facilities (and assisted living facilities that receive Medicaid payments) are subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations that govern the operations and financial and other arrangements that may be entered into by health care providers. Certain of these laws prohibit direct or indirect payments of any kind for the purpose of inducing or encouraging the referral of patients for medical products or services reimbursable by governmental programs. Other laws require providers to furnish only medically necessary

services and submit to the government valid and accurate statements for each service. Still other laws require providers to comply with a variety of safety, health and other requirements relating to the condition of the licensed property and the quality of care provided. Sanctions for violations of these laws and regulations may include, but are not limited to, criminal and/or civil penalties and fines and a loss of licensure, immediate termination of governmental payments, and exclusion from eligibility for any governmental reimbursement. In certain circumstances, violation of these rules (such as those prohibiting abusive and fraudulent behavior) with respect to one property may subject other facilities under common control or ownership to sanctions, including exclusion from participation in the Medicare and Medicard programs. In the ordinary course of its business, a property operator is regularly subjected to inquiries, investigations and audits by federal and state agencies that oversee these laws and regulations.

Each skilled nursing and specialty care property (and any assisted living property that receives Medicaid payments) is subject to the federal anti-kickback statute that generally prohibits persons from offering, providing, soliciting or receiving remuneration to induce either the referral of an individual or the furnishing of a good or service for which payment may be made under a federal health care programs such as the Medicare and Medicaid programs. Skilled nursing and specialty care facilities are also subject to the federal Ethics in Patient Referral Act of 1989, commonly referred to as the Stark Law. The Stark Law generally prohibits the submission of claims to Medicare for payment if the claim results from a physician referral for certain designated services and the physician has a financial relationship with the health service provider that does not qualify under one of the exceptions for a financial relationship under the Stark Law. Similar prohibitions on physician self-referrals and submission of claims apply to state Medicaid programs. Further, skilled nursing and specialty care facilities (and assisted living facilities that receive Medicaid payments) are subject to substantial financial penalties under the Civil Monetary Penalties Act and the False Claims Act and, in particular, actions under the False Claims Act's "whistleblower" provisions. Private enforcement of health care fraud has increased due in large part to amendments to the False Claims Act that encourage private individuals to sue on behalf of the government. These whistleblower suits by private individuals, known as qui tam actions, may be filed by almost anyone, including present and former patients, nurses and other employees. Some cases have been brought under the federal False Claims Act asserting claims for treble damages and up to \$11,000 per claim on the basis of the alleged failure of a nursing facility to meet applicable regulations relating to the operation of the nursing facility. Prosecutions, investigations or whistle blo

Other legislative developments over the past several years, including the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 ("HIPAA"), have greatly expanded the definition of health care fraud and related offenses and broadened its scope to include private health care plans in addition to government payors. Congress also has greatly increased funding for the Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Office of the Inspector General of the Department of Health and Human Services to audit, investigate and prosecute suspected health care fraud. Moreover, a significant portion of the billions in health care fraud recoveries over the past several years has also been returned to government agencies to further fund their fraud investigation and prosecution efforts.

Additionally, other HIPAA provisions and regulations provide for communication of health information through standard electronic transaction formats and for the privacy and security of health information. In order to comply with the regulations, health care providers must undergo significant operational and technical changes. Operators also face significant financial exposure if they fail to maintain the confidentiality of medical records and personal, identifiable health information about individuals.

In November 2002, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), an agency of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, began a national Nursing Home Quality Initiative (NHQI). Under this initiative, historical survey information, the NHQI Pilot Evaluation Report and the NHQI Overview is made available to the public on-line. The NHQI website provides consumer and provider information regarding the quality of care in nursing homes. The data allows consumers, providers, states and researchers to compare quality information that shows how well nursing homes are caring for their residents' physical and clinical needs. The posted nursing home

quality measures come from resident assessment data that nursing homes routinely collect on the residents at specified intervals during their stay. If the operators of nursing facilities are unable to achieve quality of care ratings that are comparable or superior to those of their competitors, they may lose market share to other facilities, reducing their revenues and adversely impacting their ability to make rental payments.

Finally, government investigation and enforcement of health care laws has increased dramatically over the past several years and is expected to continue. Some of these enforcement actions represent novel legal theories and expansions in the application of false claims laws. The costs for an operator of a health care property associated with both defending such enforcement actions and the undertakings in settlement agreements can be substantial and could have a material adverse effect on the ability of an operator to meet its obligations to us.

#### Environmental Laws

A wide variety of federal, state and local environmental and occupational health and safety laws and regulations affect health care facility operations or special medical properties. Under various federal, state and local environmental laws, ordinances and regulations, an owner of real property or a secured lender (such as the Company) may be liable for the costs of removal or remediation of hazardous or toxic substances at, under or disposed of in connection with such property, as well as other potential costs relating to hazardous or toxic substances (including government fines and damages for injuries to persons and adjacent property). The cost of any required remediation, removal, fines or personal or property damages and the owner's or secured lender's liability for such costs could exceed the value of the property, and/or the assets of the owner or secured lender. In addition, the presence of such substances, or the failure to properly dispose of or remediate such substances, may adversely affect the owner's ability to sell or rent such property or to borrow using such property as collateral which, in turn, would reduce revenues.

### Taxation

### Federal Income Tax Considerations

The following summary of the taxation of the Company and the material federal tax consequences to the holders of our debt and equity securities is for general information only and is not tax advice. This summary does not address all aspects of taxation that may be relevant to certain types of holders of stock or securities (including, but not limited to, insurance companies, tax-exempt entities, financial institutions or broker-dealers, persons holding shares of common stock as part of a hedging, integrated conversion, or constructive sale transaction or a straddle, traders in securities that use a mark-to-market method of accounting for their securities, investors in pass-through entities and foreign corporations and persons who are not citizens or residents of the United States).

This summary does not discuss all of the aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be relevant to you in light of your particular investment or other circumstances. In addition, this summary does not discuss any state or local income taxation or foreign income taxation or other tax consequences. This summary is based on current U.S. federal income tax law. Subsequent developments in U.S. federal income tax law, including changes in law or differing interpretations, which may be applied retroactively, could have a material effect on the U.S. federal income tax consequences of purchasing, owning and disposing of our securities as set forth in this summary. Before you purchase our securities, you should consult your own tax advisor regarding the particular U.S. federal, state, local, foreign and other tax consequences of acquiring, owning and selling our securities.

#### Genera

We elected to be taxed as a real estate investment trust (or "REIT") commencing with our first taxable year. We intend to continue to operate in such a manner as to qualify as a REIT, but there is no guarantee that we will qualify or remain qualified as a REIT for subsequent years. Qualification and taxation as a REIT depends upon our ability to meet a variety of qualification tests imposed under federal income tax law with respect to income, assets, distribution level and diversity of share ownership as discussed below under "— Qualification as a REIT." There can be no assurance that we will be owned and organized and will operate in a manner so as to qualify or remain qualified.

In any year in which we qualify as a REIT, in general, we will not be subject to federal income tax on that portion of our REIT taxable income or capital gain that is distributed to stockholders. We may, however, be subject to tax at normal corporate rates on any taxable income or capital gain not distributed. If we elect to retain and pay

income tax on our net long-term capital gain, stockholders are required to include their proportionate share of our undistributed long-term capital gain in income, but they will receive a refundable credit for their share of any taxes paid by us on such gain.

Despite the REIT election, we may be subject to federal income and excise tax as follows:

- To the extent that we do not distribute all of our net capital gain or distribute at least 90%, but less than 100%, of our "REIT taxable income," as adjusted, we will be subject to tax on the undistributed amount at regular corporate tax rates;
- · We may be subject to the "alternative minimum tax" on certain items of tax preference to the extent that this tax exceeds our regular tax;
- If we have net income from the sale or other disposition of "foreclosure property" that is held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of business or other non-qualifying income from foreclosure property, we will be subject to tax at the highest corporate rate on this income;
- Any net income from prohibited transactions (which are, in general, sales or other dispositions of property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of business, other than dispositions of foreclosure property and dispositions of property due to an involuntary conversion) will be subject to a 100% tax;
- If we fail to satisfy either the 75% or 95% gross income tests (as discussed below), but nonetheless maintain our qualification as a REIT because certain other requirements are met, we will be subject to a 100% tax on an amount equal to (1) the gross income attributable to the greater of (i) 75% of our gross income over the amount of qualifying gross income for purposes of the 75% gross income test (discussed below) or (ii) 95% of our gross income (90% of our gross income for taxable years beginning on or before October 22, 2004) over the amount of qualifying gross income for purposes of the 95% gross income test (discussed below) multiplied by (2) a fraction intended to reflect our profitability;
- If we fail to distribute during each year at least the sum of (1) 85% of our REIT ordinary income for the year, (2) 95% of our REIT capital gain net income for such year (other than capital gain that we elect to retain and pay tax on) and (3) any undistributed taxable income from preceding periods, we will be subject to a 4% excise tax on the excess of such required distribution over amounts actually distributed; and
- We will also be subject to a tax of 100% on the amount of any rents from real property, deductions or excess interest paid to us by any of our "taxable REIT subsidiaries" that would be reduced through reallocation under certain federal income tax principles in order to more clearly reflect income of the taxable REIT subsidiary. See "— Qualification as a REIT Investments in Taxable REIT Subsidiaries."

If we acquire any assets from a corporation which is or has been a "C" corporation in a carryover basis transaction, we could be liable for specified liabilities that are inherited from the "C" corporation. A "C" corporation is generally defined as a corporation that is required to pay full corporate level federal income tax. If we recognize gain on the disposition of the assets during the ten-year period beginning on the date on which the assets were acquired by us, then to the extent of the assets' "built-in gain" (i.e., the excess of the fair market value of the asset over the adjusted tax basis in the asset, in each case determined as of the beginning of the ten-year period), we will be subject to tax on the gain at the highest regular corporate rate applicable. The results described in this paragraph with respect to the recognition of built-in gain assume that the built-in gain assets, at the time the built-in gain assets were subject to a conversion transaction (either where a "C" corporation elected REIT status or a REIT acquired the assets from a "C" corporation), were not treated as sold to an unrelated party and gain recognized.

### Qualification as a REIT

A REIT is defined as a corporation, trust or association:

- which is managed by one or more trustees or directors;
- (2) the beneficial ownership of which is evidenced by transferable shares or by transferable certificates of beneficial interest;
- (3) which would be taxable as a domestic corporation but for the federal income tax law relating to REITs;
- (4) which is neither a financial institution nor an insurance company;

- (5) the beneficial ownership of which is held by 100 or more persons in each taxable year of the REIT except for its first taxable year;
- (6) not more than 50% in value of the outstanding stock of which is owned during the last half of each taxable year, excluding its first taxable year, directly or indirectly, by or for five or fewer individuals (which includes certain entities) (the "Five or Fewer Requirement"); and
- (7) which meets certain income and asset tests described below.

Conditions (1) to (4), inclusive, must be met during the entire taxable year and condition (5) must be met during at least 335 days of a taxable year of 12 months or during a proportionate part of a taxable year of less than 12 months. For purposes of conditions (5) and (6), pension funds and certain other tax-exempt entities are treated as individuals, subject to a "look-through" exception in the case of condition (6).

Based on publicly available information, we believe we have satisfied the share ownership requirements set forth in (5) and (6) above. In addition, Article VI of our Amended and Restated By-Laws provides for restrictions regarding ownership and transfer of shares. These restrictions are intended to assist us in continuing to satisfy the share ownership requirements described in (5) and (6) above. These restrictions, however, may not ensure that we will, in all cases, be able to satisfy the share ownership requirements described in (5) and (6) above.

We have complied with, and will continue to comply with, regulatory rules to send annual letters to certain of our stockholders requesting information regarding the actual ownership of our stock. If, despite sending the annual letters, we do not know, or after exercising reasonable diligence would not have known, whether we failed to meet the Five or Fewer Requirement, we will be treated as having met the Five or Fewer Requirement. If we fail to comply with these regulatory rules, we will be subject to a monetary penalty. If our failure to comply was due to intentional disregard of the requirement, the penalty would be increased. However, if our failure to comply were due to reasonable cause and not willful neglect, no penalty would be imposed

We may own a number of properties through wholly owned subsidiaries. A corporation will qualify as a "qualified REIT subsidiary" if 100% of its stock is owned by a REIT and the REIT does not elect to treat the subsidiary as a taxable REIT subsidiary. A "qualified REIT subsidiary" will not be treated as a separate corporation, and all assets, liabilities and items of income, deductions and credits of a "qualified REIT subsidiary" will be treated as assets, liabilities and items (as the case may be) of the REIT. A "qualified REIT subsidiary" is not subject to federal income tax, and our ownership of the voting stock of a qualified REIT subsidiary will not violate the restrictions against ownership of securities of any one issuer which constitute more than 10% of the value or total voting power of such issuer or more than 5% of the value of our total assets, as described below under "— Asset Tests."

If we invest in a partnership, a limited liability company or a trust taxed as a partnership or as a disregarded entity, we will be deemed to own a proportionate share of the partnership's, limited liability company's or trust's assets. Likewise, we will be treated as receiving our share of the income and loss of the partnership, limited liability company or trust, and the gross income will retain the same character in our hands as it has in the hands of the partnership, limited liability company or trust. These "look-through" rules apply for purposes of the income tests and assets tests described below.

Income Tests. There are two separate percentage tests relating to our sources of gross income that we must satisfy for each taxable year.

- At least 75% of our gross income (excluding gross income from certain sales of property held primarily for sale) must be directly or indirectly derived each taxable year from "rents from real property," other income from investments relating to real property or mortgages on real property or certain income from qualified temporary investments.
- At least 95% of our gross income (excluding gross income from certain sales of property held primarily for sale) must be directly or indirectly derived each taxable year from any of the sources qualifying for the 75% gross income test and from dividends (including dividends from taxable REIT subsidiaries) and interest.

For taxable years beginning on or before October 22, 2004, (1) payments to us under an interest rate swap or cap agreement, option, futures contract, forward rate agreement or any similar financial instrument entered into by us to reduce interest rate risk on indebtedness incurred or to be incurred and (2) gain from the sale or other

disposition of any such investment are treated as income qualifying under the 95% gross income test. As to transactions entered into in taxable years beginning after October 22, 2004, any of our income from a "clearly identified" hedging transaction that is entered into by us in the normal course of business, directly or indirectly, to manage the risk of interest rate movements, price changes or currency fluctuations with respect to borrowings or obligations incurred or to be incurred by us, or such other risks that are prescribed by the Internal Revenue Service, is excluded from the 95% gross income test. In general, a hedging transaction is "clearly identified" if (1) the transaction is identified as a hedging transaction before the end of the day on which it is entered into and (2) the items or risks being hedged are identified "substantially contemporaneously" with the hedging transaction. An identification is not substantially contemporaneous if it is made more than 35 days after entering into the hedging transaction.

Rents received by us will qualify as "rents from real property" for purposes of satisfying the gross income tests for a REIT only if several conditions are met:

- The amount of rent must not be based in whole or in part on the income or profits of any person, although rents generally will not be excluded merely because they are based on a fixed percentage or percentages of receipts or sales.
- Rents received from a tenant will not qualify as rents from real property if the REIT, or an owner of 10% or more of the REIT, also directly or constructively owns 10% or more of the tenant, unless the tenant is our taxable REIT subsidiary and certain other requirements are met with respect to the real property being rented.
- If rent attributable to personal property leased in connection with a lease of real property is greater than 15% of the total rent received under the lease, then the portion of rent attributable to such personal property will not qualify as "rents from real property."
- For rents to qualify as rents from real property, we generally must not furnish or render services to tenants, other than through a taxable REIT subsidiary or an "independent contractor" from whom we derive no income, except that we may directly provide services that are "usually or customarily rendered" in the geographic area in which the property is located in connection with the rental of real property for occupancy only, or are not otherwise considered "rendered to the occupant for his convenience."

For taxable years beginning after August 5, 1997, a REIT has been permitted to render a de minimis amount of impermissible services to tenants and still treat amounts received with respect to that property as rent from real property. The amount received or accrued by the REIT during the taxable year for the impermissible services with respect to a property may not exceed 1% of all amounts received or accrued by the REIT directly or indirectly from the property. The amount received for any service or management operation for this purpose shall be deemed to be not less than 150% of the direct cost of the REIT in furnishing or rendering the service or providing the management or operation. Furthermore, impermissible services may be furnished to tenants by a taxable REIT subsidiary subject to certain conditions, and we may still treat rents received with respect to the property as rent from real property.

The term "interest" generally does not include any amount if the determination of the amount depends in whole or in part on the income or profits of any person, although an amount generally will not be excluded from the term "interest" solely by reason of being based on a fixed percentage of receipts or sales.

If we fail to satisfy one or both of the 75% or 95% gross income tests for any taxable year, we may nevertheless qualify as a REIT for such year if we are eligible for relief. For taxable years beginning on or before October 22, 2004, these relief provisions generally will be available if (1) our failure to meet such tests was due to reasonable cause and not due to willful neglect; (2) we attach a schedule of the sources of our income to our return; and (3) any incorrect information on the schedule was not due to fraud with intent to evade tax. For taxable years beginning after October 22, 2004, these relief provisions generally will be available if (1) following our identification of the failure, we file a schedule for such taxable year describing each item of our gross income and (2) the failure to meet such tests was due to reasonable cause and not due to willful neglect.

It is not now possible to determine the circumstances under which we may be entitled to the benefit of these relief provisions. If these relief provisions apply, a 100% tax is imposed on an amount equal to (a) the gross income attributable to (1) 75% of our gross income over the amount of qualifying gross income for purposes of the 75% income test and (2) 95% of our gross income (90% of our gross income for taxable years beginning on or before

October 22, 2004) over the amount of qualifying gross income for purposes of the 95% income test, multiplied by (b) a fraction intended to reflect our profitability.

Asset Tests. Within 30 days after the close of each quarter of our taxable year, we must also satisfy several tests relating to the nature and diversification of our assets determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. At least 75% of the value of our total assets must be represented by real estate assets, cash, cash items (including receivables arising in the ordinary course of our operation), government securities and qualified temporary investments. Although the remaining 25% of our assets generally may be invested without restriction, we are prohibited from owning securities representing more than 10% of either the vote (the "10% vote test") or value (the "10% value test") of the outstanding securities of any issuer other than a qualified REIT subsidiary, another REIT or a taxable REIT subsidiary. Further, no more than 20% of the total assets may be represented by securities of one or more taxable REIT subsidiary (the "5% asset test"), another REIT or a taxable REIT subsidiary. Each of the 10% vote test, the 10% value test and the 20% and 5% asset tests must be satisfied at the end of each quarter. There are special rules which provide relief if the value related tests are not satisfied due to changes in the value of the assets of a REIT.

For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000, certain items are excluded from the 10% value test, including (1) straight debt securities of an issuer (including straight debt that provides certain contingent payments); (2) any loan to an individual or an estate; (3) any rental agreement described in Section 467 of the Internal Revenue Code, other than with a "related person"; (4) any obligation to pay rents from real property; (5) certain securities issued by a state or any subdivision thereof, the District of Columbia, a foreign government, or any political subdivision thereof, or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico; (6) any security issued by a REIT; and (7) any other arrangement that, as determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, is excepted from the definition of security ("excluded securities"). Special rules apply to straight debt securities issued by corporations and entities taxable as partnerships for federal income tax purposes. If a REIT, or its taxable REIT subsidiary, holds (1) straight debt securities of a corporate or partnership issuer and (2) securities of such issuer that are not excluded securities and have an aggregate value greater than 1% of such issuer's outstanding securities, the straight debt securities will be included in the 10% value test.

For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000, a REIT's interest as a partner in a partnership is not treated as a security for purposes of applying the 10% value test to securities issued by the partnership. Further, any debt instrument issued by a partnership will not be a security for purposes of applying the 10% value test (1) to the extent of the REIT's interest as a partner in the partnership and (2) if at least 75% of the partnership's gross income (excluding gross income from prohibited transactions) would qualify for the 75% gross income test. For taxable years beginning after October 22, 2004, for purposes of the 10% value test, a REIT's interest in a partnership's assets is the REIT's proportionate interest in any securities issued by the partnership (other than the excluded securities described in the preceding paragraph).

With respect to corrections of failures for which the requirements for corrections are satisfied after October 22, 2004, regardless of whether such failures occurred in taxable years beginning on, before or after such date, as to violations of the 10% vote test, the 10% value test or the 5% asset test, a REIT may avoid disqualification as a REIT by disposing of sufficient assets to cure a violation that does not exceed the lesser of 1% of the REIT's assets at the end of the relevant quarter or \$10,000,000, provided that the disposition occurs within six months following the last day of the quarter in which the REIT first identified the assets. For violations of any of the REIT asset tests due to reasonable cause and not willful neglect that exceed the thresholds described in the preceding sentence, a REIT can avoid disqualification as a REIT after the close of a taxable quarter by taking certain steps, including disposition of sufficient assets within the six month period described above to meet the applicable asset test, paying a tax equal to the greater of \$50,000 or the highest corporate tax rate multiplied by the net income generated by the non-qualifying assets during the period of time that the assets were held as non-qualifying assets and filing a schedule with the Internal Revenue Service that describes the non-qualifying assets.

*Investments in Taxable REIT Subsidiaries.* For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000, REITs may own more than 10% of the voting power and value of securities in taxable REIT subsidiaries. We and any taxable corporate entity in which we own an interest are allowed to jointly elect to treat such entity as a "taxable REIT subsidiary."

Certain of our subsidiaries have elected to be treated as a taxable REIT subsidiary. Taxable REIT subsidiaries are subject to full corporate level federal taxation on their earnings but are permitted to engage in certain types of activities that cannot be performed directly by REITs without jeopardizing their REIT status. Our taxable REIT subsidiaries will attempt to minimize the amount of these taxes, but there can be no assurance whether or the extent to which measures taken to minimize taxes will be successful. To the extent our taxable REIT subsidiaries are required to pay federal, state or local taxes, the cash available for distribution as dividends to us from our taxable REIT subsidiaries will be reduced.

The amount of interest on related-party debt that a taxable REIT subsidiary may deduct is limited. Further, a 100% tax applies to any interest payments by a taxable REIT subsidiary to its affiliated REIT to the extent the interest rate is not commercially reasonable. A taxable REIT subsidiary is permitted to deduct interest payments to unrelated parties without any of

The Internal Revenue Service may reallocate costs between a REIT and its taxable REIT subsidiary where there is a lack of arm's-length dealing between the parties. Any deductible expenses allocated away from a taxable REIT subsidiary would increase its tax liability. Further, any amount by which a REIT understates its deductions and overstates those of its taxable REIT subsidiary will, subject to certain exceptions, be subject to a 100% tax. Additional taxable REIT subsidiary elections may be made in the future for additional entities in which we own an interest

Annual Distribution Requirements. In order to avoid being taxed as a regular corporation, we are required to make distributions (other than capital gain distributions) to our stockholders which qualify for the dividends paid deduction in an amount at least equal to (1) the sum of (i) 90% of our "REIT taxable income" (computed without regard to the dividends paid deduction and our net capital gain) and (ii) 90% of the after-tax net income, if any, from foreclosure property, minus (2) a portion of certain items of non-cash income. These distributions must be paid in the taxable year to which they relate, or in the following taxable year if declared before we timely file our tax return for that year and if paid on or before the first regular distribution payment after such declaration. The amount distributed must not be preferential. This means that every stockholder of the class of stock to which a distribution is made must be treated the same as every other stockholder of that class, and no class of stock may be treated otherwise than in accordance with its dividend rights as a class. To the extent that we do not distribute all of our net capital gain or distribute at least 90%, but less than 100%, of our "REIT taxable income," as adjusted, we will be subject to tax on the undistributed amount at regular corporate tax rates. Finally, as discussed above, we may be subject to an excise tax if we fail to meet certain other distribution requirements. We intend to make timely distributions sufficient to satisfy these annual distribution requirements.

It is possible that, from time to time, we may not have sufficient cash or other liquid assets to meet the 90% distribution requirement, or to distribute such greater amount as may be necessary to avoid income and excise taxation, due to, among other things, (1) timing differences between (i) the actual receipt of income and actual payment of deductible expenses and (ii) the inclusion of income and deduction of expenses in arriving at our taxable income, or (2) the payment of severance benefits that may not be deductible to us. In the event that timing differences occur, we may find it necessary to arrange for borrowings or, if possible, pay dividends in the form of taxable stock dividends in order to meet the distribution requirement.

Under certain circumstances, in the event of a deficiency determined by the Internal Revenue Service, we may be able to rectify a resulting failure to meet the distribution requirement for a year by paying "deficiency dividends" to stockholders in a later year, which may be included in our deduction for distributions paid for the earlier year. Thus, we may be able to avoid being taxed on amounts distributed as deficiency distributions; however, we will be required to pay applicable penalties and interest based upon the amount of any deduction taken for deficiency distributions.

### Failure to Qualify as a REIT

If we fail to qualify for taxation as a REIT in any taxable year, we will be subject to federal income tax, including any applicable alternative minimum tax, on our taxable income at regular corporate rates. Distributions to stockholders in any year in which we fail to qualify as a REIT will not be deductible nor will any particular amount of distributions be required to be made in any year. All distributions to stockholders will be taxable as ordinary income to the extent of current and accumulated earnings and profits allocable to these distributions and, subject to

certain limitations, will be eligible for the dividends received deduction for corporate stockholders. Unless entitled to relief under specific statutory provisions, we also will be disqualified from taxation as a REIT for the four taxable years following the year during which qualification was lost. It is not possible to state whether in all circumstances we would be entitled to statutory relief. Failure to qualify for even one year could result in our need to incur indebtedness or liquidate investments in order to pay potentially significant resulting tax liabilities.

In addition to the relief described above under "— Income Tests" and "—Asset Tests," relief is available in the event that we violate a provision of the Internal Revenue Code that would result in our failure to qualify as a REIT if (1) the violation is due to reasonable cause and not due to willful neglect, (2) we pay a penalty of \$50,000 for each failure to satisfy the provision, and (3) the violation does not include a violation described under "— Income Tests" or "—Asset Tests" above. It is not now possible to determine the circumstances under which we may be entitled to the benefit of these relief provisions.

Federal Income Taxation of Holders of Our Stock

Treatment of Taxable U.S. Stockholders. The following summary applies to you only if you are a "U.S. stockholder." A "U.S. stockholder" is a stockholder of shares of stock who, for United States federal income tax purposes, is:

- · a citizen or resident of the United States;
- a corporation, partnership or other entity classified as a corporation or partnership for these purposes, created or organized in or under the laws of the United States or of any
  political subdivision of the United States, including any state;
- an estate, the income of which is subject to United States federal income taxation regardless of its source; or
- a trust, if, in general, a U.S. court is able to exercise primary supervision over the trust's administration and one or more U.S. persons, within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Code, has the authority to control all of the trust's substantial decisions.

So long as we qualify for taxation as a REIT, distributions on shares of our stock made out of the current or accumulated earnings and profits allocable to these distributions (and not designated as capital gain dividends) will be includable as ordinary income for federal income tax purposes. None of these distributions will be eligible for the dividends received deduction for U.S. corporate stockholders.

Generally, for taxable years ending after May 6, 2003 through December 31, 2010, the maximum marginal rate of tax payable by individuals on dividends received from corporations that are subject to a corporate level of tax is 15%. Except in limited circumstances, this tax rate will not apply to dividends paid to you by us on our shares, because generally we are not subject to federal income tax on the portion of our REIT taxable income or capital gains distributed to our stockholders. The reduced maximum federal income tax rate will apply to that portion, if any, of dividends received by you with respect to our shares that are attributable to: (1) dividends received by us from non-REIT corporations or other taxable REIT subsidiaries; (2) income from the prior year with respect to which we were required to pay federal corporate income tax during the prior year (if, for example, we did not distribute 100% of our REIT taxable income for the prior year); or (3) the amount of any earnings and profits that were distributed by us and accumulated in a non-REIT year.

Distributions that are designated as capital gain dividends will be taxed as long-term capital gains (to the extent they do not exceed our actual net capital gain for the taxable year), without regard to the period for which you held our stock. However, if you are a corporation, you may be required to treat a portion of some capital gain dividends as ordinary income.

If we elect to retain and pay income tax on any net long-term capital gain, you would include in income, as long-term capital gain, your proportionate share of this net long-term capital gain. You would also receive a refundable tax credit for your proportionate share of the tax paid by us on such retained capital gains and you would have an increase in the basis of your shares of our stock in an amount equal to your includable capital gains less your share of the tax deemed paid.

You may not include in your federal income tax return any of our net operating losses or capital losses. Federal income tax rules may also require that certain minimum tax adjustments and preferences be apportioned to you. In addition, any distribution declared by us in October, November or December of any year on a specified date in any

such month shall be treated as both paid by us and received by you on December 31 of that year, provided that the distribution is actually paid by us no later than January 31 of the following year.

We will be treated as having sufficient earnings and profits to treat as a dividend any distribution up to the amount required to be distributed in order to avoid imposition of the 4% excise tax discussed under "— General" and "— Qualification as a REIT — Annual Distribution Requirements" above. As a result, you may be required to treat as taxable dividends certain distributions that would otherwise result in a tax-free return of capital. Moreover, any "deficiency dividend" will be treated as a dividend (an ordinary dividend or a capital gain dividend, as the case may be), regardless of our earnings and profits. Any other distributions in excess of current or accumulated earnings and profits will not be taxable to you to the extent these distributions do not exceed the adjusted tax basis of your shares of our stock. You will be required to reduce the tax basis of your shares of our stock by the amount of these distributions until the basis has been reduced to zero, after which these distributions will be taxable as capital gain, if the shares of our stock are held as a capital asset. The tax basis as so reduced will be used in computing the capital gain or loss, if any, realized upon sale of the shares of our stock. Any loss upon a sale or exchange of shares of our stock which were held for six months or less (after application of certain holding period rules) will generally be treated as a long-term capital loss to the extent you previously received capital gain distributions with respect to these

Upon the sale or exchange of any shares of our stock to or with a person other than us or a sale or exchange of all shares of our stock (whether actually or constructively owned) with us, you will generally recognize capital gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount realized on the sale or exchange and your adjusted tax basis in these shares of our stock. This gain will be capital gain if you held these shares of our stock as a capital asset.

If we redeem any of your shares in us, the treatment can only be determined on the basis of particular facts at the time of redemption. In general, you will recognize gain or loss (as opposed to dividend income) equal to the difference between the amount received by you in the redemption and your adjusted tax basis in your shares redeemed if such redemption results in a "complete termination" of your interest in all classes of our equity securities, is a "substantially disproportionate redemption" or is "not essentially equivalent to a dividend" with respect to you. In applying these tests, there must be taken into account your ownership of all classes of our equity securities (e.g., common stock, preferred stock, depositary shares and warrants). You also must take into account any equity securities that are considered to be constructively owned by you.

If, as a result of a redemption by us of your shares, you no longer own (either actually or constructively) any of our equity securities or only own (actually and constructively) an insubstantial percentage of our equity securities, then it is probable that the redemption of your shares would be considered "not essentially equivalent to a dividend" and, thus, would result in gain or loss to you. However, whether a distribution is "not essentially equivalent to a dividend" depends on all of the facts and circumstances, and if you rely on any of these tests at the time of redemption, you should consult your tax advisor to determine their application to the particular situation.

Generally, if the redemption does not meet the tests described above, then the proceeds received by you from the redemption of your shares will be treated as a distribution taxable as a dividend to the extent of the allocable portion of current or accumulated earnings and profits. If the redemption is taxed as a dividend, your adjusted tax basis in the redeemed shares will be transferred to any other shareholdings in us that you own. If you own no other shareholdings in us, under certain circumstances, such basis may be transferred to a related person, or it may be lost entirely.

Gain from the sale or exchange of our shares held for more than one year is taxed at a maximum long-term capital gain rate, which is currently 15%. Pursuant to Internal Revenue Service guidance, we may classify portions of our capital gain dividends as gains eligible for the long-term capital gains rate or as gain taxable to individual stockholders at a maximum rate of 25%

Treatment of Tax-Exempt U.S. Stockholders. Tax-exempt entities, including qualified employee pension and profit sharing trusts and individual retirement accounts ("Exempt Organizations"), generally are exempt from federal income taxation. However, they are subject to taxation on their unrelated business taxable income ("UBTI"). The Internal Revenue Service has issued a published revenue ruling that dividend distributions from a REIT to an exempt employee pension trust do not constitute UBTI, provided that the shares of the REIT are not otherwise used in an unrelated trade or business of the exempt employee pension trust. Based on this ruling, amounts distributed by us to Exempt Organizations generally should not constitute UBTI. However, if an Exempt Organization finances its

acquisition of the shares of our stock with debt, a portion of its income from us will constitute UBTI pursuant to the "debt financed property" rules. Likewise, a portion of the Exempt Organization's income from us would constitute UBTI if we held a residual interest in a real estate mortgage investment conduit.

In addition, in certain circumstances, a pension trust that owns more than 10% of our stock is required to treat a percentage of our dividends as UBTI. This rule applies to a pension trust holding more than 10% of our stock only if (1) the percentage of our income that is UBTI (determined as if we were a pension trust) is at least 5%, (2) we qualify as a REIT by reason of the modification of the Five or Fewer Requirement that allows beneficiaries of the pension trust to be treated as holding shares in proportion to their actuarial interests in the pension trust, and (3) either (i) one pension trust owns more than 25% of the value of our stock or (ii) a group of pension trusts individually holding more than 10% of the value of our stock collectively own more than 50% of the value of our stock.

Backup Withholding and Information Reporting. Under certain circumstances, you may be subject to backup withholding at applicable rates on payments made with respect to, or cash proceeds of a sale or exchange of, shares of our stock. Backup withholding will apply only if you: (1) fail to provide a correct taxpayer identification number, which if you are an individual, is ordinarily your social security number; (2) furnish an incorrect taxpayer identification number; (3) are notified by the Internal Revenue Service that you have failed to properly report payments of interest or dividends; or (4) fail to certify, under penalties of perjury, that you have furnished a correct taxpayer identification number and that the Internal Revenue Service has not notified you that you are subject to backup withholding.

Backup withholding will not apply with respect to payments made to certain exempt recipients, such as corporations and tax-exempt organizations. You should consult with a tax advisor regarding qualification for exemption from backup withholding, and the procedure for obtaining an exemption. Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Rather, the amount of any backup withholding with respect to payment to a stockholder will be allowed as a credit against such stockholder's United States federal income tax liability and may entitle such stockholder to a refund, provided that the required information is provided to the Internal Revenue Service. In addition, withholding a portion of capital gain distributions made to stockholders may be required for stockholders who fail to certify their non-foreign status.

Taxation of Foreign Stockholders. The following summary applies to you only if you are a foreign person. The federal taxation of foreign persons is a highly complex matter that may be affected by many considerations.

Except as discussed below, distributions to you of cash generated by our real estate operations in the form of ordinary dividends, but not by the sale or exchange of our capital assets, generally will be subject to U.S. withholding tax at a rate of 30%, unless an applicable tax treaty reduces that tax and you file with us the required form evidencing the lower rate.

In general, you will be subject to United States federal income tax on a graduated rate basis rather than withholding with respect to your investment in our stock if such investment is "effectively connected" with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States. A corporate foreign stockholder that receives income that is, or is treated as, effectively connected with a United States trade or business may also be subject to the branch profits tax, which is payable in addition to regular United States corporate income tax. The following discussion will apply to foreign stockholders whose investment in us is not so effectively connected. We expect to withhold United States income tax, as described below, on the gross amount of any distributions paid to you unless (1) you file an Internal Revenue Service Form W-8ECI with us claiming that the distribution is "effectively connected" or (2) certain other exceptions apply.

Distributions by us that are attributable to gain from the sale or exchange of a United States real property interest will be taxed to you under the Foreign Investment in Real Property Tax Act of 1980 ("FIRPTA") as if these distributions were gains "effectively connected" with a United States trade or business. Accordingly, you will be taxed at the normal capital gain rates applicable to a U.S. stockholder on these amounts, subject to any applicable alternative minimum tax and a special alternative minimum tax in the case of nonresident alien individuals. Distributions subject to FIRPTA may also be subject to a branch profits tax in the hands of a corporate foreign stockholder that is not entitled to treaty exemption.

We will be required to withhold from distributions subject to FIRPTA, and remit to the Internal Revenue Service, 35% of designated capital gain dividends, or, if greater, 35% of the amount of any distributions that could be designated as capital gain dividends. In addition, if we designate prior distributions as capital gain dividends, subsequent distributions, up to the amount of the prior distributions not withheld against, will be treated as capital gain dividends for purposes of withholding.

For taxable years beginning after October 22, 2004, any capital gain dividend with respect to any class of stock that is "regularly traded" on an established securities market will be treated as an ordinary dividend if the foreign stockholder did not own more than 5% of such class of stock at any time during the taxable year. Once this provision takes effect, foreign stockholders generally will not be required to report distributions received from us on U.S. federal income tax returns and all distributions treated as dividends for U.S. federal income tax purposes including any capital gain dividend will be subject to a 30% U.S. withholding tax (unless reduced under an applicable income tax treaty) as discussed above. In addition, the branch profits tax will no longer apply to such distributions.

Unless our shares constitute a "United States real property interest" within the meaning of FIRPTA or are effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business, a sale of our shares by you generally will not be subject to United States taxation. Our shares will not constitute a United States real property interest if we qualify as a "domestically controlled REIT." We do, and expect to continue to, qualify as a domestically controlled REIT. A domestically controlled REIT in which at all times during a specified testing period less than 50% in value of its shares is held directly or indirectly by foreign stockholders. However, if you are a nonresident alien individual who is present in the United States for 183 days or more during the taxable year and certain other conditions apply, you will be subject to a 30% tax on such capital gains. In any event, a purchaser of our shares from you will not be required under FIRPTA to withhold on the purchase price if the purchased shares are "regularly traded" on an established securities market or if we are a domestically controlled REIT. Otherwise, under FIRPTA, the purchaser may be required to withhold 10% of the purchase price and remit such amount to the Internal Revenue Service.

Backup withholding tax and information reporting will generally not apply to distributions paid to you outside the United States that are treated as (1) dividends to which the 30% or lower treaty rate withholding tax discussed above applies; (2) capital gains dividends; or (3) distributions attributable to gain from the sale or exchange by us of U.S. real property interests. Payment of the proceeds of a sale of stock within the United States or conducted through certain U.S. related financial intermediaries is subject to both backup withholding and information reporting unless the beneficial owner certifies under penalties of perjury that he or she is not a U.S. person (and the payor does not have actual knowledge that the beneficial owner is a U.S. person) or otherwise established an exemption. You may obtain a refund of any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules by filing the appropriate claim for refund with the Internal Revenue Service.

### U.S. Federal Income Taxation of Holders of Depositary Shares

Owners of our depositary shares will be treated as if you were owners of the series of preferred stock represented by the depositary shares. Thus, you will be required to take into account the income and deductions to which you would be entitled if you were a holder of the underlying series of preferred stock.

Conversion or Exchange of Shares for Preferred Stock. No gain or loss will be recognized upon the withdrawal of preferred stock in exchange for depositary shares and the tax basis of each share of preferred stock will, upon exchange, be the same as the aggregate tax basis of the depositary shares exchanged. If you held your depositary shares as a capital asset at the time of the exchange for shares of preferred stock, the holding period for your shares of preferred stock will include the period during which you owned the depositary shares.

### U.S. Federal Income and Estate Taxation of Holders of Our Debt Securities

The following is a general summary of the United States federal income tax consequences and, in the case that you are a holder that is a non-U.S. holder, as defined below, the United States federal estate tax consequences, of purchasing, owning and disposing of debt securities periodically offered under one or more indentures (the "notes"). This summary assumes that you hold the notes as capital assets. This summary applies to you only if you are the initial holder of the notes and you acquire the notes for a price equal to the issue price of the notes. The issue price of the notes is the first price at which a substantial amount of the notes is sold other than to bond houses, brokers or similar persons or organizations acting in the capacity of underwriters, placement agents or wholesalers. In

addition, this summary does not consider any foreign, state, local or other tax laws that may be applicable to us or a purchaser of the notes.

#### IIS Holders

The following summary applies to you only if you are a U.S. holder, as defined below.

Definition of a U.S. Holder. A "U.S. holder" is a beneficial owner of a note or notes that is for United States federal income tax purposes:

- · a citizen or resident of the United States;
- a corporation, partnership or other entity classified as a corporation or partnership for these purposes, created or organized in or under the laws of the United States or of any political subdivision of the United States, including any state;
- an estate, the income of which is subject to United States federal income taxation regardless of its source; or
- a trust, if, in general, a U.S. court is able to exercise primary supervision over the trust's administration and one or more U.S. persons, within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Code, has the authority to control all of the trust's substantial decisions.

Payments of Interest. Stated interest on the notes generally will be taxed as ordinary interest income from domestic sources at the time it is paid or accrues in accordance with your method of accounting for tax purposes.

Sale, Exchange or Other Disposition of Notes. The adjusted tax basis in your note acquired at a premium will generally be your cost. You generally will recognize taxable gain or loss when you sell or otherwise dispose of your notes equal to the difference, if any, between:

- the amount realized on the sale or other disposition, less any amount attributable to any accrued interest, which will be taxable in the manner described under "— Payments of Interest" above; and
- · your adjusted tax basis in the notes.

Your gain or loss generally will be capital gain or loss. This capital gain or loss will be long-term capital gain or loss if at the time of the sale or other disposition you have held the notes for more than one year. Subject to limited exceptions, your capital losses cannot be used to offset your ordinary income.

Backup Withholding and Information Reporting. In general, "backup withholding" may apply to any payments made to you of principal and interest on your note, and to payment of the proceeds of a sale or other disposition of your note before maturity, if you are a non-corporate U.S. holder and (1) fail to provide a correct taxpayer identification number, which if you are an individual, is ordinarily your social security number; (2) furnish an incorrect taxpayer identification number; (3) are notified by the Internal Revenue Service that you have failed to properly report payments of interest or dividends; or (4) fail to certify, under penalties of perjury, that you have furnished a correct taxpayer identification number and that the Internal Revenue Service has not notified you that you are subject to backup withholding.

The amount of any reportable payments, including interest, made to you (unless you are an exempt recipient) and the amount of tax withheld, if any, with respect to such payments will be reported to you and to the Internal Revenue Service for each calendar year. You should consult your tax advisor regarding your qualification for an exemption from backup withholding and the procedures for obtaining such an exemption, if applicable. The backup withholding tax is not an additional tax and will be credited against your U.S. federal income tax liability, provided that correct information is provided to the Internal Revenue Service.

### Non-U.S. Holders

The following summary applies to you if you are a beneficial owner of a note and are not a U.S. holder, as defined above (a "non-U.S. holder").

Special rules may apply to certain non-U.S. holders such as "controlled foreign corporations," "passive foreign investment companies" and "foreign personal holding companies." Such entities are encouraged to consult their tax advisors to determine the United States federal, state, local and other tax consequences that may be relevant to them.

*U.S. Federal Withholding Tax.* Subject to the discussion below, U.S. federal withholding tax will not apply to payments by us or our paying agent, in its capacity as such, of principal and interest on your notes under the "portfolio interest" exception of the Internal Revenue Code, provided that:

- you do not, directly or indirectly, actually or constructively, own 10% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of our stock entitled to vote;
- you are not (1) a controlled foreign corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes that is related, directly or indirectly, to us through sufficient stock ownership, as provided in the Internal Revenue Code, or (2) a bank receiving interest described in Section 881(c)(3)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- such interest is not effectively connected with your conduct of a U.S. trade or business; and
- you provide a signed written statement, under penalties of perjury, which can reliably be related to you, certifying that you are not a U.S. person within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Code and providing your name and address to:
  - · us or our paying agent; or
  - a securities clearing organization, bank or other financial institution that holds customers' securities in the ordinary course of its trade or business and holds your notes on your behalf and that certifies to us or our paying agent under penalties of perjury that it, or the bank or financial institution between it and you, has received from you your signed, written statement and provides us or our paying agent with a copy of such statement.

### Treasury regulations provide that:

- · if you are a foreign partnership, the certification requirement will generally apply to your partners, and you will be required to provide certain information;
- if you are a foreign trust, the certification requirement will generally be applied to you or your beneficial owners depending on whether you are a "foreign complex trust," "foreign simple trust," or "foreign grantor trust" as defined in the Treasury regulations; and
- look-through rules will apply for tiered partnerships, foreign simple trusts and foreign grantor trusts.

If you are a foreign partnership or a foreign trust, you should consult your own tax advisor regarding your status under these Treasury regulations and the certification requirements applicable to you.

If you cannot satisfy the portfolio interest requirements described above, payments of interest will be subject to the 30% United States withholding tax, unless you provide us with a properly executed (1) Internal Revenue Service Form W-8BEN claiming an exemption from or reduction in withholding under the benefit of an applicable treaty or (2) Internal Revenue Service Form W-8ECI stating that interest paid on the note is not subject to withholding tax because it is effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States. Alternative documentation may be applicable in certain circumstances.

If you are engaged in a trade or business in the United States and interest on a note is effectively connected with the conduct of that trade or business, you will be required to pay United States federal income tax on that interest on a net income basis (although you will be exempt from the 30% withholding tax provided the certification requirement described above is met) in the same manner as if you were a U.S. person, except as otherwise provided by an applicable tax treaty. If you are a foreign corporation, you may be required to pay a branch profits tax on the earnings and profits that are effectively connected to the conduct of your trade or business in the United States.

Sale, Exchange or other Disposition of Notes. You generally will not have to pay U.S. federal income tax on any gain or income realized from the sale, redemption, retirement at maturity or other disposition of your notes, unless:

- in the case of gain, you are an individual who is present in the United States for 183 days or more during the taxable year of the sale or other disposition of your notes, and specific other conditions are met;
- · you are subject to tax provisions applicable to certain United States expatriates; or
- the gain is effectively connected with your conduct of a U.S. trade or business.

If you are engaged in a trade or business in the United States and gain with respect to your notes is effectively connected with the conduct of that trade or business, you generally will be subject to U.S. income tax on a net basis on the gain. In addition, if you are a foreign corporation, you may be subject to a branch profits tax on your effectively connected earnings and profits for the taxable year, as adjusted for certain items.

*U.S. Federal Estate Tax.* If you are an individual and are not a U.S. citizen or a resident of the United States, as specially defined for U.S. federal estate tax purposes, at the time of your death, your notes will generally not be subject to the U.S. federal estate tax, unless, at the time of your death (1) you owned actually or constructively 10% or more of the total combined voting power of all our classes of stock entitled to vote or (2) interest on the notes is effectively connected with your conduct of a U.S. trade or business.

Backup Withholding and Information Reporting. Backup withholding will not apply to payments of principal or interest made by us or our paying agent, in its capacity as such, to you if you have provided the required certification that you are a non-U.S. holder as described in "— U.S. Federal Withholding Tax" above, and provided that neither we nor our paying agent have actual knowledge that you are a U.S. holder, as described in "— U.S. Holders" above. We or our paying agent may, however, report payments of interest on the notes.

The gross proceeds from the disposition of your notes may be subject to information reporting and backup withholding tax. If you sell your notes outside the United States through a non-U.S. office of a non-U.S. broker and the sales proceeds are paid to you outside the United States, then the U.S. backup withholding and information reporting requirements generally will not apply to that payment. However, U.S. information reporting, but not backup withholding, will apply to a payment of sales proceeds, even if that payment is made outside the United States, if you sell your notes through a non-U.S. office of a broker that:

- is a U.S. person, as defined in the Internal Revenue Code;
- derives 50% or more of its gross income in specific periods from the conduct of a trade or business in the United States;
- · is a "controlled foreign corporation" for U.S. federal income tax purposes; or
- is a foreign partnership, if at any time during its tax year, one or more of its partners are U.S. persons who in the aggregate hold more than 50% of the income or capital interests in the partnership, or the foreign partnership is engaged in a U.S. trade or business, unless the broker has documentary evidence in its files that you are a non-U.S. person and certain other conditions are met or you otherwise establish an exemption. If you receive payments of the proceeds of a sale of your notes to or through a U.S. office of a broker, the payment is subject to both U.S. backup withholding and information reporting unless you provide a Form W-8BEN certifying that you are a non-U.S. person or you otherwise establish an exemption.

You should consult your own tax advisor regarding application of backup withholding in your particular circumstance and the availability of and procedure for obtaining an exemption from backup withholding. Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules from a payment to you will be allowed as a refund or credit against your U.S. federal income tax liability, provided the required information is furnished to the Internal Revenue Service.

### U.S. Federal Income and Estate Taxation of Holders of Our Warrants

Exercise of Warrants. You will not generally recognize gain or loss upon the exercise of a warrant. Your basis in the debt securities, preferred stock, depositary shares or common stock, as the case may be, received upon the exercise of the warrant will be equal to the sum of your adjusted tax basis in the warrant and the exercise price paid. Your holding period in the debt securities, preferred stock, depositary shares or common stock, as the case may be, received upon the exercise of the warrant will not include the period during which the warrant was held by you.

Expiration of Warrants. Upon the expiration of a warrant, you will recognize a capital loss in an amount equal to your adjusted tax basis in the warrant.

Sale or Exchange of Warrants. Upon the sale or exchange of a warrant to a person other than us, you will recognize gain or loss in an amount equal to the difference between the amount realized on the sale or exchange and your adjusted tax basis in the warrant. Such gain or loss will be capital gain or loss and will be long-term capital gain or loss if the warrant was held for more than one year. Upon the sale of the warrant to us, the Internal Revenue Service may argue that you should recognize ordinary income on the sale. You are advised to consult your own tax advisors as to the consequences of a sale of a warrant to us.

Potential Legislation or Other Actions Affecting Tax Consequences

Current and prospective securities holders should recognize that the present federal income tax treatment of an investment in us may be modified by legislative, judicial or administrative action at any time and that any such action may affect investments and commitments previously made. The rules dealing with federal income taxation are constantly under review by persons involved in the legislative process and by the Internal Revenue Service and the Treasury Department, resulting in revisions of regulations and revised interpretations of established concepts as well as statutory changes. Revisions in federal tax laws and interpretations of these laws could adversely affect the tax consequences of an investment in us.

# Internet Access to Our SEC Filings

Our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports, as well as our proxy statements and other materials that are filed with, or furnished to, the Securities and Exchange Commission are made available, free of charge, on the Internet at www.hcreit.com, as soon as reasonably practicable after they are filed with, or furnished to, the Securities and Exchange Commission.

### Item 1A. Risk Factors

# Forward-Looking Statements and Risk Factors

This section discusses the most significant factors that affect our business, operations and financial condition. It does not describe all risks and uncertainties applicable to us, our industry or ownership of our securities. If any of the following risks, as well as other risks and uncertainties that are not yet identified or that we currently think are not material, actually occur, we could be materially adversely affected. In that event, the value of our securities could decline.

This Annual Report on Form 10-K and the documents incorporated by reference contain statements that constitute "forward-looking statements" as that term is defined in the federal securities laws. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, those regarding:

- · the possible expansion of our portfolio;
- · the sale of properties;
- · the performance of our operators/tenants and properties;
- · our ability to enter into agreements with new viable tenants for properties that we take back from financially troubled tenants, if any;
- our ability to retain or increase occupancies in our medical office buildings at similar or higher rates;
- · our ability to make distributions to stockholders;
- · our policies and plans regarding investments, financings and other matters;
- · our tax status as a real estate investment trust;
- our ability to appropriately balance the use of debt and equity;
- · our ability to access capital markets or other sources of funds; and
- · our ability to meet our earnings guidance.

When we use words such as "may," "will," "intend," "should," "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate" or similar expressions, we are making forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks and uncertainties. Our expected results may not be achieved, and actual results may differ materially from our expectations. This may be a result of various factors, including, but not limited to:

- · the status of the economy;
- the status of capital markets, including prevailing interest rates;
- issues facing the health care industry, including compliance with, and changes to, regulations and payment policies, responding to government investigations and punitive settlements and operators'/tenants' difficulty in cost-effectively obtaining and maintaining adequate liability and other insurance;
- · changes in financing terms;

- · competition within the health care and senior housing industries;
- · negative developments in the operating results or financial condition of operators/tenants, including, but not limited to, their ability to pay rent and repay loans;
- · our ability to transition or sell facilities with profitable results;
- · the failure to make new investments as and when anticipated;
- · the failure of closings to occur as and when anticipated;
- · acts of God affecting our properties;
- · our ability to re-lease space at similar rates as vacancies occur;
- · our ability to timely reinvest sale proceeds at similar rates to assets sold;
- · operator/tenant bankruptcies or insolvencies;
- government regulations affecting Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement rates and operational requirements;
- liability or contract claims by or against operators/tenants;
- unanticipated difficulties and/or expenditures relating to future acquisitions;
- · environmental laws affecting our properties;
- · changes in rules or practices governing our financial reporting;
- · other legal and operational matters, including REIT qualification and key management personnel recruitment and rentention; and
- · the risks described below:

### Risk factors related to our operators' revenues and expenses

Our investment property operators' revenues are primarily driven by occupancy, Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement, if applicable, and private pay rates. Expenses for these facilities are primarily driven by the costs of labor, food, utilities, taxes, insurance and rent or debt service. Revenues from government reimbursement have, and may continue to, come under pressure due to reimbursement cuts and state budget shortfalls. Liability insurance and staffing costs continue to increase for our operators. To the extent that any decrease in revenues and/or any increase in operating expenses result in a property not generating enough cash to make payments to us, the credit of our operator and the value of other collateral would have to be relied upon.

### Risk factors related to obligor bankruptcies

We are exposed to the risk that our obligors may not be able to meet the rent, principal and interest or other payments due us, which may result in an obligor bankruptcy or insolvency, or that an obligor might become subject to bankruptcy or insolvency proceedings for other reasons. Although our operating lease agreements provide us with the right to evict a tenant, demand immediate payment of rent and exercise other remedies, and our loans provide us with the right to terminate any funding obligation, demand immediate repayment of principal and unpaid interest, foreclose on the collateral and exercise other remedies, the bankruptcy and insolvency laws afford certain rights to a party that has filed for bankruptcy or reorganization. An obligor in bankruptcy or subject to insolvency proceedings may be able to limit or delay our ability to collect unpaid rent in the case of a lease or to receive unpaid principal and interest in the case of a loan, and to exercise other rights and remedies.

We may be required to fund certain expenses (e.g., real estate taxes and maintenance) to preserve the value of an investment property, avoid the imposition of liens on a property and/or transition a property to a new tenant. In some instances, we have terminated our lease with a tenant and relet the property to another tenant. In some of those situations, we have provided working capital loans to and limited indemnification of the new obligor. If we cannot transition a leased property to a new tenant, we may take possession of that property, which may expose us to certain successor liabilities. Should such events occur, our revenue and operating cash flow may be adversely affected.

# Transfers of health care facilities may require regulatory approvals and these facilities may not have efficient alternative uses

Transfers of health care facilities to successor operators frequently are subject to regulatory approvals, including change of ownership approvals under certificate of need ("CON") laws and Medicare and Medicare and Medicare and Medicare and Medicare and Including change of ownership approvals under certificate of need ("CON") laws and Medicare and Medicare and Include approval process of any federal, state or local agency necessary for the transfer of the facility or the replacement of the operator licensed to manage the facility. Alternatively, given the specialized nature of our facilities, we may be required to spend substantial time and funds to adapt these properties to other uses. If we are unable to timely transfer properties to successor operators or find efficient alternative uses, our revenue and operations may be adversely affected.

### Risk factors related to government regulations

Our obligors' businesses are affected by government reimbursement and private payor rates. To the extent that an operator/tenant receives a significant portion of its revenues from governmental payors, primarily Medicare and Medicaid, such revenues may be subject to statutory and regulatory changes, retroactive rate adjustments, recovery of program overpayments or set-offs, administrative rulings, policy interpretations, payment or other delays by fiscal intermediaries, government funding restrictions (at a program level or with respect to specific facilities) and interruption or delays in payments due to any ongoing governmental investigations and audits at such property. In recent years, governmental payors have frozen or reduced payments to health care providers due to budgetary pressures. Health care reimbursement will likely continue to be of paramount importance to federal and state authorities. We cannot make any assessment as to the ultimate timing or effect any future legislative reforms may have on the financial condition of our obligors and properties. There can be no assurance that adequate reimbursement levels will be available for services provided by any property operator, whether the property receives reimbursement from Medicare, Medicard or private payors. Significant limits on the scope of services reimbursed and on reimbursement rates and fees could have a material adverse effect on an obligor's liquidity, financial condition and results of operations, which could adversely affect the ability of an obligor to meet its obligations to us. See "Item 1 — Business — Certain Government Regulations — Reimbursement" above.

Our operators and tenants generally are subject to extensive federal, state and local licensure, certification and inspection laws and regulations. Our operators' or tenants' failure to comply with any of these laws could result in loss of accreditation, denial of reimbursement, imposition of fines, suspension or decertification from federal and state health care programs, loss of license or closure of the facility. Such actions may have an effect on our operators' or tenants' ability to make lease payments to us and, therefore, adversely impact us.

Many of our properties may require a license and/or CON to operate. Failure to obtain a license or CON, or loss of a required license or CON would prevent a facility from operating in the manner intended by the operators or tenants. These events could materially adversely affect our operators' or tenants' ability to make rent payments to us. State and local laws also may regulate expansion, including the addition of new beds or services or acquisition of medical equipment, and the construction of health care facilities, by requiring a CON or other similar approval.

# Risk factors related to liability claims and insurance costs

Long-term care property operators (skilled nursing facilities, assisted living facilities, and independent living/continuing care retirement communities) have experienced substantial increases in both the number and size of patient care liability claims in recent years. As a result, general and professional liability costs have increased in some markets. No assurances can be given that the climate for long-term care general and professional liability insurance will improve in any states where the property operators conduct business. Insurance companies may reduce or stop writing general and professional liability policies for long-term care facilities. Thus, general and professional liability insurance coverage may be restricted or very costly, which may adversely affect the property operators' future operations, cash flows and financial condition, and may have a material adverse effect on the property operators' ability to meet their obligations to us.

# Risk factors related to acquisitions

We are exposed to the risk that some of our acquisitions may not prove to be successful. We could encounter unanticipated difficulties and expenditures relating to any acquired properties, including contingent liabilities, and

acquired properties might require significant management attention that would otherwise be devoted to our ongoing business. If we agree to provide construction funding to an operator/tenant and the project is not completed, we may need to take steps to ensure completion of the project. Moreover, if we issue equity securities or incur additional debt, or both, to finance future acquisitions, it may reduce our per share financial results. These costs may negatively affect our results of operations.

### Risk factors related to environmental laws

Under various federal and state laws, owners or operators of real estate may be required to respond to the presence or release of hazardous substances on the property and may be held liable for property damage, personal injuries or penalties that result from environmental contamination or exposure to hazardous substances. We may become liable to reimburse the government for damages and costs it incurs in connection with the contamination. Generally, such liability attaches to a person based on the person's relationship to the property. Our tenants or borrowers are primarily responsible for the condition of the property. Moreover, we review environmental site assessments of the properties that we own or encumber prior to taking an interest in them. Those assessments are designed to meet the "all appropriate inquiry" standard, which we believe qualifies us for the innocent purchaser defense if environmental liabilities arise. Based upon such assessments, we do not believe that any of our properties are subject to material environmental contamination. However, environmental liabilities may be present in our properties and we may incur costs to remediate contamination, which could have a material adverse effect on our business or financial condition or the business or financial condition of our obligors.

### Risk factors related to facilities that require entrance fees

Certain of our senior housing facilities require the payment of an upfront entrance fee by the resident, a portion of which may be refundable by the operator. Some of these facilities are subject to substantial oversight by state regulators relating to these funds. As a result of this oversight, residents of these facilities may have a variety of rights, including, for example, the right to cancel their contracts within a specified period of time and certain lien rights. The oversight and rights of residents within these facilities may have an effect on the revenue or operations of the operators of such facilities and therefore may negatively impact us.

### Risk factors related to facilities under construction or development

At any given time, we may be in the process of constructing one or more new facilities that ultimately will require a CON and license before they can be utilized by the operator for their intended use. The operator also will need to obtain Medicare and Medicarid certification and enter into Medicare and Medicarid agreements or third party payor contracts. In the event that the operator is unable to obtain the necessary CON, licensure, certification, provider agreements or contracts after the completion of construction, there is a risk that we will not be able to earn any revenues on the facility until either the initial operator obtains a license or certification to operate the new facility and the necessary provider agreements or contracts or we can find and contract with a new operator that is able to obtain a license to operate the facility for its intended use and the necessary provider agreements or contracts.

In connection with our renovation, redevelopment, development and related construction activities, we may be unable to obtain, or suffer delays in obtaining, necessary zoning, land-use, building, occupancy and other required governmental permits and authorizations. These factors could result in increased costs or our abandonment of these projects. In addition, we may not be able to obtain financing on favorable terms, which may render us unable to proceed with our development activities, and we may not be able to complete construction and lease-up of a property on schedule, which could result in increased debt service expense or construction costs.

Additionally, the time frame required for development, construction and lease-up of these properties means that we may have to wait years for significant cash returns. Because we are required to make cash distributions to our stockholders, if the cash flow from operations or refinancing is not sufficient, we may be forced to borrow additional money to fund such distributions. Newly developed and acquired properties may not produce the cash flow that we expect, which could adversely affect our overall financial performance.

In deciding whether to acquire or develop a particular property, we make assumptions regarding the expected future performance of that property. In particular, we estimate the return on our investment based on expected occupancy and rental rates. If our financial projections with respect to a new property are inaccurate, and the

property is unable to achieve the expected occupancy and rental rates, it may fail to perform as we expected in analyzing our investment. Our estimate of the costs of repositioning or redeveloping an acquired property may prove to be inaccurate, which may result in our failure to meet our profitability goals. Additionally, we may acquire new properties that are not fully leased, and the cash flow from existing operations may be insufficient to pay the operating expenses and debt service associated with that property.

# We do not know if our tenants will renew their existing leases, and if they do not, we may be unable to lease the properties on as favorable terms, or at all

We cannot predict whether our tenants will renew existing leases at the end of their lease terms, which expire at various times through 2029. If these leases are not renewed, we would be required to find other tenants to occupy those properties. There can be no assurance that we would be able to identify suitable replacement tenants or enter into leases with new tenants on terms as favorable to us as the current leases or that we would be able to lease those properties at all.

### Our ownership of properties through ground leases exposes us to the loss of such properties upon breach or termination of the ground leases

We have acquired an interest in certain of our properties by acquiring a leasehold interest in the property on which the building is located, and we may acquire additional properties in the future through the purchase of interests in ground leases. As the lessee under a ground lease, we are exposed to the possibility of losing the property upon termination of the ground lease or an earlier breach of the ground lease by us.

### Illiquidity of real estate investments could significantly impede our ability to respond to adverse changes in the performance of our properties

Real estate investments are relatively illiquid. Our ability to quickly sell or exchange any of our properties in response to changes in economic and other conditions will be limited. No assurances can be given that we will recognize full value for any property that we are required to sell for liquidity reasons. Our inability to respond rapidly to changes in the performance of our investments could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.

### Risk factors related to reinvestment of sale proceeds

From time to time, we will have cash available from (1) the proceeds of sales of our securities, (2) principal payments on our loans receivable and (3) the sale of properties, including non-elective dispositions, under the terms of master leases or similar financial support arrangements. We must re-invest these proceeds, on a timely basis, in properties or in qualified short-term investments. We compete for real estate investments with a broad variety of potential investors. This competition for attractive investments may negatively affect our ability to make timely investments on terms acceptable to us. Delays in acquiring properties may negatively impact revenues and perhaps our ability to make distributions to stockholders.

### Failure to properly manage our rapid growth could distract our management or increase our expenses

We have experienced rapid growth and development in a relatively short period of time and expect to continue this rapid growth in the future. Our rapid growth has resulted in increased levels of responsibility for our management. Future property acquisitions could place significant additional demands on, and require us to expand, our management, resources and personnel. Our failure to manage any such rapid growth effectively could harm our business and, in particular, our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows, which could negatively affect our ability to make distributions to stockholders. Our rapid growth could also increase our capital requirements, which may require us to issue potentially dilutive equity securities and incur additional debt.

# We might fail to qualify or remain qualified as a REIT

We intend to operate as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code and believe we have and will continue to operate in such a manner. If we lose our status as a REIT, we will face serious tax consequences that will

substantially reduce the funds available for satisfying our obligations and for distribution to our stockholders for each of the years involved because:

- we would not be allowed a deduction for distributions to stockholders in computing our taxable income and would be subject to federal income tax at regular corporate rates;
- we could be subject to the federal alternative minimum tax and possibly increased state and local taxes; and
- unless we are entitled to relief under statutory provisions, we could not elect to be subject to tax as a REIT for four taxable years following the year during which we were disqualified

Since REIT qualification requires us to meet a number of complex requirements, it is possible that we may fail to fulfill them, and if we do, our earnings will be reduced by the amount of federal taxes owed. A reduction in our earnings would affect the amount we could distribute to our stockholders. Also, if we were not a REIT, we would not be required to make distributions to stockholders since a non-REIT is not required to pay dividends to stockholders amounting to at least the sum of (1) 85% of our REIT ordinary income for the year, (2) 95% of our REIT capital gain income for such year (other than capital gain that we elect to retain and pay tax on) and (3) any undistributed taxable income from preceding periods. See "Item 1 — Business — Federal Income Tax Considerations" for a discussion of the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code that apply to us and the effects of non-qualification.

In addition, if we fail to qualify as a REIT, all distributions to stockholders would continue to be treated as dividends to the extent of our current and accumulated earning and profits, although corporate stockholders may be eligible for the dividends received deduction and individual stockholders may be eligible for taxation at the rates generally applicable to long-term capital gains (currently at a maximum rate of 15%) with respect to distributions.

As a result of all these factors, our failure to qualify as a REIT also could impair our ability to implement our business strategy and would adversely affect the value of our common stock.

Qualification as a REIT involves the application of highly technical and complex Internal Revenue Code provisions for which there are only limited judicial and administrative interpretations. The determination of various factual matters and circumstances not entirely within our control may affect our ability to remain qualified as a REIT. Although we believe that we qualify as a REIT, we cannot assure you that we will continue to qualify or remain qualified as a REIT for tax purposes. See "Item 1 — Business — Taxation — Federal Income Tax Considerations" included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

### The 90% annual distribution requirement will decrease our liquidity and may limit our ability to engage in otherwise beneficial transactions

To comply with the 90% distribution requirement applicable to REITs and to avoid the nondeductible excise tax, we must make distributions to our stockholders. See "Item 1 — Business — Taxation — Federal Income Tax Considerations — Qualification as a REIT — Annual Distribution Requirements" included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Although we anticipate that we generally will have sufficient cash or liquid assets to enable us to satisfy the REIT distribution requirement, it is possible that, from time to time, we may not have sufficient cash or other liquid assets to meet the 90% distribution requirement or we may decide to retain cash or distribute such greater amount as may be necessary to avoid income and excise taxation. This may be due to the timing differences between the actual receipt of income and actual payment of deductible expenses, on the one hand, and the inclusion of that income and deduction of those expenses in arriving at our taxable income, on the other hand. In addition, non-deductible expenses such as principal amortization or repayments or capital expenditures in excess of non-cash deductions also may cause us to fail to have sufficient cash or liquid assets to enable us to satisfy the 90% distribution requirement. In the event that timing differences occur or we deem it appropriate to retain cash, we may borrow funds, issue additional equity securities (although we cannot assure you that we will be able to do so), pay taxable stock dividends, if possible, distribute other property or securities or engage in a transaction intended to enable us to meet the REIT distribution requirements. This may require us to raise additional capital to meet our obligations.

### Other risk factors

We are also subject to other risks. First, our Second Restated Certificate of Incorporation and Amended and Restated By-Laws contain anti-takeover provisions (staggered board provisions, restrictions on share ownership and transfer and super majority stockholder approval requirements for business combinations) that could make it

more difficult for or even prevent a third party from acquiring us without the approval of our incumbent Board of Directors. Provisions and agreements that inhibit or discourage takeover attempts could reduce the market value of our common stock.

Additionally, we are dependent on key personnel. Although we have entered into employment agreements with our executive officers, losing any one of them could, at least temporarily, have an adverse impact on our operations. We believe that losing more than one would have a material adverse impact on our business.

# Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments

None.

# Item 2. Properties

We lease our corporate headquarters located at One SeaGate, Suite 1500, Toledo, Ohio 43604. We also lease corporate offices in Florida, Indiana and Tennessee. The following table sets forth certain information regarding the properties that comprise our investments as of December 31, 2007 (dollars in thousands):

Property Location	Number of Properties	Number of Units	Total Investment	Annualized Income(1)	
Assisted Living Facilities:					
Arizona	4	242	\$ 16,760	\$ 2,262	
California	9	619	53,989	7,681	
Colorado	1	46	4,056	569	
Connecticut	5	529	42,407	5,434	
Delaware	1	97	19,985	2,134	
Florida	12	727	49,206	5,877	
Georgia	2	107	4,208	554	
Idaho	3	232	14,219	1,757	
Illinois	7	683	47,480	1,742	
Indiana	2	78	4,742	701	
Iowa	1	208	10,428	0	
Kansas	1	119	10,278	1,097	
Kentucky	1	80	7,178	893	
Louisiana	1	123	7,155	1,271	
Maryland	2	164	8,828	1,130	
Massachusetts	7	525	64,092	7,909	
Mississippi	2	161	12,667	1,604	
Montana	3	205	14,160	1,770	
Nevada	4	494	29,967	3,004	
New Jersey	2	90	6,984	1,000	
New York	4	241	40,780	3,883	
North Carolina	41	1,867	168,604	22,394	
Ohio	7	459	39,533	4,843	
Oklahoma	17	644	21,716	3,028	
Oregon	3	123	9,842	1,514	
Pennsylvania	3	233	15,483	1,452	
South Carolina	2	124	6,852	851	
Tennessee	4	212	11,626	1,629	
Texas	32	1,758	129,204	12,861	
Utah	2	150	12,471	1,565	
Virginia	4	325	39,222	4,360	
Washington	9	622	57,384	5,994	
Wisconsin	8	463	61,961	5,910	
Total Assisted Living Facilities	206	12,750	1,043,467	118,673	

Property Location	Number of Properties	Number of Beds	Total Investment	Annualized Income(1)
Skilled Nursing Facilities:				
Alabama	7	1,004	\$ 36,308	\$ 4,579
Arizona	2	342	16,846	1,976
Colorado	4	650	31,177	3,491
Connecticut	6	728	23,838	2,623
Florida	44	5,759	296,467	34,946
Georgia	3	499	15,740	1,966
Idaho	3	393	16,084	2,111
Illinois	4	406	29,686	2,974
Indiana	7	748	33,202	3,951
Kansas	1	163	8,976	901
Kentucky	10	1,311	61,927	7,717
Louisiana	7	854	33,167	3,328
Maryland	2	240	14,728	1,449
Massachusetts	20	2,833	197,244	22,153
Michigan	1	99	4,382	445
Mississippi	11	1,527	45,251	5,707
Missouri	3	407	18,075	1,670
Nevada	1	60	1,883	442
New Hampshire	1	68	4,390	530
New Jersey	1	176	4,520	530
Ohio	21	2,815	187,856	19,899
Oklahoma	3	668	20,192	2,569
Oregon	1	111	4,005	601
Pennsylvania	5	734	26,070	3,579
Tennessee	22	3,025	220,191	27,198
Texas	26	3,668	168,456	17,689
Utah	1	120	7,425	745
Virginia	10	1,239	63,949	6,157
Total Skilled Nursing Facilities	227	30,647	1,592,035	181,926

Property Location	Number of Properties	Number of Units	Total Investment	Annualized Income(1)
Independent Living Facilities/ CCRCs:				
Arizona	2	105	\$ 12,389	\$ 1,260
California	7	1,118	153,814	10,811
Colorado	4	580	64,903	3,777
Florida	6	1,224	135,732	12,601
Georgia	3	226	18,013	2,593
Idaho	1	254	13,197	1,659
Illinois	1	87	6,298	820
Indiana	3	599	84,467	3,593
Kansas	1	120	12,118	1,124
Maryland	1	0	2,509	205
Massachusetts	7	219	31,894	2,533
Missouri	1	65	5,857	559
Montana	1	18	1,939	319
Nevada	1	103	7,258	1,187
New York	2	108	10,286	1,287
North Carolina	2	352	31,420	1,999
Ohio	1	283	18,595	0
Pennsylvania	4	0	26,197	2,136
South Carolina	10	1,322	110,626	7,765
Texas	2	518	18,666	2,353
Washington	1	70	5,277	479
Wisconsin	1	138	5,894	0
Total Independent Living Facilities/CCRCs	62	7,509	777,349	59,060

Property Location	Number of	Ca Et	Total Investment	Annualized Income (1)	
- 1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Properties	Sq. Ft.	Investment	Income (1)	
Medical Office Buildings:					
Alabama	5	303,316	\$ 45,004	\$ 3,606	
Alaska	1	63,383	29,795	2,200	
Arizona	4	514,402	86,355	6,227	
California	7	384,520	126,091	8,676	
Colorado	1	36,386	7,559	585	
Florida	27	935,944	291,664	18,301	
Georgia	15	358,566	89,148	6,631	
Illinois	3	71,345	17,609	1,446	
Missouri	1	50,156	17,148	1,312	
Nevada	9	324,845	116,497	8,437	
New Jersey	4	341,490	33,791	2,134	
New York	7	276,104	62,391	5,887	
North Carolina	10	156,251	24,427	2,243	
Ohio	1	20,106	7,706	677	
Oklahoma	1	44,803	12,676	977	
South Carolina	1	47,114	17,848	1,278	
Tennessee	7	295,017	75,855	6,219	
Texas	17	808,585	186,700	11,067	
Total Medical Office Buildings	121	5,032,333	1,248,264	87,903	

Property Location	Number of Properties	Number of Beds	To Inves		nnualized
Specialty Care Facilities:					
California	1	231	\$	6,949	\$ 535
Idaho	1	60		19,838	0
Illinois	1	72		54,505	5,038
Indiana	2	90		19,012	273
Louisiana	1	50		11,996	728
Massachusetts	4	486		53,748	6,202
Ohio	1	42		26,876	3,871
Oklahoma	2	91		12,411	1,060
Texas	8	357	1	128,240	11,602
Wisconsin	1	62		25,336	2,505
Total Specialty Care Facilities	22	1,541		358,911	31,814
Total All Properties	638		\$ 5,0	020,026	\$ 479,376

<sup>(1)</sup> Reflects contract rate of interest for loans, annual straight-line rent for leases with fixed escalators or annual cash rent for leases with contingent escalators, net of collectibility reserves if applicable.

# Item 3. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, there are various legal proceedings pending to which we are a party or to which some of our properties are subject arising in the normal course of business. We do not believe that the ultimate resolution of these proceedings will have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

# Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

None.

# PART II

### Item 5. $Market \ for \ Registrant's \ Common \ Equity, \ Related \ Stockholder \ Matters \ and \ Issuer \ Purchases \ of \ Equity \ Securities$

There were 5,405 stockholders of record as of February 15, 2008. The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the high and low prices of our common stock on the New York Stock Exchange, as reported on the Composite Tape, and common dividends paid per share:

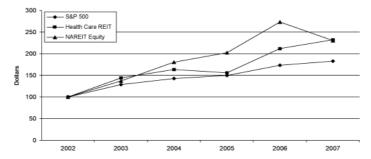
	Sales High	Price Low	ividends Paid
2007			
First Quarter	\$ 48.55	\$ 42.62	\$ 0.2991(1)
Second Quarter	45.80	38.64	0.6600
Third Quarter	44.24	35.08	0.6600
Fourth Quarter	46.55	41.00	0.6600
2006			
First Quarter	\$ 38.50	\$ 33.68	\$ 0.6200
Second Quarter	38.09	32.80	0.6400
Third Quarter	40.12	34.55	0.6400
Fourth Quarter	43.02	38.60	0.9809(2)

<sup>(1)</sup> Does not include the \$0.3409 prorated dividend paid on December 28, 2006 in connection with the merger with Windrose Medical Properties Trust.
(2) Includes \$0.3409 prorated dividend paid on December 28, 2006.

Our Board of Directors approved a new quarterly dividend rate of \$0.68 per share of common stock per quarter, commencing with the May 2008 dividend. Our dividend policy is reviewed annually by the Board of Directors. The declaration and payment of quarterly dividends remains subject to the review and approval of the Board of Directors.

### Stockholder Return Performance Presentation

Set forth below is a line graph comparing the yearly percentage change and the cumulative total stockholder return on our shares of common stock against the cumulative total return of the S & P Composite-500 Stock Index and the NAREIT Equity Index. As of December 31, 2007, 110 companies comprised the NAREIT Equity Index. The Index consists of REITs identified by NAREIT as equity (those REITs which have at least 75% of real property investments). Upon written request sent to the Senior Vice President-Administration and Corporate Secretary, Health Care REIT, Inc., One SeaGate, Suite 1500, P.O. Box 1475, Toledo, Ohio, 43603-1475, we will provide stockholders with the names of the component issuers. The data are based on the closing prices as of December 31 for each of the five years. 2002 equals \$100 and dividends are assumed to be reinvested.



	12/31/02	12/31/03	12/31/04	12/31/05	12/31/06	12/31/07
S & P 500	100.00	128.70	142.69	149.69	173.34	182.86
Health Care REIT	100.00	144.06	163.55	155.91	211.88	232.32
NAREIT Equity	100.00	137.13	180.43	202.38	273.34	230.45

Except to the extent that we specifically incorporate this information by reference, the foregoing Stockholder Return Performance Presentation shall not be deemed incorporated by reference by any general statement incorporating by reference this Annual Report on Form 10-K into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. This information shall not otherwise be deemed filed under such acts.

# Item 6. Selected Financial Data

The following selected financial data for the five years ended December 31, 2007 are derived from our audited consolidated financial statements (in thousands, except per share data):

		Year Ended December 31,										
		2003		2004		2005		2006	_	2007		
Operating Data												
Revenues(1)	\$	170,141	\$	223,158	\$	264,622	\$	313,449	\$	486,022		
Expenses:												
Interest expense(1)		44,870		64,005		74,878		92,436		134,680		
Depreciation and amortization(1)		38,723		59,669		70,956		88,433		145,893		
Property operating expenses		0		0		0		1,115		37,475		
Other expenses(1)(2)		17,274		20,391		20,073		30,259		43,630		
Impairment of assets		2,792		314		0		0		0		
Loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt		0		0		21,484		0		(1,081)		
Total expenses		103,659		144,379		187,391		212,243		360,597		
Income before minority interests		66,482		78,779		77,231		101,206		125,425		
Minority interests		0		0		0		(13)	_	(238)		
Income from continuing operations		66,482		78,779		77,231		101,193		125,187		
Income from discontinued operations, net(1)		16,258		6,592		7,055		1,557		16,215		
Net income		82,740		85,371		84,286		102,750		141,402		
Preferred stock dividends		9,218		12,737		21,594		21,463		25,130		
Preferred stock redemption charge		2,790		0		0		0		0		
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	70,732	\$	72,634	\$	62,692	\$	81,287	\$	116,272		
Other Data												
Average number of common shares outstanding:												
Basic		43,572		51,544		54,110		61,661		78,861		
Diluted		44,201		52,082		54,499		62,045		79,409		
Per Share Data												
Basic:												
Income from continuing operations available to common stockholders	\$	1.25	\$	1.28	\$	1.03	\$	1.29	\$	1.27		
Discontinued operations, net		0.37		0.13		0.13		0.03	_	0.21		
Net income available to common stockholders*	\$	1.62	\$	1.41	\$	1.16	\$	1.32	\$	1.47		
Diluted:	-				_							
Income from continuing operations available to common stockholders	\$	1.23	\$	1.27	\$	1.02	\$	1.29	\$	1.26		
Discontinued operations, net		0.37		0.13		0.13		0.03	_	0.20		
Net income available to common stockholders*	\$	1.60	\$	1.39	\$	1.15	\$	1.31	\$	1.46		
Cash distributions per common share	\$	2.34	\$	2.385	\$	2.46	\$	2.8809	\$	2.2791		

<sup>\*</sup> Amounts may not sum due to rounding

- In accordance with FASB Statement No. 144, we have reclassified the income and expenses attributable to the properties sold subsequent to January 1, 2002 and attributable to the properties held for sale at December 31, 2007, to discontinued operations for all periods presented. See Note 16 to our audited consolidated financial statements.
   Other expenses include loan expense, provision for loan losses and general and administrative expenses.

	December 31,											
		2003		2004		2005	2006		_	2007		
Balance Sheet Data												
Net real estate investments	\$	1,992,446	\$	2,441,972	\$	2,849,518	\$	4,122,893	\$	5,012,620		
Total assets		2,184,088		2,552,171		2,972,164		4,280,610		5,213,856		
Total long-term obligations		1,014,541		1,192,958		1,500,818		2,198,001		2,704,668		
Total liabilities and minority interests		1,034,409		1,216,892		1,541,408		2,301,817		2,809,500		
Total redeemable preferred stock		120,761		283,751		276,875		338,993		330,243		
Total stockholders' equity		1,149,679		1,335,279		1,430,756		1,978,793		2,404,356		

### Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis is based primarily on the consolidated financial statements of Health Care REIT, Inc. for the periods presented and should be read together with the notes thereto contained in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Other important factors are identified in "Item 1 — Business" and "Item 1A — Risk Factors" above.

### **Executive Overview**

# Business

Health Care REIT, Inc. is an equity real estate investment trust that invests in the full spectrum of senior housing and health care real estate. Founded in 1970, we were the first REIT to invest exclusively in health care properties. The following table summarizes our portfolio as of December 31, 2007:

Type of Property	Investments (in thousands)	Percentage of Investments	Revenues(1) (in thousands)	Percentage of Revenues	Number of Properties	# Beds/Units or Sq. Ft.	Investment per metric(2)	Operators/ Tenants	States
Independent living/CCRCs	\$ 777,349	15%	\$ 45,50	2 9%	62	7,509 units	\$ 157,564 per unit	21	22
Assisted living facilities	1,043,467	21%	114,96	1 23%	206	12,750 units	98,087 per unit	24	33
Skilled nursing facilities	1,592,035	32%	159,03	3 32%	227	30,647 beds	52,752 per bed	21	28
Medical office buildings	1,248,264	25%	112,31	7 23%	121	5,032,333 sq. ft.	276 per sq. ft.	913	18
Specialty care facilities	358,911	. 7%	25,48	4 5%	22	1,541 beds	248,321 per bed	11	10
Interest income			25,82	3 5%			_		
Other income			10,03	5 3%					
Totals	\$ 5,020,026	100%	\$ 493,15	5 100%	638				

- (1) Revenues include gross revenues and revenues from discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2007.
- (2) Investment per metric was computed by using the total investment amount of \$5,820,723,000 which includes real estate investments and unfunded construction commitments for which initial funding has commenced which amounted to \$5,020,026,000 and \$800,697,000, respectively.

Our primary objectives are to protect stockholder capital and enhance stockholder value. We seek to pay consistent cash dividends to stockholders and create opportunities to increase dividend payments to stockholders as a result of annual increases in rental and interest income and portfolio growth. To meet these objectives, we invest across the full spectrum of senior housing and health care real estate and diversify our investment portfolio by property type, operator/tenant and geographic location.

Substantially all of our revenues and sources of cash flows from operations are derived from operating lease rentals and interest earned on outstanding loans receivable. These items represent our primary source of liquidity to fund distributions and are dependent upon our obligors' continued ability to make contractual rent and interest payments to us. To the extent that our obligors experience operating difficulties and are unable to generate sufficient cash to make payments to us, there could be a material adverse impact on our consolidated results of operations, liquidity and/or financial condition. To mitigate this risk, we monitor our investments through a variety of methods determined by the type of property and operator/tenant. Our asset management process includes review of monthly financial statements for each property, periodic review of obligor credit, periodic property inspections and review of covenant compliance relating to licensure, real estate taxes, letters of credit and other collateral. In monitoring our portfolio, our personnel use a proprietary database to collect and analyze property-specific data. Additionally, we conduct extensive research to ascertain industry trends and risks. Through these asset management and research efforts, we are typically able to intervene at an early stage to address payment risk, and in so doing, support both the collectibility of revenue and the value of our investment.

In addition to our asset management and research efforts, we also structure our investments to help mitigate payment risk. Operating leases and loans are normally credit enhanced by guaranties and/or letters of credit. In addition, operating leases are typically structured as master leases and loans are generally cross-defaulted and cross-collateralized with other loans, operating leases or agreements between us and the obligor and its affiliates.

For the year ended December 31, 2007, rental income and interest income represented 93% and 5%, respectively, of total gross revenues (including discontinued operations). Substantially all of our operating leases are designed with either fixed or contingent escalating rent structures. Leases with fixed annual rental escalators are generally recognized on a straight-line basis over the initial lease period, subject to a collectibility assessment. Rental income related to leases with contingent rental escalators is generally recorded based on the contractual cash rental payments

due for the period. Our yield on loans receivable depends upon a number of factors, including the stated interest rate, the average principal amount outstanding during the term of the loan and any interest rate adjustments.

Depending upon the availability and cost of external capital, we anticipate investing in additional properties. New investments are generally funded from temporary borrowings under our unsecured line of credit arrangement, internally generated cash and the proceeds from sales of real property. Our investments generate internal cash from rent and interest receipts and principal payments on loans receivable. Permanent financing for future investments, which replaces funds drawn under the unsecured line of credit arrangement, is expected to be provided through a combination of public and private offerings of debt and equity securities and the incurrence or assumption of secured debt. We believe our liquidity and various sources of available capital are sufficient to fund operations, meet debt service obligations (both principal and interest), make dividend distributions and finance future investments.

Depending upon market conditions, we believe that new investments will be available in the future with spreads over our cost of capital that will generate appropriate returns to our stockholders. We expect to complete gross new investments of \$900,000,000 to \$1,200,000,000 in 2008, including acquisitions of \$500,000,000 to \$700,000,000 to \$700,000,000 to \$900,000,000 to \$900,000 to \$900,000 to \$900,000,000 to \$900,000 to \$900,000

### Key Transactions in 2007

We completed the following key transactions during the year ended December 31, 2007:

- our Board of Directors increased our quarterly dividend to \$0.66 per share, which represents a two cent increase from the quarterly dividend of \$0.64 paid for 2006. The dividend declared for the quarter ended December 31, 2007 represented the 147th consecutive dividend payment;
- we completed \$1,189,472,000 of gross investments offset by \$125,905,000 of investment payoffs;
- we completed a public offering of 6,325,000 shares of common stock with net proceeds to the Company of approximately \$265,294,000 in April 2007;
- we issued \$400,000,000 of 4.75% convertible senior unsecured notes due July 2027 with net proceeds to the company of approximately \$388,943,000 in July 2007;
- we closed on a \$1,150,000,000 unsecured revolving credit facility in August 2007 to replace our \$700,000,000 facility which was scheduled to mature in July 2009 and our \$40,000,000 facility which was scheduled to mature in May 2008. Among other things, the new facility provides us with additional financial flexibility and borrowing capacity, extends our agreement to August 2011 and reduces our incremental borrowing cost from 80 basis points to 60 basis points over LIBOR based on our then current ratings; and
- we completed a public offering of 3,500,000 shares of common stock with net proceeds to the Company of approximately \$147,139,000 in December 2007.

### Windrose Medical Properties Trust Merger

As discussed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2006, we completed our merger with Windrose Medical Properties Trust on December 20, 2006. These operations are the principal component of our operating property segment. The results of operations for this segment represent the primary change in our consolidated results of operations from the prior year. Allocation of the purchase price has been finalized. See Note 2 to our consolidated financial statements for additional information.

### Rendina/Paramount Acquisition

In May 2007, we completed the acquisition of 17 medical office buildings and Paramount Real Estate Services, a property management company, from affiliates of Rendina Companies. The results of operations for these properties and Paramount have been included in our consolidated results of operations from the date of acquisition. Allocation of the purchase price has been finalized. See Note 2 to our consolidated financial statements for additional information.

# Key Performance Indicators, Trends and Uncertainties

We utilize several key performance indicators to evaluate the various aspects of our business. These indicators are discussed below and relate to operating performance, credit strength and concentration risk. Management uses these key performance indicators to facilitate internal and external comparisons to our historical operating results and in making operating decisions.

Operating Performance. We believe that net income available to common stockholders ("NICS") is the most appropriate earnings measure. Other useful supplemental measures of our operating performance include funds from operations ("FRO") and funds available for distribution ("FAO"); however, these supplemental measures are not defined by U.S. generally accepted accounting principals ("U.S. GAAP"). Please refer to the section entitled "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for further discussion of FFO and FAD and for reconciliations of FFO and FAD to NICS. These earning measures and their relative per share amounts are widely used by investors and analysts in the valuation, comparison and investment recommendations of REITs. The following table reflects the recent historical trends of our operating performance measures (in thousands, except per share data):

	Year Ended								
	Dec	ember 31, 2005	December 31, 2006		De	December 31, 2007			
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	62,692	\$	81,287	\$	116,272			
Funds from operations		144,293		177,580		251,117			
Funds available for distribution		147,730		191,885		252,784			
Per share data (fully diluted):									
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	1.15	\$	1.31	\$	1.46			
Funds from operations		2.65		2.86		3.16			
Funds available for distribution		2.71		3.09		3.18			

Credit Strength. We measure our credit strength both in terms of leverage ratios and coverage ratios. Our leverage ratios include debt to book capitalization, debt to undepreciated book capitalization and debt to market capitalization. The leverage ratios indicate how much of our balance sheet capitalization is related to total debt. Our coverage ratios include interest coverage ratio and fixed charge coverage ratio. The coverage ratios indicate our ability to service interest and fixed charges (interest plus preferred dividends and secured debt principal amortizations). We expect to maintain capitalization ratios and coverage ratios sufficient to maintain investment grade ratings with Moody's Investors Service, Standard & Poor's Ratings Services and Fitch Ratings. The coverage ratios are based on earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") which is discussed in further detail, and reconciled to net income, below in "Non-GAAP Financial Measures." Leverage ratios and coverage ratios are widely used by investors, analysts and rating agencies in the valuation, comparison, investment recommendations and rating of companies. The following table reflects the recent historical trends for our credit strength measures:

		Year Ended	
	December 31, 2005	December 31, 2006	December 31, 2007
Debt to book capitalization ratio	51%	53%	53%
Debt to undepreciated book capitalization ratio	47%	49%	48%
Debt to market capitalization ratio	40%	39%	39%
Interest coverage ratio	3.06x	2.97x	2.91x
Fixed charge coverage ratio	2.37x	2.39x	2.38x

Concentration Risk. We evaluate our concentration risk in terms of asset mix, investment mix, customer mix and geographic mix. Concentration risk is a valuable measure in understanding what portion of our investments could be at risk if certain sectors were to experience downturns. Asset mix measures the portion of our investments

that are real property. In order to qualify as an equity REIT, at least 75% of our real estate investments must be real property whereby each property, which includes the land, buildings, improvements, intangibles and related rights, is owned by us and leased to an operator pursuant to a long-term operating lease. Investment mix measures the portion of our investments that relate to our various property types. Customer mix measures the portion of our investments that relate to our top five states. The following table reflects our recent historical trends of concentration risk:

	December 31, 2005	December 31, 2006	December 31, 2007
Asset mix:			
Real property	93%	95%	92%
Loans receivable	7%	5%	8%
Investment mix:			
Assisted living facilities	34%	25%	21%
Skilled nursing facilities	44%	34%	32%
Independent/CCRC	15%	13%	15%
Medical office buildings		22%	25%
Specialty care facilities	7%	6%	7%
Customer mix:			
Emeritus Corporation	13%	9%	7%
Signature Healthcare LLC			6%
Brookdale Senior Living Inc		7%	5%
Life Care Centers of America, Inc.	7%	6%	5%
Senior Living Communities, LLC			4%
Home Quality Management, Inc.		6%	
Merrill Gardens L.L.C.	7%	4%	
Southern Assisted Living, Inc.	7%		
Commonwealth Communities Holdings LLC	7%		
Remaining portfolio	59%	68%	73%
Geographic mix:			
Florida	14%	17%	15%
Texas	8%	11%	13%
Massachusetts	13%	8%	7%
California	7%	7%	7%
Tennessee			6%
Ohio		6%	
North Carolina	8%		
Remaining portfolio	50%	51%	52%

We evaluate our key performance indicators in conjunction with current expectations to determine if historical trends are indicative of future results. Our expected results may not be achieved and actual results may differ materially from our expectations. Management regularly monitors various economic and other factors to develop strategic and tactical plans designed to improve performance and maximize our competitive position. Our ability to achieve our financial objectives is dependent upon our ability to effectively execute these plans and to appropriately respond to emerging economic and company-specific trends. Please refer to "Item 1A — Risk Factors" above for further discussion.

# Portfolio Update

Investment Properties

Payment coverage of the operators in our investment property portfolio continues to improve. Our overall payment coverage is at 1.99 times and represents an increase of six basis point from 2006 and seven basis points from 2005. The following table reflects our recent historical trends of portfolio coverage. Coverage data reflects the 12 months ended for the periods presented. CBMF represents the ratio of facilities' earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, rent and management fees to contractual rent or interest due us. CAMF represents the

ratio of earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, and rent (but after imputed management fees) to contractual rent or interest due us.

	Septemb	er 30, 2005	September	r 30, 2006	September	30, 2007
	CBMF	CAMF	CBMF	CAMF	CBMF	CAMF
Independent living/CCRCs	1.43x	1.21x	1.41x	1.21x	1.47x	1.26x
Assisted living facilities	1.52x	1.30x	1.54x	1.33x	1.57x	1.35x
Skilled nursing facilities	2.18x	1.61x	2.17x	1.55x	2.25x	1.65x
Specialty care facilities	3.36x	2.77x	2.88x	2.34x	2.72x	2.16x
Weighted averages	1.92x	1.53x	1.93x	1.50x	1.99x	1.55x

# Operating Properties

The primary performance measure for our operating properties is net operating income ("NOI") as discussed below in Non-GAAP Financial Measures. At December 31, 2007, we had 121 medical office buildings and four specialty care facilities in our operating properties protefolio. Our consolidated financial results for the year ended December 31, 2006 include twelve days of revenues and expenses from operating properties due to the Windrose merger completed on December 20, 2006. The following table summarizes and reconciles our net operating income for the periods indicated (in thousands):

	1	Total Revenues	o	Property perating Expenses	Net Operating Income
Year ended December 31, 2006:					
Medical office buildings	\$	3,247	\$	1,108	\$ 2,139
Specialty care facilities		227		7	220
Totals	\$	3,474	\$	1,115	\$ 2,359
Year ended December 31, 2007:					 
Medical office buildings	\$	112,814	\$	37,177	\$ 75,637
Specialty care facilities		6,970		298	6,672
Totals	\$	119,784	\$	37,475	\$ 82,309

### Corporate Governance

Maintaining investor confidence and trust has become increasingly important in today's business environment. Our Board of Directors and management are strongly committed to policies and procedures that reflect the highest level of ethical business practices. Our corporate governance guidelines provide the framework for our business operations and emphasize our commitment to increase stockholder value while meeting all applicable legal requirements. The Board of Directors adopted and annually reviews its Corporate Governance Guidelines. These guidelines meet the listing standards adopted by the New York Stock Exchange and are available on the Internet at www.hcreit.com and from us upon written request sent to the Senior Vice President — Administration and Corporate Secretary, Health Care REIT, Inc., One SeaGate, Suite 1500, P.O. Box 1475, Toledo, Ohio, 43603-1475.

# **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

### Sources and Uses of Cash

Our primary sources of cash include rent and interest receipts, borrowings under our unsecured line of credit arrangement, public and private offerings of debt and equity securities, proceeds from the sales of real property and principal payments on loans receivable. Our primary uses of cash include dividend distributions, debt service payments (including principal and interest), real property acquisitions, loan advances and general and administrative expenses. These sources and uses of cash are reflected in our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows and are discussed in further detail below.

The following is a summary of our sources and uses of cash flows (dollars in thousands):

		Olic Teal								One rear			I WU I Cai	
		Year Ended			Change Year Ende			Year Ended	Change		Change			
	D	ec. 31, 2005		Dec. 31, 2006		\$	%	D	ec. 31, 2007	\$	%	_	\$	%
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	\$	19,763	\$	36,237	\$	16,474	83%	\$	36,216	\$ (21)	0%	\$	16,453	83%
Cash provided from (used in) operating activities		194,417		216,446		22,029	11%		263,883	47,437	22%		69,466	36%
Cash provided from (used in) investing activities		(449,069)		(560,815)		(111,746)	25%		(885,336)	(324,521)	58%		(436,267)	97%
Cash provided from (used in) financing activities		271,126		344,348		73,222	27%		615,506	271,158	79%	_	344,380	127%
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	36,237	\$	36,216	\$	(21)	0%	\$	30,269	\$ (5,947)	(16)%	\$	(5,968)	(16)%

Operating Activities. The increases in net cash provided from operating activities are primarily attributable to increases in net income, excluding depreciation and amortization, stock-based compensation and net straight-line rental income. Net income and the provisions for depreciation and amortization increased primarily as a result of net new investments in properties owned by us. See the discussion of investing activities below for additional details. To the extent that we acquire or dispose of additional properties in the future, our net income and provisions for depreciation and amortization will change accordingly.

		Year Ended				One Year C	hange	Year Ended		One Year	Change	Two Year	Change
	De	ec. 31, 2005		Dec. 31, 2006		\$	%	Dec. 31, 2007		\$	%	\$	%
Gross straight-line rental income	\$	13,142	\$	9,432	\$	(3,710)	(28)%	\$ 17,	029	\$ 7,597	81%	\$ 3,887	30%
Cash receipts due to real property sales		(9,384)		(3,544)		5,840	(62)%	(4,	527)	(983)	28%	4,857	(52)%
Prepaid rent receipts		(4,485)		(17,017)		(12,532)	279%	(12,	942)	4,075	(24)%	(8,457)	189%
Amortization related to above/below market leases, net		0		60		60	n/a		792	732	1,220%	792	n/a
	\$	(727)	\$	(11,069)	\$	(10,342)	1,423%	\$	352	\$ 11,421	n/a	\$ 1,079	n/a

Gross straight-line rental income represents the non-cash difference between contractual cash rent due and the average rent recognized pursuant to Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13 Accounting for Leases ("SFAS 13") for leases with fixed rental escalators, net of collectibility reserves, if any. This amount is positive in the first half of a lease term (but declining every year due to annual increases in cash rent due) and is negative in the second half of a lease term. The increase in gross straight-line rental income is primarily due to an increase in the number of our leases with fixed annual increases resulting primarily from the Windrose merger completed in December 2006 and the Rendina/Paramount acquisition completed in May 2007. The change in prepaid rent cash receipts is primarily attributable to cash received upon renegotiation of a lease in connection to the acquisition of Commonwealth Communities Holdings LLC by Kindred Healthcare, Inc. in February 2006.

Investing Activities. The changes in net cash used in investing activities are primarily attributable to the Windrose merger and net changes in loans receivable and real property investments. The following is a summary of our investment and disposition activities (dollars in thousands):

				r Ended	December 31, 2007(2)			
	<u>Decen</u> Facilities	nber 31, 2005 Amount	Facilities Pacilities	er 31, 2006(1) Amount	Facilities Pacific Pac	er 31, 2007(2) Amount		
Ded consequent (Street	Facilities	Amount	Facilities	Amount	racinues	Amount		
Real property acquisitions:	11	¢ 220.225	_	C 50 417		d 42,000		
Independent/CCRC	11	\$ 230,225 47,660	5	\$ 56,417	1	\$ 43,000		
Assisted living Skilled nursing	4 45	262,084	8 18	77,600 148,955	4	36,233 122,875		
Medical office	45	262,064	10	146,955	8 28	381,134		
Specialty care	5	51,000		0	1	11,923		
Land parcels	J	0		10,250	1	8,928		
-	65	590,969	31	293,222	42	604,093		
Total acquisitions Less:	00	590,969	31	293,222	42	604,093		
Assumed debt		(22.200)		(25.040)		(166,188)		
Assumed debt Assumed other assets/(liabilities), net		(22,309)		(25,049)		(2,432)		
· //								
Cash disbursed for acquisitions Additions to CIP		568,660 8,790		268,173		435,473 295,102		
				149,843		39,976		
Capital improvements to existing properties		21,841		11,167				
Total cash invested in real property		599,291		429,183		770,551		
Real property dispositions:	15	00.405	10	E0 470	10	FO CO 4		
Assisted living	15	90,485	12 3	58,479	10	59,694		
Skilled nursing Independent/CCRC		0	1	7,827 3,095	7	23,055 11,919		
Specialty care		0	1	3,095	1	11,919		
Land parcels		840		486		3,646		
•								
Proceeds from real property sales	15	91,325	16	69,887	18	98,314		
Net cash investments in real property	50	\$ 507,966	15	\$ 359,296	24	\$ 672,237		
Advances on loans receivable:								
Investments in new loans		\$ 26,554		\$ 75,209		\$ 205,770		
Draws on existing loans		13,833		11,781		30,124		
Total investments in loans		40,387		86,990		235,894		
Receipts on loans receivable:								
Loan payoffs		82,379		65,002		42,028		
Principal payments on loans		16,259		17,253		10,318		
Total principal receipts on loans		98,638		82,255		52,346		
Net cash advances/(receipts) on loans receivable		\$ (58,251)		\$ 4,735		\$ 183,548		

<sup>(1) 2006</sup> excludes the Windrose merger.

The investment in Windrose during 2006 primarily represented \$183,139,000 of cash provided to Windrose to extinguish secured debt and cash used to pay advisory fees, lender consents and other merger-related costs totaling \$15,023,000. These cash uses were offset by \$15,591,000 of cash assumed from Windrose on the merger effective

<sup>(2) 2007</sup> includes the Rendina/Paramount acquisition.

date. The investment in Rendina/Paramount primarily represented cash consideration of \$141,967,000 offset by \$4,000 of cash assumed from Paramount.

Financing Activities. The changes in net cash provided from or used in financing activities are primarily attributable to changes related to our debt, common stock issuances, preferred stock issuances and cash distributions to stockholders.

The following is a summary of our senior unsecured note issuances (dollars in thousands):

Date Issued	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	F	ace Amount	N	et Proceeds
April 2005	May 2015	5.875%	\$	250,000	\$	246,859
November 2005	June 2016	6.200%	\$	300,000	\$	297,194
2005 Totals			\$	550,000	\$	544,053
November 2006	December 2006	4.750%	\$	345,000	\$	337,517
July 2007	July 2027	4.750%	\$	400,000	\$	388,943

In May 2005, we redeemed all of our outstanding \$50,000,000 8.17% senior unsecured notes due March 2006, we completed a public tender offer for \$57,670,000 of our outstanding \$100,000,000 7.625% senior unsecured notes due March 2008, and we redeemed \$122,500,000 of our outstanding \$175,000,000 7.5% senior unsecured notes due August 2007. In connection with that extinguishment, we recorded a \$20,662,000 loss on extinguishment of debt. During the year ended December 31, 2005, we paid off mortgages with outstanding balances of \$72,309,000 and average interest rates of 7.481%. In August 2007, we repaid \$52,500,000 of 7.5% senior unsecured notes at maturity. During the year ended December 31, 2007, we paid off mortgages with outstanding balances of \$29,797,000 and average interest rates of 7.338%. In November 2007, we repurchased \$50,000,000 liquidation amount of preferred securities of a subsidiary trust and, in December 2007, obtained the satisfaction and discharge of a related \$51,000,000 liability of an operating partnership and recorded a \$1,081,000 gain on extinguishment of debt.

The change in common stock is primarily attributable to public issuances and common stock issuances related to our dividend reinvestment and stock purchase plan ("DRIP"). The remaining difference in common stock issuances is primarily due to issuances pursuant to stock incentive plans.

The following is a summary of our common stock issuances (dollars in thousands, except per share amounts):

Date Issued	Shares Issued	Ave	rage Price	Gre	oss Proceeds	Ne	t Proceeds
November 2005 public issuance	3,000,000	\$	34.15	\$	102,450	\$	100,977
2005 DRIP	1,546,959	\$	34.59		53,505		53,505
2005 Options	380,108	\$	23.38		8,889		8,889
2005 Totals	4,927,067			\$	164,844	\$	163,371
April 2006 public issuance	3,222,800	\$	36.00	\$	116,021	\$	109,748
2006 DRIP	1,876,377	\$	36.34		68,184		68,184
2006 Options	226,961	\$	22.62		5,133		5,133
2006 Totals	5,326,138			\$	189,338	\$	183,065
April 2007 public issuance	6,325,000	\$	44.01	\$	278,363	\$	265,294
December 2007 public issuance	3,500,000	\$	42.14		147,490		147,139
2007 DRIP	1,626,000	\$	41.81		67,985		67,985
2007 Options	401,630	\$	27.82		11,175		11,175
2007 Totals	11,852,630			\$	505,013	\$	491,593

In order to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, we must distribute at least 90% of our taxable income (including 100% of capital gains) to our stockholders. The increases in dividends are primarily attributable to increases in outstanding common and preferred stock shares as discussed above and increases in our annual

common stock dividend per share and the payment of a prorated dividend of \$0.3409 in December 2006 in conjunction with the Windrose merger.

The following is a summary of our dividend payments (in thousands, except per share amounts):

		Year Ended												
		December 31, 2005				Decemb	er 31, 200	6	December 31, 2			, 2007		
	F	Per Share		Per Share		Amount	Per Share			Amount		er Share		Amount
Common Stock	\$	2.46	\$	132,548	\$	2.8809	\$	178,365	\$	2.2791	\$	182,969		
Series D Preferred Stock		1.96875		7,875		1.96875		7,875		1.96875		7,875		
Series E Preferred Stock		1.50		375		1.50		112		1.50		112		
Series F Preferred Stock		1.90625		13,344		1.90625		13,344		1.90625		13,344		
Series G Preferred Stock				0		0.0625		132		1.875		3,799		
Totals			\$	154,142			\$	199,828			\$	208,099		

# Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have an outstanding letter of credit issued for the benefit of certain insurance companies that provide workers' compensation insurance to one of our tenants. Our obligation to provide the letter of credit terminates in 2009. At December 31, 2007, our obligation under the letter of credit was \$2,350,000.

We have an outstanding letter of credit issued for the benefit of certain insurance companies that provide liability and property insurance to one of our tenants. Our obligation to provide the letter of credit terminates in 2013. At December 31, 2007, our obligation under the letter of credit was \$1,000,000.

We have an outstanding letter of credit issued for the benefit of a village in Illinois that secures the completion and installation of certain public improvements by one of our tenants in connection with the development of a facility. Our obligation to provide the letter of credit terminates in 2010. At December 31, 2007, our obligation under the letter of credit was \$679,320.

We have an outstanding letter of credit issued for the benefit of a municipality in Pennsylvania in connection with the completion and installation of certain facility improvements by one of our subsidiaries. The improvements are expected to be completed in 2009. At December 31, 2007, our obligation under the letter of credit was \$485,810.

We are exposed to various market risks, including the potential loss arising from adverse changes in interest rates. We may or may not elect to use financial derivative instruments to hedge interest rate exposure. These decisions are principally based on the general trend in interest rates at the applicable dates, our perception of the future volatility of interest rates and our relative levels of variable rate debt and variable rate investments. As of December 31, 2007, we participated in two forward-starting interest rate swap agreements related to our debt arrangements. Our interest rate swaps are discussed below in "Results of Operations."

### Contractual Obligations

The following table summarizes our payment requirements under contractual obligations as of December 31, 2007 (in thousands):

	Payments Due by Period									
Contractual Obligations	Total	2008	2009-2010	2011-2012	Thereafter					
Unsecured line of credit arrangement	\$ 307,00	0 \$	0 \$ 0	\$ 307,000	\$ 0					
Senior unsecured notes(1)	1,887,33	0 42,33	30 0	250,000	1,595,000					
Secured debt(1)	506,97	3 27,94	41 69,232	74,482	335,318					
Contractual interest obligations	1,419,74	0 158,72	22 302,172	267,810	691,036					
Capital lease obligations		0	0 0	0	0					
Operating lease obligations	54,99	3 3,14	18 5,896	5,423	40,526					
Purchase obligations	826,31	8 456,90	369,413	0	0					
Other long-term liabilities	4,19	0 11	12 788	3,290	0					
Total contractual obligations	\$ 5,006,54	4 \$ 689,15	\$ 747,501	\$ 908,005	\$ 2,661,880					

<sup>(1)</sup> Amounts represent principal amounts due and do not reflect unamortized premiums/discounts or other fair value adjustments as reflected on the balance sheet.

At December 31, 2007, we had an unsecured credit arrangement with a consortium of seventeen banks providing for a revolving line of credit in the amount of \$1,150,000,000, which is scheduled to expire on August 5, 2011 (with the ability to extend for one year at our discretion if we are in compliance with all covenants). Borrowings under the agreement are subject to interest payable in periods no longer than three months at either the agent bank's prime rate of interest or the applicable margin over LIBOR interest rate, at our option (4.6% at December 31, 2007). The applicable margin is based on our ratings with Moody's Investors Service and Standard & Poor's Ratings Services and was 0.6% at December 31, 2007. In addition, we pay a faultity fee alone and bank based on the bank's commitment under the revolving credit facility. The facility fee depends on our ratings with Moody's Investors Service and Standard & Poor's Ratings Services and was 0.15% at December 31, 2007. We also pay an annual agent's fee of \$50,000. Principal is due upon expiration of the agreement. At December 31, 2007, we had \$307,000,000 outstanding under the unsecured line of credit arrangement and estimated total contractual interest obligations of \$61,329,000. Contractual interest obligations are estimated based on the assumption that the balance of \$307,000,000 at December 31, 2007 is constant until maturity at interest rates in effect at December 31, 2007.

We have \$1,887,330,000 of senior unsecured notes principal outstanding with fixed annual interest rates ranging from 4.75% to 8.0%, payable semi-annually. Total contractual interest obligations on senior unsecured notes totaled \$1,171,437,000 at December 31, 2007. Additionally, we have mortgage loans with total outstanding principal of \$506,973,000, collateralized by owned properties, with fixed annual interest rates ranging from 4.89% to 8.21%, payable monthly. The carrying values of the properties securing the mortgage loans totaled \$969,543,000 at December 31, 2007. Total contractual interest obligations on mortgage loans totaled \$186,974,000 at December 31, 2007.

At December 31, 2007, we had operating lease obligations of \$54,993,000 relating primarily to ground leases at certain of our properties and office space leases.

Purchase obligations are comprised of unfunded construction commitments and contingent purchase obligations. At December 31, 2007, we had outstanding construction financings of \$313,709,000 for leased properties and were committed to providing additional financing of approximately \$800,697,000 to complete construction. At December 31, 2007, we had contingent purchase obligations totaling \$25,621,000. These contingent purchase obligations primarily relate to deferred acquisition fundings and capital improvements. Deferred acquisition fundings are contingent upon a tenant satisfying certain conditions in the lease. Upon funding, amounts due from the tenant are increased to reflect the additional investment in the property.

Other long-term liabilities relate to our Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan ("SERP") and certain non-compete agreements. We have a SERP, a non-qualified defined benefit pension plan, which provides certain

executive officers with supplemental deferred retirement benefits. The SERP provides an opportunity for participants to receive retirement benefits that cannot be paid under our tax-qualified plans because of the restrictions imposed by ERISA and the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Benefits are based on compensation and length of service and the SERP is unfunded. No contributions by the Company are anticipated for the 2008 fiscal year. Benefit payments are expected to total \$3,290,000 during the next five fiscal years and no benefit payments are expected to occur during the succeeding five fiscal years. We use a December 31 measurement date for the SERP. The accrued liability on our balance sheet for the SERP was \$1,915,000 at December 31, 2007 (\$1,597,000 at December 31, 2006).

In connection with the Windrose merger, we entered into consulting agreements with Fred S. Klipsch and Frederick L. Farrar, which expire in December 2008 and may be terminated at any time by the consultant. Each consultant has agreed not to compete with the Company for a period of two years following termination or expiration of the agreement. In exchange for complying with the covenant not to compete, Messers. Klipsch and Farrar will receive eight quarterly payments of \$75,000 and \$37,500, respectively, with the first payment to be made on the date of termination or expiration of the agreement.

# Capital Structure

As of December 31, 2007, we had stockholders' equity of \$2,404,356,000 and a total outstanding debt balance of \$2,704,668,000, which represents a debt to total book capitalization ratio of 53%. Our ratio of debt to market capitalization was 39% at December 31, 2007. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2007, our interest coverage ratio was 2.91 to 1.00. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2007, our fixed charge coverage ratio was 2.38 to 1.00. Also, at December 31, 2007, we had \$30,269,000 of cash and cash equivalents and \$843,000,000 of available borrowing capacity under our unsecured line of credit arrangement.

Our debt agreements contain various covenants, restrictions and events of default. Among other things, these provisions require us to maintain certain financial ratios and minimum net worth and impose certain limits on our ability to incur indebtedness, create liens and make investments or acquisitions. As of December 31, 2007, we were in compliance with all of the covenants under our debt agreements. None of our debt agreements contain provisions for acceleration which could be triggered by our debt ratings with Moody's Investors Service and Standard & Poor's Ratings Services. However, under our unsecured line of credit arrangement, these ratings on our senior unsecured notes are used to determine the fees and interest payable.

As of February 15, 2008, our senior unsecured notes were rated Baa2 (stable), BBB- (positive) and BBB (stable) by Moody's Investors Service, Standard & Poor's Ratings Services and Fitch Ratings, respectively. We plan to manage the company to maintain investment grade status with a capital structure consistent with our current profile. Any downgrades in terms of ratings or outlook by any or all of the noted rating agencies could have a material adverse impact on our cost and availability of capital, which could in turn have a material adverse impact on our consolidated results of operations, liquidity and/or financial condition.

On May 12, 2006, we filed an open-ended automatic or "universal" shelf registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission covering an indeterminate amount of future offerings of debt securities, common stock, preferred stock, depositary shares, warrants and units. As of February 15, 2008, we had an effective registration statement on file in connection with our enhanced DRIP program under which we may issue up to 10,760,247 shares of common stock. As of February 15, 2008, 9,481,345 shares of common stock remained available for issuance under this registration statement. Depending upon market conditions, we anticipate issuing securities under our registration statements to invest in additional properties and to repay borrowings under our unsecured line of credit arrangement.

# Results of Operations

		Year l		One Year C	hange	Year Ended	One Year Cha	ange	Two Year Cha	ange	
	Dec	2. 31, 2005	De	c. 31, 2006	\$	%	Dec. 31, 2007	\$	%	\$	%
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	62,692	\$	81,287	\$ 18,595	30%	\$ 116,272	\$ 34,985	43%	\$ 53,580	85%
Funds from operations		144,293		177,580	33,287	23%	251,117	73,537	41%	106,824	74%
Funds available for distribution		147,730		191,885	44,155	30%	252,784	60,899	32%	105,054	71%
EBITDA		254,731		300,485	45,754	18%	433,495	133,010	44%	178,764	70%

The components of the changes in revenues, expenses and other items are discussed in detail below. The following is a summary of certain items that impact the results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2007:

- \$1,750,000 (\$0.02 per diluted share) of one-time acquisition finders' fees;
- \$1,081,000 (\$0.01 per diluted share) of net gains on extinguishments of debt;
- \$1,457,000 (\$0.02 per diluted share) of additional compensation costs related to accelerated vesting requirements of certain stock-based compensation awards;
- \$3,900,000 (\$0.05 per diluted share) of additional other income related to the payoff of a warrant equity investment;
- $$14,\!437,\!000$  (\$0.18 per diluted share) of gains on the sales of real property; and
- \$17,469,000 (\$0.22 per diluted share) prepaid/straight-line rent cash receipts for FAD only.

The following is a summary of certain items that impact the results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2006:

- \$5,213,000 (\$0.08 per diluted share) of merger-related expenses;
- \$1,287,000 (\$0.02 per diluted share) of additional compensation costs related to accelerated vesting requirements of certain stock-based compensation awards;
- \$1,267,000 (\$0.02 per diluted share) of gains on the sales of real property; and
- \$20,561,000 (\$0.33 per diluted share) prepaid/straight-line rent cash receipts for FAD only.

The following is a summary of certain items that impact the results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2005:

- \$20,662,000 (\$0.38 per diluted share) of net losses on extinguishments of debt;
- \$4,523,000 (\$0.08 per diluted share) of additional interest income related to the payoffs of loans that were either on non-accrual or partial accrual and all contractual interest due was received from the borrowers;
- \$3,227,000 (\$0.06 per diluted share) of gains on the sales of real property; and
- \$13,869,000 (\$0.25 per diluted share) prepaid/straight-line rent cash receipts for FAD only.

The increase in fully diluted average common shares outstanding is primarily the result of the Windrose merger, public and private common stock offerings and common stock issuances pursuant to our DRIP. The following table represents the changes in outstanding common stock for the period from January 1, 2005 to December 31, 2007 (in thousands):

		Year Ended		
	Dec. 31, 2005	Dec. 31, 2006	Dec. 31, 2007	Totals
Beginning balance	52,925	58,125	73,192	52,925
Windrose merger	0	9,679	0	9,679
Public offerings	3,000	3,223	9,825	16,048
DRIP issuances	1,547	1,877	1,626	5,050
Preferred stock conversions	210	0	212	422
Option exercises	380	227	402	1,009
Other issuances	63	61	239	363
Ending balance	58,125	73,192	85,496	85,496
Average number of common shares outstanding:				
Basic	54,110	61,661	78,861	
Diluted	54,499	62,045	79,409	

Revenues were comprised of the following (dollars in thousands):

		Year	Ended		_	One Year C		Change		Year Ended		One Year	Change		Two Year	Change
	De	c. 31, 2005	De	ec. 31, 2006	_	\$		%	De	ec. 31, 2007	_	\$	_	%	\$	%
Rental income	\$	236,081	\$	290,696	\$	54,615		23%	\$	450,164	\$	159,468		55%	\$ 214,083	91%
Interest income		23,993		18,829		(5,164)		(22)%		25,823		6,994		37%	1,830	8%
Other income		4,548		3,924		(624)		(14)%		10,035		6,111		156%	5,487	121%
Totals	\$	264,622	\$	313,449	\$	48,827		18%	\$	486,022	\$	172,573	_	55%	\$ 221,400	84%

The increase in gross revenues is primarily attributable to increased rental income resulting from the acquisitions of new properties from which we receive rent. See the discussion of investing activities in "Liquidity and Capital Resources" above for further information. Certain of our leases contain annual rental escalators that are contingent upon changes in the Consumer Price Index and/or changes in the gross operating revenues of the tenant's properties. These escalators are not fixed, so no straight-line rent is recorded; however, rental income is recorded based on the contractual cash rental payments due for the period. If gross operating revenues at our facilities and/or the Consumer Price Index do not increase, a portion of our revenues may not continue to increase. Sales of real property would offset revenue increases and, to the extent that they exceed new acquisitions, could result in decreased revenues. Our leases could renew above or below current rent rates, resulting in an increase or decrease in rental income.

Interest income decreased in 2006 primarily due to recognition of additional interest income of approximately \$4,523,000 in 2005. The additional interest income related to the payoffs of loans that were either on non-accrual or partial accrual and all contractual interest was received from the borrowers. Interest income increased in 2007 primarily due to an increase in loans receivable.

Expenses were comprised of the following (dollars in thousands):

	Year Ended  Dec. 31, Dec. 31, 2005 2006		_	One Year Change				_	One Year C	hange %	Two Cha \$			
Interest expense	\$ 74,878	\$	92,436	\$	17,558	23%	\$	134,680	\$	42,244	46%	\$	59,802	80%
Property operating expenses	0		1,115		1,115	n/a		37,475		36,360	3,261%		37,475	n/a
Depreciation and amortization	70,956		88,433		17,477	25%		145,893		57,460	65%		74,937	106%
General and administrative	16,163		26,004		9,841	61%		37,653		11,649	45%		21,490	133%
Loan expense	2,710		3,255		545	20%		5,977		2,722	84%		3,267	121%
Loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt	21,484		0		(21,484)	(100)%		(1,081)		(1,081)	n/a		(22,565)	n/a
Provision for loan losses	1,200		1,000		(200)	(17)%		0		(1,000)	(100)%		(1,200)	(100)%
Totals	\$ 187,391	\$	212,243	\$	24,852	13%	\$	360,597	\$	148,354	70%	\$	173,206	92%

The increase in total expenses is primarily attributable to increases in interest expense, property operating expenses, the provisions for depreciation and amortization and general and administrative expenses. The increases in interest expense are primarily due to higher average borrowings and changes in the amount of capitalized interest offsetting interest expense. If we borrow under our unsecured line of credit arrangement, issue additional senior unsecured notes or assume additional secured debt, our interest expense will increase.

The following is a summary of our interest expense (dollars in thousands):

	Year Ended			One Yea	Y	ear Ended	One Ye			ar		
	Dec. 31,	Dec. 31,	_	Change			Dec. 31,	Chang	(e	_	Chang	e
	2005	2006		\$	<u>%</u>	_	2007	 \$	<u>%</u>	_	\$	<u>%</u>
Senior unsecured notes	\$ 63,080	\$ 80,06	9 \$	16,989	27%	\$	101,618	\$ 21,549	27%	\$	38,538	61%
Secured debt	11,769	9,52	9	(2,240)	(19)%		28,543	19,014	200%		16,774	143%
Unsecured lines of credit	9,413	11,39	7	1,984	21%		15,652	4,255	37%		6,239	66%
Subsidiary trust liability	0	11	2	112	n/a		3,104	2,992	2,671%		3,104	n/a
Capitalized interest	(665)	(4,47	0)	(3,805)	572%		(12,526)	(8,056)	180%		(11,861)	1,784%
SWAP losses (savings)	(972)	19	7	1,169	n/a		(89)	(286)	n/a		883	(91)%
Discontinued operations	(7,747)	(4,39	3)	3,349	(43)%		(1,622)	2,776	(63)%		6,125	(79)%
Totals	\$ 74,878	\$ 92,43	5 5	17,558	23%	\$	134,680	\$ 42,244	46%	\$	59,802	80%

The change in interest expense on senior unsecured notes is due to the net effect and timing of issuances and extinguishments. In May 2005, we redeemed all of our outstanding \$50,000,000 8.17% senior unsecured notes due March 2006, we completed a public tender offer for \$57,670,000 of our outstanding \$100,000,000 7.625% senior unsecured notes due March 2008, and we redeemed \$122,500,000 of our outstanding \$175,000,000 7.5% senior unsecured notes due August 2007. In connection with that extinguishment, we recorded a \$20,662,000 loss on

extinguishment of debt. In August 2007, we repaid \$52,500,000 of 7.5% senior unsecured notes at maturity. The following is a summary of our senior unsecured notes activity (dollars in thousands):

	Year Ended	December 31, 2005	Year Ende	d December 31, 2006	Year Ended	December 31, 2007
	Amount	Weighted Average Interest Rate	Amount	Weighted Average Interest Rate	Amount	Weighted Average Interest Rate
Beginning balance	\$ 875,000	7.181%	\$ 1,194,830	6.566%	\$ 1,539,830	6.159%
Debt issued	550,000	6.052%	345,000	4.750%	400,000	4.750%
Debt extinguished	(230,170)	7.677%	0		(52,500)	7.500%
Ending balance	\$ 1,194,830	6.566%	\$ 1,539,830	6.159%	\$ 1,887,330	5.823%
Monthly averages	\$ 961,469	6.829%	\$ 1,244,445	6.494%	\$ 1,704,253	5.991%

The change in interest expense on secured debt is due to the net effect and timing of assumptions, extinguishments and principal amortizations. The following is a summary of our secured debt activity (dollars in thousands):

	Year Ended De	cember 31, 2005	Year Ended De	cember 31, 2006	Year Ended D	ecember 31, 2007
	Amount	Weighted Average Interest Rate	Amount	Weighted Average Interest Rate	Amount	Weighted Average Interest Rate
Beginning balance	\$ 160,225	7.508%	\$ 107,540	7.328%	\$ 378,400	6.406%
Debt assumed	22,309	6.561%	273,893	6.053%	166,331	5.808%
Debt extinguished	(72,309)	7.481%	0		(29,797)	7.338%
Principal payments	(2,685)	7.584%	(3,033)	7.226%	(7,961)	6.334%
Ending balance	107,540	7.328%	\$ 378,400	6.406%	\$ 506,973	6.113%
Monthly averages	\$ 156,027	7.452%	\$ 144,512	7.021%	\$ 456,795	6.204%

The change in interest expense on unsecured lines of credit arrangements is due primarily to changes in average amounts outstanding and fluctuating variable interest rates. The following is a summary of our unsecured lines of credit arrangements (dollars in thousands):

		Year En	ded December 31	,	
	2005		2006		2007
Balance outstanding at December 31	\$ 195,000	\$	225,000	\$	307,000
Maximum amount outstanding at any month end	318,000		276,000		434,000
Average amount outstanding (total of daily principal balances divided by days in year)	181,232		164,905		234,392
Weighted average interest rate (actual interest expense divided by average horrowings outstanding)	5.19%		6 91%		6 68%

At December 31, 2006, we had \$51,000,000 of trust preferred liability principal outstanding with a fixed annual interest rate of 7.22%. On November 6, 2007, we purchased all \$50,000,000 of the outstanding trust preferred securities at par for the purpose of unwinding this financing arrangement and, in December 2007, surrendered these securities and the related \$1,000,000 liquidation amount of common securities for cancellation, resulting in the satisfaction and discharge of this \$51,000,000 liability. In connection with this transaction, we recorded a \$1,081,000 gain on extinguishment of debt. Please see Note 8 to our consolidated financial statements for additional information.

We capitalize certain interest costs associated with funds used to finance the construction of properties owned directly by us. The amount capitalized is based upon the borrowings outstanding during the construction period using the rate of interest that approximates our cost of financing. Our interest expense is reduced by the amount capitalized. Capitalized interest for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2006 and 2007 totaled \$665,000, \$4,470,000 and \$12,526,000, respectively.

On May 6, 2004, we entered into two interest rate swap agreements (the "2004 Swaps") for a total notional amount of \$100,000,000 to hedge changes in fair value attributable to changes in the LIBOR swap rate of \$100,000,000 of fixed rate debt with a maturity date of November 15, 2013. The 2004 Swaps were treated as fair-

value hedges for accounting purposes and we utilized the short-cut method to assess effectiveness. The 2004 Swaps were with highly rated counterparties in which we received a fixed rate of 6.0% and paid a variable rate based on six-month LIBOR plus a spread. On September 12, 2007, we terminated the 2004 Swaps and we received a \$2,125,000 cash settlement. The unamortized amount of this settlement at December 31, 2007 was \$1,973,000 and is recorded as an adjustment to the hedged item. This amount will be amortized to interest expense over the life of the hedged debt using the effective interest method. For the years ended December 31, 2005, 2006 and 2007, we generated \$972,000 of savings, \$197,000 of losses and \$89,000 of savings, respectively, related to the 2004 Swaps that were recorded as adjustments of interest expense.

On July 2, 2007, we entered into two forward-starting interest rate swaps, with an aggregate notional amount of \$200,000,000 that were designated as cash flow hedges of the variability in forecasted interest payments attributable to changes in the LIBOR swap rate, on long-term fixed rate debt forecasted to be issued in 2007. The 2007 Swaps have the economic effect of fixing \$200,000,000 of our debt at 4.913% for five years. The 2007 Swaps were settled on July 17, 2007, which was the date that the forecasted debt was priced. The cash settlement value of these contracts at July 17, 2007, was \$733,000. This amount represented the effective portion of the hedges as there was no hedge ineffectiveness. Therefore, the \$733,000 settlement value was deferred in accumulated other comprehensive income ("AOCI") and will be amortized to interest expense using the effective interest method. The unamortized amount of AOCI related to these contracts at December 31, 2007 is \$668,000. For the year ended December 31, 2007, we reclassified \$65,000 out of AOCI as a reduction of interest expense.

On September 12, 2007, we entered into two forward-starting interest rate swaps (the "September 2007 Swaps") for a total notional amount of \$250,000,000 to hedge 10 years of interest payments associated with a long-term borrowing that is expected to occur in 2008. The September 2007 Swaps each have an effective date of September 12, 2008 and a maturity date of September 12, 2018. We expect to settle the 2007 Swaps when the debt is priced. The September 2007 Swaps have the economic effect of fixing \$250,000,000 of our future debt at 4.469% plus a credit spread for 10 years. The September 2007 Swaps have been designated as cash flow hedges and we expect the 2007 Swaps to be highly effective at offsetting changes in cash flows of interest payments on \$250,000,000 of our future debt due to changes in the LIBOR swap rate. Therefore, effective changes in the fair value of the September 2007 Swaps will be recorded in AOCI and reclassified to interest expense when the hedged forecasted transactions affect earnings (as interest payments are made on the expected debt issuance). The ineffective portion of the changes in fair value will be recorded directly in earnings. At December 31, 2007, the September 2007 Swaps were reported at their fair value of \$7,990,000 and are included in other liabilities and AOCI.

As discussed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2006, we completed our merger with Windrose Medical Properties Trust on December 20, 2006. These operations are the principal component of our property operating expenses from the date of acquisition. There was no similar activity in the prior periods. In addition to a full year of operations for the Windrose properties, we acquired 28 medical office buildings during the year ended December 31, 2007.

Depreciation and amortization increased primarily as a result of additional investments in properties owned directly by us. See the discussion of investing activities in "Liquidity and Capital Resources" above for additional details. To the extent that we acquire or dispose of additional properties in the future, our provision for depreciation and amortization will change accordingly.

General and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenues (including revenues from discontinued operations) for the year ended December 31, 2007, were 7.64%, as compared with 8.26% and 5.89% for the same periods in 2006 and 2005. The increase from 2005 to 2006 is directly attributable to \$5,213,000 of merger-related expenses and \$1,287,000 of accelerated stock-based compensation expenses. The increase from 2006 to 2007 is primarily related to the Windrose merger completed on December 20, 2006, the Paramount acquisition completed in May 2007, \$1,750,000 of acquisition finders' fees paid during the three months ended June 30, 2007 and costs associated with our initiatives to attract and retain appropriate personnel to achieve our business objectives. During the quarter ended June 30, 2007, we recorded \$1,750,000 of one-time acquisition finders' fees paid to former Windrose management in connection with the closing of the Rendina/Paramount transaction. These fees relate to services rendered prior to the consummation of the Windrose merger in December 2006. Due to the recipients' current employment status with the company, the fees have been expensed as compensation rather than included in the purchase price of the acquisition, as is typical with such fees.

Loan expense represents the amortization of deferred loan costs incurred in connection with the issuance and amendments of debt. The change in loan expense is primarily due to costs associated with the issuance of \$345,000,000 of senior unsecured convertible notes in November and December 2006, costs related to the assumption of secured debt in connection with the Windrose merger in December 2006, the issuance of \$400,000,000 of senior unsecured convertible notes in July 2007 and costs associated with the extension and expansion of our unsecured line of credit in August 2007.

As a result of our quarterly evaluations, we concluded that the allowance for loan losses at December 31, 2006 remained appropriate as of December 31, 2007. The provision for loan losses is related to our critical accounting estimate for the allowance for loan losses and is discussed below in "Critical Accounting Policies."

Other items were comprised of the following (dollars in thousands):

		Year E	nded	One Year C	hange	Ye	ar Ended	One Year C	hange		Iwo Year Ch	ange
	De	c. 31, 2005	Dec. 31, 2006	\$	%	De	c. 31, 2007	\$	%	_	\$	%
Minority interests	\$	0	(13)	(13)	n/a	\$	(238)	\$ (225)	1,731%	\$	(238)	n/a
Gain (loss) on sales of properties		3,227	1,267	(1,960)	(61)%		14,437	13,170	1,039%		11,210	347%
Discontinued operations, net		3,828	290	(3,538)	(92)%		1,778	1,488	513%		(2,050)	(54)%
Preferred dividends		(21,594)	(21,463)	131	(1)%		(25,130)	(3,667)	17%		(3,536)	16%
Totals	\$	(14,539)	\$ (19,919)	\$ (5,380)	37%	\$	(9,153)	\$ 10,766	(54)%	\$	5,386	(37)%

During the year ended December 31, 2007, we sold ten assisted living facilities, one independent living facility, seven skilled nursing facilities and one parcel of land with carrying values of \$83,877,000 for a net gain of \$14,437,000. These properties generated \$1,778,000 of income after deducting depreciation and interest expense from rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2007. All properties sold subsequent to January 1, 2005 generated \$290,000 and \$3,828,000 of income after deducting depreciation and interest expense from rental revenue for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Please refer to Note 16 to our consolidated financial statements for further discussion.

The increase in preferred dividends is primarily due to the increase in average outstanding preferred shares. The following is a summary of our preferred stock activity:

	Year Ended I	December 31, 2005	Year Ended	December 31, 2006	Year Ended	December 31, 2007
	Shares	Weighted Average Dividend Rate	Shares	Weighted Average Dividend Rate	Shares	Weighted Average Dividend Rate
Beginning balance	11,350,045	7.663%	11,074,989	7.704%	13,174,989	7.672%
Shares issued	0		2,100,000	7.500%	0	
Shares converted	(275,056)	6.000%	0		(295,800)	7.500%
Ending balance	11,074,989	7.704%	13,174,989	7.672%	12,879,189	7.676%
Monthly averages	11,245,073	7.679%	11,236,527	7.701%	13,129,481	7.672%

In conjunction with the acquisition of Windrose Medical Properties Trust in December 2006, we issued 2,100,000 shares of 7.5% Series G Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock. These shares have a liquidation value of \$25.00 per share. Dividends are payable quarterly in arrears. The preferred stock, which has no stated maturity, may be redeemed by us at a redemption price of \$25.00 per share, plus accrued and unpaid dividends on such shares to the redemption date, on or after June 30, 2010. Each Series G Preferred Share is convertible by the holder into our common stock at a conversion price of \$34.93, equivalent to a conversion rate of 0.7157 common shares per Series G Preferred Share. These shares were recorded at \$29.58 per share, which was deemed to be the fair value at the date of issuance. During the year ended December 31, 2007, certain holders of our Series G Preferred Stock converted 295,800 shares into 211,702 shares of our common stock, leaving 1,804,200 of such shares outstanding at December 31, 2007.

### Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We believe that net income available to common stockholders, as defined by U.S. GAAP, is the most appropriate earnings measurement. However, we consider FFO and FAD to be useful supplemental measures of our operating performance. Historical cost accounting for real estate assets in accordance with U.S. GAAP implicitly assumes that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time as evidenced by the provision for depreciation. However, since real estate values have historically risen or fallen with market conditions, many industry investors and analysts have considered presentations of operating results for real estate companies that use historical cost accounting to be insufficient. In response, the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT") created FFO as a supplemental measure of operating performance for REITs that excludes historical cost depreciation from net income. FFO, as defined by NAREIT, means net income, computed in accordance with U.S. GAAP, excluding gains (or losses) from sales of real estate, plus depreciation and amortization, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures. FAD represents FFO excluding the net straight-line rental adjustments, rental income related to above/below market leases and amortization of deferred loan expenses and less cash used to fund capital expenditures, tenant improvements and lease commissions.

In April 2002, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 145 that requires gains and losses on extinguishment of debt to be classified as income or loss from continuing operations rather than as extraordinary items as previously required under Statement No. 4. We adopted the standard effective January 1, 2003. We have properly reflected the \$21,484,000, or \$0.39 per diluted share, of losses on extinguishment of debt for the year ended December 31, 2005 and the \$1,081,000, or \$0.01 per diluted share, of gains on extinguishment of debt for the year ended December 31, 2007. These amounts have not been added back for the calculations of FFO, FAD or EBITDA.

EBITDA stands for earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization. We believe that EBITDA, along with net income and cash flow provided from operating activities, is an important supplemental measure because it provides additional information to assess and evaluate the performance of our operations. Additionally, restrictive covenants in our debt arrangements contain financial ratios based on EBITDA. We primarily utilize EBITDA to measure our interest coverage ratio, which represents EBITDA divided by total interest, and our fixed charge coverage ratio, which represents EBITDA divided by fixed charges. Fixed charges include total interest, secured debt principal amortization and preferred dividends.

FFO, FAD and EBITDA are financial measures that are widely used by investors, equity and debt analysts and rating agencies in the valuation, comparison, rating and investment recommendations of companies. Management uses these financial measures to facilitate internal and external comparisons to our historical operating results and in making operating decisions. Additionally, FFO and FAD are utilized by the Board of Directors to evaluate management. FFO, FAD and EBITDA do not represent net income or cash flow provided from operating activities as determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP and should not be considered as alternative measures of profitability or liquidity. Finally, FFO, FAD and EBITDA, as defined by us, may not be comparable to similarly entitled items reported by other real estate investment trusts or other companies.

Net operating income ("NOI") is used to evaluate the operating performance of our properties. We define NOI as rental revenues, including tenant reimbursements, less property level operating expenses, which exclude depreciation and amortization, general and administrative expenses, impairments, interest expense and discontinued operations. We believe NOI provides investors relevant and useful information because it measures the operating performance of our properties at the property level on an unleveraged basis. We use NOI to make decisions about resource allocations and to assess the property level performance of our properties.

The table below reflects the reconciliation of FFO to net income available to common stockholders, the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP measure, for the periods presented. The provisions for depreciation and amortization includes provisions for depreciation and amortization from discontinued operations. Amounts are in thousands except for per share data.

	_	2005         2006         2007           62,692         \$ 81,287         \$ 11           84,828         97,564         14           (3,227)         (1,267)         (1           0         (4)				
	_		D		D	ecember 31, 2007
FFO Reconciliation:						
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	62,692	\$	81,287	\$	116,272
Depreciation and amortization		84,828		97,564		149,626
Loss (gain) on sales of properties		(3,227)		(1,267)		(14,437)
Minority interests		0		(4)		(344)
Funds from operations	\$	144,293	\$	177,580	\$	251,117
Average common shares outstanding:						
Basic		54,110		61,661		78,861
Diluted		54,499		62,045		79,409
Per share data:						
Net income available to common stockholders						
Basic	\$	1.16	\$	1.32	\$	1.47
Diluted		1.15		1.31		1.46
Funds from operations						
Basic	\$	2.67	\$	2.88	\$	3.18
Diluted		2.65		2.86		3.16

The table below reflects the reconciliation of FAD to net income available to common stockholders, the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP measure, for the periods presented. The provisions for depreciation and amortization includes provisions for depreciation and amortization from discontinued operations. Amounts are in thousands except for per share data.

			Ye	ear Ended		
	De	cember 31, 2005	De	cember 31, 2006	De	ecember 31, 2007
FAD Reconciliation:						
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	62,692	\$	81,287	\$	116,272
Depreciation and amortization		84,828		97,564		149,626
Loss (gain) on sales of properties		(3,227)		(1,267)		(14,437)
Gross straight-line rental income		(13,142)		(9,432)		(17,029)
Prepaid/straight-line rent receipts		13,869		20,561		17,469
Amortization related to above/(below) market leases, net		0		(60)		(792)
Amortization of deferred loan expenses		2,710		3,255		5,977
Cap Ex, tenant improvements, lease commissions		0		(21)		(4,292)
Minority interests		0		(2)		(10)
Funds available for distribution	\$	147,730	\$	191,885	\$	252,784
Average common shares outstanding:						
Basic		54,110		61,661		78,861
Diluted		54,499		62,045		79,409
Per share data:						
Net income available to common stockholders						
Basic	\$	1.16	\$	1.32	\$	1.47
Diluted		1.15		1.31		1.46
Funds available for distribution						
Basic	\$	2.73	\$	3.11	\$	3.21
Diluted		2.71		3.09		3.18

The table below reflects the reconciliation of EBITDA to net income, the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP measure, for the periods presented. Interest expense and the provisions for depreciation and amortization includes discontinued operations. Tax expense represents income-based taxes. Amortization represents the amortization of deferred loan expenses. Adjusted EBITDA represents EBITDA as adjusted below for items pursuant to covenant provisions of our unsecured lines of credit arrangements. Dollars are in thousands.

				ear Ended		
	De	cember 31, 2005	De	cember 31, 2006	De	cember 31, 2007
EBITDA Reconciliation:			<u> </u>			_
Net income	\$	84,286	\$	102,750	\$	141,402
Interest expense		82,625		96,834		136,302
Tax expense/(benefit)		282		82		188
Depreciation and amortization		84,828		97,564		149,626
Amortization of deferred loan expenses		2,710		3,255		5,977
EBITDA		254,731		300,485		433,495
Stock-based compensation expense		2,948		6,980		7,050
Provision for loan losses		1,200		1,000		0
Loss/(gain) on extinguishment of debt, net		20,662		0		(1,081)
EBITDA - adjusted	\$	279,541	\$	308,465	\$	439,464
Interest Coverage Ratio:						
Interest expense	\$	82,625	\$	96,834	\$	136,302
Capitalized interest		665		4,470		12,526
Total interest		83,290		101,304		148,828
EBITDA	\$	254,731	\$	300,485	\$	433,495
Interest coverage ratio		3.06x		2.97x		2.91x
EBITDA - adjusted	\$	279,541	\$	308,465	\$	439,464
Interest coverage ratio - adjusted		3.36x		3.04x		2.95x
Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio:						
Total interest	\$	83,290	\$	101,304	\$	148,828
Secured debt prinicipal amortization		2,685		3,033		7,961
Preferred dividends		21,594		21,463		25,130
Total fixed charges		107,569		125,800		181,919
EBITDA	\$	254,731	\$	300,485	\$	433,495
Fixed charge coverage ratio		2.37x		2.39x	-	2.38x
EBITDA - adjusted	\$	279,541	\$	308,465	\$	439,464
Fixed charge coverage ratio - adjusted		2.60x		2.45x		2.42x

### **Critical Accounting Policies**

Our consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP, which requires us to make estimates and assumptions. Management considers an accounting estimate or assumption critical if:

- the nature of the estimates or assumptions is material due to the levels of subjectivity and judgment necessary to account for highly uncertain matters or the susceptibility of such matters to change; and
- the impact of the estimates and assumptions on financial condition or operating performance is material.

Management has discussed the development and selection of its critical accounting policies with the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors and the Audit Committee has reviewed the disclosure presented below relating

to them. Management believes the current assumptions and other considerations used to estimate amounts reflected in our consolidated financial statements are appropriate and are not reasonably likely to change in the future. However, since these estimates require assumptions to be made that were uncertain at the time the estimate was made, they bear the risk of change. If actual experience differs from the assumptions and other considerations used in estimating amounts reflected in our consolidated financial statements, the resulting changes could have a material adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations, liquidity and/or financial condition. Please refer to Note 1 of our audited consolidated financial statements for further information on significant accounting policies that impact us. There were no material changes to these policies in 2007.

The following table presents information about our critical accounting policies, as well as the material assumptions used to develop each estimate:

# Nature of Critical Accounting Estimate

# Assumptions/ Approach Used

Allowance for Loan Losses

We maintain an allowance for loan losses in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 114,
Accounting by Creditors for Impairment of a Loan, as amended, and SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 102. Selected
Loan Loss Allowance Methodology and Documentation Issues. The allowance for loan losses is maintained at a level
believed adequate to absorb potential losses in our loans receivable. The determination of the allowance is based on a
quarterly evaluation of all outstanding loans. If this evaluation indicates that there is a greater risk of loan charge-offs,
additional allowances or placement on non-accural status may be required. A loan is impaired when, based on current
information and events, it is probable that we will be unable to collect all amounts due as scheduled according to the
contractual terms of the original loan agreement. Consistent with this definition, all loans on non-accrual are deemed
impaired. To the extent circumstances improve and the risk of collectibility is diminished, we will return these loans to
full accrual status.

<u>Business Combinations</u>
Substantially all of the properties owned by us are leased under operating leases and are recorded at cost. The cost of our real property is allocated to land, buildings, improvements and intangibles in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141, Business Combinations. The allocation of the acquisition costs of properties is based on appraisals commissioned from independent real estate appraisal firms.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets
We review our long-lived assets for potential impairment in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting
Standards No. 144, Accounting for the Impairment and Disposal of Long-Lived Assets. An impairment charge must be
recognized when the carrying value of a long-lived asset is not recoverable. The carrying value is not recoverable if it
exceeds the sum of the undiscounted cash flows expected to result from the use and eventual disposition of the asset. If
it is determined that a permanent impairment of a long-lived asset has occurred, the carrying value of the asset is
reduced to its fair value and an impairment charge is recognized for the difference between the carrying value and the
fair value.

The determination of the allowance is based on a quarterly evaluation of all outstanding loans, including general economic conditions and estimated collectibility of loan payments and principal. We evaluate the collectibility of our loans receivable based on a combination of factors, including, but not limited to, delinquency status, historical loan charge-offs, financial strength of the borrower and guarantors and value of the underlying property.

As a result of our quarterly evaluation, we concluded that the allowance for loan losses at December 31, 2006 remained appropriate as of December 31, 2007, resulting in an allowance for loan losses of \$7,406,000 relating to loans with outstanding balances of \$113,886,000. Also at December 31, 2007, we had a loan with an outstanding balance of \$799,000 on non-accrual status.

We compute depreciation and amortization on our properties using the straight-line method based on their estimated useful lives which range from 15 to 40 years for buildings and five to 15 years for improvements. Lives for intangibles are based on the remaining term of the underlying leases.

For the twelve months ended December 31, 2007, we recorded \$118,969,000, \$16,287,000 and \$14,370,000 as provisions for depreciation and amortization relating to buildings, improvements and intangibles, respectively, including amounts reclassified as discontinued operations. The average useful life of our buildings, improvements and intangibles was 32.0 years, 12.2 years and 4.7 years, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2007.

The net book value of long-lived assets is reviewed quarterly on a property by property basis to determine if there are indicators of impairment. These indicators may include anticipated operating losses at the property level, the tenant's inability to make rent payments, a decision to dispose of an asset before the end of its estimated useful life and changes in the market that may permanently reduce the value of the property. If indicators of impairment exist, then the undiscounted future cash flows from the most likely use of the property are compared to the current net book value. This analysis requires us to determine if indicators of impairment exist and to estimate the most likely stream of cash flows to be generated from the property during the period the property is expected to be held.

We did not record any impairment charges for the year ended December 31, 2007.

### Nature of Critical Accou

# nptions/ \_Approach Used

Fair Value of Derivative Instruments
The valuation of derivative instruments is accounted for in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities ("SFAS133"), as amended by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 138, Accounting for Certain Derivative Instruments and Certain Hedging Activities, SFAS133, as amended, requires companies to record derivatives at fair market value on the balance above as execut or liabilities.

Revenue Recognition
Revenue is recorded in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, Accounting for Leases, and SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 104, Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements, as amended ("SAB104"). SAB104 requires that revenue be recognized after four basic criteria are met. These four criteria include persuasive evidence of an arrangement, the rendering of service, fixed and determinable income and reasonably assured collectibility. If the collectibility of revenue is determined incorrectly, the amount and timing of our reported revenue could be significantly affected. Interest income on loans is recognized as earned based upon the principal amount outstanding subject to an evaluation of collectibility risk. Substantially all of our operating leases contain fixed and/or contingent escalating rent structures. Leases with fixed annual rental escalators are generally recognized on a straight-line basis over the initial lease period, subject to a collectibility assessment. Rental income related to leases with contingent rental escalators is generally recorded based on the contractual cash rental payments due for the period.

The valuation of derivative instruments requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the fair value of the instruments. Fair values for our derivatives are estimated by a third party consultant, which utilizes pricing models that consider forward yield curves and discount rates. Such amounts and the recognition of such amounts are subject to significant estimates which may change in the future. At December 31, 2007, we participated in two forward-starting interest rate swap agreements. At December 31, 2007, the swaps were reported at their fair value of \$7,990,000 and are included in other liabilities and accumulated other comprehensive income.

We evaluate the collectibility of our revenues and related receivables on an on-going basis. We evaluate collectibility based on assumptions and other considerations including, but not limited to, the certainty of payment, payment history, the financial strength of the investment's underlying operations as measured by cash flows and payment coverages, the value of the underlying collateral and guaranties and current economic conditions.

If our evaluation indicates that collectibility is not reasonably assured, we may place an investment on non-accrual or reserve against all or a portion of current income as an offset to revenue.

For the twelve months ended December 31, 2007, we recognized \$25,823,000 of interest income and \$457,297,000 of rental income, including discontinued operations. Cash receipts on leases with deferent evenue provisions were \$17,409,000 as compared to gross straight-line rental income recognized of \$17,029,000 for twelve months ended December 31, 2007. At December 31, 2007, our straight-line revisible balance was \$52,756,000, net of reserves totaling \$1,152,000. Also at December 31, 2007, we had a loan with an outstanding balance of \$799,000 on non-accrual status.

# Impact of Inflation

During the past three years, inflation has not significantly affected our earnings because of the moderate inflation rate. Additionally, our earnings are primarily long-term investments with fixed rates of return. These investments are mainly financed with a combination of equity, senior unsecured notes and borrowings under our unsecured lines of credit arrangements. During inflationary periods, which generally are accompanied by rising interest rates, our ability to grow may be adversely affected because the yield on new investments may increase at a slower rate than new borrowing costs. Presuming the current inflation rate remains moderate and long-term interest rates do not increase significantly, we believe that inflation will not impact the availability of equity and debt financing for us.

### Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

We are exposed to various market risks, including the potential loss arising from adverse changes in interest rates. We seek to mitigate the effects of fluctuations in interest rates by matching the terms of new investments with new long-term fixed rate borrowings to the extent possible. We may or may not elect to use financial derivative instruments to hedge interest rate exposure. These decisions are principally based on our policy to match our variable rate investments with comparable borrowings, but are also based on the general trend in interest rates at the applicable dates and our perception of the future volatility of interest rates. This section is presented to provide a discussion of the risks associated with potential fluctuations in interest

We historically borrow on our unsecured lines of credit arrangements to acquire, construct or make loans relating to health care and senior housing properties. Then, as market conditions dictate, we will issue equity or long-term fixed rate debt to repay the borrowings under the unsecured lines of credit arrangements

A change in interest rates will not affect the interest expense associated with our fixed rate debt. Interest rate changes, however, will affect the fair value of our fixed rate debt. Changes in the interest rate environment upon maturity of this fixed rate debt could have an effect on our future cash flows and earnings, depending on whether the debt is replaced with other fixed rate debt, variable rate debt, or equity or repaid by the sale of assets. To illustrate the impact of changes in the interest rate markets, we performed a sensitivity analysis on our fixed rate debt instruments whereby we modeled the change in net present values arising from a hypothetical 1% increase in interest rates to determine the instruments' change in fair value. The following table summarizes the analysis performed as of the dates indicated (in thousands):

		Decemb 200		Decemb 200	
	_	Principal Balance	Change in air Value	Principal Balance	Change in Tair Value
Senior unsecured notes	\$	1,887,330	\$ (96,726)	\$ 1,539,830	\$ (71,108)
Secured debt		492,741	(24,530)	363,848	(17,214)
Liability to a subsidiary trust issuing preferred securities(1)		0	n/a	51,000	(1,891)
Totals	\$	2,380,071	\$ (121,256)	\$ 1,954,678	\$ (90,213)

(1) At December 31, 2006, we had \$51,000,000 of trust preferred liability principal outstanding with a fixed annual interest rate of 7,22%. On November 6, 2007, we purchased all \$50,000,000 of the outstanding trust preferred securities at par for the purpose of unwinding this financing arrangement and, in December 2007, surrendered these securities and the related \$1,000,000 liquidation amount of common securities for cancellation, resulting in the satisfaction and discharge of this \$51,000,000 liability. Please see Note 8 to our consolidated financial statements for additional information.

On September 12, 2007, we entered into two forward-starting interest rate swaps ("the 2007 Swaps") for a total notional amount of \$250,000,000 to hedge 10 years of interest payments associated with a long-term borrowing that is expected to occur in 2008. The 2007 Swaps each have an effective date of September 12, 2008 and a maturity date of September 12, 2018. We expect to settle the 2007 Swaps when the debt is priced. The 2007 Swaps have the economic effect of fixing \$250,000,000 of our future debt at 4.469% plus a credit spread for 10 years. The 2007 Swaps have been designated as cash flow hedges and we expect the 2007 Swaps to be highly effective at offsetting changes in cash flows of interest payments on \$250,000,000 of our future debt due to changes in the LIBOR swap rate. Therefore, effective changes in the fair value of the 2007 Swaps will be recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income and reclassified to interest expense when the hedged forecasted transactions affect earnings (as interest payments are made on the expected debt issuance). The ineffective portion of the changes in fair value will be recorded directly in earnings. At December 31, 2007, the 2007 Swaps were reported at their fair value of \$7,990,000 and are included in other liabilities and accumulated other comprehensive income. A 1% increase in interest rates would result in an increase in fair value of our 2007 Swaps by approximately \$10,871,000 at December 31, 2007.

Our variable rate debt, including our unsecured line of credit arrangement, is reflected at fair value. At December 31, 2007, we had \$321,232,000 outstanding related to our variable rate debt and assuming no changes in outstanding balances, a 1% increase in interest rates would result in increased annual interest expense of \$3,212,000. At December 31, 2006, we had \$239,552,000 outstanding related to our variable rate debt and assuming no changes in outstanding balances, a 1% increase in interest rates would have resulted in increased annual interest expense of \$2,396,000.

We are subject to risks associated with debt financing, including the risk that existing indebtedness may not be refinanced or that the terms of refinancing may not be as favorable as the terms of current indebtedness. The majority of our borrowings were completed under indentures or contractual agreements that limit the amount of indebtedness we may incur. Accordingly, in the event that we are unable to raise additional equity or borrow money because of these limitations, our ability to acquire additional properties may be limited.

For additional information regarding fair values of financial instruments, see "Item 7 — Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Critical Accounting Policies" and Note 15 to our audited consolidated financial statements.

### Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors and Shareholders of Health Care REIT, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Health Care REIT, Inc. as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, and the related consolidated statements of income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2007. Our audits also included the financial statement schedules listed in Item 15(a) (2) of this Form 10-K. These financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements become accompany and the schedules are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Health Care REIT, Inc. at December 31, 2007 and 2006, and the consolidated results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2007, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Also, in our opinion, the related financial statement schedules, when considered in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole, present fairly in all material respects the information set forth therein.

As discussed in Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements, effective January 1, 2006, the Company changed its method of accounting for stock-based compensation to conform to Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123(R), "Share-Based Payment."

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), Health Care REIT, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2007, based on criteria established in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission and our report dated February 27, 2008 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Toledo, Ohio February 27, 2008

# HEALTH CARE REIT, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

## Page 12				ber 31,	
Real estate investments  Real estate investments  Real property owned  Land and land improvements  \$ 4,24,955		_	2007 (In the	usands)	2006
Real property owned         \$ 447,029         \$ 3,056,056           Bulldings and improvements         4224,955         3,505,056           Acquired lease inangibles         131,312         48,062           Real property held for sale, not of accumulated depreciation         1,179,05         428,083           Construction in progress         5,117,005         428,083           Less accumulated depreciation and amortization         6,763,33         (347,007)           Total real property owned         4,838,622         335,385           Cloans receivable         7,006         7,006           Less allowance for losses on loans receivable         7,006         7,006           Net real estate investments         1,006         7,006           Net real estate investments         1,006         4,006           Deferred loan expenses         1,006         3,009           Cash and early equivalents         1,006         3,009           Receivables and other assets         1,006         3,000           Tabilities         1,180,000         3,000           Tabilities         1,180,000         3,000           Sonior unsecured notes         1,180,000         3,000           Senior unsecured notes         1,180,000         3,000	ASSETS		(111 1110	iounus)	
Page 1	Real estate investments:				
Buildings and improvements         4224,955         3,509,055           Acquired leave intangibles         131,312         40,062           Real property held for sale, net of accumulated depreciation         1,17,005         4,282,830           Construction in progress         5,117,005         4,282,830           Less accumulated depreciation and amortization         4,518,502         3,535,501           Less accumulated depreciation and amortization         4,518,502         3,535,501           Less accumulated depreciation and amortization         4,518,502         3,535,501           Loans receivable         4,518,502         3,539,501         1,500,502           Loans receivable         7,406         7,406         7,406           Net real estate investments         1,400         4,700         7,00           Deferred loan expenses         1,400         8,00         3,00 <td>Real property owned</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Real property owned				
Acquired less intangibles         13.13.12         8.40x2           Real proper plad for sale, net of accumulated depreciation         0         14.75x2           Construction in progress         5.117.005         4.28x3           Less accumulated depreciation and amortization         4.75x3         0.470.007           I contral property owned         4.58x3         3.935,851           Less accumulated depreciation and amortization         3.01.90         1.44x80           Less accumulated depreciation and amortization         4.58x83         3.935,851           Loans receivable         3.01.90         1.44x80           Loans receivable         5.01.00         7.00           Net ral estate investments         5.01.00         4.12x83           Other asserts         1.40         4.00           Net ral estate investments         3.04.90         3.05.00           Other asserts         1.40         4.00           Deferred loan expenses         3.04.90         3.05.00           Cast and cash equivalents         3.04.90         3.05.00           Receivables and other assets         1.30.00         5.21.00           Receivable such other assets         1.30.00         5.01.00           Secure all plates         5.01.00         5.00.00     <	Land and land improvements	\$	447,029	\$	386,693
Real property held for sale, net of accumulated depreciation         313,798         313,292           Construction in progress         511,7065         4,282,888           Less accumulated depreciation and amortization         (478,373)         (247,007)           Total real property owned         4,583,602         393,585,181           Loans receivable         301,944         194,448           Less allowance for losses on loans receivable         501,602         4,72,609           Net real estate investments         5,012,602         4,72,609           Oberated loan expenses         30,499         20,657           Cash and cash equivalents         130,409         20,657           Cash and cash equivalents         130,609         36,214           Cash and cash equivalents         130,609         36,214           Total assets         130,609         36,214           Receivables and other assets         130,609         36,214           Total assets         130,600         50,146           Receivables and other assets         1,809,102         15,511,81           Borrowings under unsecured ines of credit arrangements         \$ 30,000         \$ 22,500           Senior unsecured notes         \$ 30,000         \$ 22,500           Senior unsecured notes	Buildings and improvements		4,224,955		3,659,065
Construction in progress         313,09         133,292         282,282         452,282,282	Acquired lease intangibles		131,312		84,082
Les accumulated depreciation and amortization         5,117,005         42,82,858           Constructure of	Real property held for sale, net of accumulated depreciation		0		14,796
Test acrumlated depreciation and amortization         4,38,352         3,35,351           Loans revelvable         4,638,632         3,35,51           Loans revelvable         6,74,666         7,406           Net real estal investments         5,01,260         4,122,833           Other assers:         3,03,66         4,122,833           Other assers:         3,04,96         4,00,833           Class and cash equivalents         30,269         36,216           Receivables and other assers         130,60         36,216           Receivables and other assers         130,269         5,213,60           Receivables and other assers         130,260         3,220,60           Receivables and other assers         130,260         3,220,60           Receivables and other assers         130,260         3,220,60           Receivables and other assers         1,30,20         3,220,60           Receivables and other assers         1,30,20         2,220,60           Receivables and other assers         1,30,20         2,250,00           Senior unsecured notes         1,30,91         2,151,14           Senior unsecured notes         1,30,91         2,215,14           Senior unsecured notes         1,30,91         2,215,14           <	Construction in progress		313,709		138,222
Total real property owned         4,838,512         3,935,851           Loans receivable         381,394         11,448           Less allowance for losses on loans receivable         (7,406)         7,406           Net real estate investments         5,01,620         4,122,833           Other sacess:         5,01,620         4,122,833           Equity investments         1,408         4,700           Deferred loan expenses         30,499         20,657           Cash and cash equivalents         30,269         36,216           Receivables and other asets         133,000         56,116           Receivables and other asets         1,201,236         15,717           Total asset         5,213,355         4,280,610           LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY           Liability to subsidiary trust issuing prefered securities         5,07,000         30,250           Senior unsecured notes         1,890,192         1,541,814           Secured debt         507,476         378,922           Liability to subsidiary trust issuing prefered securities         9,51         1,018           Total liabilities         2,57,03         2,295,680           Total liabilities         3,02         3,03           Stockholder			5,117,005		4,282,858
Loss allowance for losses on loans receivable         381,349         19.448           Less allowance for losses on loans receivable         7.606         7.606           Net real estate investments         501,262         9.122,208           Other assets         1.608         4.700           Deferred loan expenses         30,699         30,265           Cash and cash equivalents         30,269         56,216           Receivables and other assets         139,600         51,717           Total assets         201,226         157,717           Total assets         \$30,000         \$2,200           LIABILITES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY           Liability to subsidiary trust is suing prefered securities         \$30,000         \$2,200           Senior unsecured notes         \$30,400         \$2,215           Accured expenses and other liabilities         \$9,145         10,108           Total liabilities         \$9,145         10,108           Total liabilities         \$30,240         \$3,295           Total liabilities	Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(478,373)		(347,007)
Loss allowance for losses on loans receivable         381,349         19.448           Less allowance for losses on loans receivable         7.606         7.606           Net real estate investments         501,262         9.122,208           Other assets         1.608         4.700           Deferred loan expenses         30,699         30,265           Cash and cash equivalents         30,269         56,216           Receivables and other assets         139,600         51,717           Total assets         201,226         157,717           Total assets         \$30,000         \$2,200           LIABILITES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY           Liability to subsidiary trust is suing prefered securities         \$30,000         \$2,200           Senior unsecured notes         \$30,400         \$2,215           Accured expenses and other liabilities         \$9,145         10,108           Total liabilities         \$9,145         10,108           Total liabilities         \$30,240         \$3,295           Total liabilities	Total real property owned		4,638,632		3,935,851
Net real estate investments         373,986         187,042           Other assets:         3,01,62         4,122,83           Equity investments         1,468         4,700           Deferent doan expenses         30,499         20,657           Cash and cash equivalents         30,269         36,216           Receivables and other assets         133,660         9,144           Total assets         5,213,856         5,230,00           LABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUIT           Liability to subsidiary unsecured lines of credit arrangements         307,00         \$ 225,000           Senor unsecured notes         1,890,192         1,541,814           Secure debt         507,476         378,922           Liability to subsidiary trust issuing preferred securities         9,515         10,188           Secure debt         5,515         10,188           Secure debt         5,515         10,188           Secure debt         5,945         3,289           Total include of properties         8,00         2,295,89           Total include of properties         3,02         3,38,99           Total include of properties         8,512         3,315           Common tock, \$1,00 par value:         8,512			381,394		
Net real estate investments         373,988         187,042           Other assets:         3,01,02         4,122,838           Equity investments         1,468         4,700           Deferred loan expenses         30,499         20,657           Cash and cash equivalents         30,269         36,216           Receivables and other assets         133,600         96,148           Receivables and other assets         201,235         15,777           Total asset         138,000         96,218           LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITE           Liability to subsidiary unsecured lines of credit arrangements         307,000         \$ 225,000           Senor unsecured notes         1,801,92         1,541,814           Secure debt         50,476         38,92           Secure debt         50,45         1,515           Secure debt         50,45         1,581,92           Valuabilities         2,799,813         2,299,389           Total labilities         2,789,813         2,299,389           Total labilities         30,24         33,38,93           Total secure stock, \$1,00 par value:         85,12         33,15           Common stock, \$1,00 par value:         85,412         37,15	Less allowance for losses on loans receivable		(7,406)		(7,406)
Net real estate investments         5,012,620         4,122,893           Other ascess:         1,408         4,700           Deferred Loan expenses         30,499         20,657           Cash and cash equivalents         30,206         36,216           Cash and cash equivalents         139,060         96,148           Receivables and other assets         139,060         15,717           Total assets         5,213,056         \$ 2,200,00           LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY           Liability to subsidiary unsecured lines of credit arrangements         \$ 307,000         \$ 225,000           Secure debt         50,742         15,418,14           Secure debt         50,742         15,418,14           Secure debt         50,745         130,92           Secure debt         50,745         130,92           Secure debt         50,75         10,52           Secure debt         50,75         10,52           Secure debt         50,75         10,52           Accured expenses and other liabilities         2,780,13         2,295,58           Minority interest         30,80         33,80         33,80           Stockholders quity         85,12         73,15					
Other sasts:         1,008         4,700           Equity investments         30,499         20,657           Cash and cash equivalents         30,209         30,210           Receivables and other assets         139,000         157,717           Total sasts         201,236         157,717           Tabilities And Strock Holbers' Equity           LABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY           Lability subscription of credit arrangements         \$ 307,000         \$ 225,000           Senior unsecured notes         1,809,102         1,810,102         1,810,102           Senior unsecured notes         1,809,102         3,718,102         3,718,102           Senior unsecured notes         1,809,102         1,810,102         3,718,102           Senior debt         5,074,66         378,972         1,810,102         1,810,102         3,789,102         1,810,102<	Not real estate investments	_			
Equity investments         1,408         4,700           Deferred loan expenses         30,499         2,6257           Cash and cash equivalents         130,600         96,144           Receivables and other assets         133,060         157,745           Total assets         5,213,056         1,200,000           LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY           Liability of subsidiary must issuing preferred securities         \$ 307,000         \$ 225,000           Serior unsecured notes         1,800,122         1,541,814           Secured debt         507,476         378,922           Liability osubsidiary trust issuing preferred securities         9 50,145         101,808           Accrued expenses and other liabilities         2,799,813         2,295,808           Minority interests         30,602         2,295,808           Minority interests         30,602         2,295,809           Stockholders' equity         30,803         338,903           Preferred otox, \$1.00 par value:         85,412         7,152           Study and substanting — 12,879,189 in 2007 and 13,174,989 in 2006 at liquidation preference         85,412         7,152           Substanting — 25,000,000 shares         85,412         7,152         1,873,811           Study			3,012,020		4,122,033
Deferred loan expenses			1 /108		4 700
Cash and cash equivalents         30,269         36,216           Receivables and other assets         139,600         96,144           Total assets         5,213,650         \$ 1,270,17           LiABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY           LiABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY           LiABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY           Experiments         \$ 307,000         \$ 225,000           Senior unsecured notes         1,890,192         1,541,814           Secured debt         50,476         378,972           Liability to subsidiary trust issuing preferred securities         0         5,215           Accrued expenses and other liabilities         0         5,215           Ioral liabilities         2,799,813         2,299,589           Minority interests         30,243         338,93           Very feer destock, \$1,00 par value:         30,243         338,93           Authorized — \$5,000,000 shares         8,412         7,315           Issued and outstanding — 12,879,189 in 2007 and 73,72,052 shares in 2006         85,412         7,315           Capital in excess of par value         2,370,037         1,873,811           Treasury stock         6,352         2,370,037         1,873,811           Treasury sto					
Receivables and other assets         139,060         96,144           Total assets         201,236         157,717           LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY           Liabilities           Bornowings under unsecured lines of credit arrangements         \$30,000         \$25,000           Senior unsecured notes         \$09,746         378,972           Senior unsecured notes         507,476         378,972           Liability to subsidiary trust issuing preferred securities         0         52,215           Accrued debt         50,476         378,972           Liability to subsidiary trust issuing preferred securities         0         52,215           Accrued expenses and other liabilities         95,145         101,588           Total liabilities         2,799,813         2,299,589           Minority interests         30,677         2,228           Stockholders' equity         330,43         338,933           Preferred stock, 51.00 par value:         85,412         73,152           Authorized — 25,000,000 shares         85,412         73,152           I sused and outstanding — 12,879,189 in 2007 and 73,272,052 shares in 2006         85,412         73,152           Outstanding — 85,496,164 shares in 2007 and 73,192,128 shares in 2006         2,370,037 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Table 1858   2013.66   3   157.717   157.717   157.718	·				
Total assets         \$ 3,213,365         \$ 2,280,000           LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S LUTIVE           Liabilities           Borrowings under unsecured lines of credit arrangements         \$ 307,000         \$ 225,000           Secured debt         507,476         378,972           Liability to subsidiary trus issuing prefered securities         55,145         101,588           Accured expenses and other liabilities         5,5145         101,588           Total liabilities         308,001         2,295,509           Minority interest         5,687         2,295,509           Stockholders' equity:         308,021         338,939           Preferred stock, \$1.00 par value:         308,242         338,939           Authorized — 50,000,000 shares         85,142         73,152           I sused and outstanding — 12,879,189 in 2007 and 13,174,989 in 2006 at liquidation preference         85,142         73,152           Common stock, \$1.00 par value:         85,142         73,152         73,152           Authorized — 25,000,000 shares:         85,142         73,152         73,152           I sued — 85,000,333 shares in 2007 and 73,272,052 shares in 2006         23,003         1,873,811         73,873         1,873,811           Capasity st	receivables and other assets	_		_	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY           Liabilities:           Borrowings under unsecured lines of credit arrangements         \$ 307,000         \$ 225,000           Senior unsecured notes         \$ 507,476         378,957           Secured debt         507,476         378,957           Liability to subsidiary trust issuing preferred securities         0         52,215           Accrued expenses and other liabilities         2,799,813         2,299,588           Total liabilities         3,687         2,228           Stockholders' equity:         36,67         2,228           Stockholders' equity:         330,243         338,993           Authorized = 50,000,000 shares         35,412         73,152           Issued and outstanding = 12,879,189 in 2007 and 13,174,989 in 2006 at liquidation preference         85,412         73,152           Commo stock, \$1.00 par value:         85,412         73,152           Authorized = 225,000,000 shares         35,412         73,152           Issued = 85,600,333 shares in 2007 and 73,272,052 shares in 2006         2,370,037         1,873,811           Capital in excess of par value         2,370,037         1,873,811           Teasury stock         3,522         2,526           Cumulative net income         1,074,255	Tard access	<u> </u>		¢	
Liabilities:         \$ 307,000         \$ 225,000           Senor unsecured notes         1,890,192         1,54,1814           Secured debt         507,476         378,972           Liability to subsidiary trust issuing preferred securities         0         52,215           Accrued expenses and other liabilities         9,615         10,1588           Total liabilities         2,799,813         2,299,589           Minority interests         9,687         2,228           Stockholders' equity         330,243         338,993           Terrered stock, \$1.00 par value:         330,243         338,993           Authorized — 50,000,000 shares         85,412         73,152           Sund and outstanding — 12,879,189 in 2007 and 13,174,989 in 2006 at liquidation preference         85,412         73,152           Authorized — 225,000,000 shares         85,412         73,152           I sused — 85,600,333 shares in 2007 and 73,72,052 shares in 2006         2,370,037         1,873,811           Terasury stock         3,952         2,370,037         1,873,811           Terasury stock         3,952         2,386         2,370,037         1,873,811           Terasury stock         3,952         2,370,037         1,873,811         2,370,937         1,873,811         2,370,937<	10tal assets	3	5,213,030	Э	4,280,610
Liabilities:         \$ 307,000         \$ 225,000           Senor unsecured notes         1,890,192         1,54,1814           Secured debt         507,476         378,972           Liability to subsidiary trust issuing preferred securities         0         52,215           Accrued expenses and other liabilities         9,615         10,1588           Total liabilities         2,799,813         2,299,589           Minority interests         9,687         2,228           Stockholders' equity         330,243         338,993           Terrered stock, \$1.00 par value:         330,243         338,993           Authorized — 50,000,000 shares         85,412         73,152           Sund and outstanding — 12,879,189 in 2007 and 13,174,989 in 2006 at liquidation preference         85,412         73,152           Authorized — 225,000,000 shares         85,412         73,152           I sused — 85,600,333 shares in 2007 and 73,72,052 shares in 2006         2,370,037         1,873,811           Terasury stock         3,952         2,370,037         1,873,811           Terasury stock         3,952         2,386         2,370,037         1,873,811           Terasury stock         3,952         2,370,037         1,873,811         2,370,937         1,873,811         2,370,937<	LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Senior unsecured notes         1,890,192         1,541,814           Secured debt         507,476         378,972           Liability to subsidiary trust issuing preferred securities         0         52,215           Acroued expenses and other liabilities         95,145         101,588           Total liabilities         2,799,813         2,299,589           Minority interests         9,687         2,228           Stockholders' equity         330,243         338,993           Authorized — 50,000,000 shares         330,243         338,993           Authorized — 50,000,000 shares         85,412         73,152           Common stock, \$1.00 par value:         85,412         73,152           Authorized — 225,000,000 shares         85,412         73,152           Issued — 85,600,333 shares in 2007 and 73,272,052 shares in 2006         85,412         73,152           Capital in excess of par value         2,370,037         1,873,811           Treasury stock         3,952         2,386,00           Cumulative net income         1,074,255         932,853           Cumulative dividends         1,074,255         932,853           Cumulative dividends         1,074,255         932,853           Other equity         2,701         1,845 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Secured debt         507,476         378,972           Liability to subsidiary trust issuing preferred securities         0         52,215           Accrued expenses and other liabilities         95,145         101,588           Total liabilities         2,799,813         2,299,589           Minority interests         9,687         2,228           Stockholders' equity:         330,243         338,993           Preferred stock, \$1.00 par value:         330,243         338,993           Authorized — 50,000,000 shares         5         73,152           Common stock, \$1.00 par value:         85,412         73,152           Authorized — 225,000,000 shares         85,412         73,152           Issued — 85,600,333 shares in 2007 and 73,272,052 shares in 2006         2,270,037         1,873,811           Outstanding — 85,496,164 shares in 2007 and 73,192,128 shares in 2006         2,370,037         1,873,811           Treasury stock         3,952         2,866           Cumulative net income         1,074,255         932,853           Cumulative edividends         1,144,6959         1,238,860           Accumulated other comprehensive income         7,381         1,315           Other equity         2,701         1,848           Total stockholders' equity	Borrowings under unsecured lines of credit arrangements	\$	307,000	\$	225,000
Liability to subsidiary trust issuing preferred securities         0         52,215           Accrued expenses and other liabilities         95,145         101,588           Total liabilities         2,799,813         2,299,589           Minority interests         9,687         2,228           Stockholders' equity:         30,243         338,993           Authorized — 50,000,000 shares         1ssued and outstanding — 12,879,189 in 2007 and 13,174,989 in 2006 at liquidation preference         85,412         73,152           Authorized — 225,000,000 shares         1ssued — 85,600,333 shares in 2007 and 73,272,052 shares in 2006         45,412         73,152           Capital in excess of par value         2,370,037         1,873,811         1,763,811         17 reasury stock         3,952         2,866           Cumulative net income         1,074,255         932,853         2,853	Senior unsecured notes		1,890,192		1,541,814
Accrued expenses and other liabilities         95,145         101,588           Total liabilities         2,799,813         2,299,589           Minority interests         9,687         2,228           Stockholders' equity:         330,243         338,993           Preferred stock, \$1.00 par value:         330,243         338,993           Authorized — 50,000,000 shares         5,412         73,152           Common stock, \$1.00 par value:         85,412         73,152           Authorized — 225,000,000 shares         5,5412         73,152           Issued — 85,600,333 shares in 2007 and 73,272,052 shares in 2006         2,370,037         1,873,811           Treasury stock         (3,952)         2,866           Cumulative net income         1,074,255         932,853           Cumulative edividends         (1,446,959)         (1,238,600)           Accumulated other comprehensive income         (7,381)         (1,35)           Other equity         2,701         1,845           Total stockholders' equity         2,404,356         1,978,793	Secured debt		507,476		378,972
Total liabilities         2,799,813         2,299,589           Minority interests         9,687         2,228           Stockholders' equity:         330,243         338,993           Preferred stock, \$1.00 par value:         330,243         338,993           Authorized — 50,000,000 shares         5,122         5,122         7,3152           Common stock, \$1.00 par value:         85,412         73,152           Authorized — 225,000,000 shares         5,242         73,152           Issued = 85,600,333 shares in 2007 and 73,272,052 shares in 2006         2,370,37         1,873,811           Outstanding — 85,496,164 shares in 2007 and 73,192,128 shares in 2006         2,370,037         1,873,811           Treasury stock         3,952         2,866           Cumulative en tincome         1,074,255         932,853           Cumulative dividends         1,074,255         932,853           Cumulative dividends         1,246,959         1,238,860           Other equity         2,701         1,845           Total stockholders' equity         2,701         1,845	Liability to subsidiary trust issuing preferred securities		0		52,215
Minority interests         9,687         2,228           Stockholders' equity:         Preferred stock, \$1.00 par value:         330,243         338,938           Authorized — 50,000,000 shares         Issued and outstanding — 12,879,189 in 2007 and 13,174,989 in 2006 at liquidation preference         85,412         73,152           Authorized — 225,000,000 shares         Issued — 85,600,333 shares in 2007 and 73,272,052 shares in 2006         Usuad — 85,496,164 shares in 2007 and 73,192,128 shares in 2006           Capital in excess of par value         2,370,037         1,873,811           Treasury stock         (3,952)         (2,866)           Cumulative net income         1,074,255         932,853           Cumulative dividends         (1,248,669)         (1,238,660)           Accumulated other comprehensive income         (7,381)         (1,535)           Other equity         2,701         1,845           Total stockholders' equity         2,404,356         1,978,793	Accrued expenses and other liabilities		95,145		101,588
Stockholders' equity:         Preferred stock, \$1.00 par value:       330,243       338,993         Authorized — 50,000,000 shares       1ssued and outstanding — 12,879,189 in 2007 and 13,174,989 in 2006 at liquidation preference       85,412       73,152         Common stock, \$1.00 par value:       85,412       73,152         Authorized — 225,000,000 shares       1ssued — 85,600,333 shares in 2007 and 73,272,052 shares in 2006       2       2         Outstanding — 85,496,164 shares in 2007 and 73,192,128 shares in 2006       2,370,037       1,873,811         Treasury stock       (3,952)       (2,866)         Cumulative net income       1,074,255       932,853         Cumulative dividends       (1,244,6959)       (1,238,860)         Accumulated other comprehensive income       (7,381)       (1,35)         Other equity       2,701       1,845         Total stockholders' equity       2,404,356       1,978,793	Total liabilities		2,799,813		2,299,589
Preferred stock, \$1.00 par value:       330,243       338,993         Authorized — 50,000,000 shares       Issued and outstanding — 12,879,189 in 2007 and 13,174,989 in 2006 at liquidation preference         Common stock, \$1.00 par value:       85,412       73,152         Authorized — 225,000,000 shares       Issued — 85,600,333 shares in 2007 and 73,272,052 shares in 2006         Outstanding — 85,496,164 shares in 2007 and 73,192,128 shares in 2006       2,370,037       1,873,811         Treasury stock       (3,952)       (2,866)         Cumulative net income       1,074,255       932,853         Cumulative dividends       (1,248,860)         Accumulated other comprehensive income       (7,381)       (1,35)         Other equity       2,701       1,845         Total stockholders' equity       2,404,356       1,978,793	Minority interests		9,687		2,228
Authorized — 50,000,000 shares         Issued and outstanding — 12,879,189 in 2007 and 13,174,989 in 2006 at liquidation preference         Common stock, \$1.00 par value:       85,412       73,152         Authorized — 225,000,000 shares         Issued — 85,600,333 shares in 2007 and 73,272,052 shares in 2006         Cuptal in excess of par value       2,370,037       1,873,811         Treasury stock       (3,952)       (2,866)         Cumulative net income       1,074,255       932,853         Cumulative dividends       (1,446,959)       (1,238,860)         Accumulated other comprehensive income       (7,381)       (135)         Other equity       2,701       1,845         Total stockholders' equity       2,404,356       1,978,793	Stockholders' equity:				
Issued and outstanding — 12,879,189 in 2007 and 13,174,989 in 2006 at liquidation preference         Common stock, \$1.00 par value:       85,412       73,152         Authorized — 225,000,000 shares			330,243		338,993
Common stock, \$1.00 par value:       85,412       73,152         Authorized — 225,000,000 shares       Issued — 85,600,333 shares in 2007 and 73,272,052 shares in 2006         Outstanding — 85,496,164 shares in 2007 and 73,192,128 shares in 2006       2,370,037       1,873,811         Treasury stock       (3,952)       (2,866)         Cumulative net income       1,074,255       932,853         Cumulative dividends       (1,446,959)       (1,238,860)         Accumulated other comprehensive income       (7,381)       (135)         Other equity       2,701       1,845         Total stockholders' equity       2,404,356       1,978,793					
Authorized — 225,00,000 shares       1880 d — 85,600,333 shares in 2007 and 73,272,052 shares in 2006         Outstanding — 85,496,164 shares in 2007 and 73,192,128 shares in 2006       2,370,037       1,873,811         Capital in excess of par value       (3,952)       (2,866)         Cumulative net income       1,074,255       932,853         Cumulative dividends       (1,446,959)       (1,238,860)         Accumulated other comprehensive income       (7,381)       (135)         Other equity       2,701       1,845         Total stockholders' equity       2,404,356       1,978,793					
Issued — 85,600,333 shares in 2007 and 73,272,052 shares in 2006         Outstanding — 85,496,164 shares in 2007 and 73,192,128 shares in 2006         Capital in excess of par value       2,370,037       1,873,811         Treasury stock       (3,952)       (2,866)         Cumulative net income       1,074,255       932,853         Cumulative dividends       (1,446,959)       (1,238,860)         Accumulated other comprehensive income       (7,381)       (135)         Other equity       2,701       1,845         Total stockholders' equity       2,404,356       1,978,793			85,412		73,152
Outstanding — 85,496,164 shares in 2007 and 73,192,128 shares in 2006         Capital in excess of par value       2,370,037       1,873,811         Treasury stock       (3,952)       (2,866)         Cumulative net income       1,074,255       932,853         Cumulative dividends       (1,446,959)       (1,238,860)         Accumulated other comprehensive income       (7,381)       (135)         Other equity       2,701       1,845         Total stockholders' equity       2,404,356       1,978,793					
Capital in excess of par value     2,370,037     1,873,811       Treasury stock     (3,952)     (2,866)       Cumulative net income     1,074,255     932,853       Cumulative dividends     (1,446,959)     (1,238,860)       Accumulated other comprehensive income     (7,381)     (135)       Other equity     2,701     1,845       Total stockholders' equity     2,404,356     1,978,793					
Treasury stock         (3,952)         (2,866)           Cumulative net income         1,074,255         932,853           Cumulative dividends         (1,446,959)         (1,238,860)           Accumulated other comprehensive income         (7,381)         (135)           Other equity         2,701         1,845           Total stockholders' equity         2,404,356         1,978,793					
Cumulative net income       1,074,255       922,853         Cumulative dividends       (1,446,959)       (1,238,860)         Accumulated other comprehensive income       (7,381)       (135)         Other equity       2,701       1,845         Total stockholders' equity       2,404,356       1,978,793					
Cumulative dividends         (1,446,959)         (1,238,860)           Accumulated other comprehensive income         (7,381)         (135)           Other equity         2,701         1,845           Total stockholders' equity         2,404,356         1,978,793	J				
Accumulated other comprehensive income         (7,381)         (135)           Other equity         2,701         1,845           Total stockholders' equity         2,404,356         1,978,793					
Other equity         2,701         1,845           Total stockholders' equity         2,404,356         1,978,793					
Total stockholders' equity         2,404,356         1,978,793					
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity \$ 5,213,856 \$ 4,280,610	• •	_			
	Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	5,213,856	\$	4,280,610

# HEALTH CARE REIT, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

		Year Ended December 31,		,		
	_	2007	oueande	2006 except per share	n data)	2005
Revenues:		(In th	ousanas,	except per snare	: uaid)	
Rental income	\$	450,164	\$	290,696	\$	236,081
Interest income	J.	25,823	φ	18,829	φ	23,993
Other income		10,035		3,924		4,548
Other income	_	486,022		313,449	_	264,622
Expenses:		400,022		313,449		204,022
Interest expense		134,680		92,436		74,878
Property operating expenses		37,475		1,115		74,676
Depreciation and amortization		145,893		88,433		70,956
General and administrative		37,653		26,004		16,163
Loan expense		5,977		3,255		2,710
Losa (gain) on extinguishment of debt				3,233		2,710
Provision for loan losses		(1,081) 0		1,000		1,200
PTOVISION TOF TOWN TOWN TO THE PTOVISION TO THE PTOVISION THE PTOVISION TO THE PTOVISION THE PTOVISION TO THE PTOVISION THE PTOVISION THE PTOVISION THE PTOVISION THE PTOVISION THE PTOVISION	<u> </u>	360,597	_	212,243		187,391
Income before minority interests		125,425		101,206		77,231
Minority interests		(238)		(13)		0
Income from continuing operations		125,187		101,193		77,231
Discontinued operations:						
Gain (loss) on sales of properties		14,437		1,267		3,227
Income from discontinued operations, net	<u> </u>	1,778		290		3,828
		16,215		1,557		7,055
Net income		141,402		102,750		84,286
Preferred stock dividends		25,130		21,463		21,594
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	116,272	\$	81,287	\$	62,692
Average number of common shares outstanding:	<del>-</del>					
Basic		78,861		61,661		54,110
Diluted		79,409		62,045		54,499
Earnings per share:		-,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		- ,
Basic:						
Income from continuing operations available to common stockholders	\$	1.27	\$	1.29	\$	1.03
Discontinued operations, net		0.21		0.03		0.13
Net income available to common stockholders*	\$	1.47	\$	1.32	\$	1.16
Diluted:	<del>-</del>		_ <del>-</del>			
Income from continuing operations available to common stockholders	\$	1.26	\$	1.29	\$	1.02
Discontinued operations, net	Ψ	0.20	Ψ	0.03	ų.	0.13
Net income available to common stockholders*	\$	1.46	\$	1.31	\$	1.15
Net income available to confinion stockholders	<b>3</b>	1.40	Ф	1.51	Ф	1.15

<sup>\*</sup> Amounts may not sum due to rounding

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

	Preferred Stock	Common	Capital in Excess of Par Value	Treasury Stock	Cumulative Net Income (In thousands, except	Cumulative <u>Dividends</u> per share data)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Other Equity	Total
Balances at December 31, 2004	\$ 283,751	\$ 52,860	\$ 1,139,723	\$ (1,286)	\$ 745,817	\$ (884,890)	\$ 1	\$ (697)	\$ 1,335,279
Comprehensive income:					04 200				04.200
Net income Other comprehensive income:					84,286				84,286
Unrealized loss on equity investments							(1)		(1)
Total comprehensive income							(1)		84,285
Amounts related to issuance of common stock from dividend reinvestment and stock incentive plans, net of									04,203
Amounts related to issuance of common stock from dividend reinvestment and stock incentive plans, net of forfeitures		1.980	62.105	(768)					63.317
Restricted stock amortization		1,500	02,103	(700)				728	728
Option compensation expense								312	312
Proceeds from issuance of common stock		3,000	97,977						100,977
Conversion of preferred stock	(6,876)	210	6,666						0
Cash dividends:									
Common stock-\$2.46 per share						(132,548)			(132,548)
Preferred stock, Series D-\$1.96875 per share						(7,875)			(7,875)
Preferred stock, Series E-\$1.50 per share Preferred stock, Series F-\$1.90625 per share						(375) (13,344)			(375)
Balances at December 31, 2005	276,875	58,050	1,306,471	(2,054)	830.103	(1,039,032)		343	1.430.756
Comprehensive income:	2/0,0/5	50,050	1,300,471	(2,054)	030,103	(1,039,032)	U	343	1,430,730
Net income					102.750				102,750
Total comprehensive income					102,730				102,750
Adjustment to adopt SFAS 158							(135)		(135)
Amounts related to issuance of common stock from dividend reinvestment and stock incentive plans, net of							(135)		(155)
forfeitures		2.200	75.081	(812)				(85)	76,384
Option compensation expense		2,200	75,001	(012)				1.066	1.066
Shares issued in Windrose Medical Properties Trust merger	62,118	9,679	386,255					2,000	458,052
Net proceeds from sale of common stock		3,223	106,525						109,748
SFAS 123(R) reclassification			(521)					521	0
Cash dividends:									
Common stock-\$2.8809 per share						(178,365)			(178,365)
Preferred stock, Series D-\$1.96875 per share						(7,875)			(7,875)
Preferred stock, Series E-\$1.50 per share Preferred stock, Series F-\$1.90625 per share						(112) (13,344)			(112) (13,344)
Preferred stock, Series G-\$0.0625 per share						(132)			(132)
Balances at December 31, 2006	338,993	73,152	1.873.811	(2,866)	932.853	(1,238,860)	(135)	1.845	1,978,793
Net income	330,333	/3,132	1,0/3,011	(2,000)	141,402	(1,230,000)	(133)	1,045	141,402
Other comprehensive income:					1-1,-102				141,402
Unrealized loss on equity investments							(192)		(192)
Unrecognized actuarial gain/(loss)							140		140
Cash flow hedge activity							(7,194)		(7,194)
Total comprehensive income									134,156
Amounts related to issuance of common stock from dividend reinvestment and stock incentive plans, net of forfeitures		2,223	85,080	(1,086)				(250)	85,967
Conversion of preferred stock	(8,750)	212	8,538	( ),				( /	0
Option compensation expense								1,106	1,106
Net proceeds from sale of common stock Cash dividends:		9,825	402,608						412,433
Common stock-\$2.2791 per share						(182,969)			(182,969)
Preferred stock, Series D-\$1.96875 per share						(7,875)			(7,875)
Preferred stock, Series E-\$1.50 per share						(112)			(112)
Preferred stock, Series F-\$1.90625 per share						(13,344)			(13,344)
Preferred stock, Series G-\$1.875 per share						(3,799)			(3,799)
Balances at December 31, 2007	\$ 330,243	\$ 85,412	\$ 2,370,037	\$ (3,952)	\$ 1,074,255	\$ (1,446,959)	\$ (7,381)	\$ 2,701	\$ 2,404,356

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

		ear Ended December 31,	
	2007	2006	2005
		(In thousands)	
Operating activities Net income	\$ 141,402	\$ 102,750 \$	84,286
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided from operating activities:	5 141,402	\$ 102,730 \$	04,200
Depreciation and amortization	149,626	97,564	84,828
Other amortization expenses	6.018	3,090	3,935
Stock-based compensation expense	7,050	6.980	2,948
Capitalized interest	(12,526)	(4,470)	(665)
Provision for loan losses	0	1,000	1,200
Minority interests share of earnings	238	13	0
Loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt, net	(1,081)		20,662
Gain on investment	(3,900)		0
Amortization of above/below market leases, net	(792		0
Rental income less than (in excess of) cash received	440	11,129	727
Loss (gain) on sales of properties	(14,437		(3,227)
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses and other liabilities	(3,253		(3,375)
Decrease (increase) in receivables and other assets	(4,902		3,098
Net cash provided from (used in) operating activities	263,883	216,446	194,417
Investing activities	(00.1.000)	(100.100)	(=00.00.1)
Investment in real property Investment in loans receivable	(631,209)		(599,291)
	(235,894 (22.998		(40,387)
Other investments, net of payments Principal collected on loans receivable	52,346	82,255	328 98,638
Finicipal Conected on Todas receivable Investment in Windrose, net of cash assumed	52,340 A	(182,571)	90,030
Investment in Rendina/Paramount, net of cash assumed	(141,963		0
Proceeds from sales of properties	98,314	69,887	91,325
Other	(3,932		318
Net cash provided from (used in) investing activities	(885,336		(449,069)
Net cash provided from (used in) investing activities Financing activities	(003,330)	(300,013)	(443,003)
Net increase (decrease) under unsecured lines of credit arrangements	82,000	30,000	44,000
Proceeds from derivative transactions	2,858	0	0
Proceeds from issuance of senior unsecured notes	388,943	337,517	544,053
Payments to extinguish senior unsecured notes	(52,500)		(250,832)
Payments to extinguish liability to subsidiary trust issuing preferred securities	(50,000)		0
Principal payments on secured debt	(37,758)		(74,994)
Net proceeds from the issuance of common stock	491,593	182,069	165,062
Contributions by minority interests	2,865	0	0
Distributions to minority interests	(419		0
Decrease (increase) in deferred loan expense	(3,977		(2,021)
Cash distributions to stockholders	(208,099		(154,142)
Net cash provided from (used in) financing activities	615,506	344,348	271,126
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(5,947)		16,474
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	36,216	36,237	19,763
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 30,269	\$ 36,216 \$	36,237
Supplemental cash flow information — interest paid	\$ 116,044	\$ 94,461 \$	85,123
Supplemental schedule of non-cash activities:			
Assets and liabilities assumed from real property acquisitions:			
Secured debt	\$ 19,731	\$ 25,049 \$	22,309
Other liabilities	3,597	0	0
Other assets	712	0	0
Assets and liabilities assumed from business combinations:			
Real estate investments	\$ 285,302	\$ 975,660	0
Other assets acquired	10,050	22,526	0
Secured debt	146,457	249,424	0
Liability to subsidiary trust issuing preferred securities		52,217	0
Other liabilities Minority interests	6,932 0	40,025 6,989	0
Minority interests Issuance of common stock	0	396.846	0
Issuance of preferred stock	0	62.118	0
issuance of preferred stock	U	02,110	U

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1. Accounting Policies and Related Matters

### Industry

We are an equity real estate investment trust that invests across the full spectrum of senior housing and health care real estate including skilled nursing facilities, independent living facilities/continuing care retirement communities, assisted living facilities, hospitals, long-term acute care hospitals and medical office buildings.

# Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include our accounts, the accounts of our wholly-owned subsidiaries and the accounts of our majority owned and controlled joint ventures. All material intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

### Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recorded in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, Accounting for Leases, and SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 104, Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements, as amended ("SAB 104"). SAB 104 requires that revenue be recognized after four basic criteria are met. These four criteria include persuasive evidence of an arrangement, the rendering of service, fixed and determinable income and reasonably assured collectibility. Interest income on loans is recognized as earned based upon the principal amount outstanding subject to an evaluation of collectibility risk. Substantially all of our operating leases contain either fixed or contingent escalating rent structures. Leases with fixed annual rental escalators are generally recognized on a straight-line basis over the initial lease period, subject to a collectibility assessment. Rental income related to leases with contingent rental escalators is generally recorded based on the contractual cash rental payments due for the period.

# Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

### Postricted Cash

Restricted cash, a component of other assets, primarily consists of amounts held by lenders to provide future payments for real estate taxes, insurance, tenant and capital improvements. Additionally, restricted cash includes amounts held in escrow relating to acquisitions we are entitled to receive over a period of time as outlined in the escrow agreement. Restricted cash balances as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 were \$17,575,000 and \$9,972,000, respectively.

### Real Estate Loans Receivable

Real estate loans receivable consist of mortgage loans and other real estate loans. Interest income on loans is recognized as earned based upon the principal amount outstanding subject to an evaluation of collectibility risks. The loans are primarily collateralized by a first, second or third mortgage lien, a leasehold mortgage on, or an assignment of the partnership interest in, the related properties, corporate guaranties and/or personal guaranties.

### Allowance for Loan Losses

The allowance for loan losses is maintained at a level believed adequate to absorb potential losses in our loans receivable. The determination of the allowance is based on a quarterly evaluation of these loans, including general economic conditions and estimated collectibility of loan payments. We evaluate the collectibility of our loans

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

receivable based on a combination of factors, including, but not limited to, delinquency status, historical loan charge-offs, financial strength of the borrower and guarantors and value of the underlying collateral. If such factors indicate that there is greater risk of loan charge-offs, additional allowances or placement on non-accrual status may be required. A loan is impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable that we will be unable to collect all amounts due as scheduled according to the contractual terms of the original loan agreement. Consistent with this definition, all loans on non-accrual are deemed impaired. At December 31, 2007, we had loans with outstanding balances of \$799,000 on non-accrual status (\$10,529,000 at December 31, 2006). To the extent circumstances improve and the risk of collectibility is diminished, we will return these loans to full accrual status. While a loan is on non-accrual status, any cash receipts are applied against the outstanding principal balance.

### Real Property Owned

Real property developed by us is recorded at cost, including the capitalization of construction period interest. The cost of real property acquired is allocated to net tangible and identifiable intangible assets based on their respective fair values in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141, Business Combinations. The allocation of the acquisition costs of tangible assets (land, building and equipment) is based on appraisals commissioned from independent real estate appraisal firms. Substantially all of the properties owned by us are leased under operating leases and are recorded at cost. These properties are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives which range from 15 to 40 years for buildings and five to 15 years for improvements.

The remaining purchase price is allocated among identifiable intangible assets primarily consisting of the above or below market component of in-place leases and the value of in-place leases. The value allocable to the above or below market component of the acquired in-place lease is determined based upon the present value (using a discount rate which reflects the risks associated with the acquired leases) of the difference between (i) the contractual amounts to be paid pursuant to the lease over its remaining term, and (ii) management's estimate of the amounts that would be paid using fair market rates over the remaining term of the lease. The amounts allocated to above market leases are included in acquired lease intangibles and below market leases are included in other liabilities in the balance sheet and are amortized to rental income over the remaining terms of the respective leases.

The total amount of other intangible assets acquired is further allocated to in-place lease values and customer relationship values based on management's evaluation of the specific characteristics of each tenant's lease and the Company's overall relationship with that respective tenant. Characteristics considered by management in allocating these values include the nature and extent of the Company's existing business relationships with the tenant, growth prospects for developing new business with the tenant, the tenant's credit quality and expectations of lease renewals, among other factors. The estimated aggregate amortization expense for acquired lease intangibles is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 28.4 years and is as follows for the periods indicated (dollars in thousands):

2008	\$ 15,448
2009	10,552
2009 2010	9,230
2011 2012	7,319
2012	5,675
Thereafter	64,798
Totals	\$ 113,022

The net book value of long-lived assets is reviewed quarterly on a property by property basis to determine if facts and circumstances suggest that the assets may be impaired or that the depreciable life may need to be changed. We consider external factors relating to each asset. If these external factors and the projected undiscounted cash

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

flows of the asset over the remaining depreciation period indicate that the asset will not be recoverable, the carrying value may be reduced to the estimated fair market value.

### Capitalization of Construction Period Interest

We capitalize interest costs associated with funds used to finance the construction of properties owned directly by us. The amount capitalized is based upon the balance outstanding during the construction period using the rate of interest which approximates our cost of financing. We capitalized interest costs of \$12,526,000, \$4,470,000, and \$665,000 during 2007, 2006 and 2005, respectively, related to construction of real property owned by us. Our interest expense reflected in the consolidated statements of income has been reduced by the amounts capitalized.

# Deferred Loan Expenses

Deferred loan expenses are costs incurred by us in connection with the issuance, assumption and amendments of debt arrangements. We amortize these costs over the term of the debt using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method.

### **Equity Investments**

Equity investments at December 31, 2007 consist of an investment in a public company that has a readily determinable fair market value. We classify this equity investment as available-for-sale and, accordingly, record this investment at its fair market value with unrealized gains and losses included in accumulated other comprehensive income, a separate component of stockholders' equity. This investment represents a minimal ownership interest in the company. Equity investments at December 31, 2006 consisted of investments in private companies where we did not have the ability to exercise influence and were accounted for under the cost method. Under the cost method of accounting, investments in private companies are carried at cost and are adjusted only for other-than-temporary declines in fair value, distributions of earnings and additional investments. These investments represented a minimal ownership interest in these companies. Additionally, in connection with the Windrose merger, we assumed a \$1,000,000 investment in an unconsolidated subsidiary that holds trust preferred securities and is accounted for under the cost method.

# Segment Reporting

We report consolidated financial statements in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 131, Disclosure about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information. Segments are based on our method of internal reporting which classifies operations by leasing activities. Our segments include investment properties and operating properties. See Note 18 for additional information.

### Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

Accumulated other comprehensive income includes amounts related to our cash flow hedge activity, unrealized gains or losses on our equity investments and unrecognized actuarial gains/losses from the adoption of Financial Accounting Standards No. 158, Employers Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans — An amendment of FASB Statements No. 87, 88, 106 and 132(R) on December 31, 2006.

# Fair Value of Derivative Instruments

We are exposed to various market risks, including the potential loss arising from adverse changes in interest rates. We may elect to use financial derivative instruments to hedge interest rate exposure. These decisions are principally based on our policy to match our variable rate investments with comparable borrowings, but are also based on the general trend in interest rates at the applicable dates and our perception of the future volatility of interest rates. Derivatives are recorded at fair market value on the balance sheet as assets or liabilities.

On May 6, 2004, we entered into two interest rate swap agreements (the "2004 Swaps") for a total notional amount of \$100,000,000 to hedge changes in fair value attributable to changes in the LIBOR swap rate of \$100,000,000 of fixed rate debt with a maturity date of November 15, 2013. The 2004 Swaps were treated as fair-

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

value hedges for accounting purposes and we utilized the short-cut method to assess effectiveness. The 2004 Swaps were with highly rated counterparties in which we received a fixed rate of 6.0% and paid a variable rate based on six-month LIBOR plus a spread. On September 12, 2007, we terminated the 2004 Swaps and we received a \$2,125,000 cash settlement. The unamortized amount of this settlement at December 31, 2007 was \$1,973,000 and is recorded as an adjustment to the hedged item. This amount will be amortized to interest expense over the life of the hedged debt using the effective interest method. For the year ended December 31, 2007, we generated \$89,000 of savings related to the 2004 Swaps that was recorded as a reduction of interest expense. For the year ended December 31, 2006, we incurred \$197,000 of losses related to the 2004 Swaps that was recorded as an addition to interest expense. For the year ended December 31, 2005, we generated \$972,000 of savings related to the 2004 Swaps that was recorded as a reduction of interest expense.

On July 2, 2007, we entered into two forward-starting interest rate swaps (the "July 2007 Swaps"), with an aggregate notional amount of \$200,000,000 that were designated as cash flow hedges of the variability in forecasted interest payments attributable to changes in the LIBOR swap rate, on long-term fixed rate debt forecasted to be issued in 2007. The July 2007 Swaps have the economic effect of fixing \$200,000,000 of our debt at 4.913% for five years. The July 2007 Swaps were settled on July 17, 2007, which was the date that the forecasted debt was priced. The cash settlement value of these contracts at July 17, 2007, was \$733,000. This amount represented the effective portion of the hedges as there was no hedge ineffectiveness. Therefore, the \$733,000 settlement value was deferred in accumulated other comprehensive income ("AOCI") and will be amortized to interest expense using the effective interest method. The unamortized amount of AOCI related to these contracts at December 31, 2007 is \$668,000. For the year ended December 31, 2007, we reclassified \$65,000 out of AOCI as a reduction of interest expense.

On September 12, 2007, we entered into two forward-starting interest rate swaps (the "September 2007 Swaps") for a total notional amount of \$250,000,000 to hedge 10 years of interest payments associated with a long-term borrowing that is expected to occur in 2008. The September 2007 Swaps each have an effective date of September 12, 2008 and a maturity date of September 12, 2018. We expect to settle the 2007 Swaps when the debt is priced. The September 2007 Swaps have the economic effect of fixing \$250,000,000 of our future debt at 4.469% plus a credit spread for 10 years. The September 2007 Swaps have been designated as cash flow hedges and we expect the 2007 Swaps to be highly effective at offsetting changes in cash flows of interest payments on \$250,000,000 of our future debt due to changes in the LIBOR swap rate. Therefore, effective changes in the fair value of the September 2007 Swaps will be recorded in AOCI and reclassified to interest expense when the hedged forecasted transactions affect earnings (as interest payments are made on the expected debt issuance). The ineffective portion of the changes in fair value will be recorded directly in earnings. At December 31, 2007, the September 2007 Swaps were reported at their fair value of \$7,990,000 and are included in other liabilities and AOCI.

The valuation of derivative instruments requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the fair value of the instruments. Fair values for our derivatives are estimated by a third party consultant, which utilizes pricing models that consider forward yield curves and discount rates. Such amounts and the recognition of such amounts are subject to significant estimates that may change in the future.

#### Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income available to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of shares outstanding for the period adjusted for non-vested shares of restricted stock. The computation of diluted earnings per share is similar to basic earnings per share, except that the number of shares is increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if the potentially dilutive common shares had been issued.

#### Federal Income Tax

No provision has been made for federal income taxes since we have elected to be treated as a real estate investment trust under the applicable provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, and we believe that we have met the

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

requirements for qualification as such for each taxable year. Our taxable REIT subsidiaries are subject to federal, state and local income taxes. See Note 12.

#### New Accounting Standards

On January 1, 2007, we adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes. The Interpretation clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statements in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes. The Interpretation prescribes guidance for recognizing, measuring, reporting and disclosing a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. The adoption of the Interpretation did not have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

In September 2006, the FASB also issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, Fair Value Measurements ("SFAS 157"), which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS 157 will be effective for fiscal year 2008. Adoption of SFAS 157 is not expected to have a material impact on our financial position, although additional disclosures may be required.

In February 2007, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 159, The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities ("SFAS 159"), which permits companies to elect to measure certain eligible items at fair value. Subsequent unrealized gains and losses on those items will be reported in earnings. Upfront costs and fees related to those items will be reported in earnings as incurred and not deferred. SFAS 159 will be effective for fiscal year 2008. If a company elects to apply the provisions of SFAS 159 to eligible items existing at that date, the effect of the remeasurement to fair value will be reported as a cumulative effect adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings. Retrospective application will not be permitted. We are currently assessing whether we will elect to use the fair value option for any eligible items.

In December 2007, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141(R), Business Combinations ("SFAS 141(R)") and Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 160, Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements, an amendment of ARB No. 51 ("SFAS 160"). SFAS 141(R) will change how business acquisitions are accounted for and will impact financial statements both on the acquisition date and in subsequent periods. SFAS 160 will change the accounting and reporting for minority interests, which will be recharacterized as noncontrolling interests and classified as a component of equity. Early adoption is prohibited for both standards. The provisions of SFAS 141(R) and SFAS 160, effective on January 1, 2009, are to be applied prospectively.

#### Reclassifications

Certain amounts in prior years have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

#### 2. Business Combinations

#### Windrose Medical Properties Trust Merger

As discussed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2006, we completed our merger with Windrose Medical Properties Trust on December 20, 2006. These operations are the principal component of our operating property segment (see Note 18). During the year ended December 31, 2007, we finalized the purchase price allocation for the Windrose merger, as required by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141, Business Combinations. The updated purchase price allocation reflects reallocations between identifiable tangible and intangible assets. However, these adjustments did not have a significant impact on our consolidated results of operations.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

The following table presents the updated purchase price calculation and the allocation to assets acquired and liabilities assumed, based upon their estimated fair values (in thousands):

Common starili	¢	200.040
Common stock	\$	396,846
Preferred stock		62,118
Cash consideration		183,139
Assumed debt		301,641
Assumed liabilities and minority interests		26,034
Acquisition costs		29,139
Purchase price		998,917
Merger-related expenses		5,213
Capitalized equity issuance costs		912
Net purchase price	\$	992,792
Land and land improvements	\$	126,079
Buildings and improvements		774,634
Acquired lease intangibles		42,595
Above market lease intangibles		32,352
Cash and cash equivalents		15,587
Receivables and other assets		22,526
Total assets acquired		1,013,773
Below market lease intangibles		20,981
Net purchase price		992,792
Secured debt		249,424
Liability to subsidiary trust issuing preferred securities		52,217
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		19,044
Total liabilities assumed		320,685
Minority interests		6,989
Net assets acquired	\$	665,118

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

# Rendina/Paramount Acquisition

In May 2007, we completed the acquisition of 17 medical office buildings and Paramount Real Estate Services, a property management company, from affiliates of Rendina Companies. The results of operations for these properties and Paramount have been included in our consolidated results of operations from the date of acquisition. Allocation of the purchase price has been finalized. The following table presents the updated purchase price calculation and the allocation to assets acquired and liabilities assumed, based upon their estimated fair values (in thousands):

Cash consideration	\$ 141,967
Assumed debt	146,457
Assumed liabilities and minority interests	3,410
Net purchase price	\$ 291,834
Land and land improvements	\$ 6,657
Buildings and improvements	228,004
Acquired lease intangibles	33,474
Above market lease intangibles	17,167
Cash and cash equivalents	4
Receivables and other assets	10,050
Total assets acquired	295,356
Below market lease intangibles	3,522
Net purchase price	291,834
Secured debt	146,457
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	3,410
Total liabilities assumed	 149,867
Net assets acquired	\$ 141,967

#### 3. Real Estate Loans Receivable

The following is a summary of real estate loans receivable (in thousands):

	<u></u>	ecember 51,
	2007	2006
Mortgage loans	\$ 143,09	<b>1</b> \$ 177,615
Other real estate loans	238,30	16,833
Totals	\$ 381,39	\$ 194,448

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

The following is a summary of mortgage loans at December 31, 2007:

Final Payment Due	Number of Loans	of		Principal Amount at <u>Inception</u> (In tho	Carrying Amount	
2008	5	Monthly payments from \$7,886 to \$71,447,	\$	16,140	usanus) \$	17,722
2006	3	including interest from 15.21% to 19.26%	J	10,140	Ф	17,722
2009	5	Monthly payments from \$11,830 to \$169,818,		38,972		28,108
2003	3	including interest from 9.63% to 19.26%		30,372		20,100
2010	2	Monthly payments from \$14,222 to \$19,761,		4,623		4,768
2010	2	including interest from 9.00% to 19.00%		4,023		4,700
2011	2	Monthly payments from \$21,047 to \$24,735,		5,827		6,084
2011	-	including interest from 19.00% to 19.26%		5,027		0,004
2012	3	Monthly payments from \$24,922 to \$130,949, including interest from 7.00% to 19.26%		28,741		19,169
2013		Monthly payments from \$21,654 to \$25,351,		6,516		6,136
2015	-	including interest from 7.25% to 11.63%		0,510		0,150
2015	1	Monthly payments of \$489,		65		65
	_	including interest of 9.00%				
2020	2	Monthly payments from \$41,282 to \$312,198,		38,500		37,942
		including interest of 10.14%		,		- /-
2022	1	Monthly payments of \$180,542,		23,097		23,097
		including interest of 9.38%				
		Totals	\$	162,481	\$	143,091

# 4. Allowance for Loan Losses

The following is a summary of the allowance for loan losses (in thousands):

	Y	ear Ended December	31,
	2007	2006	2005
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 7,406	\$ 6,461	\$ 5,261
Provision for loan losses	0	1,000	1,200
Charge-offs	0	(55)	0
Balance at end of year	\$ 7,406	\$ 7,406	\$ 6,461

The following is a summary of our loan impairments (in thousands):

		December 31,			
	2007	2006	2005		
Balance of impaired loans at year end	\$ 799	\$ 10,529	\$ 16,770		
Allowance for loan losses	7,406	7,406	6,461		
Balance of impaired loans not reserved(1)	\$ 0	\$ 3,123	\$ 10,309		
Average impaired loans for the year	\$ 5,664	\$ 13,650	\$ 26,344		
Interest recognized on impaired loans	0	2,495	2,391		

<sup>(1)</sup> At December 31, 2007, the allowance for loan losses exceeds the balance of impaired loans. See Note 1 for additional information.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

# 5. Real Property Owned

The following table summarizes certain information about our real property owned as of December 31, 2007 (dollars in thousands):

9	1 1 3			,		,																									
	Number of Properties	1	Land		Land		Land		Land		Land		Land		Land		Land		Land		Land		Land		Land		Building, Intangibles & Improvements		Gross evestment	]	Accumulated Depreciation d Amortization
Assisted Living Facilities:																															
Arizona	4	\$	2,100	\$	17,563	\$	19,663	\$	2,903																						
California	9		8,920		53,399		62,319		8,868																						
Colorado	1		940		3,721		4,661		606																						
Connecticut	5		8,030		36,800		44,830		5,481																						
Delaware	1		560		21,220		21,780		1,795																						
Florida	12		5,487		59,753		65,240		16,034																						
Georgia	2		1,080		3,688		4,768		560																						
Idaho	3		1,125		14,875		16,000		1,781																						
Illinois	3		7,077		15,300		22,377		404																						
Indiana	2		220		5,520		5,740		998																						
Kansas	1		600		10,590		11,190		912																						
Kentucky	1		490		7,610		8,100		922																						
Louisiana	1		1,100		10,161		11,261		4,106																						
Maryland	2		870		9,155		10,025		1,197																						
Massachusetts	7		8,160		62,481		70,641		6,549																						
Mississippi	2		1,080		13,465		14,545		1,878																						
Montana	3		1,460		14,772		16,232		2,072																						
Nevada	3		1,820		25,126		26,946		4,055																						
New Jersey	2		740		7,447		8,187		1,203																						
New York	4		2,400		40,447		42,847		2,273																						
North Carolina	41		15,863		181,381		197,244		28,640																						
Ohio	7		3,294		30,985		34,279		7,611																						
Oklahoma	15		1,784		22,890		24,674		7,406																						
Oregon	3		1,167		11,099		12,266		2,424																						
Pennsylvania	2		2,234		13,409		15,643		1,848																						
South Carolina	2		642		7,308		7,950		1,098																						
Tennessee	4		1,526		11,989		13,515		1,890																						
Texas	29		10,226		120,612		130,838		16,062																						
Utah	2		1,420		12,842		14,262		1,791																						
Virginia	4		2,300		40,785		43,085		3,863																						
Washington	9		6,880		49,235		56,115		3,630																						
Wisconsin	7		5,010		54,634		59,644		2,077																						
Construction in progress	12		0		0		61,576		0																						
	205		106,605		990,262		1,158,443		142,937																						

# HEALTH CARE REIT, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

#### Building, Accumulated Depreciation nd Amortization Number of Properties Gross Investment Intangibles & Improvements Land **Skilled Nursing Facilities:** 2,520 36,990 39,510 5,202 Alabama \$ \$ \$ \$ Arizona 1,870 15,978 17,848 1,002 Colorado 4 3,460 31,246 34,706 3,529 6 2,700 22,354 25,054 1,216 Connecticut 23,312 303,814 40,908 280,502 Florida 42 2,650 14,932 17,582 1,842 Georgia 3 Idaho 1,410 13,279 14,689 3,922 Illinois 4 1.110 24,700 25.810 9,414 2.034 37,829 39.863 Indiana 6,661 1,120 8,360 9,480 Kansas 504 Kentucky 10 3,015 65,432 68,447 6,520 Louisiana 783 34,717 35,500 2,333 Maryland 840 14,760 15,600 872 17,390 30,526 205,347 Massachusetts 20 222,737 Mississippi 54,276 11 1,625 52,651 9,025 Missouri 1,247 23,827 25,074 6,999 3 Nevada 182 2,503 2,685 802 New Hampshire 1 340 4,360 4,700 310 1.850 3.050 4,900 207,506 New Jersey 1 380 21 12,000 195,506 19,648 Ohio Oklahoma 1,464 21,884 23,348 3,156 3 Oregon 300 5,316 5,616 1,611 Pennsylvania 4 3,179 21,414 24,593 5,668 131,334 22 8,730 122,604 21.143 Tennessee 11,296 144,670 155,966 8,988 19 Texas Utah 991 6,850 7,841 416 1 Virginia 5 4,321 38,482 42,803 1,951 Construction in progress 9,593 212 111,739 1,449,543 1,570,875 194,548 Independent Living / CCRC Facilities: 950 9.087 10.037 1 843 Arizona 1 California 123,544 17,960 141,504 6,234 Colorado 2 7,629 29,128 36,757 933 12,596 Florida 4 9,772 108,840 118,612 3,256 550 Georgia 3 24,759 28.015 10.001 14,740 Idaho 2.093 15,290 Illinois 670 6,780 7,450 1,152 Indiana 750 31,325 32,075 799 Kansas 1,400 11,000 12,400 282 6,000 Missouri 510 5,490 143 10.831 11.975 4.718 Nevada 1.144 1,510 11,000 1,513 New York 9,490 North Carolina 3,120 20,309 23,429 1,081 South Carolina 4 7,190 64,072 71,262 4,113 22,290 5,400 Texas 2 5,670 16,620 3,624 4,780 Washington 1 620 535 Construction in progress 9 194,834 0 0 0 748,330 43 62,701 490,795 51,660

# $\label{eq:health care reit, inc.}$ Notes to consolidated financial statements — (Continued)

	Number of Properties	Land		Land		Land		Land		Land		Land		Land		Land		Land		Land		 Building, Intangibles & Improvements		Gross Investment		Accumulated Depreciation nd Amortization
Medical Office Buildings:																										
Alabama	5	\$	2,902	\$ 43,949	\$	46,851	\$	1,847																		
Alaska	1		217	30,476		30,693		898																		
Arizona	3		2,724	77,243		79,967		4,185																		
California	7		7,545	123,943		131,488		5,396																		
Colorado	1		877	6,711		7,588		28																		
Florida	27		42,052	262,530		304,582		12,918																		
Georgia	15		17,507	75,992		93,499		4,351																		
Illinois	3		4,762	13,557		18,319		710																		
Missouri	1		336	17,247		17,583		435																		
Nevada	9		16,804	103,891		120,695		4,197																		
New Jersey	3		6,404	24,252		30,656		981																		
New York	7		4,009	60,501		64,510		2,119																		
North Carolina	10		7,788	18,196		25,984		1,557																		
Ohio	1		610	7,419		8,029		323																		
Oklahoma	1		132	12,829		12,961		285																		
South Carolina	1		171	18,282		18,453		605																		
Tennessee	7		10,824	67,356		78,180		2,325																		
Texas	17		13,426	181,308		194,734		8,035																		
Construction in progress	2		0	0		14,688		0																		
	121		139,090	1,145,682		1,299,460		51,195																		
Specialty Care Facilities:																										
Illinois	1		3,650	19,325		22,975		4,819																		
Indiana	1		170	8,232		8,402		0																		
Louisiana	1		1,928	10,483		12,411		414																		
Massachusetts	3		3,375	62,101		65,476		23,279																		
Ohio	1		3,020	27,445		30,465		3,590																		
Oklahoma	2		3,149	9,879		13,028		617																		
Texas	7		6,902	121,851		128,753		5,281																		
Wisconsin	1		4,700	20,669		25,369		33																		
Construction in progress	3		0	0		33,018		0																		
	20	-	26,894	279,985		339,897		38,033																		
Total Real Property Owned	601	\$	447,029	\$ 4,356,267	\$	5,117,005	\$	478,373																		

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

At December 31, 2007, future minimum lease payments receivable under operating leases are as follows (in thousands):

2008	\$	435,393
2009		428,090
2010		424,569
2011		411,215
2012		395,895
Thereafter	_	2,486,023
Totals	\$	4,581,185

We purchased \$0, \$11,204,000 and \$3,908,000 of real property that had previously been financed by the Company with loans in 2007, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Additionally, \$132,028,000, \$24,330,000 and \$29,238,000 of completed construction projects were placed in service and began earning rent during the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005, respectively. We acquired properties which included the assumption of mortgages totaling \$166,188,000, \$274,473,000 and \$22,309,000 in 2007, 2006 and 2005, 2001, 2

At December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005, we had \$0, \$14,796,000 and \$11,912,000, respectively, related to assets held for sale. See Note 16 for further discussion of discontinued operations.

#### 6. Concentration of Risk

As of December 31, 2007, long-term care facilities, which include skilled nursing, independent living/continuing care retirement communities and assisted living facilities, comprised 68% (72% at December 31, 2006) of our real estate investments and were located in 38 states. The following table summarizes certain information about our customer concentration as of December 31, 2007 (dollars in thousands):

	Number of Properties	Total Investment				Percent of Investment(1)
Concentration by investment:						
Emeritus Corporation	50	\$	355,147	7%		
Signature Healthcare LLC	34		325,744	6%		
Brookdale Senior Living, Inc	84		258,990	5%		
Life Care Centers of America, Inc	25		255,168	5%		
Senior Living Communities, LLC	8		187,437	4%		
Remaining portfolio	437		3,637,540	73%		
Totals	638	\$	5,020,026	100%		

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

	Number of Properties	Total Revenue(2)																																				Percent of Revenue(3)
Concentration by revenue(4):																																						
Emeritus Corporation	50	\$	39,546	8%																																		
Brookdale Senior Living, Inc	84		37,791	8%																																		
Home Quality Management, Inc	35		24,512	5%																																		
Life Care Centers of America, Inc	25		23,854	5%																																		
Tara Cares, LLC	33		18,982	4%																																		
Remaining portfolio	411		338,435	68%																																		
Other income	n/a		10,035	2%																																		
Totals	638	\$	493,155	100%																																		

- (1) Investments with top five customers comprised 32% of total investments at December 31, 2006.
- (2) Revenues include gross revenues and revenues from discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2007.
   (3) Revenues from top five customers were 43% and 43% for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively.
- (4) All of our top five customers are in our investment properties segment.

#### Borrowings Under Line of Credit Arrangement and Related Items

At December 31, 2007, we had an unsecured credit arrangement with a consortium of seventeen banks providing for a revolving line of credit in the amount of \$1,150,000,000, which is scheduled to expire on August 5, 2011 (with the ability to extend for one year at our discretion if we are in compliance with all covenants). Borrowings under the agreement are subject to interest payable in periods no longer than three months at either the agent bank's prime rate of interest or the applicable margin over LIBOR interest rate, at our option (4.6% at December 31, 2007). The applicable margin is based on our ratings with Moody's Investors Service and Standard & Poor's Ratings Services and was 0.6% at December 31, 2007. In addition, we pay a facility fee annually to each bank based on the bank's commitment under the revolving credit facility. The facility fee depends on our ratings with Moody's Investors Service and Standard & Poor's Ratings Services and was 0.15% at December 31, 2007. We also pay an annual agent's fee of \$50,000. Principal is due upon expiration of the agreement.

The following information relates to aggregate borrowings under the unsecured lines of credit arrangements (dollars in thousands):

		Year Ended December 31,					
	2007 2006			2006	2005		
Balance outstanding at December 31	\$	307,000	\$	225,000	\$	195,000	
Maximum amount outstanding at any month end	\$	434,000	\$	276,000	\$	318,000	
Average amount outstanding (total of daily principal balances divided by days in year)	\$	234,392	\$	164,905	\$	181,232	
Weighted average interest rate (actual interest expense divided by average borrowings outstanding)		6.68%		6.91%		5.19%	

#### Senior Unsecured Notes and Secured Debt

We have \$1,890,192,000 of senior unsecured notes with annual interest rates ranging from 4.75% to 8.00%. The carrying amounts of the senior unsecured notes represent the par value of \$1,887,330,000 adjusted for any unamortized premiums or discounts and other basis adjustments related to hedging the debt with derivative instruments. See Note 1 for further

In July 2007, we issued \$400,000,000 of 4.75% senior unsecured convertible notes due July 2027, generating net proceeds of \$388,943,000. The notes will be convertible, in certain circumstances, into cash and, if applicable,

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

shares of our common stock at an initial conversion rate of 20.0000 shares per \$1,000 principal amount of notes, which represents an initial conversion price of approximately \$50.00 per share. In general, upon conversion, the holder of each note would receive, in respect of the conversion value of such note, cash up to the principal amount of such note and common stock for the note's conversion value in excess of such principal amount.

We have mortgage loans totaling \$507,476,000, collateralized by owned properties, with annual interest rates ranging from 4.89% to 8.21%. The carrying amounts of the mortgages represent the par value of \$506,973,000 adjusted for any unamortized fair value adjustments. The carrying values of the properties securing the mortgage loans totaled \$969,543,000 at December 31, 2007.

In November 2007, we repurchased \$50,000,000 in aggregate liquidation amount of preferred securities that had been issued by Windrose Capital Trust I, a subsidiary trust, on March 24, 2006. In December 2007, we surrendered these securities for cancellation along with \$1,000,000 liquidation amount of common securities of this trust, which resulted in the satisfaction and discharge in 2007 of \$51,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of junior subordinated notes issued by an operating partnership due March 30, 2036. In connection with this transaction, we recorded a \$1,081,000 gain on extinguishment of debt.

Our debt agreements contain various covenants, restrictions and events of default. Among other things, these provisions require us to maintain certain financial ratios and minimum net worth and impose certain limits on our ability to incur indebtedness, create liens and make investments or acquisitions.

At December 31, 2007, the annual principal payments on these debt obligations are as follows (in thousands):

	Ur	Senior nsecured Notes	 Mortgage Loans	_	Totals
2008	\$	42,330	\$ 27,941	\$	70,271
2009		0	53,752		53,752
2010		0	15,480		15,480
2011		0	52,641		52,641
2012		250,000	21,841		271,841
Thereafter		1,595,000	335,318		1,930,318
Totals	\$	1,887,330	\$ 506,973	\$	2,394,303

# 9. Stock Incentive Plans

Our 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan authorizes up to 2,200,000 shares of common stock to be issued at the discretion of the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. The 2005 Plan replaced the 1995 Stock Incentive Plan and the Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors. The options granted to officers and key salaried employees under the 1995 Plan continue to vest through 2016 and expire ten years from the date of grant. Our non-employee directors, officers and key salaried employees are eligible to participate in the 2005 Plan. The 2005 Plan allows for the issuance of, among other things, stock options, restricted stock, deferred stock units and dividend equivalent rights.

Vesting periods for options, deferred stock units and restricted shares generally range from three years for non-employee directors to five years for officers and key employees. Options expire ten years from the date of the grant. We granted 223,000, 98,000 and 85,000 restricted shares during 2007, 2006 and 2005, respectively, including 11,000, 13,000 and 16,000 shares to non-employee directors in 2007, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Expense, which is recognized as the shares vest based on the market value at the date of the award, totaled \$7,050,000, \$6,980,000 and \$2,948,000, in 2007, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

#### **Option Award Activity**

The following table summarizes information about stock option activity for the periods indicated (shares in thousands):

				Year Er	nded Dece	ember 31,			
		2007			2006			20	005
Stock Options	Number of Shares		Veighted Average Exercise Price	Number of Shares		eighted Average Exercise Price	Number of Shares		Weighted Average Exercise Price
Options at beginning of year	917	\$	30.79	685	\$	26.87	1,015	\$	24.86
Options granted	124		45.73	460		32.42	60		34.88
Options exercised	(402)		27.82	(227)		22.24	(380)		22.84
Options terminated	(2)		39.72	(1)		36.50	(10)		25.24
Options at end of year	637	\$	35.54	917	\$	30.79	685	\$	26.87
Options exercisable at end of year	256	\$	32.26	462	\$	28.83	257	\$	23.16
Weighted average fair value of options granted during the year		s	8.31		\$	5.26		\$	12.48
the year		Ψ	0.51		Ψ	3.20		Ψ	12.40

# **Option Valuation Assumptions**

The fair value of each option grant is estimated on the date of grant using a Black-Scholes-Merton option pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions:

	2007	2006	2005
Dividend yield(1)	5.6%	6.79%	6.88%
Expected volatility	19.9%	20.3%	22.8%
Risk-free interest rate	4.74%	4.35%	4.25%
Expected life (in years)	5	5	7
Weighted-average fair value(1)	\$ 8.31	\$ 5.26	\$ 12.48

<sup>(1)</sup> Certain options granted to employees include dividend equivalent rights. The fair value of options with DERs also includes the net present value of projected future dividend payments over the expected life of the option discounted at the dividend yield rate. In 2005, substantially all options granted included DERs, while in 2006, approximately 19.5% of options granted included DERs, and in 2007, approximately 25.2% of options granted included DERs.

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding at December 31, 2007 (options in thousands):

		Options Outstanding				Options Exercisable		
Range of Per Share Exercise Prices	Number Outstanding		Weighted Average ercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contract Life	Number Exercisable	A	eighted verage cise Price	
\$16-\$20	8	\$	16.81	3.0	9	\$	16.81	
\$20-\$30	125		25.77	5.7	66		25.72	
\$30-\$40	381		35.85	8.2	181		35.34	
\$40 +	123		45.73	10.0	0		n/a	
Totals	637	\$	35.54	8.0	256	\$	32.26	

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

The aggregate intrinsic value is calculated as the difference between the exercise price of the underlying options and the quoted price of our common stock for the options that were in-the-money at December 31, 2007. During the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005, the aggregate intrinsic value of options exercised under our stock incentive plans was \$6,600,000, \$3,140,000 and \$4,705,000, respectively, determined as of the date of option exercise. Cash received from option exercises under our stock incentive plans for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005 was \$17,775,000, \$4,872,000 and \$8,690,000.

As of December 31, 2007, there was approximately \$2,524,000 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested stock options granted under our stock incentive plans. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of three years. As of December 31, 2007, there was approximately \$11,146,000 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested restricted stock granted under our stock incentive plans. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of three years.

The following table summarizes information about non-vested stock incentive awards as of December 31, 2007 and changes for the year ended December 31, 2007:

		tions	Restricted Stock				
	Number of Shares (000's)		Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	Number of Shares (000's)		Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	
Non-vested at December 31, 2006	478	\$	5.35	248	\$	34.07	
Vested	(218)		3.78	(120)		35.21	
Granted	124		8.31	272		44.66	
Terminated	(2)		7.63	(2)		28.84	
Non-vested at December 31, 2007	382	\$	7.20	398	\$	40.99	

We adopted the fair value-based method of accounting for share-based payments effective January 1, 2003 using the prospective method described in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 148, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation — Transition and Disclosure. Currently, we use the Black-Scholes-Merton option pricing model to estimate the value of stock option grants and expect to continue to use this acceptable option valuation model. Because we adopted Statement No. 123 using the prospective transition method (which applied only to awards granted, modified or settled after the adoption date of Statement No. 123), compensation cost for some previously granted awards that were not recognized under Statement No. 123 will now be recognized effective with the adoption of Statement No. 123(R) on January 1, 2006. In addition, we previously amortized compensation cost for share-based payments to the date that the awards became fully vested or to the expected retirement date, if sooner. Effective with the adoption of Statement No. 123(R), we began recognizing compensation cost to the date the awards become fully vested or to the retirement eligible date, if sooner. Compensation cost totaled \$7,050,000 and \$6,980,000 for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

The following table illustrates the effect on net income available to common stockholders for the year ended December 31, 2005 if we had applied the fair value recognition provisions of Statement 123 to stock-based compensation for options granted since 1995 but prior to adoption at January 1, 2003 (in thousands, except per share data):

Numerator:			
Net income available to common stockholders — as reported	\$	62,	,692
Deduct: Additional stock-based employee compensation expense determined under fair value based method for all awards			181
Net income available to common stockholders — pro forma	\$	62,	,511
Denominator:			
Basic weighted average shares — as reported and pro forma		54,	,110
Effect of dilutive securities:			
Employee stock options — pro forma			0
Non-vested restricted shares			208
Dilutive potential common shares	_		208
Diluted weighted average shares — pro forma		54,	,318
Net income available to common stockholders per share — as reported	_		
Basic	\$	1	1.16
Diluted	\$	1	1.15
Net income available to common stockholders per share — pro forma			
Basic	\$		1.16
Diluted	\$	1	1.15

# 10. Other Equity

Other equity consists of the following (in thousands):

	2007	2006	2005
Accumulated compensation expense related to stock options	\$ 2,701	\$ 1,845	\$ 864
Unamortized restricted stock	0	0	(521)
Totals	\$ 2,701	\$ 1,845	\$ 343

Other equity consists of accumulated option compensation expense which represents the amount of amortized compensation costs related to stock options awarded to employees and directors subsequent to January 1, 2003. Expense, which is recognized as the options vest based on the market value at the date of the award, totaled \$1,106,000, \$1,066,000 and \$312,000 for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Unamortized restricted stock represented the unamortized value of restricted stock granted to employees and non-employee directors prior to January 1, 2003. Expense related to these grants, which is recognized as the shares vest based on the market value at the date of the award, totaled \$521,000 and \$728,000 for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

#### 11. Preferred Stock

In July 2003, we closed a public offering of 4,000,000 shares of 7.875% Series D Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock. These shares have a liquidation value of \$25.00 per share. Dividends are payable quarterly in arrears. The preferred stock, which has no stated maturity, may be redeemed by us at a redemption price of \$25.00 per share, plus accrued and unpaid dividends on such shares to the redemption date, on or after July 9, 2008.

In September 2003, we issued 1,060,000 shares of 6% Series E Cumulative Convertible and Redeemable Preferred Stock as partial consideration for an acquisition of assets by the Company, with the shares valued at \$26,500,000 for such purposes. The shares were issued to Southern Assisted Living, Inc. and certain of its stockholders without registration in reliance upon the federal statutory exemption of Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The shares have a liquidation value of \$25.00 per share. Dividends are payable quarterly in arrears. The preferred stock, which has no stated maturity, may be redeemed by us at a redemption price of \$25.00 per share, plus accrued and unpaid dividends on such shares to the redemption date, on or after August 15, 2008. The preferred shares are convertible into common stock at a conversion price of \$32.66 per share at any time. During the year ended December 31, 2005, certain holders of our Series E Preferred Stock converted 275,056 shares into 210,541 shares of our common stock, leaving 74,989 of such shares outstanding at December 31, 2007 and 2006.

In September 2004, we closed a public offering of 7,000,000 shares of 7.625% Series F Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock. These shares have a liquidation value of \$25.00 per share. Dividends are payable quarterly in arrears. The preferred stock, which has no stated maturity, may be redeemed by us at a redemption price of \$25.00 per share, plus accrued and unpaid dividends on such shares to the redemption date, on or after September 14, 2009.

In conjunction with the acquisition of Windrose Medical Properties Trust in December 2006, we issued 2,100,000 shares of 7.5% Series G Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock. These shares have a liquidation value of \$25.00 per share. Dividends are payable quarterly in arrears. The preferred stock, which has no stated maturity, may be redeemed by us at a redemption price of \$25.00 per share, plus accrued and unpaid dividends on such shares to the redemption date, on or after June 30, 2010. Each Series G Preferred Share is convertible by the holder into our common stock at a conversion price of \$34.93, equivalent to a conversion rate of 0.7157 common shares per Series G Preferred Share. The Series G Preferred Shares require cumulative distributions. During the year ended December 31, 2007, certain holders of our Series G Preferred 295,800 shares into 211,702 shares of our common stock, leaving 1,804,200 of such shares outstanding at December 31, 2007.

# 12. Income Taxes and Distributions

To qualify as a real estate investment trust for federal income tax purposes, 90% of taxable income (including 100% of capital gains) must be distributed to stockholders. Real estate investment trusts that do not distribute a certain amount of current year taxable income in the current year are also subject to a 4% federal excise tax. The main differences between undistributed net income for federal income tax purposes and financial statement purposes are the recognition of straight-line rent for reporting purposes, differing useful lives and depreciation and amortization methods for real property and the provision for loan losses for reporting purposes versus bad debt expense for tax purposes.

Cash distributions paid to common stockholders, for federal income tax purposes, are as follows:

	10	Tear Ended December 31,				
	2007	2006	2005			
Per Share:						
Ordinary income	\$ 1.8295	\$ 1.7461	\$ 1.266			
Return of capital	0.3596	1.1348	1.194			
1250 gains	0.0900	0.0000	0.000			
Totals	\$ 2.2791	\$ 2.8809	\$ 2.460			

Vear Ended December 31

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

#### 13. Commitments and Contingencies

We have an outstanding letter of credit issued for the benefit of certain insurance companies that provide workers' compensation insurance to one of our tenants. Our obligation to provide the letter of credit terminates in 2009. At December 31, 2007, our obligation under the letter of credit was \$2,350,000.

We have an outstanding letter of credit issued for the benefit of certain insurance companies that provide liability and property insurance to one of our tenants. Our obligation to provide the letter of credit terminates in 2013. At December 31, 2007, our obligation under the letter of credit was \$1,000,000.

We have an outstanding letter of credit issued for the benefit of a village in Illinois that secures the completion and installation of certain public improvements by one of our tenants in connection with the development of a facility. Our obligation to provide the letter of credit terminates in 2010. At December 31, 2007, our obligation under the letter of credit was \$679,320.

We have an outstanding letter of credit issued for the benefit of a municipality in Pennsylvania in connection with the completion and installation of certain facility improvements by one of our subsidiaries. The improvements are expected to be completed in 2009. At December 31, 2007, our obligation under the letter of credit was \$485,810.

At December 31, 2007, we had outstanding construction financings of \$313,709,000 for leased properties and were committed to providing additional financing of approximately \$800,697,000 to complete construction. At December 31, 2007, we had contingent purchase obligations totaling \$25,621,000. These contingent purchase obligations primarily relate to deferred acquisition fundings and capital improvements. Deferred acquisition fundings are contingent upon an operator satisfying certain conditions such as payment coverage and value tests. Amounts due from the tenant are increased to reflect the additional investment in the property.

At December 31, 2007, we had operating lease obligations of \$54,993,000 relating to certain ground leases and Company office space. We incurred rental expense relating to our Company office space of \$678,000, \$939,000 and \$283,000 for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Regarding the property leases, we have sublease agreements with certain of our operators that require the operators to reimburse us for our monthly operating lease obligations. At December 31, 2007, aggregate future minimum rentals to be received under these noncancelable subleases totaled \$12,756,000.

At December 31, 2007, future minimum lease payments due under operating leases are as follows (in thousands):

2008	\$	3,148
2009		3,031
2010		2,865
2011		2,681
2012		2,742
Thereafter	_	40,526
Totals	\$	54,993

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

#### 14. Earnings Per Share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share (in thousands, except per share data):

	Year Ended December 31,				31,			
		2007		2006	_	2005	_	
Numerator for basic and diluted earnings per share — net income available to common stockholders	\$	116,272	\$	81,287	\$	62,692	į	
Denominator for basic earnings per share — weighted average shares		78,861		61,661	_	54,110	j	
Effect of dilutive securities:								
Employee stock options		150		136		181		
Non-vested restricted shares		398		248	_	208	}	
Potentially dilutive common shares		548		384		389	j	
Denominator for diluted earnings per share — adjusted weighted average shares		79,409		62,045		54,499	)	
Basic earnings per share	\$	1.47	\$	1.32	\$	1.16	j	
Diluted earnings per share	\$	1.46	\$	1.31	\$	1.15	,	
Basic earnings per share	\$	1.47	\$	1.32	\$	1.16	6	

The diluted earnings per share calculation excludes the dilutive effect of 123,000, 0 and 112,000 options for 2007, 2006 and 2005, respectively, because the exercise price was greater than the average market price. The Series E Cumulative Convertible and Redeemable Preferred Stock was not included in the calculations for 2007, 2006 and 2005 as the effect of the conversions was anti-dilutive. The \$345,000,000 Convertible Senior Notes due December 2026 and the Series G Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock were not included in the calculation for 2007 and 2006 as the effect of the conversion was anti-dilutive. The \$400,000,000 Convertible Senior Notes due July 2027 were not included in the calculation for 2007 as the effect of the conversion was anti-dilutive.

# 15. Disclosure about Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate that value.

Mortgage Loans and Other Real Estate Loan Receivable — The fair value of mortgage loans and other real estate loans receivable is generally estimated by discounting the estimated future cash flows using the current rates at which similar loans would be made to borrowers with similar credit ratings and for the same remaining maturities.

Cash and Cash Equivalents — The carrying amount approximates fair value.

Equity Investments — Equity investments are recorded at their fair market value.

Borrowings Under Unsecured Lines of Credit Arrangements — The carrying amount of the unsecured line of credit arrangement approximates fair value because the borrowings are interest rate adjustable.

Senior Unsecured Notes — The fair value of the senior unsecured notes payable was estimated based on publicly available trading prices.

Secured Debt — The fair value of all secured debt is estimated by discounting the estimated future cash flows using the current rates at which similar loans would be made to borrowers with similar credit ratings and for the same remaining maturities.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

Interest Rate Swap Agreements — Our interest rate swap agreements are recorded as assets or liabilities on the balance sheet at fair market value. Fair market value is estimated by a third party consultant, which utilizes pricing models that consider forward yield curves and discount rates.

The carrying amounts and estimated fair values of our financial instruments are as follows (in thousands):

		December 31, 2007				Decembe	r 31, 2006		
		Carrying Amount				Carrying Amount			Fair Value
Financial Assets:									
Mortgage loans receivable	\$	143,091	\$	149,144	\$	177,615	\$	180,537	
Other real estate loans receivable		238,303		239,951		16,833		16,833	
Equity investments(1)		1,408		1,408		4,700		4,700	
Cash and cash equivalents		30,269		30,269		36,216		36,216	
Interest rate swap agreements		(7,990)		(7,990)		902		902	
Financial Liabilities:									
Borrowings under unsecured lines of credit arrangements	\$	307,000	\$	307,000	\$	225,000	\$	225,000	
Senior unsecured notes(2)		1,890,192		1,902,031		1,541,814		1,575,532	
Secured debt		507,476		515,989		378,972		378,972	
Trust preferred liability		n/a		n/a		52,215		52,215	

- (1) Equity investments at December 31, 2006 were accounted for under the cost method which was a reasonable approximation of fair value. See Note 1 for additional information.
- (2) The Company previously used a discounted cash flow model to estimate the fair value of senior unsecured notes and reported a fair value estimate of \$1,895,672,000 in its Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

#### 16. Discontinued Operations

During the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005, we sold properties with carrying values of \$83,877,000, \$75,789,000 and \$88,098,000 for net gains of \$14,437,000, \$1,267,000 and \$3,227,000, respectively. In accordance with Statement No. 144, we have reclassified the income and expenses attributable to these properties to discontinued operations. Expenses include an allocation of interest expense based on property carrying values and our weighted average cost of debt. The following illustrates the reclassification impact of Statement No. 144 as a result of classifying the properties as discontinued operations (in thousands):

	Y	31,	
	2007	2006	2005
Revenues:			
Rental Income	\$ 7,133	\$ 14,939	\$ 26,533
Expenses:			
Interest expense	1,622	4,398	7,747
Depreciation and amortization	3,733	9,131	13,872
General and adminstrative	0	1,120	1,086
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net	\$ 1,778	\$ 290	\$ 3,828

# 17. Retirement Arrangements

Under the retirement plan and trust (the "401(k) Plan"), eligible employees may make contributions, and we may make matching contributions and a profit sharing contribution. Our contributions to the 401(k) Plan totaled \$441,000, \$413,000 and \$337,000 in 2007, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

We have a Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan ("SERP"), a non-qualified defined benefit pension plan, which provides certain executive officers with supplemental deferred retirement benefits. The SERP provides an opportunity for participants to receive retirement benefits that cannot be paid under our tax-qualified plans because of the restrictions imposed by ERISA and the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Benefits are based on compensation and length of service and the SERP is unfunded. No contributions by the Company are anticipated for the 2008 fiscal year. Benefit payments are expected to total \$3,290,000 during the next five fiscal years and no benefit payments are expected to occur during the succeeding five fiscal years. We use a December 31 measurement date for the SERP. The accrued liability on our balance sheet for the SERP was \$1,915,000 at December 31, 2007 (\$1,597,000 at December 31, 2006).

The following tables provide a reconciliation of the changes in the SERP's benefit obligations and a statement of the funded status for the periods indicated (in thousands):

	Year Endec	1 December 31, 2006
Reconciliation of benefit obligation:		
Obligation at January 1	<b>\$ 1,597</b>	\$ 1,255
Service cost	362	352
Interest cost	96	72
Actuarial (gain)/loss	(140)	(82)
Obligation at December 31	\$ 1,915	\$ 1,597
		ber 31, 2006
Funded status:		
Funded status at December 31	\$ (1,915)	\$ (1,597)
Unrecognized (gain)/loss	0	0
Prepaid/(accrued) benefit cost	\$ (1,915)	\$ (1,597)

The accrued benefit cost increased \$135,000 during 2006 as a result of adopting SFAS 158. See Note 1 for additional information.

The following table shows the components of net periodic benefit costs for the periods indicated (in thousands):

	Yea Yea	r Enaea
	Dece	mber 31,
	2007	2006
Service cost	\$ 362	\$ 352
Interest cost	96	72
Net actuarial loss	0	8
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 458	\$ 432

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

The following table provides information for the SERP, which has an accumulated benefit in excess of plan assets (in thousands):

	Decem	Der 31,
	2007	2006
Projected benefit obligation	\$ 1,915	\$ 1,597
Accumulated benefit obligation	1,420	1,121
Fair value of assets	n/a	n/a

The following table reflects the weighted-average assumptions used to determine the benefit obligations and net periodic benefit cost for the SERP:

	Bene		Net Periodic B	enent Cost	
	Obligat	ded			
	Decembe	December 31, December 3			
	2007	2006	2007	2006	
Discount rate	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	5.75%	
Rate of compensation increase	4.25%	4.25%	4.25%	4.00%	
Expected long-term return on plan assets	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	

#### 18. Segment Reporting

We invest across the full spectrum of senior housing and health care real estate. We evaluate our business and make resource allocations on our two business segments — investment properties and operating properties. Under the investment property segment, we invest in senior housing and health care real estate through acquisition and financing of primarily single tenant properties. Properties acquired are primarily leased under triple-net leases and we are not involved in the management of the property. Our primary investment property types include skilled nursing facilities, assisted living facilities, independent living/continuing care retirement communities and specialty care facilities. Under the operating property segment, we primarily invest in medical office buildings that are typically leased under gross leases, modified gross leases or triple-net leases, to multiple tenants, and generally require a certain level of property management. The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies (see Note 1). There are no intersegment sales or transfers. We evaluate performance based upon net operating income of the combined properties in each segment.

Non-segment revenue consists mainly of revenues from our Development Services Group ("DSG"), interest income on non-real estate investments and other income. Non-segment assets consist of DSG and corporate assets including cash, accounts receivable and deferred financing costs among others. Non-property specific revenues and expenses are not allocated to individual segments in determining net operating income.

 $Summary\ information\ for\ the\ reportable\ segments\ during\ the\ years\ ended\ December\ 31,\ 2007\ and\ 2006\ is\ as\ follows\ (in\ thousands):$ 

	 Rental ncome(1)	Interest Income	 Other Income	 Total Revenues	0	roperty perating expenses	Net Operating ncome(2)	De	eal Estate preciation/ nortization	Interest Expense	_	Total Assets
Year ended December 31, 2007:												
Investment Properties	\$ 338,010	\$ 25,823	\$ 2,413	\$ 366,246	\$	0	\$ 366,246	\$	100,632	\$ 8,763	\$	3,704,689
Operating Properties	119,287	0	497	119,784		37,475	82,309		48,994	22,884		1,307,931
Non-segment/Corporate	0	0	7,125	7,125		0	7,125		0	104,655		201,236
	\$ 457,297	\$ 25,823	\$ 10,035	\$ 493,155	\$	37,475	\$ 455,680	\$	149,626	\$ 136,302	\$	5,213,856

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

	<u></u>	Rental Income(1)		Interest Income					Property Operating Expenses		Net Operating Income(2)		Real Estate Depreciation/ Amortization		Interest Expense		_	Total Assets
Year ended December 31, 2006:																		
Investment Properties	\$	302,161	\$	18,829	\$	351	\$	321,341	\$	0	\$	321,341	\$	96,351	\$	9,041	\$	3,148,595
Operating Properties		3,474		0		0		3,474		1,115		2,359		1,213		600		974,298
Non-segment/Corporate		0		0		3,573		3,573		0		3,573		0		87,193		157,717
	\$	305,635	\$	18,829	\$	3,924	\$	328,388	\$	1,115	\$	327,273	\$	97,564	\$	96,834	\$	4,280,610

Includes amounts from discontinued operations.

# 19. Quarterly Results of Operations (Unaudited)

The following is a summary of our unaudited quarterly results of operations for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 (in thousands, except per share data):

	Year Ended December 31, 2007												
	1s	t Quarter	2r	d Quarter	3r	d Quarter	4th	Quarter(2)					
Revenues — as reported	\$	112,645	\$	119,252	\$	125,076	\$	133,532					
Discontinued operations		(2,286)		(1,522)		(675)		0					
Revenues — as adjusted(1)	\$	110,359	\$	117,730	\$	124,401	\$	133,532					
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	23,356	\$	25,620	\$	24,529	\$	42,768					
Net income available to common stockholders per share:													
Basic	\$	0.32	\$	0.32	\$	0.30	\$	0.52					
Diluted		0.32		0.32		0.30		0.52					

	Year Ended December 31, 2006											
	15	st Quarter	2n	d Quarter	3r	d Quarter	4tl	n Quarter(3)				
Revenues — as reported	\$	77,413	\$	80,176	\$	80,745	\$	87,787				
Discontinued operations		(3,730)		(3,840)		(2,682)		(2,420)				
Revenues — as adjusted(1)	\$	73,683	\$	76,336	\$	78,063	\$	85,367				
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	19,645	\$	22,668	\$	21,480	\$	17,494				
Net income available to common stockholders per share:												
Basic	\$	0.34	\$	0.37	\$	0.34	\$	0.27				
Diluted		0.34		0.37		0.34		0.27				

<sup>(1)</sup> In accordance with FASB Statement No. 144, we have reclassified the income attributable to the properties sold subsequent to January 1, 2002 and attributable to the properties held for sale at December 31, 2007 to discontinued operations. See Note 16.

<sup>(2)</sup> Net operating income ("NOI") is used to evaluate the operating performance of our properties. We define NOI as total revenues, including tenant reimbursements, less property level operating expenses, which exclude depreciation and amortization, general and administrative expenses, impairments, interest expense and discontinued operations. We believe NOI provides investors relevant and useful information because it measures the operating performance of our properties at the property level on an unleveraged basis. We use NOI to make decisions about resource allocations and to assess the property level performance of our properties.

 $All\ assets,\ revenues\ and\ expenses\ for\ the\ year\ ended\ December\ 31,\ 2005\ were\ attributable\ to\ our\ investment\ property\ segment.$ 

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

- (2) The increase in net income and amounts per share are primarily attributable to gains on sales of real property (\$11,662,000), additional other income related to the payoff of a warrant equity investment (\$3,900,000) and gains on extinguishment of debt (\$1,081,000).

  (3) The decrease in net income and amounts per share are primarily attributable to costs associated with the Windrose merger (\$5,213,000) and the write-off of a straight-line rent receivable (\$5,143,000), offset by the favorable impact of prior period adjustments resulting from reassessment of straight-line rent revenue recognition policies (\$3,266,000).

#### Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

Not applicable.

#### Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

#### **Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

An evaluation was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report.

#### Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended). The Company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The Company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements. Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Management has assessed the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2007 based on the criteria established by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission in a report entitled Internal Control — Integrated Framework. Based on this assessment, using the criteria above, management concluded that the Company's system of internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2007.

The independent registered public accounting firm of Ernst & Young LLP, as auditors of the Company's consolidated financial statements, has issued an attestation report on the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

### **Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

No change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) occurred during the fourth quarter of the one-year period covered by this report that materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

### Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

The Board of Directors and Shareholders of Health Care REIT, Inc.

We have audited Health Care REIT, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2007, based on criteria established in Internal Control — Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (the COSO criteria). Health Care REIT Inc.'s management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting included in the accompanying Management Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, Health Care REIT, Inc. maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2007, based on the COSO criteria.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheets of Health Care REIT, Inc. as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, and the related consolidated statements of income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2007 of Health Care REIT, Inc. and our report dated February 27, 2008 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Toledo, Ohio February 27, 2008

#### Item 9B. Other Information

None

# PART III

#### Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

The information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference to the information under the headings "Election of Directors," "Executive Officers," "Board and Committees," "Communications with the Board" and "Security Ownership of Directors and Management and Certain Beneficial Owners — Section 16(a) Compliance" in our definitive proxy statement, which will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") prior to April 30, 2008.

We have adopted a Code of Business Conduct & Ethics that applies to our directors, officers and employees. The code is posted on the Internet at www.hcreit.com and is available from the Company upon written request to the Senior Vice President — Administration and Corporate Secretary, Health Care REIT, Inc., One SeaGate, Suite 1500, P.O. Box 1475, Toledo, Ohio 43603-1475. Any amendment to, or waivers from, the code that relate to any officer or director of the Company will be promptly disclosed on the Internet at www.hcreit.com.

In addition, the Board has adopted charters for the Audit, Compensation and Nominating/Corporate Governance Committees. These charters are posted on the Internet at www.hcreit.com and are available from the Company upon written request to the Senior Vice President — Administration and Corporate Secretary, Health Care REIT, Inc., One SeaGate, Suite 1500, P.O. Box 1475, Toledo, Ohio 43603-1475.

#### Item 11. Executive Compensation

The information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference to the information under the headings "Executive Compensation," "Compensation Committee Report" and "Director Compensation" in our definitive proxy statement, which will be filed with the Commission prior to April 30, 2008.

#### Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

The information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference to the information under the headings "Security Ownership of Directors and Management and Certain Beneficial Owners" and "Equity Compensation Plan Information" in our definitive proxy statement, which will be filed with the Commission prior to April 30, 2008.

#### Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions and Director Independence

The information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference to the information under the headings "Board and Committees — Independence and Meetings" and "Certain Relationships and Related Transactions" in our definitive proxy statement, which will be filed with the Commission prior to April 30, 2008.

#### Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services

The information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference to the information under the heading "Ratification of the Appointment of the Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm" and "Pre-Approval Policies and Procedures" in our definitive proxy statement, which will be filed with the Commission prior to April 30, 2008.

#### PART IV

#### Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

(a) 1. Our Consolidated Financial Statements are included in Part II, Item 8:

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	64
Consolidated Balance Sheets — December 31, 2007 and 2006	65
Consolidated Statements of Income — Years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005	66
Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity — Years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005	67
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows — Years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005	68
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	69

- 2. The following Financial Statement Schedules are included in Item 15(c):
  - III Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation
  - IV Mortgage Loans on Real Estate

All other schedules for which provision is made in the applicable accounting regulation of the Securities and Exchange Commission are not required under the related instructions or are inapplicable and therefore have been omitted.

#### 3. Exhibit Index:

- 2.1 Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of September 12, 2006, by and among Health Care REIT, Inc., Heat Merger Sub, LLC, Heat OP Merger Sub, L.P., Windrose Medical Properties Trust and Windrose Medical Properties, L.P. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed September 15, 2006, and incorporated
- 2.2 Amendment No. 1 to Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of October 12, 2006, by and among Health Care REIT, Inc., Heat Merger Sub, LLC, Heat OP Merger Sub, L.P., Windrose Medical Properties Trust and Windrose Medical Properties, L.P. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed October 13, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- Second Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 20, 2000, and incorporated 3.1 herein by reference thereto).
- 3.2 Certificate of Designation, Preferences and Rights of Junior Participating Preferred Stock, Series A, of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 20, 2000, and incorporated herein by reference thereto). Certificate of Amendment of Second Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 10-K filed
- 3.3 March 20, 2000, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 3.4 Certificate of Amendment of Second Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed June 13, 2003, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).

  Certificate of Designation of 77/8% Series D Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 2.5 to the Company's Form 8-A/A
- 3.5 filed July 8, 2003, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- Certificate of Designation of 6% Series E Cumulative Convertible and Redeemable Preferred Stock of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's 3.6 Form 8-K filed October 1, 2003, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- Certificate of Designation of 75/8% Series F Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 2.5 to the Company's Form 8-A 3.7 filed September 10, 2004, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).

- 3.8 Certificate of Designation of 7.5% Series G Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed December 20, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 3.9 Certificate of Amendment of Second Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.9 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed August 9, 2007, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 3.10 Second Amended and Restated By-Laws of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed October 29, 2007, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.1 The Company, by signing this Report, agrees to furnish the Securities and Exchange Commission upon its request a copy of any instrument that defines the rights of holders of long-term debt of the Company and authorizes a total amount of securities not in excess of 10% of the total assets of the Company.
- 4.2 Indenture dated as of April 17, 1997 between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed April 21, 1997, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.3 First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 17, 1997, to Indenture dated as of April 17, 1997, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed April 21, 1997, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.4 Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of March 13, 1998, to Indenture dated as of April 17, 1997, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed March 11, 1998, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.5 Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of March 18, 1999, to Indenture dated as of April 17, 1997, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed March 17, 1999, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.6 Fourth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of August 10, 2001, to Indenture dated as of April 17, 1997, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed August 9, 2001, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.7 Supplemental Indenture No. 5, dated September 10, 2003, to Indenture dated as of April 17, 1997, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed September 24, 2003, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.8 Amendment No. 1, dated September 16, 2003, to Supplemental Indenture No. 5, dated September 10, 2003, to Indenture dated as of April 17, 1997, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Form 8-K filed September 24, 2003, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.9 Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed September 9, 2002, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.10 Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated as of September 6, 2002, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed September 9, 2002, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.11 Amendment No. 1, dated March 12, 2003, to Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated as of September 6, 2002, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed March 14, 2003, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.12 Supplemental Indenture No. 2, dated as of September 10, 2003, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed September 24, 2003, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
   4.13 Amendment No. 1, dated September 16, 2003, to Supplemental Indenture No. 2, dated as of September 10, 2003, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of
- 4.13 Amendment No. 1, dated September 16, 2003, to Supplemental Indenture No. 2, dated as of September 10, 2003, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.4 to the Company's Form 8-K filed September 24, 2003, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).

- 4.14 Supplemental Indenture No. 3, dated as of October 29, 2003, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed October 30, 2003, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.15 Amendment No. 1, dated September 13, 2004, to Supplemental Indenture No. 3, dated as of October 29, 2003, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., as successor to Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed September 13, 2004, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.16 Supplemental Indenture No. 4, dated as of April 27, 2005, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed April 28, 2005, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.17 Supplemental Indenture No. 5, dated as of November 30, 2005, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed November 30, 2005, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.18 Indenture, dated as of November 20, 2006, between the Company and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed November 20, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.19 Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated as of November 20, 2006, between the Company and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed November 20, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.20 Supplemental Indenture No. 2, dated as of July 20, 2007, between Health Care REIT, Inc. and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the SEC as Exhibit 4.1 to Health Care REIT, Inc.'s Form 8-K filed July 20, 2007, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.21 Form of Indenture for Senior Subordinated Debt Securities (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.9 to the Company's Form S-3 (File No. 333-73936) filed November 21, 2001, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.22 Form of Indenture for Junior Subordinated Debt Securities (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.10 to the Company's Form S-3 (File No. 333-73936) filed November 21, 2001, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 10.1 Fourth Amended and Restated Loan Agreement, dated as of August 6, 2007, by and among Health Care REIT, Inc. and certain of its subsidiaries, the banks signatory thereto, KeyBank National Association, as administrative agent, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., as syndication agent, and UBS Securities LLC, Bank of America, N.A., JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Barclays Bank PLC, Calyon New York Branch and Fifth Third Bank, as documentation agents (filed with the SEC as Exhibit 10.2 to Health Care REIT, Inc.'s Form 10-Q filed August 9, 2007, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 10.2 Health Care REIT, Inc. Interest Rate & Currency Risk Management Policy adopted on May 6, 2004 (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.6 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed July 23, 2004, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 10.3 The 1995 Stock Incentive Plan of Health Care REIT, Inc. (filed with the Commission as Appendix II to the Company's Proxy Statement for the 1995 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, filed September 29, 1995, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.4 First Amendment to the 1995 Stock Incentive Plan of Health Care REIT, Inc. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form S-8 (File No. 333-40771) filed November 21, 1997, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- Second Amendment to the 1995 Stock Incentive Plan of Health Care REIT, Inc. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Form S-8 (File No. 333-73916) filed November 21, 2001, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
   Third Amendment to the 1995 Stock Incentive Plan of Health Care REIT, Inc. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.15 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 12, 2004,
- 10.6 Third Amendment to the 1995 Stock Incentive Plan of Health Care REIT, Inc. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.15 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 12, 2004, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*

- 10.7 Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors of Health Care REIT, Inc. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed May 10, 2004, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.8 First Amendment to the Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors of Health Care REIT, Inc. effective April 21, 1998 (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed May 10, 2004, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.9 Health Care REIT, Inc. 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Appendix A to the Company's Proxy Statement for the 2005 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, filed March 28, 2005, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.10 Form of Stock Option Agreement for Executive Officers under the 1995 Stock Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.17 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 16, 2005, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.11 Form of Restricted Stock Agreement for Executive Officers under the 1995 Stock Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.18 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 16, 2005, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.12 Form of Stock Option Agreement under the Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Form 10-Q/A filed October 27, 2004, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.13 Form of Restricted Stock Agreement under the Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.20 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 16, 2005, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.14 Form of Stock Option Agreement (with Dividend Equivalent Rights) for the Chief Executive Officer under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.18 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.15 Form of Stock Option Agreement (with Dividend Equivalent Rights) for Executive Officers under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.19 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.16 Form of Stock Option Agreement (without Dividend Equivalent Rights) for the Chief Executive Officer under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.20 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.17 Form of Stock Option Agreement (without Dividend Equivalent Rights) for Executive Officers under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.21 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.18 Form of Restricted Stock Agreement for the Chief Executive Officer under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.22 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.19 Form of Restricted Stock Agreement for Executive Officers under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.23 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.20 Form of Deferred Stock Unit Grant Agreement for Non-Employee Directors under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.24 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.21 Restricted Stock Agreement, dated January 22, 2007, by and between Health Care REIT and Raymond W. Braun (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed January 25, 2007, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.22 Stock Option Agreement, dated December 20, 2006, between Health Care REIT, Inc. and Daniel R. Loftus (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed May 10, 2007, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 10.23 Third Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated January 22, 2007, by and between the Company and George L. Chapman (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed January 25, 2007, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*

- 10.24 Second Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, effective January 1, 2004, by and between Health Care REIT, Inc. and Raymond W. Braun (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.18 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 12, 2004, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- Second Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, effective January 1, 2004, by and between Health Care REIT, Inc. and Erin C. Ibele (filed with the Commission as 10.25 Exhibit 10.19 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 12, 2004, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.26 Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, effective January 1, 2004, by and between Health Care REIT, Inc. and Charles J. Herman, Jr. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.20 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 12, 2004, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, effective March 17, 2006, by and between Health Care REIT, Inc. and Scott A. Estes (filed with the Commission as 10.27 Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed May 10, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- Employment Agreement, effective July 1, 2004, by and between Health Care REIT, Inc. and Jeffrey H. Miller (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's 10.28 Form 10-Q filed July 23, 2004, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- Consulting Agreement dated as of September 12, 2006 between the Company and Fred S. Klipsch (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form S-4 filed 10.29 October 13, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.30 Consulting Agreement dated as of September 12, 2006 between the Company and Frederick L. Farrar (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Form S-4 filed October 13, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).3
- 10.31 Employment Agreement dated as of September 12, 2006 between the Company and Daniel R. Loftus (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Form S-4 filed October 13, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.32 Health Care REIT, Inc. Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan, effective as of January 1, 2001 (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.19 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2003, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- Health Care REIT, Inc. Executive Loan Program, effective as of August 1999 (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.20 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2003, 10.33 and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.34 Form of Indemnification Agreement between the Company and each director, executive officer and officer of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed February 18, 2005, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.35 Summary of Director Compensation.
- 14 Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 14 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 12, 2004, and incorporated herein by reference
- 21
- Subsidiaries of the Company.

  Consent of Ernst & Young LLP, independent registered public accounting firm. 23
- Power of Attorney executed by William C. Ballard, Jr. (Director). 24.1
- 24.2 Power of Attorney executed by Pier C. Borra (Director).
- 24.3 Power of Attorney executed by Raymond W. Braun (President and Director).
- 24.4 Power of Attorney executed by Thomas J. DeRosa (Director).
- 24.5 Power of Attorney executed by Jeffrey H. Donahue (Director).
- Power of Attorney executed by Peter J. Grua (Director). 24.6
- Power of Attorney executed by Fred S. Klipsch (Director). 24.7
- 24.8 Power of Attorney executed by Sharon M. Oster (Director). 24.9
- Power of Attorney executed by Jeffrey R. Otten (Director). 24.10 Power of Attorney executed by R. Scott Trumbull (Director).
- Power of Attorney executed by George L. Chapman (Director, Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer and Principal Executive Officer). 24.11

- Power of Attorney executed by Scott A. Estes (Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer and Principal Financial Officer). Power of Attorney executed by Paul D. Nungester, Jr. (Vice President and Controller and Principal Accounting Officer). Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer. 24.12
- 24.13
- 31.1
- 31.2 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer.
- 32.1
- Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 by Chief Executive Officer. Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 by Chief Financial Officer. 32.2
  - \* Management Contract or Compensatory Plan or Arrangement.

# (b) Exhibits:

The exhibits listed in Item 15(a)(3) above are either filed with this Form 10-K or incorporated by reference in accordance with Rule 12b-32 of the Securities Exchange Act of

# (c) Financial Statement Schedules:

Financial statement schedules are included on pages 104 through 116.  $\,$ 

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

# HEALTH CARE REIT, INC.

By:	: /s/ George L. Chapman
	Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Director
Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been the capacities indicated.	a signed below on February 27, 2008, by the following person on behalf of the Company and
/s/ William C. Ballard, Jr.*	/s/ Sharon M. Oster*
William C. Ballard, Jr., Director	Sharon M. Oster, Director
/s/ Pier C. Borra*	/s/ Jeffrey R. Otten*
Pier C. Borra, Director	Jeffrey R. Otten, Director
/s/ Raymond W. Braun*	/s/ R. Scott Trumbull*
Raymond W. Braun, President and Director	R. Scott Trumbull, Director
/s/ Thomas J. Derosa*	/s/ George L. Chapman
Thomas J. DeRosa, Director	George L. Chapman, Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Director (Principal Executive Officer)
/s/ Jeffrey H. Donahue*	/s/ Scott A. Estes*
Jeffrey H. Donahue, Director	Scott A. Estes, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)
/s/ Peter J. Grua*	/s/ Paul D. Nungester, Jr.*
Peter J. Grua, Director	Paul D. Nungester, Jr., Vice President and Controller (Principal Accounting Officer)
/s/ Fred S. Klipsch*	
Fred S. Klipsch, Vice Chairman	
	*By:/s/ George L. Chapman
	George L. Chapman, Attorney-in-Fact
103	3

# SCHEDULE III REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION December 31, 2007

		Initial (	Cost to Company	Cost Capitalized		Gross Amount at Whi Carried at Close of Per			
Description	Encumbrances	Land	Buildings & Improvements	Subsequent to Acquisition	Land	Buildings & Improvements	Accumulated Depreciation	Year Acquired	Year Built
				(Dollars in tho	usands)				
Assisted Living Facilities:									
Alhambra, CA Amarillo, TX	\$ 0	\$ 420 390	\$ 2,534 5,100	\$ 0 0	\$ 420 390	\$ 2,534 5,100	\$ 481 437	1999 2004	1999 1996
Asheboro, NC(3)	3,472	290	5,100	166	290	5,100	608	2004	1998
Asheville, NC	3,472	204	3,490	0	204	3,490	899	1999	1999
Asheville, NC	0	280	1,955	351	280	2,306	307	2003	1992
Auburn, MA(1)	0	1.050	7,950	0	1.050	7,950	959	2003	1997
Azusa, CA	0	570	3,141	0	570	3,141	624	1998	1988
Baltimore, MD	0	510	4,515	0	510	4,515	615	2003	1999
Bartlesville, OK	0	100	1,380	0	100	1,380	472	1996	1995
Beaumont, TX	0	520	6,050	0	520	6,050	546	2004	1997
Bellevue, WI	0	1,740	18,260	0	1,740 300	18,260	729	2006 2003	2004
Bellingham, WA Bradenton, FL	0	300 252	3,200 3,298	0	300 252	3,200 3,298	372 1,146	2003 1996	1994 1995
Bradenton, FL Bradenton, FL	0	100	1,700	942	100	2,642	1,039	1999	1996
Brandon, FL	0	860	7,140	0	860	7,140	796	2003	1990
Bremerton, WA	0	390	2,210	94	390	2,304	58	2006	1999
Burlington, NC	0	280	4,297	707	280	5,004	583	2003	2000
Burlington, NC(3)	2,736	460	5,467	0	460	5,467	658	2003	1997
Butte, MT	0	550	3,957	43	550	4,000	778	1998	1999
Canton, OH	0	300	2,098	0	300	2,098	543	1998	1998
Cape Coral, FL	0	530	3,281	0	530	3,281	529	2002	2000
Cary, NC	0	1,500	4,350	986	1,500	5,336	1,244	1998	1996
Cedar Hill, TX	0	171	1,490	0	171	1,490	481 495	1997 2002	1996
Chapel Hill, NC Chelmsford, MA(2)	8,765	354 1.040	2,646 10,951	783 0	354 1.040	3,429 10,951	1,235	2002	1997 1997
Chickasha, OK	0,703	1,040	1,395	0	1,040	1,395	470	1996	1996
Chubbuck, ID	0	125	5,375	0	125	5,375	638	2003	1996
Claremore, OK	0	155	1,428	0	155	1,428	456	1996	1996
Clarksville, TN	0	330	2,292	0	330	2,292	587	1998	1998
Cleburne, TX	0	520	5,411	0	520	5,411	74	2006	2007
Coeur D' Alene, ID	0	530	7,570	0	530	7,570	891	2003	1987
Columbia, TN	0	341	2,295	0	341	2,295	587	1999	1999
Concord, NC(3)	4,587	550	3,921	55	550	3,976	529	2003	1997
Corpus Christi, TX	0	155	2,935	15	155	2,950	1,401	1997	1996
Corpus Christi, TX Danville, VA	0	420 410	4,796 3,954	139 722	420 410	4,935 4,676	2,761 567	1996 2003	1997 1998
Darvine, VA Davton, OH	0	690	3,954 2,970	1,428	690	4,676	1.007	2003	1996
DeForest, WI	0	250	5,350	0	250	5,350	106	2007	2006
Desoto, TX	0	205	1,383	0	205	1,383	434	1996	1996
Duncan, OK	0	103	1,347	0	103	1,347	447	1995	1996
Durham, NC	0	1,476	10,659	2,197	1,476	12,856	5,132	1997	1999
Eden, NC(3)	2,975	390	4,877	0	390	4,877	606	2003	1998
Edmond, OK	0	175	1,564	0	175	1,564	509	1995	1996
Elizabeth City, NC	0	200	2,760	2,011	200	4,771	950	1998	1999
Encinitas, CA Enid, OK	0	1,460 90	7,721 1,390	0	1,460 90	7,721 1,390	1,651 475	2000 1995	2000 1995
Everett, WA	0	1,400	1,390 5,476	0	1,400	5,476	1.312	1999	1995
Fairfield, CA	0	1,460	14.040	0	1,460	14.040	2,307	2002	1998
Fairhaven, MA	0	770	6,230	0	770	6,230	621	2004	1999
Fayetteville, NY	0	410	3,962	500	410	4,462	704	2001	1997
Federal Way, WA	0	540	3,960	0	540	3,960	460	2003	1978
Findlay, OH	0	200	1,800	0	200	1,800	539	1997	1997
Flagstaff, AZ	0	540	4,460	0	540	4,460	531	2003	1999
Florence, NJ	0	300	2,978	0	300	2,978	477	2002	1999
Forest City, NC(3)	3,048	320	4,497	0	320	4,497	560	2003	1999
Fort Worth, TX	0 7.151	65	3,790	91	65	3,881	1,884	1996	1984
Fredericksburg, VA(5) Gastonia, NC(3)	7,151 4,055	1,000 470	20,000 6,129	303 0	1,000 470	20,303 6,129	1,444 731	2005 2003	1999 1998
Gastonia, NC(3) Gastonia, NC(3)	4,055 1,908	470 310	3,096	22	4/0 310	3,118	731 399	2003	1998
Gastonia, NC(3)	3,844	400	5,029	120	400	5,110	612	2003	1994
Georgetown, TX	3,044	200	2,100	0	200	2,100	614	1997	1997
Georgeonii, 171	· ·	200	2,100	· ·	200	2,100	014	1557	1337

Personal parameter   Person			Initial Cost to Company					Cost Capitalized			Amount at Whic l at Close of Peri				
Genellerins, CA  \$ 0 \$ 50 \$ 50 \$ \$ 2,70 \$ \$ 0 \$ \$ 30 \$ \$ 2,70 \$ \$ 20 \$ 200 \$ 9					1	Buildings &		Subsequent to	-	Bu	ildings &	Accı			
Grand Hermon, CA  S	Description	Encumbrances	L	and	Iı	nprovements	_			Imp	rovements	Dep	reciation	Acquired	Built
Generales, N. G. 19 0 00 0 6.5% 0 00 00 5.5% 74 000 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 30	Grand Terrace, CA	\$ 0	\$	530	\$	2,770	\$	•	,	\$	2,770	\$	282	2004	1982
Greenben, NC	Greenfield, WI										6,626				
Gerendin, NC(3)  (a) 3.56  200   4.323  108   200   4.501   3.31   203   198   200   200															
Geromins SC															
Highestern MD															
Hamber, CT															
Hamilan, N															
Hallagen, TX															
Hense, CX	Harlingen, TX	0		92				127	92						1989
Henderson, NY	Hattiesburg, MS			560											
Henderson, NY  1 0 380 4.30 4.1 380 4.01 199 200.  1 44 199 200.															
History, NC															
High Pricin, NC															
High Froim, NCC) 1.253 3.30 2.185 410 370 2.595 339 2003 1999 High Froim, NCC) 1.253 3.30 3.30 3.30 3.30 3.30 3.30 3.30 3.															
High Prioris, NCG3)  2,253  330  3,365  28  330  3,423  4,22  2003  1994  High Prioris, NCG3)  2,255  4,00  4,143  2,00  3,00  1,00															
High Pains, NC(5)	High Point, NC(3)	2.593									3.423				
Highlands Ranch CO  940  3.721  940  3.721  950  3.721  960  3.721  960  3.721  960  3.721  970  980  3.721  980  3.721  980  8,170  980  8,170  980  8,170  980  8,170  980  8,170  980  980  980  980  980  980  980  9	High Point, NC(3)							0							
Hoiston, TX	Highlands Ranch, CO	0						0							
Houston, TX															
Huchison, KS 0 600 10,590 0 600 10,590 912 2004 1997 Inchesion, TN 0 540 1.533 3,015 540 4,648 318 2003 1998 Inchesion, GA 0 460 1.334 0 0 460 1,304 188 2003 1998 Inchesion, GA 0 140 1.302 0 0 460 1,304 188 2003 1992 Inchesion, GA 0 1,000 10,036 125 1,100 10,161 4,105 1198 Inchesion, GA 0 940 20,318 0 540 23,318 4 2007 2000 Inchesion, GA 0 940 20,318 0 540 23,318 4 2007 2000 Inchesion, GA Inchesion, GA Inchesion, GA 0 940 20,318 0 540 23,318 4 2007 2000 Inchesion, GA Inches															
Jackson, TN  10   540   1,633   3,015   540   4,648   318   2003   1998   Joneborn, GA											2,640				
Jonesborn, GA															
Kalspell, MT A  0 360 3,282 0 360 3,282 829 1998 1998 Kenge, LA  0 1,100 10,036 125 1,100 10,161 4,106 1988 2000 Keng, VA  0 340 20,315 0 190 20,315 24 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20															
Kennic, LA (M2) (M3) (M4) (M5) (M5) (M5) (M5) (M5) (M5) (M5) (M5															
Kent, WA (A) (B) (A) (B) (A) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B															
Knoxville, TN	Kent, WA			940		20,318			940					2007	2000
Lake Havasu City, AZ  0 150 4,224 136 110 2,244 136 110 2,380 598 1998 1999- Lakel Havasu City, AZ  0 10 520 4,580 0 581 598 1998 1994- Lakeland, FL  0 520 4,580 0 520 4,580 535 5203 1991 Lakewood, NY  0 470 8,530 0 470 8,530 598 2033 19991 Lecanto, FL  0 299 8,598 641 200 6,500 633 2003 1999- Lecanto, FL  0 299 8,598 641 200 6,500 633 2003 1999- Lecanto, FL  0 299 8,598 641 200 6,500 633 2003 1999- Lecanto, FL  0 299 8,598 641 200 4,415 663 2002 1997- Longview, TX  0 610 5,520 0 610 5,520 87 2006 2007- Longview, TX  0 610 5,520 0 610 5,520 87 2006 2007- Longview, TX  0 610 5,520 0 610 5,520 87 2006 2007- Longview, TX  0 620 6,200 7,610 0 490 7,610 0 490 7,610 922 2003 1997- Lubbock, TX  0 7,444 0 7,444 0 7,444 0 7,444 1,4	Kirkland, WA(2)														
Lake Haysas Cify, AZ Lakeland, FL 1 0 520 4,500 0 520 4,500 0 520 4,500 536 2003 1994 Lakewaod, NY 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0															
Lakeword, FL  1	Lake Havasu City, AZ					4,223					4,223				
Lakewood, NY Lecanto, FL Lecan															
Lecanic, FL         0         200         6,900         0         200         6,900         633         2004         1986           Leonig, NC         0         190         3,748         641         190         4,915         633         2003         1998           Lexington, NC         0         200         3,900         1,015         200         4,915         693         2002         1997           Longview, TX         0         6320         4,440         0         3.20         4,440         405         2004         1997           Longview, TX         0         610         5,520         0         610         5,520         87         2006         2007           Longview, TX         0         610         5,520         0         610         5,520         87         2006         2007           Longview, TX         0         660         5,531         0         640         90         7,610         9,62         28,32         2007         1998           Lobox, CA         1,000         660         5,251         0         660         5,251         8         4         2006         2007         400         10         3,20															
Lenoir, NC															
Lexington, NC         0         200         3,900         1,015         200         4,915         693         2002         1997           Longview, TX         0         320         4,440         0         320         4,440         405         2004         1997           Longview, TX         0         610         5,520         0         610         5,520         87         2006         2007           Lubbock, TX         0         490         7,610         0         490         7,610         222         2003         1996           Mansstas, V4(2)         3,651         750         7,446         0         750         7,446         854         2003         1996           Marinsville, NC         0         660         5,251         0         660         5,251         84         200         200           Marinsville, NC         0         349         0         0         349         0         0         0         0         203           Marinsville, CA         0         349         0         0         349         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0<															
Longive, TX         0         610         5,520         0         610         5,520         87         2006         2007           Lubbock, TX         0         490         7,610         0         280         7,610         280         7,880         801         2003         1996           Manssass, V4(2)         3,551         750         7,446         0         750         7,446         84         2003         1996           Mansfield, TX         0         660         5,251         8         2003         1996           Margate, FL         0         560         5,251         84         2006         2007           Martinville, NC         0         349         0         0         349         0         0         203           Martinville, CA         0         349         0         0         349         0         0         0         200           Mathews, NC(3)         3,719         560         4,738         0         560         4,738         610         200         10           McHenry, II.         0         1,632         0         0         1,632         0         0         0         0         0	Lexington, NC	0		200		3,900					4,915		693	2002	1997
Louisville, KY         0         490         7,610         0         490         7,610         922         203         1995           Lababock, TX         0         280         6,220         1,660         280         7,880         801         10203         1996           Manassas, VA(2)         3,651         750         7,446         0         750         7,446         854         2003         1996           Margate, FL         0         660         5,251         0         660         5,251         84         2005         2007           Margate, FL         0         500         7,303         2,459         500         9,762         4,835         1998         1972           Marystlle, CA         0         349         0         0         349         0         0         349         0         0         0         9,762         4,835         1988         1972           Marystlle, CA         0         3,49         0         0         0         3,60         4,738         610         200         1988         1992           Marystlle, CA         0         1,632         0         0         50         4,738         610 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>															
Lubbock, TX															
Manassas, VA(2)         3651         750         7,446         0         750         7,446         854         2003         1996           Marasfiel, TX         0         660         5,251         0         660         5,251         84         2005         2007           Margiac, FL         0         500         7,303         2,459         500         9,762         4,835         1998         1972           Marysville, CA         0         349         0         0         349         0         0         369         0         0         2003           Marysville, CA         0         450         4,172         44         450         4,216         822         1998         1992           Mathews, NC(3)         3,719         560         4,738         0         560         4,738         610         200         10         200         1998         1998         1998         1992         MCHenry, IL         0         1,632         0         0         1,632         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0															
Mansfield, TX         0         660         5,251         0         660         5,251         84         2006         2007           Margate, FL         0         500         7,303         2,459         500         9,762         4,835         1998         1972           Martinsville, NC         0         349         0         0         349         0         0         203															
Margate, FL         0         500         7,303         2,459         500         9,762         4,835         1998         1972           Martinsville, NC         0         349         0         0         349         0         0         399         10         809         1972           Marysville, CA         0         450         4,172         44         450         4,216         822         1998         1998           McHeny, IL         0         1,632         0         0         1,632         0         0         0         200         1988           McHeny, IL         0         1,632         0         0         1,632         0         0         0         200         0         1,020         6,984         47         2006         2004         400         400         400         400         400         400         400         490         683         2004         1991         400         490         490         683         2004         1991         490         490         490         490         490         490         490         490         490         490         490         490         490         490         490															
Martinsville, NC         0         349         0         0         349         0         0         203           Marthews, NC(3)         379         560         4,172         44         450         4,216         822         1998         1999           Mathews, NC(3)         3,719         560         4,738         0         560         4,738         610         2003         1988           McHeny, IL         0         1,632         0         0         1,632         0         0         2006           McHeny, IL         0         3,550         15,300         0         3,550         15,300         404         2006         2007           McHeny, IL         0         0         1,632         0         0         1,530         404         2006         2007           McHeny, IL         0         0         960         7,780         0         950         7,780         683         2004         1998           Middleton, WI         0         400         4,906         600         420         4,606         630         2001         1991           Middleton, WI         0         400         4,930         0         400         <															
Maryshule, CA Ma															13/2
McHenry, II. 0 1,632 0 0 1,632 0 0 0,206	Marysville, CA			450		4,172		44	450		4,216		822	1998	
McHenry, I.															1998
Menomone Falls, WI         0         1,020         6,984         0         1,020         6,984         47         2006         2007           Middleburg Heights, OH         0         960         7,780         0         960         7,780         63         2001         1998           Middledur, WI         0         420         4,006         600         420         4,606         630         2001         1991           Midwar City, DK         0         400         4,930         0         400         4,930         438         2004         1997           Midwar City, DK         0         95         1,385         0         95         1,385         474         1996         1995           Monroe, NC         0         470         3,681         648         470         4,329         539         2003         2001           Monroe, NC         0         370         4,799         857         310         5,656         633         2003         2001           Morriera City, NC         0         200         3,104         1,648         200         4,752         936         1999         1999           Moses Lake, WA         0         260	McHenry, IL								1,632						
Middleburg Heighs, OH         0         960         7,780         0         990         7,780         683         2004         1998           Middleton, WI         0         420         4,006         600         420         4,606         630         2001         1991           Middleton, TX         0         400         4,930         0         400         4,930         438         2004         1997           Midwest City, OK         0         95         1,385         0         95         1,385         474         1996         1995           Missoula, MT(4)         6,363         550         7,490         0         550         7,490         465         2005         1998           Missoula, MT(4)         0         470         3,681         648         470         4,329         339         2003         2001           Morroe, NC         0         310         4,799         857         310         5,656         663         2003         2001           Morroe, NC(2)         3,295         450         4,021         114         450         4,135         508         2003         1997           Morroe, NC(2)         3,295         450															
Midland, TY 0 4,006 600 420 4,606 630 2001 1991 Midland, TX 0 0 400 4,930 0 400 4,930 33 2001 1991 Midwas City, OK 0 95 1,385 0 95 1,385 474 1996 1995 Missoula, MT(4) 6,636 35 50 7,490 0 55 7,490 465 2005 1998 Monroe, NC 0 0 470 3,681 648 470 4,329 539 2003 2001 Monroe, NC 0 0 310 4,799 857 310 5,656 663 2033 2001 Monroe, NC 3,295 450 4,021 114 450 4,135 508 2033 1997 Morehad City, NC 0 0 200 3,104 1,648 200 4,752 936 1099 1999 Moses Lake, WA 0 0 260 5,940 0 260 5,940 701 2003 1996 Mose Lake, WA 0 0 260 5,940 701 2003 1996 Mose Lake, WA 0 0 390 5,754 0 390 5,754 79 2006 2001 Nacogloches, TX 0 0 390 5,754 0 390 5,754 79 2006 2001 Nacogloches, TX 0 0 390 5,754 0 390 5,754 79 2006 2001 Nacogloches, TY 0 0 390 5,754 0 390 5,754 79 2006 1959 Newark, DE New York, NY 0 0 560 1,240 976 1,440 2,466 976 1,440 2,246 559 2006 1959 Newark, DE New York, NY 0 0 6,829 0 0 560 21,220 1,795 2040 1999 Norman, OK 0 560 8,290 0 560 8,290 1,272 2002 1999 Norman, OK 0 0 55 1,484 584 1995 1995 Norman, OK 0 0 332 2,558 644 1999 1995 Norman, OK 0 0 332 2,558 644 1999 1995 Norman, OK 0 0 390 5,554 0 332 2,558 644 1999 1995 Norman, OK 0 0 393 2,558 644 1999 1995 Norman, OK 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0															
Midland, TX         0         400         4,930         0         400         4,930         438         2004         1995           Midwest City, OK         0         95         1,385         0         95         1,385         474         1996         1995           Missoula, MT(4)         6,363         550         7,490         0         550         7,490         465         2003         1998           Missoula, MT(4)         0         470         3,681         648         470         4,329         539         2003         2001           Morroe, NC         0         310         4,799         857         310         5,656         663         2003         2001           Morriers (GI), NC         0         200         3,104         1,648         200         4,752         936         1999         1999           Mose Lake, WA         0         260         5,940         0         260         5,940         701         2003         1999           Mose Lake, WA         0         390         5,754         0         390         5,754         79         2006         2001           Nacogioches, TX         0         390         5,754 </td <td></td>															
Midwes City, OK 0 95 1,385 0 95 1,385 474 1996 1995 Missoula, MT(4) 6,636 550 7,490 0 550 7,490 465 505 1998 Monree, NC 0 0 470 3,681 648 470 4,329 539 2003 2001 Monree, NC 0 0 310 4,799 857 310 5,656 663 2003 2000 Monree, NC 3 295 450 4,021 114 450 4,135 508 2003 1997 Morehad City, NC 0 0 200 3,104 1,648 200 4,752 936 1999 1999 Moses Lake, WA 0 2 60 5,940 0 260 5,940 701 2003 1996 Moses Lake, WA 0 0 260 5,940 0 260 5,940 701 2003 1996 Moses Lake, WA 0 390 5,754 0 390 5,754 79 2006 2001 Nacogdoches, TX 0 0 390 5,754 0 390 5,754 79 2006 2001 Nacogdoches, TX 0 0 390 5,754 0 390 5,754 79 2006 2001 Nacogdoches, TX 0 0 390 5,754 0 390 5,754 79 2006 2007 New York, NY 0 0 390 5,754 0 390 5,754 59 2006 1959 New Ark, DE 0 500 500 1,440 21,460 976 1,440 22,436 559 2006 1959 Newark, DE 0 500 1,440 21,450 976 1,440 22,436 559 2006 1959 Newark, DE 0 500 1,440 21,450 976 1,440 22,436 559 2006 1959 Newark, DE 0 500 1,440 1,454 1,45															
Missoula, MT(4)         6,53         550         7,490         0         550         7,490         465         2005         1998           Monroe, NC         0         470         3,681         648         470         4,329         539         2003         2001           Momre, NC         0         310         4,799         857         310         5,656         663         2003         2001           Momre, NC(3)         3,295         450         4,021         114         450         4,135         508         2003         1997           Morehead City, NC         0         260         5,940         0         260         5,940         701         2003         1996           Mic Vernon, WA         0         260         5,940         0         260         5,940         701         2003         1996           New York, NY         0         390         5,754         0         390         5,754         79         2006         2001           New York, NY         0         1,440         21,460         976         1,440         22,436         559         2006         1959           Newark, DE         0         560         21,220 <td></td>															
Monroe, NC   0   310   4,799   857   310   5,656   663   2003   2000   2000   3104   4,799   4,721   114   450   4,135   508   2003   1997   Mornehad City, NC   0   200   3,104   1,648   200   4,752   936   1999   19	Missoula, MT(4)	6,363		550		7,490		0	550		7,490		465	2005	1998
Monree, NC(3)         3,25         450         4,021         114         450         4,135         508         2003         1997           Morehead City, NC         0         200         3,104         1,648         200         4,752         396         1999         1999           Moses Lake, WA         0         260         5,940         701         2003         1986           M. Vernor, WA         0         400         2,200         132         400         2,332         60         2001         2001           Nacogaloches, TX         0         390         5,754         0         390         5,754         79         2006         2001           New York, NY         0         1,440         21,460         976         1,440         22,436         559         2006         1959           Newalr, DE         0         560         21,220         0         560         21,220         1,795         2004         1998           Norman, OK         0         55         1,484         58         1995         1,995         1998           Norman, OK         0         55         1,484         0         55         1,484         584         1995<	Monroe, NC	0		470		3,681		648	470		4,329		539	2003	2001
Morehad City, NC         0         200         3,104         1,648         200         4,752         936         1999         1999           Moses Lake, WA         0         260         5,940         0         260         5,940         701         203         1986           Mt. Vernon, WA         0         400         2,200         132         400         2,332         60         2006         2001           Nacoglochies, TX         0         390         5,754         0         390         5,754         79         2006         2007           New York, NY         0         1,440         21,460         976         1,440         22,436         559         2006         1959           Newark, DE         0         560         21,220         0         560         21,220         1,795         2004         1938           Norman, OK         0         960         8,290         0         960         8,290         1,272         202         1999           Norman, OK         0         55         1,484         584         199         1998           North Augusta, SC         0         332         2,558         644         1999         1998<	Monroe, NC														
Moses Lake, WA         0         260         5,940         0         260         5,940         701         2003         1986           Mr. Vernon, WA         0         400         2,200         132         400         2,332         60         2001         2001         Nacogdoches, TX         0         390         5,754         79         2006         2007         New York, NY         0         1,440         21,460         976         1,440         22,436         559         2006         1959         Newark, DE         0         560         21,220         0         560         21,220         1,795         2004         1998         Norman, OK         0         960         8,290         0         960         8,290         1,272         201         1,795         2004         1999         1,795         2004         1999         1,795         2004         1999         1,795         2004         1,795         2004         1,795         2004         1,795         2004         1,795         2004         1,795         2004         1,795         2004         1,795         2004         1,795         2004         1,795         2004         1,795         2004         1,795         2004         1,795<															
Mt. Vernon, WA 0 400 2,200 132 400 2,332 60 2006 2001 Naccogdoches, TX 0 390 5,754 0 390 5,754 79 2006 2007 New York, NY 0 1,440 21,460 976 1,440 22,436 559 2006 1959 Newark, DE 0 560 21,220 0 560 21,220 1,795 2004 1938 NewBurk, DE 0 560 8,290 0 560 8,290 1,272 2002 1999 Norman, OK 0 55 1,484 584 1995 1995 Norman, OK 0 332 2,558 0 332 2,558 644 1999 1998											4,752				
Nacogloches, TX 0 390 5,754 0 390 5,754 79 2006 2007 1															
New York, NY         0         1,440         21,460         976         1,440         22,436         559         2006         1959           Newark, DE         0         560         21,220         0         560         21,220         1,795         2004         1998           Newburyport, MA         0         960         8,290         0         960         8,290         1,272         2002         1999           Norman, OK         0         55         1,484         0         55         1,484         58         1995         1998           North Augusta, SC         0         332         2,558         0         332         2,558         644         1999         1998															
Newark, DE 0 560 21,220 0 560 21,220 1,795 2004 1998 Newburyport, MA 0 960 8,290 0 960 8,290 1,272 2002 1999 Norman, OK 0 55 1,484 584 1995 1995 North Augusta, SC 0 332 2,558 644 1999 1998															
Newburyport, MA 0 960 8,290 0 960 8,290 1,272 2002 1999 Norman, OK 0 55 1,484 0 555 1,484 584 1995 1995 North Augusta, SC 0 332 2,558 644 1999 1998				560		21,220		0			21,220		1,795	2004	
Norman, OK 0 55 1,484 0 55 1,484 584 1995 1995 North Augusta, SC 0 332 2,558 644 1999 1998	Newburyport, MA														
North Augusta, SC 0 332 2,558 0 332 2,558 644 1999 1998	Norman, OK	0		55		1,484		0	55		1,484		584	1995	1995
North Miami Beach, FL 0 300 5,709 2,006 300 7,715 3,669 1998 1987	North Augusta, SC			332		2,558			332		2,558		644	1999	1998
2 500 5,700 500 7,710 5,000 1500	North Miami Beach, FL	0		300		5,709		2,006	300		7,715		3,669	1998	1987

		Initial Cost to Company		Cost Capitalized		Gross Amount at Which Carried at Close of Period			
Description	Encumbrances	Land	Buildings & Improvements	Subsequent to Acquisition (Dollars in	Land	Buildings & Improvements	Accumulated Depreciation	Year Acquired	Year Built
North Oklahoma City, OK	S 0	S 87	\$ 1.50	,	0 \$ 87	\$ 1,508	\$ 475	1996	1996
Ocean Shores, WA	5 0	770	1,39		0 5 6/	1,390	\$ 4/5 146	2004	1996
Ogden, UT	0	360	6,70		0 360	6,700	595	2004	1998
Oklahoma City, OK	0	130	1,35		0 130	1,350	450	1995	1996
Oklahoma City, OK	0	220	2,94		0 220	2,943	681	1999	1999
Oneonta, NY	0	80	5,02		0 80	5,020	43	2007	1996
Ontario, OR	0	90	2.11		0 90	2.110	246	2003	1985
Oshkosh, WI	0	900	3,80			7,487	273	2006	2005
Owasso, OK	0	215	1.38		0 215	1,380	440	1996	1996
Palestine, TX	0	173	1,41		0 173	1,410	451	1996	1996
Palestine, TX	0	180	4,32		0 180	4,320	174	2006	2005
Paris, TX	0	490	5,45	2	0 490	5,452	423	2005	2006
Paso Robles, CA	0	1,770	8,63	D	0 1,770	8,630	1,408	2002	1998
Phoenix, AZ	0	1,000	6,50	D	0 1,000	6,500	782	2003	1999
Pinehurst, NC	0	290	2,69	0 4	84 290	3,174	409	2003	1998
Piqua, OH	0	204	1,88	5	0 204	1,885	513	1997	1997
Pittsburgh, PA	0	1,750	8,57	2 1	15 1,750	8,687	671	2005	1998
Pocatello, ID	0	470	1,93	D	0 470	1,930	252	2003	1991
Ponca City, OK	0	114	1,53		0 114	1,536	520	1995	1995
Portland, OR	0	628	3,58		32 628	3,817	893	1998	1999
Quincy, MA	0	2,690	15,41		0 2,690	15,411	1,218	2004	1999
Reidsville, NC	0	170	3,83		57 170	4,687	671	2002	1998
Reno, NV	0	1,060	11,44		0 1,060	11,440	1,004	2004	1998
Ridgeland, MS(2)	4,637	520	7,67		0 520	7,675	882	2003	1997
Rocky Hill, CT	0	1,460	7,04		0 1,460	7,040	1,202	2002	1998
Rocky Hill, CT	0	1,090	6,71	D	0 1,090	6,710	819	2003	1996
Romeoville, IL	0	1,895			0 1,895	0	0	2006	
Roswell, GA	0	620	2,20		84 620	2,384	392	2002	1997
Salem, OR	0	449	5,17		0 449	5,172	1,284	1999	1998
Salisbury, NC(3)	3,570	370	5,69		68 370	5,865	691	2003	1997
Salt Lake City, UT	0	1,060	6,14		0 1,060	6,142	1,196	1999	1986
San Angelo, TX	0	260	8,80		0 260	8,800	757	2004	1997
San Juan Capistrano, CA	0	1,390	6,94		0 1,390	6,942	1,226	2000	2001
Sarasota, FL	0	475	3,17		0 475	3,175	1,104	1996	1995
Sarasota, FL	0	1,190	4,81		0 1,190	4,810	595	2003	1988
Seven Fields, PA	0	484	4,66		59 484	4,722	1,176	1999	1999
Shawnee, OK	0	80	1,40		0 80	1,400	475	1996	1995
Sheboygan, WI	0	80	5,32		0 80	5,320	219	2006	2006
Sherman, TX	0	700	5,22		0 700	5,220	141	2005	2006
Smithfield, NC(3)	3,471	290	5,68		0 290	5,680	691	2003	1998
Statesville, NC	0	150	1,44		66 150	1,713	220	2003	1990
Smithfield, NC(3)	2,842	310	6,18		7 310	6,190	721	2003	1996
Smithfield, NC(3)	2,434	140	3,62		0 140	3,627	445	2003	1999
Staunton, VA	0	140	8,35		0 140 0 80	8,359	997	2003	1999
Stillwater, OK	0	80	1,40			1,400	478	1995	1995
Tewksbury, MA	0	1,520 192	5,48		0 1,520 0 192	5,480	612 446	2003 1996	1989
Texarkana, TX	0	200	1,40			1,403			1996
Troy, OH Tyler, TX	0	650	2,000 5,26		0 200 0 650	2,000 5,267	588 84	1997 2006	1997 2007
Valparaiso, IN	0	112	2,55		0 050	2,558	468	2000	1998
Valparaiso, IN	0	108	2,556		0 108	2,556	530	2001	1998
Vero Beach, FL	0	263	3,18		0 263	3,187	565	2001	1999
	0	296			0 296				
Vero Beach, FL W. Hartford, CT	0	2,650	3,26 5,98	n	0 2,650	3,263 5,980	584 637	2001 2004	1996 1905
Waco, TX	0	180	4,50	0	0 2,650	4,500	426	2004	1905
Wake Forest, NC	0	180 200	4,500 3,000			4,500 4,745	1,010	1998	1997
Waterford, CT	0	1,360	12,53		0 1,360	12,539	1,968	2002	2000
Waxahachie, TX	0	1,360	12,53		0 1,360	1,429	457	1996	1996
Weatherford, TX	0	660	5,26		0 660	5,261	84	2006	2007
Westerville, OH	0	740	8,28			11,023	3,738	1998	2007
Wichita Falls, TX	0	470	3.01		0 470	3.010	3,730 297	2004	1997
Wilmington, NC	0	210	2,99		0 210	2,991	736	1999	1997
Wilmington, NC Winston-Salem, NC	0	360	2,99		59 360	2,991	369	2003	1999
							142,937	2003	1990
Total Assisted Living Facilities:	90,400	106,604	948,08	4 42,1	79 106,605	990,262	142,937		
Skilled Nursing Facilities:		000	40.44		35 880	40.245	2.500	2002	4000
Agawam, MA	0	880	16,11			18,247	2,598	2002	1993
Akron, OH	0	290	8,21	9 4	91 290	8,710	509	2005	1961

		Initial Cost to Company		Cost Capitalized					
Pi-d	- 1		Buildings &	Subsequent to		Buildings &	Accumulated	Year	Year
Description	Encumbrances	Land	Improvements	Acquisition (Dollars in the	Land usands)	Improvements	Depreciation	Acquired	Built
Akron, OH	\$ 0	\$ 630	\$ 7,535	\$ 184	\$ 630	\$ 7,719	\$ 322	2006	1915
Alliance, OH(6)	4,954	270	7,723	107	270	7,830	399	2006	1982
Amarillo, TX	0	540	7,260	0	540	7,260	532	2005	1986
Arcadia, LA	0	240 460	5,460	0	240 460	5,460 5,540	315 441	2006 2005	2006 1972
Atlanta, GA Auburndale, FL	0	750	5,540 5,950	0	460 750	5,540 5,950	441 451	2005	1972
Austin, TX	0	730	18,970	0	730	18,970	384	2007	2006
Baltic, OH(6)	4,061	50	8,709	189	50	8,898	439	2006	1983
Baytown, TX	0	450	6,150	0	450	6,150	965	2002	2000
Beachwood, OH	0	1,260	23,478	0	1,260	23,478	3,917	2001	1990
Beattyville, KY	0	100	6,900	0	100	6,900	448	2005	1972
Bernice, LA	0	16	1,017	0	16	1,017	133	2005	1969
Birmingham, AL Birmingham, AL	0	390 340	4,902 5.734	0	390 340	4,902 5,734	697 761	2003 2003	1977 1974
Boise, ID	0	810	5,734	0	810	5,734	1,723	1998	1966
Boonville, IN	0	190	5,510	0	190	5,510	879	2002	2000
Bountiful, UT	0	991	6,850	0	991	6,850	416	2005	1987
Boynton Beach, FL	0	980	8.112	0	980	8.112	809	2004	1999
Braintree, MA	0	170	7,157	1,290	170	8,447	4,400	1997	1968
Brandon, MS	0	115	9,549	0	115	9,549	1,286	2003	1963
Bridgewater, NJ	0	1,850	3,050	0	1,850	3,050	380	2004	1970
Brighton, MA	0	240	3,859	2,097	240	5,956	408	2005	1982
Broadview Heights, OH Bunnell, FL	0	920 260	12,400 7,118	0	920 260	12,400 7,118	2,074 751	2001 2004	1984 1985
Butler, AL	0	90	3.510	0	200 90	3,510	399	2004	1960
Byrdstown, TN	0	0	2,414	0	0	2,414	603	2004	1982
Canton, MA	0	820	8,201	263	820	8,464	1,400	2002	1993
Carrollton, TX	0	730	2,770	0	730	2,770	254	2005	1976
Centerville, MA	0	1,490	9,650	3,946	1,490	13,596	968	2004	1982
Cheswick, PA	0	384	6,041	1,293	384	7,334	2,015	1998	1933
Clarksville, TN	0	480	5,020	0	480	5,020	219	2006	1989
Clearwater, FL Clearwater, FL	0	160 1,260	7,218 2,740	0	160 1,260	7,218 2,740	690 270	2004 2005	1961 1983
Cleveland, MS	0	1,260	1,850	0	1,260	1,850	833	2003	1963
Cleveland, IVS	0	350	5,000	122	350	5,122	921	2001	1987
Coeur d'Alene, ID	0	600	7,878	0	600	7,878	2,199	1998	1996
Colorado Springs, CO	0	310	6,290	0	310	6,290	490	2005	1985
Columbia, TN	0	590	3,787	0	590	3,787	592	2003	1974
Columbus, IN	0	530	5,170	1,540	530	6,710	936	2002	2001
Columbus, OH	0	1,070	11,726	1,197	1,070	12,923	693	2005	1968
Columbus, OH(6) Columbus, OH(6)	4,652 10,475	1,010 1.860	4,931 16,624	91 1,077	1,010 1,860	5,022 17,701	281 855	2006 2006	1983 1978
Corpus Christi, TX	10,475	307	10,024	1,0//	307	443	92	2005	1976
Corpus Christi, TX	0	400	1,916	0	400	1,916	172	2005	1985
Dade City, FL	Ő	250	7,150	0	250	7,150	700	2004	1975
Daytona Beach, FL	0	470	5,930	0	470	5,930	632	2004	1986
Daytona Beach, FL	0	490	5,710	0	490	5,710	631	2004	1961
Daytona Beach, FL	0	1,850	2,650	0	1,850	2,650	271	2005	1964
DeBary, FL	0	440	7,460	0	440	7,460	727	2004	1965
Dedham, MA Defuniak Springs, FL	0	1,360 1,350	9,830 10,250	0	1,360 1,350	9,830 10,250	1,719 393	2002 2006	1996 1980
DeLand, FL	0	220	7,080	0	220	7,080	696	2004	1960
Denton, MD	0	390	4,010	0	390	4,010	647	2003	1982
Denver, CO	0	2,530	9,514	0	2,530	9,514	561	2005	1986
Douglasville, GA	0	1,350	7,471	0	1,350	7,471	1,067	2003	1975
Easton, PA	0	285	6,315	0	285	6,315	2,884	1993	1959
Eight Mile, AL	0	410	6,110	0	410	6,110	909	2003	1973
El Paso, TX	0	539	8,961	0	539	8,961	661	2005	1970
El Paso, TX	0	642	3,958	0	642	3,958	350	2005	1969
Elizabethton, TN Erin, TN	0	310 440	4,604 8,060	336 134	310 440	4,940 8,194	938 1,413	2001 2001	1980 1981
Erin, TN Eugene, OR	0	300	5,316	134	300	5,316	1,413	1998	1981
Eugene, OR Fairfield, AL	0	530	5,316 9,134	0	300 530	5,316 9,134	1,611	2003	19/2
Fall River, MA	0	620	5,829	4,857	620	10,686	2,644	1996	1965
Farmerville, LA	0	147	4,087	4,037	147	4,087	309	2005	1984
Florence, AL	0	320	3,975	o o	320	3,975	636	2003	1972
Fort Myers, FL	0	636	6,026	0	636	6,026	2,491	1998	1984
Fort Pierce, FL	0	440	3,560	0	440	3,560	253	2005	1973
Gardnerville, NV	0	182	1,718	785	182	2,503	802	2004	2000

		Initial Cost to Company			Cost Capitalized		Gross Amount at Which Carried at Close of Period					
Description	Encumbrances		Land	Buildings & Improvements		Subsequent to Acquisition	Land	Buildings & improvements	A	Accumulated Depreciation	Year Acquired	Year Built
• •						(Dollars in thou	ısands)	 				
Goshen, IN	\$ 0	\$	210	\$	6,120	\$ 0	\$ 210	\$ 6,120	\$	277	2005	2006
Graceville, FL Grand Prairie, TX	0		150		13,000	0	150 574	13,000		485 304	2006 2005	1980 1982
Grante City, IL	0		574 610		3,426 7,143	842	610	3,426 7,985		3.287	1998	1982
Granite City, IL	0		400		4,303	707	400	5,010		2,012	1999	1964
Greeneville, TN	0		400		8,290	0	400	8,290		904	2004	1979
Hanover, IN	0		210		4,430	0	210	4,430		456	2004	2000
Hardin, IL	0		50		5,350	135	50	5,485		1,950	2002	1996
Harriman, TN	0		590		8,060	158	590	8,218		1,509	2001	1972
Herculaneum, MO	0		127 150		10,373	393 0	127 150	10,766 6,990		3,690 1,868	2002	1984 1990
Hilliard, FL Homestead, FL	0		2,750		6,990 11,750	0	2,750	11,750		448	1999 2006	1990
Houston, TX	0		600		2,700	0	600	2,700		251	2005	1974
Houston, TX	0		860		18,715	0	860	18,715		127	2007	2006
Houston, TX	0		630		5,970	750	630	6,720		1,008	2002	1995
Huron, OH	0		160		6,088	252	160	6,340		360	2005	1983
Indianapolis, IN	0		75		925	0	75	925		157	2004	1942
Jackson, MS Jackson, MS	0		410 0		1,814 4,400	0	410 0	1,814 4,400		301 1.980	2003 2003	1968 1980
Jackson, MS	0		0		2,150	0	0	2,150		968	2003	1970
Jamestown, TN	0		0		6,707	0	0	6,707		1,677	2004	1966
Jefferson City, MO	0		370		6,730	301	370	7.031		2,397	2002	1982
Jefferson, OH	0		80		9,120	0	80	9,120		515	2006	1984
Jonesboro, GA	0		840		1,921	0	840	1,921		335	2003	1992
Kalida, OH	0		480		8,173	0	480	8,173		62	2006	2007
Kent, OH	0		215		3,367	0	215	3,367		1,413	1989	1983
Kissimmee, FL LaBelle, FL	0		230 60		3,854 4,946	0	230 60	3,854 4,946		382 532	2004 2004	1972 1986
Lake Placid, FL	0		150		12,850	0	150	12,850		1,286	2004	1984
Lakeland, FL	0		696		4,843	0	696	4,843		2,019	1998	1984
Lee, MA	0		290		18,135	926	290	19,061		2,962	2002	1998
Littleton, MA	0		1,239		2,910	0	1,239	2,910		549	1996	1975
Longview, TX	0		293		1,707	0	293	1,707		176	2005	1971
Longwood, FL	0		480		7,520	0	480	7,520		750	2004	1980
Louisville, KY Louisville, KY	0		490 430		10,010 7,135	0 163	490 430	10,010 7,298		883 1,311	2005 2002	1978 1974
Louisville, KY Louisville, KY	0		350		4,675	109	350	4,784		879	2002	1974
Lowell, MA	0		370		7,450	1,012	370	8,462		615	2004	1977
Lufkin, TX	0		416		1,184	0	416	1,184		177	2005	1919
Manchester, NH	0		340		4,360	0	340	4,360		310	2005	1984
Marianna, FL	0		340		8,910	0	340	8,910		331	2006	1997
McComb, MS	0		120 970		5,786 4,246	0	120 970	5,786 4,246		761 650	2003 2003	1973 1981
Memphis, TN Memphis, TN	0		480		5,656	0	480	5,656		802	2003	1981
Memphis, TN	0		940		5,963	0	940	5,963		743	2003	1951
Merrillville, IN	0		643		7,084	3,526	643	10,610		3,557	1997	1999
Mesa, AZ	0		940		2,579	0	940	2,579		233	2005	1985
Midwest City, OK	0		470		5,673	0	470	5,673		2,261	1998	1958
Midwest City, OK	0		484		5,516	0	484	5,516		426	2005	1987
Millbury, MA Mobile, AL	0		930 440		4,570 3,625	0	930 440	4,570 3,625		540 562	2004 2003	1972 1982
Monteagle, TN	0		310		3,318	0	310	3,318		482	2003	1982
Monterey, TN	0		0		4,195	0	0	4,195		1.049	2003	1977
Monticello, FL	0		140		4,471	0	140	4,471		495	2004	1986
Morgantown, KY	0		380		3,705	0	380	3,705		509	2003	1965
Moss Point, MS	0		120		7,280	0	120	7,280		741	2004	1933
Mountain City, TN	0		220		5,896	660	220	6,556		1,949	2001	1976
Naples, FL	0		550		5,450	0	550	5,450		519	2004	1968
Natchitoches, LA Needham, MA	0		190 1,610		4,096 13,715	0 366	190 1,610	4,096 14,081		294 2,403	2005 2002	1975 1994
New Haven, CT	0		1,610		4,778	1,134	1,610	5,912		159	2002	1958
New Haven, IN	0		176		3,524	1,134	176	3,524		399	2004	1981
New Port Richey, FL	0		624		7,307	0	624	7,307		3,002	1998	1984
North Miami, FL	0		430		3,918	0	430	3,918		530	2004	1968
North Miami, FL	0		440		4,830	0	440	4,830		534	2004	1963
Norwalk, CT	0		410		2,118	2,201	410	4,319		329	2004	1971
Oklahoma City, OK Ormond Beach, FL	0		510 0		10,694 2,739	0	510 0	10,694		469 792	1998 2002	1979 1983
Ormond Beach, FL Overland Park, KS	0		1,120		2,739 8,360	73 0	1,120	2,812 8,360		792 504	2002	1983
Overland I air, N.3	0		1,120		0,300	0	1,120	0,300		304	2003	15/0

			Initial Cost to Company			Cost Capitalized			Gross Amount at Which Carried at Close of Period						
Description	Encumbrances		Land		Buildings & nprovements	_	Subsequent to Acquisition (Dollars in the	_	Land		ildings & rovements		cumulated preciation	Year Acquired	Year Built
Or annahama WW	\$ 0	c	240		C 7C0	S	•			¢	C 7C0	S	E 40	1002	1000
Owensboro, KY Owensboro, KY	\$ 0	\$	240 225	\$	6,760 13,275	5	0		240 225	\$	6,760 13,275	3	542 971	1993 2005	1966 1964
Owenton, KY	0		100		2,400		0		100		2,400		216	2005	1979
Panama City, FL	0		300		9,200		0		300		9,200		923	2004	1992
Pasadena, TX	0		720		24,080		0		720		24,080		480	2007	2005
Pigeon Forge, TN	0		320		4,180		117		320		4,297		826	2001	1986
Pikesville, MD	0		450		10,750		0		450		10,750		226	2007	1983
Plano, TX	0		1,305		9,095		0		1,305		9,095		687	2005	1977
Plymouth, MA	0		440		6,220		931		440		7,151		539	2004	1968
Port St. Joe, FL	0		370 820		2,055 1,441		0 2,407		370 820		2,055 3,848		370 255	2004 2004	1982 1970
Prospect, CT Pueblo, CO	0		370		6,051		2,407		370		6,051		1,900	1998	1989
Pueblo, CO	0		250		9,391		0		250		9,391		578	2005	1985
Quincy, FL	0		200		5,333		0		200		5,333		595	2004	1983
Quitman, MS	0		60		10,340		0		60		10,340		991	2004	1976
Rheems, PA	0		200		1,575		0		200		1,575		225	2003	1996
Richmond, VA	0		1,211		2,889		0		1,211		2,889		550	2003	1995
Richmond, VA	0		760		12,640		0		760		12,640		271	2007	1969
Ridgely, TN	0		300		5,700		97		300		5,797		1,024	2001	1990
Ringgold, LA Rochdale, MA	0		30 675		4,174 11.847		0 2.024		30 800		4,174 13,746		289 1.945	2005 2002	1984 1995
Rockledge, FL	0		360		4,117		2,024		360		4,117		1,945 958	2002	1995
Rockwood, TN	0		500		7,116		741		500		7,857		1,423	2001	1970
Rogersville, TN	0		350		3,278		0		350		3,278		478	2001	1980
Royal Palm Beach, FL	0		980		8,320		0		980		8,320		854	2004	1984
Ruleville, MS	0		0		50		0		0		50		23	2003	1978
Ruston, LA	0		130		9,403		0		130		9,403		577	2005	1965
San Antonio, TX	0		560		7,315		0		560		7,315		1,156	2002	2000
San Antonio, TX	0		640		13,360		0		640		13,360		278	2007	2004
Sandwich, MA	0		1,140		11,190		279		1,140		11,469		843	2004	1987
Sarasota, FL	0		560		8,474		0		560		8,474		1,940	1999	2000
Sarasota, FL	0		600		3,400		0		600		3,400		361	2004	1982
Scituate, MA Seville, OH	0		1,740 230		10,640 1,770		0		1,740 230		10,640 1,770		593 176	2005 2005	1976 1981
Shelby, MS	0		60		5,340		0		60		5,340		528	2003	1979
Shelbyville, KY	0		630		3,870		0		630		3,870		286	2004	1965
South Boston, MA	0		385		2,002		5,218		385		7,220		1,882	1995	1961
South Pittsburg, TN	0		430		5,628		0		430		5,628		663	2004	1979
Southbridge, MA	0		890		8,110		2,793		890		10,903		958	2004	1976
Spring City, TN	0		420		6,085		2,579		420		8,664		1,468	2001	1987
St. Louis, MO	0		750		6,030		0		750		6,030		914	1995	1994
Starke, FL	0		120		10,180		0		120		10,180		1,013	2004	1990
Staunton, VA Stuart, FL	0		310 390		11,090 8,110		0		310 390		11,090 8,110		240 800	2007 2004	1959 1985
Swanton, OH	0		330		6,370		0		330		6,370		574	2004	1950
Tampa, FL	0		830		6,370		0		830		6,370		783	2004	1968
Torrington, CT	0		360		1,261		829		360		2,090		171	2004	1966
Troy, OH	0		470		16,730		0		470		16,730		1,451	2004	1971
Tucson, AZ	0		930		13,399		0		930		13,399		769	2005	1985
Tupelo, MS	0		740		4,092		0		740		4,092		615	2003	1980
Uhrichsville, OH	0		24		6,716		0		24		6,716		351	2006	1977
Venice, FL	0		500		6,000		0		500		6,000		562	2004	1987
Vero Beach, FL Wareham, MA	0		660 875		9,040 10,313		1,461 1,701		660 875		10,501 12,014		4,189 1,817	1998 2002	1984 1989
Warren, OH	0		240		3,810		1,701		240		3,810		300	2002	1973
Waterbury, CT	0		370		2,166		1,163		370		3,329		86	2006	1972
Webster, TX	0		360		5,940		0		360		5,940		935	2002	2000
West Haven, CT	0		580		1,620		1,235		580		2,855		217	2004	1971
West Palm Beach, FL	0		696		8,037		0		696		8,037		3,820	1998	1984
West Worthington, OH	0		510		5,090		0		510		5,090		285	2006	1980
Westlake, OH	0		1,330		17,928		0		1,330		17,928		3,038	2001	1985
Westlake, OH	0		571		5,411		0		571		5,411		1,635	1998	1957
Westmoreland, TN	0		330		1,822		2,634		330		4,456		806	2001	1994
White Hall, IL Whitemarsh, PA	0		50		5,550		670 0		50 2,310		6,220		2,165 544	2002 2005	1971
Whitemarsh, PA Williamsburg, VA	0		2,310 1,360		6,190 7,440		0		2,310 1,360		6,190 7,440		544 162	2005	1967 1970
Williamstown, KY	0		70		6,430		0		70		6,430		475	2007	1970
Winnfield, LA	0		31		6,480		0		31		6,480		417	2005	1964
Woodbridge, VA	0		680		4,423		Ů.		680		4,423		729	2002	1977
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Vocasier, MA			Initial (	Cost to Company	Cost Capitalized		Gross Amount at Whi Carried at Close of Per			
Marchelle   Marc	Description	Encumbrances	Land		Acquisition					
value Shalled Norwing Scalibles         24,122         11,144         1,194,400         6,218         111,739         1,449,341         194,341           regregated Living Conference Conference         3,219         24,110         1,200         2,520         1,591         2,003         198,000           underson, SC         0         7,10         6,200         0         7,10         6,200         7,70         20,33         198,000           underson, CA         0         2,209         14,914         0         2,000         13,70         0         40,000         2,70         14,914         2,70         199,000         190,000         13,70         0         40,000         10,000         10,000         10,000         10,000         10,000         10,000         10,000         10,000         10,000         11,000         10,000	Moreocton MA	\$ 0	¢ 1100	¢ 5.400	,		¢ 7.007	¢ 720	2004	1062
Independent Living Facilities CCRCs:    1									2004	1902
Insellational of, T.  10 3.270 2.4.310 1.338 3.270 26.288 1.274 2005 1998 (independence) S. C.  10 710 5.2960 5.906 8.036 1.2600 1.391 4.201 777 2007 1998 (interested color) C.	Independent Living Facilities/CCDCs	24,142	111,014	1,304,430	65,216	111,/39	1,449,545	194,340		
suebesson, SC		0	3 200	24 310	1 038	3 700	26.248	1 704	2005	1008
talans, A. G. C. 2009   1.4.914   0   2.009   1.4.914   5.729   1999   1			710	6 290		710	6 290	770	2003	1986
James CO								5 729		
Lumos, CO	Aurora, CO		2,600				13.942			
Justing IX  1	Aurora, CO	0								
Columbia	Austin, TX	0		9,520						1998
Douglaville, GA 0 90 217 0 90 217 32 2003 1955 Terminal CA 0 1,004 12,300 0 1,004 12,300 130 130 130 130 130 130 130 130 130	Columbia, SC	0			2,185	2,120			2003	
reminant CA  1 3,400  2 3,000  3 3,400  3 4,700  3 4,700  3 4,700  3 4,700  3 4,700  3 4,700  3 5,700	Denver, CO	0	3,650	14,906	280	3,650	15,186	490	2006	1987
Second Company   Seco	Douglasville, GA	0	90	217	0	90	217	32	2003	1985
illoys, CA	Fremont, CA									
Total Content   Total Conten	Gardnerville, NV									
midmapols, IN	Gilroy, CA									
midmapolis, FN  0 255 2,473 0 255 2,473 171 2006 1981 and properties of the properti	Houston, TX									
	Indianapolis, IN									
Mantees, CA	Indianapolis, IN									
Marywork     0   620   4,780   0   620   4,780   535   2003   1998   1	Lauderhill, FL									
feein, AZ	Manteca, CA									
South Airy, NC	Marysville, WA									
saples, FL         0         1,76         17,36         0         1,716         17,36         9,17         1997         1999           sabining, NY         0         1,510         9,480         0         1,510         9,480         1,513         2002         1977           awleys Island, SC         0         1,101         32,530         1,862         1,101         34,452         1,716         2005         1997           awleys Island, SC         0         1,107         9,627         0         1,107         9,627         4,241         1997         1999           toswell, CA         0         1,107         9,627         0         1,107         19,627         4,241         1997         1999           toswell, CA         0         1,100         18,400         0         1,100         19,607         0         1,107         19,627         4,241         1997         1999           toswell, CA         0         1,300         5,535         3350         16,285         824         2005         1997           toswell, CA         0         1,300         0         5,00         1,300         0         1,300         1,300         1,300         1,300 <t< td=""><td>Mesa, AZ</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Mesa, AZ									
Siming, NY	Mount Airy, NC									
wakeys faland, SC 0 1,101 32,590 1,862 1,010 34,452 1,716 2005 1997 agrown, MO 0 510 5,490 0 510 5,490 1 34 2006 2000 coloner Park, CA 0 0 6,500 18,700 0 6,500 18,700 1,001 2005 1998 agrown, MO 0 1,107 9,627 0 1,107 1,007 1,007 1,001 18,400 970 1,001 1,001 18,400 0 1,107 1,00	Naples, FL									
Asyrown, MO										
Coloner Park, CA										
	Raytown, MO									
parambug, SC 0 3,350 15,750 535 3,350 16,285 824 2005 1997 wire Falls, ID 0 550 14,740 0 550 14,740 2,093 2002 1991 hbans, IL 0 550 14,740 0 550 14,740 2,093 2002 1991 hbans, IL 0 0 500 6,700 6,780 11,53 2002 1998 allejo, CA 0 9,00 17,100 0 900 17,100 915 2005 1986 allejo, CA 0 4,000 18,000 0 0 4,000 18,000 953 2002 1998 for Beck, IL 0 0 2,000 10,000										
win Falls, ID         0         550         14,740         0         550         14,740         2,093         2002         1991           Johan, IL         0         670         6,780         0         670         6,780         1,153         2002         1998           Acaville, CA         0         9,000         17,100         0         900         17,100         950         17,100         915         2005         1986           Allejo, CA         0         4,000         18,000         0         4,000         18,000         98         2055         1986           Viction, KS         0         2,930         40,070         0         2,930         40,070         431         2007         2003           Vinston-Salem, NC         0         2,250         13,550         3.29         2,650         13,879         740         2005         1937           Vinston-Salem, NC         0         2,271         453,025         37,770         62,701         490,795         5,166           Pectally         Care Earlities         17         453,025         37,770         62,701         490,795         5,166           Pectally         Care Earlities         18										
Debana II.   0 670 6,780 0 670 6,780 1,153 2002 1998     Acavalle, CA										
Acaville, CA   0   90   17,100   0   900   17,100   915   2005   1988   Allejo, CA   0   0   4,000   18,000   0   4,000   18,000   958   2050   1988   Allejo, CA   0   0   2,930   40,070   431   2007   2003   40,070   431   2007   2003   40,070   431   2007   2003   40,070   431   2007   2003   40,070   431   2007   2003   40,070   431   2007   2003   40,070   431   2007   2003   40,070   431   2007   2003   40,070   431   2007   2003   40,070   431   2007   2003   40,070   431   2007   2003   40,070   431   2007   2003   40,070   431   2007   2005   1987   40,070   40,0										
allejo, CA         0         4,000         18,000         0         4,000         18,000         958         2005         1989           Fere Beach, FL         0         2,930         40,070         0         2,930         40,070         431         2007         2003           Vichita, KS         0         1,400         11,000         0         1,400         11,000         282         2006         1997           vinistion-Salem, NC         0         62,701         45,025         37,700         62,701         490,795         51,660           pecialty Care Facilities:         0         72         11,928         0         72         11,928         779         2005         1986           Islainer, TX         0         72         11,928         0         72         11,928         779         2005           Value, MA         0         350         13,731         0         300         13,781         4,864         198         1918           Islainer, MA         0         350         7,505         11,20         3,650         19,225         4,819         1902         1978           Islainer, MA         0         77         3,923         0										
Feen Beach, FL   0   2.930   40,070   0   2.930   40,070   431   2007   2003   (whichis, KS   0   1.400   11,000   0   1.400   11,000   282   2006   1997   (whichis, KS   0   2.850   13,879   740   2005   1997   (whichis, KS   0   2.750   13,879   740   2005   1997   (whichis, KS   0   2.750   13,879   740   2005   1998   (whichis, KS   0   2.750   13,877   2.050   1998   1999   199										
vichita, KS         0         1,400         11,000         0         1,400         11,000         282         2006         1997           viniston-Salem, NC         0         62,701         453,025         37,700         62,701         490,795         51,600           pecialty Care Facilities:         Umarillo, TX         0         72         11,928         0         72         11,228         779         2005         1996           Isaliance, MA         0         0         4,028         45,900         75         4,028         45,975         1,338         2006         2005           Incipac, III         0         350         13,731         0         300         13,781         4,864         1998         1918           Incipac, III         0         3,650         7,505         11,820         3,650         19,225         4,819         9002         1979           Oppus Christi, TX         0         7,7         3,923         0         77         3,923         297         2005         1986           I Paso, TX         0         172         1,588         0         112         1,588         1,027         3,632         297         2005         1986										
\( \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc										
fold Independent Living Facilities/CRCS         0         62,701         453,025         37,70         62,701         490,795         51,660           pecialty Care Facilities:         unarillo, TX         0         72         11,928         0         72         11,928         779         2005         1986           Islaintee, MA         0         4,028         45,900         75         4,028         45,975         1,338         2006         2005         2005         2015         2016         2017         2018         2018         2019         2018         2018         2018         2018         2018         2018         2018         2019         2019         2018         2018         2019         2019         2018         2018         2019         2019         2018         2019         2019         2018         2019         2019         2018         2019										
									2005	1997
Imarillo, TX         0         72         11,928         0         72         11,928         79         2005         1986           Islaintee, MA         0         4,028         45,900         75         4,028         45,975         1,338         2006         2005         2005         2015         1,328         2006         2005         2005         2015         1,328         2006         2005         2005         1932         4,819         1918         1,128         3,531         4,864         1998         1918         1,128         3,630         13,781         4,864         1998         1918         1,128         3,650         13,235         4,819         2002         1979         2005         1978         2005         1978         2005         1978         2005         1978         1988         19,228         1,028         3,923         297         2005         1986         19,228         1,028         3,923         297         2005         1986         1,128         1,128         3,128         2,128         4,102         2,102         2,102         2,128         4,103         3,128         4,103         4,103         4,103         4,103         4,104         4,104         4,104		0	62,701	453,025	37,770	62,701	490,795	51,660		
lellaire, TX anitriere, MA										
Namiree, MA   0   350   13,731   0   300   13,781   4,864   1998   1918   1016,										
Discription   1,500   3,650   7,505   11,820   3,650   19,325   4,819   2002   1979			4,028			4,028	45,975			
Dept. Christ, TX   0   77   3,923   0   77   3,923   297   2005   1968	Braintree, MA		350							
1 Pso, TX										
ti. Wayne, IN         0         170         8,232         0         170         8,232         0         200 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>										
afayler, I.A         0         1,928         10,483         0         1,928         10,483         414         2006         1993           diffuers CII; OK         0         1,46         3,854         0         1,46         3,854         284         2005         1995           siew Albamy, OH         0         3,020         27,445         0         3,020         27,445         3,590         2002         2003           lan, TX         0         195         14,805         0         195         14,805         957         2005         1995           an Antonio, TX         0         0         0         17,303         0         0         17,303         364         2007         2007           pringfield, MA         0         2,100         22,913         160         2,100         23,073         8,715         196         1952           tulsa, DK         0         975         25,247         0         975         25,247         9,701         196         1952           tulsa, DK         0         4,700         20,670         0         4,700         20,670         33         207           volus, CR         0         2,418         12,02										
fildwest City, OK         0         146         3,854         0         146         3,854         284         2005         1995           lew Albany, OH         0         3,020         27,445         0         3,020         27,445         3,020         22,045           lan, TX         0         195         14,805         0         195         14,805         957         2005         1995           an Antonio, TX         0         0         1,7303         0         0         17,203         364         2007         2007         2007           pringfield, MA         0         2,100         22,913         160         2,100         23,073         8,715         196         1952           tolaglor, MA         0         975         25,247         0         975         25,247         9,701         196         1952           tolks, OK         0         3,003         6,025         0         3,003         6,025         32         2006         1992           tolks, OK         0         2,470         0         2,470         0         2,470         0         2,670         33         2,007           velocal, Wister, Y         0         2,4										
New Albamy, OH										
lano, TX 0 195 14,805 0 195 14,805 957 2005 1995 an Antonio, TX 0 0 195 14,805 957 2005 1995 an Antonio, TX 0 0 0 17,303 0 0 0 17,303 364 2007 2007 pringfield, MA 0 0 2,100 22,913 160 2,100 23,073 8,715 1996 1952 toughton, MA 0 975 25,247 0 975 25,247 9,701 1996 1958 1048,0 K 0 3,003 6,025 0 3,003 6,025 32 2006 1992 40,000 10,000										
an Antonio, TX 0 0 0 17,303 0 0 17,303 364 2007 2007 pringfield, MA 0 0 2,100 22,913 160 2,100 23,073 8,715 1996 1952 toughton, MA 0 0 975 52,247 0 975 25,247 9,701 1996 1958 toughton, MA 1 0 0 975 0 0 975 25,247 9,701 1996 1958 toughton, MA 1 0 0 0 0 0,000 0 0 0,000 0 0,000 0 0,000 0 0,000 1996 1958 toughton, MA 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0,000 0 0 0 0,000 0 0,000 0 0,000 0 0,000 1998 1 0,000 0 0,00										
pringfield, MA 0 2,100 22,913 160 2,100 23,073 8,715 1996 1952 total print of the p										
1958   1958										
ulsa, OK     0     3,003     6,025     0     3,003     6,025     332     2006     1992       valueschap, WI     0     4,700     20,670     0     4,700     20,670     33     2007       vebster, TX     0     2,418     12,028     0     2,418     12,028     519     2006     1991       total Specialty Care Facilities     0     26,448     12,028     12,055     26,894     279,985     38,033       total Specialty Care Facilities     0     26,448     27,880     12,055     26,894     279,985     38,033       total Specialty Care Facilities     0     5,408     23,219     456     5,604     23,479     1,117     2006     1994       turoai, L     0     4,931     18,720     103     4,983     18,771     1,038     2006     1995       turoai, L     0     5,409     9,023     0     540     9,023     334     2006     1996       turoai, L     0     2,803     1,711     0     2,803     1,711     220     2006     1996										
Vaukesha, VI 0 4,700 20,670 0 4,700 20,670 3 2007 99 1										
Vebster, TX   0   2,418   12,028   0   2,418   12,028   519   2006   1991										1992
fotal Specialty Care Facilities         0         26,944         267,880         12,055         26,894         279,985         38,033           redictiol Office Buildings:         vcadia, CA(7)         5,048         23,219         456         5,604         23,479         1,17         2006         1984           statana, GA         0         4,931         18,720         103         4,983         18,771         1,038         2006         1992           surroa, I.         0         540         9,023         0         540         9,023         33         2006         1996           surroa, IL         0         2,803         1,711         0         2,803         1,711         220         2006         1984										1001
Aedical Office Buildings:           tracalia, CA(7)         10,676         5,408         23,219         456         5,604         23,479         1,117         2006         1984           talanta, CA         0         4,931         18,720         103         4,983         18,771         1,038         2006         1992           turrora, IL         0         540         9,023         0         540         9,023         334         2006         1996           turrora, IL         0         2,803         1,711         0         2,803         1,711         220         2006         1998									2006	1991
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Total Specialty Care Facilities	0	26,944	267,880	12,055	26,894	279,985	38,033		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			5 400	22			20.100	4	2002	100:
Lurora, IL 0 540 9,023 0 540 9,023 334 2006 1996 Lurora, IL 0 2,803 1,711 0 2,803 1,711 220 2006 1989					456					
Aurora, IL 0 2,803 1,711 0 2,803 1,711 220 2006 1989										
usteri, GA(/) 4,496 2,223 8,362 U 2,223 8,362 811 2006 1999										
	Austen, GA(/)	4,496	2,223	8,362	0	2,223	8,362	811	2006	1999

		Initial (	Cost to Company	Cost Capitalized		Gross Amount at Wh Carried at Close of Pe			
Description	Encumbrances	Land	Buildings & Improvements	Subsequent to Acquisition (Dollars in tho	Land	Buildings & Improvements	Accumulated Depreciation	Year Acquired	Year Built
D. J TRYO	<b>f</b> 0.000		6 45.045	,			é 200	2007	2004
Bartlett, TN(8) Bellaire, TX	\$ 8,860 0	\$ 0 2,972	\$ 15,015 33,445	\$ 285 10	\$ 187 2,972	\$ 15,113 33,455	\$ 398 1.106	2007 2006	2004 2005
Birmingham, AL	0	651	39,552	748	651	40,300	1,106	2006	1971
Boca Raton, FL(7)	14,519	109	34,002	237	109	34,239	1,319	2006	1995
Boynton Beach, FL(7)	4,405	0	6,574	390	214	6,750	145	2007	2004
Boynton Beach, FL(7)	4,840	2,048	7,692	0	2,048	7,692	419	2006	1995
Boynton Beach, FL(8)	4,341	2,048	7,403	48	2,048	7,451	345	2006	1997
Boynton Beach, FL(8)	6,484	0	11,235	234	109	11,360	458	2007	1996
Claremore, OK(8)	8,603	0	12,829	132	132	12,829	285	2007	2005
Coral Springs, FL	0	1,598	10,627	85	1,600	10,710	603	2006	1993
Dallas, TX(7)	16,331	137	29,357	27	137	29,384	2,234	2006	1995
Decatur, GA	0	934	1,837	10	934	1,847	335	2006	1971
Delray Beach, FL(7)	14,232	1,882	34,767	194	1,882	34,961	1,712	2006	1985
Denton, TX(8)	12,690	0	19,407	0	0	19,407	352	2007	2005
Durham, NC(7)	6,710	6,814	10,825	399	6,826	11,212	1,092	2006	1980
Durham, NC	0	0	0	10	0	10	0	2006	1980
Edinburg, TX(7)	6,300	431	4,791	0	431	4,791	178	2006	1996
El Paso, TX	0	1,083	6,427	72	1,083	6,499	583	2006	1982
El Paso, TX(7)	10,930	677	17,075	0	677	17,075	689	2006	1997
Fayetteville, GA(7)	3,488	959	7,540	107	959	7,647	362	2006	1999
Franklin, TN	0	2,338	12,138	0	2,338	12,138	276	2007	1988
Frisco, TX(8)	9,739	0	18,635	0	0	18,635	402	2007	2004
Frisco, TX	0	0	15,309	12	0	15,321	331	2007	2004
Germantown, TN	0	3,049	12,456	0	3,049	12,456	454	2006	2002
Glendale, CA(8)	8,771	0	18,558	37	37	18,558	450	2007	2002
Greeley, CO	7,628	877 2,252	6,711	0	877 2,252	6,711	28	2007	1997
Jupiter, FL(7) Jupiter, FL(8)	4,755	2,252	11,415 5,858	0 2,825	2,232	11,415 5,858	488 159	2006 2007	2001 2004
Lakeway, TX	4,/33	2,801	5,000	2,025	2,801	0,000	0	2007	2004
Lakewood, CA	0	146	14,885	44	146	14,929	566	2006	1993
Las Vegas , NV(7)	6,391	74	15,287	87	74	15,374	711	2006	2000
Las Vegas, NV	0,551	6,127	13,207	0	6,127	15,574	0	2007	2000
Las Vegas, NV(7)	8,347	6,734	54,886	0	6,734	54,886	1,826	2006	1991
Las Vegas, NV(7)	4,728	2,319	4,612	10	2,319	4,622	284	2006	1991
Las Vegas, NV(8)	3,270	0	6,921	429	433	6,917	162	2007	1997
Lawrenceville, GA	0	2,279	10,732	0	2,279	10,732	434	2006	2001
Lawrenceville, GA(7)	2,476	1,054	4,974	0	1,054	4,974	209	2006	2002
Lewisville, TX	0	142	5,030	130	142	5,160	171	2006	1997
Los Alamitos, CA(8)	8,909	0	18,635	39	39	18,635	412	2007	2003
Los Gatos, CA	0	488	22,832	45	488	22,877	1,692	2006	1993
Loxahatchee, FL(7)	3,463	1,340	6,509	0	1,340	6,509	252	2006	1993
Loxahatchee, FL(7)	2,847	1,553	4,694	31	1,562	4,716	157	2006	1994
Loxahatchee, FL	0	1,637	5,048	9	1,646	5,048	163	2006	1997
Middletown, NY	0	1,756	20,364	0	1,756	20,364	1,336	2006	1998
Morrow, GA	0	818	8,064	0	818	8,064	33	2007	1990
Mount Juliet, TN(10)	6,373	1,566	12,885	0	1,566	12,885	33	2007	2005
Nashville , TN	0	1,806	7,165	64	1,806	7,229	420	2006	1986
Niagra Falls, NY	0	1,335	17,702	0	1,335	17,702	448	2007	1990
Ocala, FL	0	885	4,982	0	885	4,982	339	2006	1991
Okatie, SC(8)	8,402	0	18,282	171	171	18,282	605	2007	1998
Orange Village, OH	0	610	7,419	0	610	7,419	323	2007	1985
Palm Bay, FL(7)	2,033	1,476	3,432	52	1,484	3,476	1,031	2006	1997
Palm Springs , CA	0	365	12,396	312	365	12,708	658	2006	1998
Palm Springs, FL(7)	2,917	733	4,078	2	739	4,074	191	2006	1993
Palm Springs, FL	0 19,980	1,174	7,834	33	1,182	7,859	491	2006	1997
Palmer, AK(8)		781	29,705	988 0	217	30,476	898	2007	2006
Pearland, TX(7)	2,513 1,635	781 948	5,522 4,599	0	781 948	5,522 4,599	265 269	2006 2006	2000 2002
Pearland, TX(7)	1,635	948	4,599 1,455	0 11	948 915	4,599 1,466	269 124	2006	1990
Pelham, AL		1,149	49,586		1,149			2006	1990
Phoenix, AZ(7) Pineville, NC	30,878	1,149	49,586 6,974	1 0	1,149	49,587 6,974	3,447 466	2006	1998
Plantation, FL(7)	10,346	8,563	10,666	21	8,563	10,687	466 571	2006	1988
				21				2006	1997
Plantation, FL(7) Reno, NV	9,654	8,848 1,117	9,423 22,090		8,848 1,117	9,423 22,090	1,060	2006	1996
Sacramento, CA(7)	5,161	1,117	22,090 12,756	0	1,117	22,090 12,756	1,214 500	2006	1991
Sacramento, CA(7) San Antonio, TX(7)	6,789	2,050	12,/56 16,251	67	2,050	12,756	968	2006	1990
San Antonio, TX(/) St. Louis, MO(8)	6,789 8,023	2,050	16,251 17,247	336	2,050	16,318	968 435	2006	2001
Suwanee, GA	0,023	1,776	5,804	330	1.776	5.808	435 478	2007	1998
Suwanee, GA	0	1,437	5,004 4,941	51	1,437	4,992	391	2006	2001
Juwanee, GA	U	1,43/	4,941	51	1,43/	4,992	391	2000	2001

		Initia	al Cost to Company	Cost Ca	pitalized		Gross Amount at Wh Carried at Close of Pe			
Description	Encumbrances	Land	Buildings & Improvements	Acqu	quent to nisition Dollars in thousa	Land ands)	Buildings & Improvements	Accumulated Depreciation	Year Acquired	Year Built
Suwanee, GA	\$ 0	\$ 1,04	6 \$ 4,	786 \$	10	\$ 1,046	\$ 4,796	\$ 260	2006	2003
Tempe, AZ(8)	5,804		0 9,	112	1,487	1,487	9,112	346	2007	1996
Tomball, TX(7)	3,074	1,40		142	0	1,404	5,142	486	2006	1982
Trussville, AL	0	1,33	6 2,	177	8	1,336	2,185	205	2006	1990
Tucson, AZ(8)	10,814	8			207	89	18,546	392	2007	2004
Union City, TN	0	1,87	8 7,1	535	0	1,878	7,535	744	2006	1999
Voorhees, NJ	0	6,40			3	6,405	24,253	981	2006	1997
Wellington, Fl(8)	6,689		0 13,	597	381	381	13,697	296	2007	2003
Wellington, FL(7)	7,458	10	7 16,	933	0	107	16,933	661	2006	2000
West Palm Beach, FL(7)	7,660	62	8 14,	740	35	628	14,775	559	2006	1993
West Palm Beach, FL(7)	7,075	61	0 14,0	518	0	610	14,618	683	2006	1991
West Palm Beach, FL(7)	6,405	95	0 15,	183	151	988	15,296	817	2006	1995
West Seneca, NY(9)	13,519	91	7 22,	135	0	917	22,435	335	2007	1990
Yorkville, IL	0	1,41	9 2,	316	5	1,419	2,821	156	2006	1980
Total Medical Office Building	392,431	132,18			11,645	139,090	1,145,682	51,195		
Construction in Progress	0		0 313,	709	0	0	313,709	0		
Total Investment in Real Property Owned	\$ 506,973	\$ 440,04	4 \$ 4,508,	94 \$	168,867	\$ 447,029	\$ 4,669,976	\$ 478,373		

- (1) In June 2003, three wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company completed the acquisitions of three assisted living facilities from Emeritus Corporation. The properties were subject to existing mortgage debt of \$13,981,000. The three wholly-owned subsidiaries are included in the Company's consolidated financial statements. Notwithstanding consolidation for financial statement purposes, it is the Company's intention that the subsidiaries be separate legal entities wherein the assets and liabilities are not available to pay other debts or obligations of the consolidated Company.
- 2) In September 2003, four wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company completed the acquisitions of four assisted living facilities from Emeritus Corporation. The properties were subject to existing mortgage debt of \$24,291,000. The four wholly-owned subsidiaries are included in the Company's consolidated financial statements. Notwithstanding consolidation for financial statement purposes, it is the Company's intention that the subsidiaries be separate legal entities wherein the assets and liabilities are not available to pay other debts or obligations of the consolidated Company.
- (3) In September 2003, 17 wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company completed the acquisitions of 17 assisted living facilities from Southern Assisted Living, Inc. The properties were subject to existing mortgage debt of \$59,471,000. The 17 wholly-owned subsidiaries are included in the Company's consolidated financial statements. Notwithstanding consolidation for financial statement purposes, it is the Company's intention that the subsidiaries be separate legal entities wherein the assets and liabilities are not available to pay other debts or obligations of the consolidated Company.
- 4) In September 2005, one wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company completed the acquisition of one assisted living facility from Emeritus Corporation. The property was subject to existing mortgage debt of \$6,705,000. The wholly-owned subsidiary is included in the Company's consolidated financial statements. Notwithstanding consolidation for financial statement purposes, it is the Company's intention that the subsidiary be a separate legal entity wherein the assets and liabilities are not available to pay other debts or obligations of the consolidated Company.
- (5) In January 2005, one wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company completed the acquisition of one assisted living facility from Emeritus Corporation. The property was subject to existing mortgage debt of \$7,875,000. The wholly-owned subsidiary is included in the Company's consolidated financial statements. Notwithstanding consolidation for financial statement purposes, it is the Company's intention that the subsidiary be a separate legal entity wherein the assets and liabilities are not available to pay other debts or obligations of the consolidated Company.
- (6) In March 2006, four wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company completed the acquisition of four skilled nursing facilities from Provider Services, Inc. The properties was subject to existing mortgage debt of \$25,049,000. The wholly-owned subsidiaries are included in the Company's consolidated financial statements. Notwithstanding consolidation for financial statement purposes, it is the Company's intention that the subsidiaries be separate legal entities wherein the assets and liabilities are not available to pay other debts or obligations of consolidated Company.

- (7) In December 2006, the Company completed the acquisition of Windrose Medical Properties Trust. Certain of the properties were subject to existing mortgage debt of \$248,844,000. Notwithstanding consolidation for financial statement purposes, it is the Company's intention that the subsidiaries related to the aforementioned properties be separate legal entities wherein the assets and liabilities are not available to pay other debts or obligations of the consolidated Company.
- In May 2007, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company completed the acquisition of 17 medical office buildings from Rendina Companies. Certain of the properties were subject to existing mortgage debt of \$146,335,000. Notwithstanding consolidation for financial statement purposes, it is the Company's intention that the subsidiaries related to the aforementioned properties be separate legal entities wherein the assets and liabilities are not available to pay other debts or obligations of the consolidated Company.

  In August 2007, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company completed the acquisition of a medical office building from C06 Holdings, LLC. The property was subject to existing mortgage debt of \$13,623,000. The wholly-owned subsidiary is included in the Company's consolidated financial statements. Notwithstanding consolidation for financial statement purposes, it is the Company's intention that the subsidiary be a separate legal entity wherein the assets and liabilities are not available to pay other debts or obligations of the consolidated Company. (8)
- (10) In December 2007, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company completed the acquisition of a medical office building from Sports Docs, L.L.C. The property was subject to existing mortgage debt of \$6,374,000. The wholly-owned subsidiary is included in the Company's consolidated financial statements. Notwithstanding consolidation for financial statement purposes, it is the Company's intention that the subsidiary be a separate legal entity wherein the assets and liabilities are not available to pay other debts or obligations of the consolidated Company.

		Year Ended December 31,				
	_	2007	-	n thousands)	_	2005
Investment in real estate:			,-	,		
Balance at beginning of year	\$	4,282,858	\$	2,936,800	\$	2,409,963
Additions:						
Acquisitions		435,473		913,160		568,660
Improvements		333,520		169,811		31,422
Conversions from loans receivable		0		11,204		3,908
Deferred acquisition payments		0		2,000		18,125
Assumed other assets/(liabilities), net		2,432		24,488		0
Assumed debt		166,188		326,690		22,309
SFAS 141 adjustments		2,189		0		0
Total additions		939,802		1,447,353		644,424
Deductions:						
Cost of real estate sold		(105,655)		(94,466)		(115,179)
Reclassification of accumulated depreciation for assets held for sale		0		(6,829)		(2,408)
Total deductions		(105,655)		(101,295)		(117,587)
Balance at end of year(1)	\$	5,117,005	\$	4,282,858	\$	2,936,800
Accumulated depreciation:						
Balance at beginning of year	\$	347,007	\$	274,875	\$	219,536
Additions:						
Depreciation and amortization expenses		149,626		97,638		84,828
Amortization of above market leases		3,518		0		0
Total additions		153,144		97,638		84,828
Deductions:						
Sale of properties		(21,778)		(18,677)		(27,081)
Reclassification of accumulated depreciation for assets held for sale		0		(6,829)		(2,408)
Total deductions		(21,778)		(25,506)		(29,489)
Balance at end of year	\$	478,373	\$	347,007	\$	274,875

<sup>(1)</sup> The aggregate cost for tax purposes for real property equals \$5,110,696,000, \$4,049,675,000 and \$2,389,766,000 at December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

# SCHEDULE IV — MORTGAGE LOANS ON REAL ESTATE December 31, 2007

						(In t	housands) Principal Amount
Description	Interest Rate	Final Maturity Date	Periodic Payment Terms	Prior Liens	Face Amount of Mortgages	Carrying Amount of Mortgages	of Loans Subject to Delinquent Principal or Interest(1)
First mortgage loan relating to two skilled nursing facilities in Florida	10.14%	09/30/20	Monthly Payments \$312.198	\$ 0	\$ 34,000	\$ 33,560	\$ 0
First mortgage loan relating to five skilled nursing facilities in Virginia	9.380%	04/01/22	Monthly Payments \$180.542	0	23,097	23,097	0
First mortgage loan relating to one skilled nursing facility in Florida	11.73%	09/01/12	Monthly Payments \$130,949	0	12,700	12,332	0
First mortgage loan relating to one specialty care facility in Massachusetts	13.95%	09/07/09	Monthly Payments \$70,744	0	12,000	11,550	0
First mortgage loan relating to one skilled nursing facility in Pennsylvania	15.21%	07/01/08	Monthly Payments \$71,447	0	7,400	7,145	0
First mortgage loan relating to one specialty care facility in California	9.63%	05/01/09	Monthly Payments \$169.818	0	18,800	6,949	0
Second mortgage loan realting to one independent living facility in Massachusetts	19.26%	09/09/09	Monthly Payments \$48,165	16,414	5,700	5,700	323
First mortgage loan realting to one independent living facility in Massachusetts	19.26%	12/01/08	Monthly Payments \$40,291	0	4,895	4,768	111
First mortgage loan realting to one skilled nursing facility in Michigan	10.14%	06/30/20	Monthly Payments \$41,282	0	4,500	4,382	0
Six first mortgage loans relating to three independent living facilities, one assisted living facility, and seven skilled nursing facilities	From 7.00% to 19.00%	From 09/1/10 to 12/01/15	Monthly Payments from \$489 to \$76,514	0	15,731	15,232	71
Six second mortgage loans relating to six independent living facilities	From 19.00% to 19.26%	From 05/01/08 to 01/31/12	Monthly Payments from \$7,886 to \$24,922	15,394	18,442	15,369	254
Two third mortgage loans relating to two independent living facilities	From 19.00% to 19.26%	From 09/01/08 to 01/01/09	Monthly Payments from \$10,715 to \$11,830	7,392	3,109	3,007	230
Totals				\$39,200	\$160,374	\$143,091	\$989

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents allocation of allowance for losses on loans receivable, if applicable.

		Year Ended December 31,					
	_	2007		2006		2005	
			(In	thousands)			
Reconciliation of mortgage loans:							
Balance at beginning of year	\$	177,615	\$	141,467	\$	155,266	
Additions:							
New mortgage loans		55,692		87,563		36,055	
Reclass from non real estate loans		1,607		0		0	
Total additions		57,299		87,563		36,055	
Deductions:							
Collections of principal(1)		(19,296)		(40,155)		(45,946)	
Conversions to real property		0		(11,204)		(3,908)	
Charge-offs		0		(56)		0	
Reclass to other real estate loans(2)		(72,527)		0		0	
Total deductions		(91,823)		(51,415)		(49,854)	
Balance at end of year	\$	143,091	\$	177,615	\$	141,467	

Includes collection of negative principal amortization.
 In 2007, the Company reclassified all loans that did not have a first, second or third mortgage lien to other real estate loans.

#### EXHIBIT INDEX

- Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of September 12, 2006, by and among Health Care REIT, Inc., Heat Merger Sub, LLC, Heat OP Merger Sub, L.P., Windrose Medical Properties Trust and Windrose Medical Properties, L.P. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed September 15, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 2.2 Amendment No. 1 to Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of October 12, 2006, by and among Health Care REIT, Inc., Heat Merger Sub, LLC, Heat OP Merger Sub, L.P., Windrose Medical Properties Trust and Windrose Medical Properties, L.P. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed October 13, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 3.1 Second Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 20, 2000, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 3.2 Certificate of Designation, Preferences and Rights of Junior Participating Preferred Stock, Series A, of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 20, 2000, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 3.3 Certificate of Amendment of Second Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 20, 2000, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 3.4 Certificate of Amendment of Second Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed June 13, 2003, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 3.5 Certificate of Designation of 77/8% Series D Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 2.5 to the Company's Form 8-A/A filed July 8, 2003, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 3.6 Certificate of Designation of 6% Series E Cumulative Convertible and Redeemable Preferred Stock of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed October 1, 2003, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
   3.7 Certificate of Designation of 75/8% Series F Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 2.5 to the Company's Form 8-A
- 3.7 Certificate of Designation of 75/8% Series F Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 2.5 to the Company's Form 8-A filed September 10, 2004, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 3.8 Certificate of Designation of 7.5% Series G Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed December 20, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 3.9 Certificate of Amendment of Second Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.9 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed August 9, 2007, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 3.10 Second Amended and Restated By-Laws of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed October 29, 2007, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.1 The Company, by signing this Report, agrees to furnish the Securities and Exchange Commission upon its request a copy of any instrument that defines the rights of holders of long-term debt of the Company and authorizes a total amount of securities not in excess of 10% of the total assets of the Company.
   4.2 Indenture dated as of April 17, 1997 between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed April 21, 1997,
- 4.2 Indenture dated as of April 17, 1997 between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed April 21, 1997 and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.3 First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 17, 1997, to Indenture dated as of April 17, 1997, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed April 21, 1997, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.4 Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of March 13, 1998, to Indenture dated as of April 17, 1997, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed March 11, 1998, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.5 Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of March 18, 1999, to Indenture dated as of April 17, 1997, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed March 17, 1999, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).

- 4.6 Fourth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of August 10, 2001, to Indenture dated as of April 17, 1997, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed August 9, 2001, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.7 Supplemental Indenture No. 5, dated September 10, 2003, to Indenture dated as of April 17, 1997, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed September 24, 2003, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.8 Amendment No. 1, dated September 16, 2003, to Supplemental Indenture No. 5, dated September 10, 2003, to Indenture dated as of April 17, 1997, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Form 8-K filed September 24, 2003, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
   4.9 Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's
- 4.9 Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed September 9, 2002, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.10 Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated as of September 6, 2002, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed September 9, 2002, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.11 Amendment No. 1, dated March 12, 2003, to Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated as of September 6, 2002, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed March 14, 2003, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.12 Supplemental Indenture No. 2, dated as of September 10, 2003, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed September 24, 2003, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.13 Amendment No. 1, dated September 16, 2003, to Supplemental Indenture No. 2, dated as of September 10, 2003, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.4 to the Company's Form 8-K filed September 24, 2003, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.14 Supplemental Indenture No. 3, dated as of October 29, 2003, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed October 30, 2003, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
   4.15 Amendment No. 1, dated September 13, 2004, to Supplemental Indenture No. 3, dated as of October 29, 2003, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6,
- 4.15 Amendment No. 1, dated September 13, 2004, to Supplemental Indenture No. 3, dated as of October 29, 2003, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6 2002, between the Company and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., as successor to Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed September 13, 2004, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.16 Supplemental Indenture No. 4, dated as of April 27, 2005, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed April 28, 2005, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.17 Supplemental Indenture No. 5, dated as of November 30, 2005, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed November 30, 2005, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.18 Indenture, dated as of November 20, 2006, between the Company and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed November 20, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.19 Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated as of November 20, 2006, between the Company and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed November 20, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.20 Supplemental Indenture No. 2, dated as of July 20, 2007, between Health Care REIT, Inc. and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the SEC as Exhibit 4.1 to Health Care REIT, Inc.'s Form 8-K filed July 20, 2007, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).

- 4.21 Form of Indenture for Senior Subordinated Debt Securities (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.9 to the Company's Form S-3 (File No. 333-73936) filed November 21, 2001, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.22 Form of Indenture for Junior Subordinated Debt Securities (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.10 to the Company's Form S-3 (File No. 333-73936) filed November 21, 2001, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 10.1 Fourth Amended and Restated Loan Agreement, dated as of August 6, 2007, by and among Health Care REIT, Inc. and certain of its subsidiaries, the banks signatory thereto, KeyBank National Association, as administrative agent, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., as syndication agent, and UBS Securities LLC, Bank of America, N.A., JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Barclays Bank PLC, Calyon New York Branch and Fifth Third Bank, as documentation agents (filed with the SEC as Exhibit 10.2 to Health Care REIT, Inc.'s Form 10-Q filed August 9, 2007, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 10.2 Health Care REIT, Inc. Interest Rate & Currency Risk Management Policy adopted on May 6, 2004 (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.6 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed July 23, 2004, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 10.3 The 1995 Stock Incentive Plan of Health Care REIT, Inc. (filed with the Commission as Appendix II to the Company's Proxy Statement for the 1995 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, filed September 29, 1995, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.4 First Amendment to the 1995 Stock Incentive Plan of Health Care REIT, Inc. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form S-8 (File No. 333-40771) filed November 21, 1997, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.5 Second Amendment to the 1995 Stock Incentive Plan of Health Care REIT, Inc. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Form S-8 (File No. 333-73916) filed November 21, 2001, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.6 Third Amendment to the 1995 Stock Incentive Plan of Health Care REIT, Inc. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.15 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 12, 2004, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.7 Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors of Health Care REIT, Inc. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed May 10, 2004, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.8 First Amendment to the Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors of Health Care REIT, Inc. effective April 21, 1998 (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed May 10, 2004, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.9 Health Care REIT, Inc. 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Appendix A to the Company's Proxy Statement for the 2005 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, filed March 28, 2005, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.10 Form of Stock Option Agreement for Executive Officers under the 1995 Stock Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.17 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 16, 2005, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.11 Form of Restricted Stock Agreement for Executive Officers under the 1995 Stock Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.18 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 16, 2005, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.12 Form of Stock Option Agreement under the Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Form 10-Q/A filed October 27, 2004, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.13 Form of Restricted Stock Agreement under the Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.20 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 16, 2005, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.14 Form of Stock Option Agreement (with Dividend Equivalent Rights) for the Chief Executive Officer under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.18 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.15 Form of Stock Option Agreement (with Dividend Equivalent Rights) for Executive Officers under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.19 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*

- 10.16 Form of Stock Option Agreement (without Dividend Equivalent Rights) for the Chief Executive Officer under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.20 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.17 Form of Stock Option Agreement (without Dividend Equivalent Rights) for Executive Officers under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.21 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.18 Form of Restricted Stock Agreement for the Chief Executive Officer under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.22 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.19 Form of Restricted Stock Agreement for Executive Officers under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.23 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.20 Form of Deferred Stock Unit Grant Agreement for Non-Employee Directors under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.24 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.21 Restricted Stock Agreement, dated January 22, 2007, by and between Health Care REIT and Raymond W. Braun (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed January 25, 2007, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.22 Stock Option Agreement, dated December 20, 2006, between Health Care REIT, Inc. and Daniel R. Loftus (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed May 10, 2007, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 10.23 Third Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated January 22, 2007, by and between the Company and George L. Chapman (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed January 25, 2007, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.24 Second Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, effective January 1, 2004, by and between Health Care REIT, Inc. and Raymond W. Braun (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.18 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 12, 2004, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.25 Second Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, effective January 1, 2004, by and between Health Care REIT, Inc. and Erin C. Ibele (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.19 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 12, 2004, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.26 Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, effective January 1, 2004, by and between Health Care REIT, Inc. and Charles J. Herman, Jr. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.20 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 12, 2004, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.27 Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, effective March 17, 2006, by and between Health Care REIT, Inc. and Scott A. Estes (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed May 10, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.28 Employment Agreement, effective July 1, 2004, by and between Health Care REIT, Inc. and Jeffrey H. Miller (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed July 23, 2004, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.29 Consulting Agreement dated as of September 12, 2006 between the Company and Fred S. Klipsch (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form S-4 filed October 13, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.30 Consulting Agreement dated as of September 12, 2006 between the Company and Frederick L. Farrar (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Form S-4 filed October 13, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.31 Employment Agreement dated as of September 12, 2006 between the Company and Daniel R. Loftus (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Form S-4 filed October 13, 2006, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.32 Health Care REIT, Inc. Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan, effective as of January 1, 2001 (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.19 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2003, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*

- 10.33 Health Care REIT, Inc. Executive Loan Program, effective as of August 1999 (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.20 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2003, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- Form of Indemnification Agreement between the Company and each director, executive officer and officer of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed February 18, 2005, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.35 Summary of Director Compensation.\*
- 14 Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 14 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 12, 2004, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 21 Subsidiaries of the Company.
- 23 Consent of Ernst & Young LLP, independent registered public accounting firm.
- 24.1 Power of Attorney executed by William C. Ballard, Jr. (Director).
- Power of Attorney executed by Pier C. Borra (Director). 242
- Power of Attorney executed by Raymond W. Braun (President and Director). 24.3
- 24.4 Power of Attorney executed by Thomas J. DeRosa (Director).
- 24.5 Power of Attorney executed by Jeffrey H. Donahue (Director).
- 24.6 Power of Attorney executed by Peter J. Grua (Director).
- 24.7
- Power of Attorney executed by Fred S. Klipsch (Director).
  Power of Attorney executed by Sharon M. Oster (Director). 24.8
- Power of Attorney executed by Jeffrey R. Otten (Director). 24.9 24.10
- Power of Attorney executed by R. Scott Trumbull (Director).
- 24.11 Power of Attorney executed by George L. Chapman (Director, Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer and Principal Executive Officer).
- Power of Attorney executed by Scott A. Estes (Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer and Principal Financial Officer). Power of Attorney executed by Paul D. Nungester, Jr. (Vice President and Controller and Principal Accounting Officer). 24.12
- 24.13
- 31.1 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer.
- 31.2 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer.
- 32.1 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 by Chief Executive Officer.
- Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 by Chief Financial Officer. 32.2

Management Contract or Compensatory Plan or Arrangement.

# **Summary of Director Compensation**

For each calendar year, each non-employee member of the Board of Directors of Health Care REIT, Inc. (the "Company") will receive an annual retainer of \$45,000, payable in equal quarterly installments. Additionally, each of the chairs of the Audit Committee and the Compensation Committee will receive an additional retainer of \$10,000, the chair of the Nominating/Corporate Governance Committee will receive an additional retainer of \$7,500 and the presiding director of executive sessions of non-employee directors will receive an additional retainer of \$2,500. If the Board of Directors holds more than four meetings in a year, each non-employee member of the Board will receive \$1,500 for each meeting attended in excess of four meetings. With respect to the Audit, Compensation, Executive and Nominating/Corporate Governance Committees, if any of these committees holds more than four meetings in a year, each non-employee member of these committees will receive \$1,000 for each meeting attended in excess of four meetings.

In each calendar year and until otherwise determined by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors, each of the non-employee directors will receive a grant of deferred stock units with a value of \$70,000, pursuant to the Company's 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan. The deferred stock units will be convertible into shares of common stock of the Company in three equal installments on the first three anniversaries of the date of the grant. Recipients of the deferred stock units also will be entitled to dividend equivalent rights.

#### SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY

Name of Subsidiary
Paramount Real Estate Services, Inc. HCN Development Services Group, Inc. Windrose Southside Properties, Ltd. Windrose Northside Properties, Ltd. HCRI Pennsylvania Properties, Inc. HCRI Overlook Green, Inc. HCRI Texas Properties, Inc. HCRI Texas Properties, Ltd. HCRI Nevada Properties, Inc. HCRI Louisiana Properties, L.P. HCRI Southern Investments I, Inc. Windrose Wellington Properties, Ltd. Lake Mead Medical Investors Limited Partnership HCN BCC Holdings, Inc. HCRI Limited Holdings, Inc. HCRI Tennessee Properties, Inc. Pennsylvania BCC Properties, Inc HCRI North Carolina Properties, LLC FLA-PALM COURT, Limited Partnership Windrose Columbia Properties, Ltd. Windrose Palms West III Properties, Ltd. Windrose Palms West V Properties, Ltd. Windrose West Boca Properties, Ltd. CAL-GAT Limited Partnership CAL-LAK Limited Partnership Windrose Sierra Properties, Ltd. Windrose West Tower Properties, Ltd. HCRI Massachusetts Properties, Inc. HCRI Massachusetts Properties Trust Brierbrook Partners, L.L.C. HCRI Indiana Properties, Inc HCRI Indiana Properties, LLC HCRI Holdings Trust Med Properties Asset Group, L.L.C. HCRI Maryland Properties, LLC HCRI Massachusetts Properties Trust II HCRI Beachwood, Inc. HCRI Broadview, Inc. HCRI Westlake, Inc. HCRI Westmoreland, Inc. HCRI Wisconsin Properties, LLC

State of Organization Delaware Indiana Florida Florida Pennsylvania Pennsylvania Delaware Texas Nevada Delaware Delaware Florida Florida Delaware Delaware Delaware Pennsylvania Delaware Florida Florida Florida Florida Florida Florida Florida Florida Florida Delaware Massachusetts Tennessee Delaware Indiana Massachusetts Indiana Maryland Massachusetts Ohio Ohio Ohio Delaware

Wisconsin

Name of Subsidiary HCRI North Carolina Properties I, Inc. HCRI North Carolina Properties II, Inc. HCRI North Carolina Properties III,

Limited Partnership

HCRI Kentucky Properties, LLC HCRI Mississippi Properties, Inc.

Windrose Medical Properties, L.P.

HCRI Illinois Properties, LLC

HCRI Missouri Properties, LLC HCRI Surgical Properties, LLC HCRI Tucson Properties, Inc.

WMPT Bellaire L.P.

WMPT Bellaire Properties, L.L.C.

Windrose Mount Vernon Properties, L.L.C. Windrose Ocala Urology Properties, L.L.C. Windrose Winn Way Properties, L.L.C.

WMPT Gateway Properties, L.L.C.

WMPT Gateway, L.P.

WMPT Pearland Properties, L.L.C.

WMPT Pearland, L.P.

WMPT Stone Oak Properties, L.L.C.

WMPT Stone Oak, L.P.

WMPT Tomball Properties, L.L.C.

WMPT Tomball, L.P. Windrose 310 Properties, L.L.C. Windrose Copley Properties, L.L.C.

Windrose 4475 Sierra Properties, L.L.C.

Windrose Medical Properties Management, L.L.C.

Windrose SPE Mount Vernon Properties, Inc.

HCRI Cold Spring Properties, LLC HCRI Stonecreek Properties, LLC

HCRI Eddy Pond Properties Trust

HCRI Investments, Inc.

HCRI Asheboro Holdings, Inc.

HCRI Asheboro Properties, LP HCRI Forest City Holdings, Inc.

HCRI Forest City Properties, LP

HCRI Greenville Holdings, Inc.

HCRI Greenville Properties, LP HCRI Smithfield Holdings, Inc. HCRI Smithfield Properties, LP HCRI Drum Hill Properties, LLC

HCRI Fairmont Properties, LLC

HCRI Kirkland Properties, LLC

HCRI Ridgeland Pointe Properties, LLC Windrose Park Medical Properties, L.L.C.

State of Organization North Carolina

North Carolina North Carolina

> Kentucky Mississippi Virginia Delaware Delaware Ohio Delaware Virginia Tennessee Virginia Delaware Virginia Georgia Delaware Delaware Massachusetts Delaware North Carolina Delaware Delaware

Delaware

Delaware Virginia

Name of Subsidiary
Windrose Partell Medical Center, L.L.C. HCRI Abingdon Holdings, Inc.

HCRI Abingdon Properties, LP

HCRI Burlington Manor Holdings, Inc. HCRI Burlington Manor Properties, LP HCRI Concord Place Holdings, Inc.

HCRI Concord Place Properties, LP

HCRI Eden Holdings, Inc.

HCRI Eden Properties, LP

HCRI Gaston Manor Holdings, Inc. HCRI Gaston Manor Properties, LP

HCRI Gaston Place Holdings, Inc.

HCRI Gaston Place Properties, LP

HCRI High Point Manor Holdings, Inc. HCRI High Point Manor Properties, LP

HCRI Salisbury Holdings, Inc.

HCRI Salisbury Properties, LP

HCRI Skeet Club Manor Holdings, Inc.

HCRI Skeet Club Manor Properties, LP HCRI Statesville Place Holdings I, Inc.

HCRI Statesville Place Holdings II, Inc.

HCRI Statesville Place Properties I, LP

HCRI Statesville Place Properties II, LP

HCRI Union Park Holdings, Inc. HCRI Union Park Properties, LP HCRI Weddington Park Holdings, Inc.

HCRI Weddington Park Properties, LP

Cooper Holding, L.L.C.

Windrose Aberdeen I Properties, L.L.C.

Cooper, L.L.C. WMPT Sacramento Properties, L.L.C.

Windrose Coral Springs Properties, L.L.C. Windrose St. Mary's Medical Professional

Building, L.L.C.

WMPT Bellaire POB Properties, L.L.C. WMPT Bellaire POB, L.P.

WMPT Trinity Properties, L.L.C.

HCRI Chicago Properties, Inc.

Windrose Central Medical II Properties, L.L.C. WMPT Bellaire HP, L.P. WMPT Bellaire HP Properties, L.L.C.

Windrose East West Properties, L.L.C.

Windrose Gwinnett I Properties, L.L.C.

Windrose Biltmore Properties, L.L.C.

WMPT Pearland II Properties, L.L.C. Windrose Lake Mead Properties, L.L.C.

State of Organization Virginia

North Carolina North Carolina

North Carolina

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North Carolina

North Carolina

North Carolina

North Carolina North Carolina

North Carolina

Florida Florida

Delaware

Virginia

Virginia

Virginia

Virginia Virginia

Virginia

Virginia

Virginia Virginia

Virginia

Virginia

Virginia

Virginia Virginia

Name of Subsidiary
WMPT Pearland II, L.P.

WMPT Gwinnett II Properties, L.L.C.

HCRI General Properties, Inc.

West Boynton Investors, LLLP

HCRI Kansas Properties, LLC HCRI Hunters Glen Properties, LLC

HCRI Wilburn Gardens Properties, LLC

HCRI Draper Place Properties Trust HCRI Marina Place Properties Trust

Windrose Central Medical Properties, L.L.C. Windrose Central Medical III Properties, L.L.C.

HCRI Tennessee Properties, LLC

HH Florida, LLC

Windrose Johns Creek I Properties, L.L.C.

Windrose Johns Creek II Properties, L.L.C. Windrose Johns Creek III Properties, L.L.C.

Windrose Lakewood Properties, L.L.C.

Windrose Los Gatos Properties, L.L.C.

Windrose Palm Court Properties, L.L.C.

Windrose Fox Valley Properties, L.L.C. Windrose Yorkville Properties, L.L.C.

Healthcare Property Managers of America, LLC

Medical Real Estate Property Managers

of America, LLC  $\,$ 

Windrose Union City Properties, L.L.C. HCRI Dayton Place – Denver Properties, LLC

HCRI New Hampshire Properties, LLC

Windrose Union City II Properties, L.L.C.

Windrose Fayetteville Properties, L.L.C. WMPT Aberdeen II Management, L.L.C. Windrose Aberdeen II Properties, L.L.C.

Windrose Atrium Properties, L.L.C.

Windrose Edinburg Properties, L.L.C.

Windrose Osler Properties, L.L.C.

Windrose Santa Anita Properties, L.L.C. Windrose Southpointe Properties, L.L.C.

WMPT Aberdeen I Management, L.L.C.

WMPT Atrium Management, L.L.C.

WMPT Columbia Management, L.L.C.

WMPT Congress I Management, L.L.C. WMPT Congress II Management, L.L.C.

WMPT Desert Springs Management, L.L.C.

WMPT Edinburg Management, L.L.C.

WMPT Northside Management, L.L.C.

WMPT Osler Management, L.L.C. WMPT Palms West III Management, L.L.C.

State of Organization Virginia

Delaware Delaware Florida

Delaware Delaware Delaware

Massachusetts Massachusetts Delaware

Virginia Delaware Delaware Delaware

Virginia Virginia Virginia Virginia Virginia

Virginia Virginia Florida Florida

Virginia Delaware Delaware Tennessee

Delaware Delaware Delaware Delaware

Delaware Delaware Delaware Delaware Delaware

Delaware Delaware Delaware Delaware Delaware Delaware Delaware Delaware

Delaware

Name of Subsidiary
WMPT Palms West IV Management, L.L.C. WMPT Palms West V Management, L.L.C. WMPT Santa Anita Management, L.L.C. WMPT Sierra Management, L.L.C. WMPT Southpointe Management, L.L.C. WMPT Southside Management, L.L.C. WMPT Wellington Management, L.L.C. WMPT West Boca Management, L.L.C. WMPT West Tower Management, L.L.C. WMPT WPC Management, L.L.C. Windrose Congress I Properties, L.P. Windrose Congress II Properties, L.P. Windrose Desert Springs Properties, L.P. HCRI Provider Properties, LLC 111 Lazelle Road East, LLC 1425 Yorkland Road, LLC 1920 Cleveland Road West, LLC 5166 Spanson Drive SE, LLC 721 Hickory Street, LLC 222 East Beech Street – Jefferson, L.L.C. 130 Buena Vista Street, LLC 1785 Freshley Avenue, LLC 1850 Crown Park Court, LLC 5700 Karl Road, LLC Windrose Webster Properties, L.P. Windrose WPC Properties, L.P. WMPT Webster Management, L.L.C. Windrose Capital Trust I HCRI Senior Housing Properties, Inc. Windrose 119 Properties, L.L.C. Windrose Orange Properties, L.L.C. Windrose Princeton Properties, L.L.C. Windrose Trussville Properties, L.L.C. WMPT 119 Management, L.L.C. WMPT Princeton Management, L.L.C. WMPT Trussville Management, L.L.C. 209 Merriman Road, L.L.C. Windrose Lafayette Properties, L.L.C. Windrose Tulsa Properties, L.L.C. WMPT Lafayette Management, L.L.C. WMPT Tulsa Management, L.L.C. HCRI Financing, Inc. Heat Merger Sub, LLC Warrior LP Holdco, LLC WMPT Sacramento, L.P.

WMPT Trinity, L.P.

State of Organization Delaware Virginia

Virginia

Name of Subsidiary
Windrose Orange Centre Properties, LLC WMPT Orange Centre Management, LLC Heat OP TRS, Inc. Anchor HCN Properties, LLC HCRI Logistics, Inc. Windrose AZ-Tempe Properties, LLC Windrose Bartlett Properties, LLC Windrose Claremore Properties, LLC Windrose Denton Properties, LLC Windrose Frisco I Properties, LLC Windrose Frisco II Properties, LLC Windrose Glendale Properties, LLC Windrose Las Vegas Properties, LLC Windrose Los Alamitos Properties, LLC Windrose Okatie I Properties, LLC Windrose Palmer Properties, LLC Windrose St. Louis I Properties, LLC Windrose Tucson Properties, LLC WMPT AZ-Tempe Management, LLC WMPT Bartlett Management, LLC WMPT Boynton West Management, LLC WMPT Claremore Management, LLC WMPT Denton Management, LLC WMPT Frisco I Management, LLC WMPT Frisco II Management, LLC WMPT Glendale Management, LLC WMPT Las Vegas Management, LLC WMPT Los Alamitos Management, LLC WMPT Okatie I Management, LLC WMPT Palmer Management, LLC WMPT St. Louis I Management, LLC WMPT Tucson Management, LLC Windrose Niagara Falls Properties, LLC Windrose Physicians Plaza Properties, LLC Windrose West Seneca Properties, LLC WMP Niagara Falls Management, LLC WMP Physicians Plaza Management, LLC WMP West Seneca Management, LLC HCRI TRS Holdco, Inc. Windrose AWPC II Properties, LLC Windrose Bethesda Properties, LLC Windrose Wellington Properties, LLC

WMP AWPC II Management, LLC

WMP Bethesda Management, LLC

WMP Wellington Management, LLC

WMP Boynton Beach Management, LLC

State of Organization Delaware Delaware

Name of Subsidiary
HCN Access Holdings, LLC HCN Access Las Vegas I, LLC

Plaza / HCN Properties Phoenix Biomedical

Plaza L.L.C.
HCN Interra Lake Travis LTACH, LLC
HCN Lake Travis Holdings, LLC
HCN Lake Travis Property One, LLC

HCN Lake Travis Property One, LLC HCN Plaza Holdings, LLC Windrose Cottonwood Properties, LLC WMP Cottonwood Management, LLC Windrose Southlake Properties, LLC

WMP Southlake Management, LLC

Windrose TSM I Properties, LLC WMP TSM I Management, LLC WTP Healthcare Properties, LLC

Windrose East Valley Properties, LLC

WMP East Valley Management, LLC

Windrose TSM II Properties, LLC WMP TSM II Management, LLC Anchor HCN Doylestown, LLC

Anchor HCN Properties II, LLC

HCRI Illinois Properties II, LLC

7

State of Organization Delaware

Delaware Delaware

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Delaware

#### CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the following registration statements:

- Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-01239) dated February 27, 1996 pertaining to the Health Care REIT, Inc. 1995 Stock Incentive Plan;
- Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-40769) dated November 21, 1997 pertaining to the Health Care REIT, Inc. Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors;
- Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-40771) dated November 21, 1997 pertaining to the Health Care REIT, Inc. 1995 Stock Incentive Plan;
- Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-73916) dated November 21, 2001 pertaining to the Health Care REIT, Inc. 1995 Stock Incentive Plan;
- Registration Statement (Form S-3 No. 333-107280) dated July 23, 2003, as amended on August 1, 2003, pertaining to \$937,557,819 of securities of Health Care REIT, Inc.;
- Registration Statement (Form S-3 No. 333-110877) dated December 2, 2003 pertaining to 811,335 shares of common stock of Health Care REIT, Inc. with respect to the resale of shares of common stock received in connection with the conversion of shares of the 6% Series E Cumulative Convertible and Redeemable Preferred Stock;
- Registration Statement (Form S-3 No. 333-110902) dated December 3, 2003, as amended on December 11, 2003, pertaining to the Health Care REIT, Inc. Amended and Restated Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan;
- Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-120915) dated December 1, 2004 pertaining to the Health Care REIT, Inc. Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors;
- Registration Statement (Form S-3 No. 333-120917) dated December 1, 2004, as amended on May 19, 2005, pertaining to \$831,794,619 of securities of Health Care REIT, Inc.;
- Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-126195) dated June 28, 2005 pertaining to the Health Care REIT, Inc. 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan;
- Registration Statement (Form S-3 No. 333-134082) dated May 12, 2006 pertaining to an indeterminate amount of debt securities, common stock, preferred stock, depositary shares, warrants and units of Health Care REIT, Inc.;
- Registration Statement (Form S-4 No. 333-138006) dated October 13, 2006 pertaining to shares of common stock and 7.5% Series G Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock of Health Care REIT, Inc. issued in connection with the merger between Health Care REIT, Inc. and Windrose Medical Properties Trust, as amended by Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement dated November 6, 2006, and Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 on Form S-8 to the Registration

Statement dated December 21, 2006 pertaining to the Windrose Medical Properties Trust 2002 Stock Incentive Plan; and

• Registration Statement (Form S-3 No. 333-142987) dated May 15, 2007 pertaining to the Health Care REIT, Inc. Second Amended and Restated Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan; of our report dated February 27, 2008, with respect to the consolidated financial statements and schedules of Health Care REIT, Inc., and our report dated February 27, 2008, with respect to the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting of Health Care REIT, Inc., included in this Annual Report (Form 10-K) of Health Care REIT, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2007.

/s/ ERNST & YOUNG LLP

Toledo, Ohio February 27, 2008

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned, a director of Health Care REIT, Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation that is about to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, a Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2007, hereby constitutes and appoints GEORGE L. CHAPMAN his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power to act, his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, for him and in his name, place and stead, in the capacity as director, to sign such Form 10-K which is about to be filed, and any and all amendments to such Form 10-K, and to file such Form 10-K and each such amendment so signed, with all exhibits thereto, and any and all other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent, full power and authority to do and perform any and all acts and things requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

 $IN\ WITNESS\ WHEREOF, the\ undersigned\ hereun to\ sets\ his\ hand\ this\ 11th\ day\ of\ February,\ 2008.$ 

/s/ William C. Ballard, Jr.
William C. Ballard, Jr.
Director

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned, a director of Health Care REIT, Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation that is about to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, a Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2007, hereby constitutes and appoints GEORGE L. CHAPMAN his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power to act, his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, for him and in his name, place and stead, in the capacity as director, to sign such Form 10-K which is about to be filed, and any and all amendments to such Form 10-K, and to file such Form 10-K and each such amendment so signed, with all exhibits thereto, and any and all other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent, full power and authority to do and perform any and all acts and things requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

 $IN\ WITNESS\ WHEREOF, the\ undersigned\ hereun to\ sets\ his\ hand\ this\ 11th\ day\ of\ February,\ 2008.$ 

/s/ Pier C. Borra	
Pier C. Borra	
Director	

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned, a director of Health Care REIT, Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation that is about to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, a Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2007, hereby constitutes and appoints GEORGE L. CHAPMAN his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power to act, his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, for him and in his name, place and stead, in the capacity as director, to sign such Form 10-K which is about to be filed, and any and all amendments to such Form 10-K, and to file such Form 10-K and each such amendment so signed, with all exhibits thereto, and any and all other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent, full power and authority to do and perform any and all acts and things requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

 $IN\ WITNESS\ WHEREOF, the\ undersigned\ hereun to\ sets\ his\ hand\ this\ 11th\ day\ of\ February,\ 2008.$ 

/s/ Raymond W. Braun	
Raymond W. Braun	
Director	

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned, a director of Health Care REIT, Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation that is about to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, a Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2007, hereby constitutes and appoints GEORGE L. CHAPMAN his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power to act, his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, for him and in his name, place and stead, in the capacity as director, to sign such Form 10-K which is about to be filed, and any and all amendments to such Form 10-K, and to file such Form 10-K and each such amendment so signed, with all exhibits thereto, and any and all other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent, full power and authority to do and perform any and all acts and things requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

 $IN\ WITNESS\ WHEREOF, the\ undersigned\ hereun to\ sets\ his\ hand\ this\ 11th\ day\ of\ February,\ 2008.$ 

/s/ Thomas J. DeRosa

Thomas J. DeRosa

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned, a director of Health Care REIT, Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation that is about to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, a Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2007, hereby constitutes and appoints GEORGE L. CHAPMAN his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power to act, his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, for him and in his name, place and stead, in the capacity as director, to sign such Form 10-K which is about to be filed, and any and all amendments to such Form 10-K, and to file such Form 10-K and each such amendment so signed, with all exhibits thereto, and any and all other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent, full power and authority to do and perform any and all acts and things requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned hereunto sets his hand this 11th day of February, 2008.

/s/ Jeffrey H. Donahue
Jeffrey H. Donahue
Director

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned, a director of Health Care REIT, Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation that is about to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, a Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2007, hereby constitutes and appoints GEORGE L. CHAPMAN his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power to act, his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, for him and in his name, place and stead, in the capacity as director, to sign such Form 10-K which is about to be filed, and any and all amendments to such Form 10-K, and to file such Form 10-K and each such amendment so signed, with all exhibits thereto, and any and all other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent, full power and authority to do and perform any and all acts and things requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned hereunto sets his hand this 11th day of February, 2008.

/s/ Peter J. Grua	
Peter J. Grua	
Director	

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned, a director of Health Care REIT, Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation that is about to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, a Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2007, hereby constitutes and appoints GEORGE L. CHAPMAN his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power to act, his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, for him and in his name, place and stead, in the capacity as director, to sign such Form 10-K which is about to be filed, and any and all amendments to such Form 10-K, and to file such Form 10-K and each such amendment so signed, with all exhibits thereto, and any and all other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent, full power and authority to do and perform any and all acts and things requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned hereunto sets his hand this 11th day of February, 2008.

/s/ Fred S. Klipsch	
Fred S. Klipsch	
Director	

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned, a director of Health Care REIT, Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation that is about to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, a Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2007, hereby constitutes and appoints GEORGE L. CHAPMAN her true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power to act, her true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, for her and in her name, place and stead, in the capacity as director, to sign such Form 10-K which is about to be filed, and any and all amendments to such Form 10-K, and to file such Form 10-K and each such amendment so signed, with all exhibits thereto, and any and all other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent, full power and authority to do and perform any and all acts and things requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as she might do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned hereunto sets her hand this 11th day of February, 2008.

/s/ Sharon M. Oster Sharon M. Oster Director

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned, a director of Health Care REIT, Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation that is about to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, a Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2007, hereby constitutes and appoints GEORGE L. CHAPMAN his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power to act, his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, for him and in his name, place and stead, in the capacity as director, to sign such Form 10-K which is about to be filed, and any and all amendments to such Form 10-K, and to file such Form 10-K and each such amendment so signed, with all exhibits thereto, and any and all office documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent, full power and authority to do and perform any and all acts and things requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned hereunto sets his hand this 11th day of February, 2008.

/s/ Jeffrey R. Otten	
Jeffrey R. Otten	
Director	

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned, a director of Health Care REIT, Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation that is about to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, a Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2007, hereby constitutes and appoints GEORGE L. CHAPMAN his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power to act, his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, for him and in his name, place and stead, in the capacity as director, to sign such Form 10-K which is about to be filed, and any and all amendments to such Form 10-K, and to file such Form 10-K and each such amendment so signed, with all exhibits thereto, and any and all office documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent, full power and authority to do and perform any and all acts and things requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned hereunto sets his hand this 11th day of February, 2008.

/s/ R. Scott Trumbull	
R. Scott Trumbull	
Director	

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned, a director and the Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer and Principal Executive Officer of Health Care REIT, Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation that is about to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, a Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2007, hereby constitutes and appoints SCOTT A. ESTES, his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power to act, his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, for him and in his name, place and stead, in the capacities as director and Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer and Principal Executive Officer, to sign such Form 10-K which is about to be filed, and any and all amendments to such Form 10-K, and to file such Form 10-K and each such amendments so signed, with all exhibits thereto, and any and all other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent, full power and authority to do and perform any and all acts and things requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned hereunto sets his hand this 11th day of February, 2008.

/s/ George L. Chapman

George L. Chapman
Director, Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer and
Principal Executive Officer

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned, the Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer and Principal Financial Officer of Health Care REIT, Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation that is about to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, a Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2007, hereby constitutes and appoints GEORGE L. CHAPMAN his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power to act, his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, for him and in his name, place and stead, in the capacities as Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer and Principal Financial Officer, to sign such Form 10-K which is about to be filed, and any and all amendments to such Form 10-K, and to file such Form 10-K and each such amendment so signed, with all exhibits thereto, and any and all other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent, full power and authority to do and perform any and all acts and things requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned hereunto sets his hand this 11th day of February, 2008.

/s/ Scott A. Estes

Scott A. Estes Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer and Principal Financial Officer

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned, the Vice President and Controller and Principal Accounting Officer of Health Care REIT, Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation that is about to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, a Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2007, hereby constitutes and appoints GEORGE L. CHAPMAN his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power to act, his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, for his and in his name, place and stead, in the capacity as Vice President and Controller and Principal Accounting Officer, to sign such Form 10-K which is about to be filed, and any and all amendments to such Form 10-K, and to file such Form 10-K and each such amendment so signed, with all exhibits thereto, and any and all other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent, full power and authority to do and perform any and all acts and things requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned hereunto sets his hand this 11th day of February, 2008.

/s/ Paul D. Nungester, Jr.

Paul D. Nungester, Jr.
Vice President and Controller and
Principal Accounting Officer

#### CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

- I, George L. Chapman, certify that:
  - 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Health Care REIT, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
    - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ George L. Chapman,

Chief Executive Officer

Date: February 27, 2008

#### CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

- I, Scott A. Estes, certify that:
  - 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Health Care REIT, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
    - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Scott A. Estes

Scott A. Estes, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: February 27, 2008

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. Section 1350

I, George L. Chapman, the Chief Executive Officer of Health Care REIT, Inc. (the "Company"), certify that (i) the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the Company for the year ended December 31, 2007 (the "Report"), fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and (ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ George L. Chapman George L. Chapman Chief Executive Officer

Dated: February 27, 2008

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. Section 1350

I, Scott A. Estes, the Chief Financial Officer of Health Care REIT, Inc. (the "Company"), certify that (i) the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the Company for the year ended December 31, 2007 (the "Report"), fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and (ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ SCOTT A. ESTES
Scott A. Estes,
Senior Vice President and Chief
Financial Officer

Dated: February 27, 2008

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.