## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

## FORM 10-K/A

## (Amendment No. 1)

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

> For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010 Commission File No. 1-8923



# HEALTH CARE REIT, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

4500 Dorr Street, Toledo, Ohio

(Address of principal executive office)

34-1096634

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

43615

(Zip Code)

(419) 247-2800

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

**Title of Each Class** 

Common Stock, \$1.00 par value 7.875% Series D Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, \$1.00 par value 7.625% Series F Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, \$1.00 par value 6.50% Series I Cumulative Convertible Perpetual Preferred Stock, \$1.00 par value Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered New York Stock Exchange New York Stock Exchange New York Stock Exchange

## Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes 🗵 No o

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Act. Yes o No 🗵

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to the filing requirements for at least the past 90 days. Yes 🗹 No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes 🗹 No o

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment of this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer 🗹	Accelerated filer o	Non-accelerated filer o	Smaller reporting company o
		(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No 🗵

The aggregate market value of the shares of voting common stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant, computed by reference to the closing sales price of such shares on the New York Stock Exchange as of the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter was \$5,204,141,431.

As of January 31, 2011, the registrant had 147,381,372 shares of common stock outstanding.

## DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Portions of the registrant's definitive proxy statement for the annual stockholders' meeting to be held May 5, 2011, are incorporated by reference into Part III.

## EXPLANATORY NOTE

This Amendment No. 1 to Health Care REIT, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 25, 2011 (the "Original Filing"), is being filed solely to include eXtensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL) information in Exhibit 101 that was excluded from the timely filed Original Filing, as provided for under Rule 405 of Regulation S-T. This Amendment No. 1 does not reflect events or transactions occurring after the date of the Original Filing or modify or update those disclosures that may have been affected by events or transactions occurring subsequent to such filing date (except as provided on the cover page of this Amendment No. 1).

Exhibit 101 provides the following items formatted in XBRL: (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2010 and 2009; (ii) Consolidated Statements of Income for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008; (iii) Consolidated Statements of Equity for the years ended December, 2010, 2009 and 2008; (iv) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008; (v) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements; (vi) Schedule III — Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation; and (vii) Schedule IV — Mortgage Loans on Real Estate.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

## HEALTH CARE REIT, INC.

Date: March 24, 2011

By: /s/ GEORGE L. CHAPMAN Chairman, Chief Executive Officer, President and Director 101.INS XBRL Instance Document\*

- 101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document\*
- 101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document\*
- 101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document\*
- 101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document\*
- 101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document\*
- \* Attached as Exhibit 101 to this Amendment No. 1 to Annual Report on Form 10-K are the following materials, formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Income for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Equity for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, (v) the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, (vi) Schedule III — Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation and (vii) Schedule IV — Mortgage Loans on Real Estate.

Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, the Interactive Data Files on Exhibit 101 hereto are deemed not filed or part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, are deemed not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and otherwise are not subject to liability under those sections.

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## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

## Washington, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-K

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Commission File No. 1-8923



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New York Stock Exchange

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Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o 🛛 No 🗵

The aggregate market value of the shares of voting common stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant, computed by reference to the closing sales price of such shares on the New York Stock Exchange as of the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter was \$5,204,141,431.

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### HEALTH CARE REIT, INC. 2010 FORM 10-K ANNUAL REPORT

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#### Item 1. Business

#### General

Health Care REIT, Inc. is a real estate investment trust ("REIT") that has been at the forefront of senior housing and health care real estate since the company was founded in 1970. We are an S&P 500 company headquartered in Toledo, Ohio and our portfolio spans the full spectrum of senior housing and health care real estate, including senior housing communities, skilled nursing facilities, medical office buildings, inpatient and outpatient medical centers and life science facilities. Our capital programs, when combined with comprehensive planning, development and property management services, make us a single-source solution for acquiring, planning, developing, managing, repositioning and monetizing real estate assets. More information is available on the Internet at www.hcreit.com.

Our primary objectives are to protect stockholder capital and enhance stockholder value. We seek to pay consistent cash dividends to stockholders and create opportunities to increase dividend payments to stockholders as a result of annual increases in rental and interest income and portfolio growth. To meet these objectives, we invest in the full spectrum of senior housing and health care real estate and diversify our investment portfolio by property type, operator/tenant and geographic location.

Depending upon the availability and cost of external capital, we believe our liquidity is sufficient to fund operations, meet debt service obligations (both principal and interest), make dividend distributions and complete construction projects in process. We also continue to evaluate opportunities to finance future investments. New investments are generally funded from temporary borrowings under our unsecured line of credit arrangement, internally generated cash and the proceeds from sales of real property. Our investments generate cash from rent and interest receipts and principal payments on loans receivable. Permanent capital for future investments, which replaces funds drawn under the unsecured line of credit arrangement, has historically been provided through a combination of public and private offerings of debt and equity securities and the incurrence or assumption of secured debt.

References herein to "we," "us," "our" or the "Company" refer to Health Care REIT, Inc. and its subsidiaries unless specifically noted otherwise.

#### **Portfolio of Properties**

The following table summarizes our portfolio as of December 31, 2010:

Type of Property	Investments (In thousands)		Percentage of Investments	Number of Properties			Investment per metric(1)	
Senior housing facilities	\$	4,403,208	49.0%	303	27,863 units	\$	162,210 per unit	36
Skilled nursing facilities		1,257,719	14.0%	180	24,064 beds		52,266 per bed	26
Hospitals		782,879	8.7%	31	1,857 beds		446,846 per bed	13
Medical office buildings(2)		2,195,435	24.4%	162	9,047,167 sq. ft.		254 per sq. ft.	28
Life science buildings(2)		346,562	3.9%	7			n/a	1
Totals	\$	8,985,803	100.0%	683				41

(1) Investment per metric was computed by using the total investment amount of \$8,860,164,000, which includes net real estate investments and unfunded construction commitments for which initial funding has commenced which amounted to \$8,592,109,000 and \$268,055,000, respectively.

(2) Includes our share of unconsolidated joint venture investments. Please see Note 7 to our consolidated financial statements for additional information.

#### **Property Types**

We invest in senior housing and health care real estate. We evaluate our business and make resource allocations on our two business segments — senior housing and care and medical facilities. For additional information regarding business segments, see Note 17 to our consolidated financial statements. The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies (see Note 2 to our consolidated financial statements). The following is a summary of our various property types.

#### Senior Housing and Care

Our senior housing and care properties include skilled nursing facilities, assisted living facilities, independent living/continuing care retirement communities and combinations thereof. We invest in senior housing and care real estate primarily through acquisition and development. Excluding our operating partnerships (see Note 3 to our consolidated financial statements), properties are primarily leased under triple-net leases and we are not involved in property management. Our properties include stand-alone facilities that provide one level of service, combination facilities that provide multiple levels of service, and communities or campuses that provide a wide range of services.

Independent Living Facilities. Independent living facilities are age-restricted, multifamily properties with central dining facilities that provide residents access to meals and other services such as housekeeping, linen service, transportation and social and recreational activities.

Continuing Care Retirement Communities. Continuing care retirement communities include a combination of detached homes, an independent living facility, an assisted living facility and/or a skilled nursing facility on one campus. These communities are appealing to residents because there is no need for relocating when health and medical needs change. Resident payment plans vary, but can include entrance fees, condominium fees and rental fees. Many of these communities also charge monthly maintenance fees in exchange for a living unit, meals and some health services.

*Early Stage Senior Housing.* Early stage senior housing communities contain primarily for-sale single-family homes, townhomes, cluster homes, mobile homes and/or condominiums with no specialized services. These communities are typically restricted or targeted to adults at least 55 years of age or older. Residents generally lead an independent lifestyle. Communities may include amenities such as a clubhouse, golf course and recreational spaces.

Assisted Living Facilities. Assisted living facilities are state regulated rental properties that provide the same services as independent living facilities, but also provide supportive care from trained employees to residents who require assistance with activities of daily living, including management of medications, bathing, dressing, toileting, ambulating and eating.

Alzheimer's/Dementia Care Facilities. Certain assisted living facilities may include state licensed settings that specialize in caring for those afflicted with Alzheimer's disease and/or other types of dementia.

Skilled Nursing Facilities. Skilled nursing facilities are licensed daily rate or rental properties where the majority of individuals require 24-hour nursing and/or medical care. Generally, these properties are licensed for Medicaid and/or Medicare reimbursement.

#### Medical Facilities

Our medical facilities include medical office buildings, hospitals and life science buildings. Our medical office buildings are typically leased to multiple tenants and generally require a certain level of property management. Our hospital investments are typically structured similar to our senior housing and care investments. Our life science investments represent investments in an unconsolidated joint venture (see Note 7 to our consolidated financial statements).

Medical Office Buildings. The medical office building portfolio consists of health care related buildings that include physician offices, ambulatory surgery centers, diagnostic facilities, outpatient services and/or labs. Our portfolio has a strong affiliation with health systems: approximately 80% of the buildings are either located on campus or affiliated with hospitals through a satellite location.

Hospitals. Our hospitals generally include acute care hospitals, inpatient rehabilitation hospitals, and long-term acute care hospitals. Acute care hospitals provide a wide range of inpatient and outpatient services, including, but not limited to, surgery, rehabilitation, therapy and clinical laboratories. Inpatient rehabilitation hospitals provide inpatient services for patients with intensive rehabilitation needs. Long-term acute care hospitals provide inpatient services for patients with complex medical conditions that require more intensive care, monitoring or emergency support than is available in most skilled nursing facilities.

#### Investments

We invest in senior housing and health care real estate primarily through acquisitions and developments. We diversify our investment portfolio by property type, operator/tenant and geographic location. In determining whether to invest in a property, we focus on the following: (1) the experience of the obligor's management team; (2) the historical and projected financial and operational performance of the property; (3) the credit of the obligor; (4) the security for the lease or loan; (5) the real estate attributes of the building and its location; and (6) the capital committed to the property by the obligor. We conduct market research and analysis for all potential investments. In addition, we review the value of all properties, the interest rates and covenant requirements of any facility-level debt to be assumed by us at the time of the acquisition and the anticipated sources of repayment of any of the obligor's existing debt that is not to be assumed by us at the time of the acquisition.

We monitor our investments through a variety of methods determined by the type of property. Our asset management process for senior housing and care properties generally includes review of monthly financial statements and other operating data for each property, periodic review of obligor creditworthiness, periodic property inspections and review of covenant compliance relating to licensure, real estate taxes, letters of credit and other collateral. Our internal property management division actively manages and monitors the medical office building portfolio with a comprehensive process including tenant relations, tenant lease expirations, the mix of health service providers, hospital/health system relationships, property performance, capital improvement needs and market conditions among other things. In monitoring our portfolio, our personnel use a proprietary database to collect and analyze property-specific data. Additionally, we conduct extensive research to ascertain industry trends and risks.

Through asset management and research, we evaluate the operating environment in each property's market to determine whether payment risk is likely to increase. When we identify unacceptable levels of payment risk, we seek to mitigate, eliminate or transfer the risk. We categorize the risk as obligor, property or market risk. For obligor risk, we typically find a substitute operator/tenant to run the property. For property risk, we usually work with the operator/tenant to institute property-level management changes to address the risk. Finally, for market risk, we often encourage an obligor to change its capital structure, including refinancing the property or raising additional equity. Through these asset management and research efforts, we agenerally able to intervene at an early stage to address payment risk, and in so doing, support both the collectability of revenue and the value of our investment.

Depending upon market conditions, we believe that new investments will be available in the future with spreads over our cost of capital that will generate appropriate returns to our stockholders.

#### Investment Types

*Real Property.* Our hospitals and senior housing and care properties are primarily comprised of land, building, improvements and related rights. Excluding properties in our senior housing operating partnerships (see Note 3 to our consolidated financial statements), these properties are generally leased to operators under long-term operating leases. The leases generally have a fixed contractual term of 12 to 15 years and contain one or more five to 15-year renewal options. Certain of our leases also contain purchase options. Most of our rents are received under triple-net leases requiring the operator to pay rent and all additional charges incurred in the operation of the leased property. The tenants are required to repair, rebuild and maintain the leased properties. Substantially all of these operating leases are designed with either fixed or contingent escalating rent structures. Leases with fixed annual rental escalators are generally recorded based on the contractual cash rental payments due for the period.

At December 31, 2010, approximately 91% of our hospitals and senior housing and care properties were subject to master leases. A master lease is a lease of multiple properties to one tenant entity under a single lease agreement. From time to time, we may acquire additional properties that are then leased to the tenant under the master lease. The tenant is required to make one monthly payment that represents rent on all the properties that are subject to the master lease. Typically, the master lease tenant can exercise its right to purchase the properties or to renew the master lease only with respect to all leased properties at the same time. This bundling feature benefits us because the tenant cannot limit the purchase or renewal to the better performing properties and terminate the leasing arrangement with respect to the poorer performing properties. This spreads our risk among the entire group of properties within the master lease or reject each of its leases. It is our intent that a tenant in bankruptcy would be required to assume or reject the master lease as a whole, rather than deciding on a property by property basis.

Our medical office building portfolio is primarily self-managed and consists principally of multi-tenant properties leased to health care providers. Our leases have favorable lease terms that typically include fixed increasers and some form of operating expense reimbursement by the tenant. As of December 31, 2010, 88% of our portfolio included leases with full pass through, 10% with a partial expense reimbursement (modified gross) and 2% with no expense reimbursement (gross). Our medical office building leases are non-cancellable operating leases that have a weighted average remaining term of 8.5 years at December 31, 2010 and are normally credit enhanced by guaranties and/or letters of credit.

*Construction.* We currently provide for the construction of properties for tenants generally as part of long-term operating leases. We capitalize certain interest costs associated with funds used to pay for the construction of properties owned by us. The amount capitalized is based upon the amount advanced during the construction period using the rate of interest that approximates our cost of financing. Our interest expense is reduced by the amount capitalized. We also typically charge a transaction fee at the commencement of construction which we defer and amortize to income over the term of the resulting lease. The construction period commences upon funding and terminates upon the earlier of the completion of the applicable property or the end of a specified period. During the construction period, we advance funds to the tenants in accordance with agreed upon terms and conditions which require, among other things, periodic site visits by a Company representative. During the construction period, we generally require an additional credit enhancement in the form of payment and performance bonds and/or completion of payment 3268,055,000 to complete construction for investment properties.

Real Estate Loans. Our real estate loans are typically structured to provide us with interest income, principal amortization and transaction fees and are generally secured by a first, second or third mortgage lien, leasehold mortgage, corporate guaranties and/or personal guaranties. At December 31, 2010, we had outstanding real estate loans of \$436,580,000. The interest yield averaged approximately 9.1% per annum on our outstanding real estate loan balances. Our yield on real estate loans depends upon a number of factors, including the stated interest rate, average principal amount outstanding during the term of the loan and any interest rate adjustments. The real estate loans outstanding at December 31, 2010 are generally subject to three to 20-year terms with principal amortization schedules and/or balloon payments of the outstanding principal balances at the end of the term. Typically, real estate loans are cross-defaulted and cross-collateralized with other real estate loans, operating leases or agreements between us and the obligor and its affiliates.

#### Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of our wholly-owned subsidiaries and joint ventures that we control, through voting rights or other means. All material intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.



At inception of the joint venture transactions, we identify entities for which control is achieved through means other than voting rights ("variable interest entities" or "VIEs") and determine which business enterprise is the primary beneficiary of its operations. A variable interest entity is broadly defined as an entity where either (i) the equity investors as a group, if any, do not have a controlling financial interest, or (ii) the equity investment at risk is insufficient to finance that entity's activities without additional subordinated financial support. We consolidate investments in VIEs when we are determined to be the primary beneficiary. ASC 810 requires enterprises to perform a qualitative approach to determining whether or not a VIE will need to be consolidated on a continuous basis. This evaluation is based on an enterprise's ability to direct and influence the activities of a variable interest entity that most significantly impact that entity's economic performance.

For investments in joint ventures, we evaluate the type of rights held by the limited partner(s), which may preclude consolidation in circumstances in which the sole general partner would otherwise consolidate the limited partnership. The assessment of limited partners' rights and their impact on the presumption of control over a limited partnership by the sole general partner should be made when an investor becomes the sole general partner and should be reassessed if (i) there is a change to the terms or in the exercisability of the rights of the limited partnerskip interests, or (iii) there is an increase or decrease in the number of outstanding limited partnership interests. We similarly evaluate the rights of managing members of limited liability companies.

#### Equity Investments

Equity investments at December 31, 2010 and 2009 include an investment in a public company that has a readily determinable fair market value. We classify this equity investment as available-for-sale and, accordingly, record this investment at its fair market value with unrealized gains and losses included in accumulated other comprehensive income, a separate component of stockholders' equity. Equity investments at December 31, 2010 and 2009 also include an investment in a private company. We do not have the ability to exercise influence over the company, so the investment is accounted for under the cost method. Under the cost method of accounting, investments in private companies are carried at cost and are adjusted only for other-than-temporary declines in fair value, return of capital and additional investments. These equity investments represent a minimal ownership interest in these companies. Additionally, equity investments at December 31, 2010 include investments in unconsolidated joint ventures.

Investments in Unconsolidated Joint Ventures. Investments in less than majority owned entities where our interests represent a general partnership interest but substantive participating rights or substantive kick-out rights have been granted to the limited partners or when our interests do not represent the general partnership interest and we do not control the major operating and financial policies of the entity are reported under the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method of accounting, our share of the investee's earnings or losses is included in our consolidated results of operations. The initial carrying value of investments in unconsolidated joint ventures is based on the amount paid to purchase the joint venture interest or the estimated fair value of the equity method investment to its carrying value. When we determine a decline in the estimated fair value of such an investment below its carrying value is other-than-temporary, an impairment is recorded.

#### **Borrowing Policies**

We utilize a combination of debt and equity to fund investments. Our debt and equity levels are determined by management to maintain a conservative credit profile. Generally, we intend to issue unsecured, fixed rate public debt with long-term maturities to approximate the maturities on our leases and loans. For short-term purposes, we may borrow on our unsecured line of credit arrangement. We replace these borrowings with long-term capital such as senior unsecured notes, common stock or preferred stock. When terms are deemed favorable, we may invest in properties subject to existing mortgage indebtedness. In addition, we may obtain secured financing for unleveraged properties in which we have invested or may refinance properties acquired on a leveraged basis. In our agreements with our lenders, we are subject to restrictions with respect to secured and unsecured indebtedness.



#### Competition

We compete with other real estate investment trusts, real estate partnerships, private equity and hedge fund investors, banks, insurance companies, finance/investment companies, government-sponsored agencies, taxable and tax-exempt bond funds, health care operators, developers and other investors in the acquisition, development, leasing and financing of health care and senior housing properties. Some of our competitors are larger with greater resources and lower costs of capital than us. Increased competition inhibits our ability to identify and successfully complete investments. We compete for investments based on a number of factors including rates, financings offered, underwriting criteria and reputation. Our ability to successfully compete is also impacted by economic and population trends, availability of acceptable investment opportunities, our ability to negotiate beneficial investment terms, availability and cost of capital, construction and renovation costs and new and existing laws and regulations.

The operators/tenants of our properties compete on a local and regional basis with operators/tenants of properties that provide comparable services. Operators/tenants compete for patients and residents based on a number of factors including quality of care, reputation, physical appearance of properties, services offered, family preferences, physicians, staff and price. We also face competition from other health care facilities for tenants, such as physicians and other health care providers that provide comparable facilities and services.

For additional information on the risks associated with our business, please see "Item 1A -- Risk Factors" of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### Employees

As of December 31, 2010, we had 263 employees.

#### **Customer Concentrations**

The following table summarizes certain information about our customer concentrations as of December 31, 2010 (dollars in thousands):

	Number of Properties	In	Total vestment(2)	Percent of Investment(3)	
Concentration by investment:(1)					
Merrill Gardens LLC	38	\$	732,211	9%	
Brandywine Senior Living, LLC	19		612,598	7%	
Senior Living Communities, LLC	12		595,223	7%	
Senior Star Living	10		464,062	5%	
Brookdale Senior Living, Inc.	86		334,946	4%	
Remaining portfolio	518		5,853,069	68%	
Totals	683	\$	8,592,109	100%	

All of our top five customers are in our senior housing and care segment.
 Excludes our share of unconsolidated joint venture investments. Please see Note 7 for additional information.

(3) Investments with our top five customers comprised 24% of total investments at December 31, 2009.

**Certain Government Regulations** 

#### Health Law Matters — Generally

Typically, operators of senior housing facilities do not receive significant funding from government programs and are largely subject to state laws, as opposed to federal laws. Operators of skilled nursing facilities and hospitals do receive significant funding from government programs, and these facilities are subject to the federal and state laws that regulate the type and quality of the medical and/or nursing care provided, ancillary services (*e.g.*, respiratory, occupational, physical and infusion therapies), qualifications of the administrative personnel and nursing staff, the adequacy of the physical plant and equipment, reimbursement and rate setting and operating

policies. In addition, as described below, operators of these facilities are subject to extensive laws and regulations pertaining to health care fraud and abuse, including, but not limited to, the Federal Anti-kickback Statute, the Federal Stark Law, and the Federal False Claims Act, as well as comparable state law counterparts. Hospitals, physician group practice clinics, and other health care providers that operate in our portfolio are subject to extensive federal, state, and local licensure, registration, certification, and inspection laws, regulations, and industry standards. Our tenants' failure to comply with any of these, and other, laws could result in loss of accreditation; denial of reimbursement; imposition of fines; suspension, decertification, or exclusion from federal and state health care programs; loss of license; or closure of the facility.

#### Licensing and Certification

The primary regulations that affect senior housing facilities with assisted living are state licensing and registration laws. In granting and renewing these licenses, the state regulatory agencies consider numerous factors relating to a property's physical plant and operations including, but not limited to, admission and discharge standards, staffing, and training. A decision to grant or renew a license is also affected by a property owner's record with respect to patient and consumer rights, medication guidelines, and rules. Certain of the senior housing facilities mortgaged to or owned by us may require the resident to pay an entrance or upfront fee, a portion of which may be refundable. These entrance fee communities are subject to significant state regulatory oversight, including, for example, oversight of each facility's financial condition; establishment and monitoring of reserve requirements, and other financial restrictions; the right of residents to cancel their contracts within a specified period of time; lien rights in favor of residents; restrictions on change of ownership; and similar matters. Such oversight, and the rights of residents within these entrance fee communities, may have an effect on the revenue or operations of the operators of such facilities, and, therefore, may adversely affect us.

Certain health care facilities are subject to a variety of licensure and certificate of need ("CON") laws and regulations. Where applicable, CON laws generally require, among other requirements, that a facility demonstrate the need for (1) constructing a new facility, (2) adding beds or expanding an existing facility, (3) investing in major capital equipment or adding new services, (4) changing the ownership or control of an existing licensed facility, or (5) terminating services that have been previously approved through the CON process. Certain state CON laws and regulations may restrict the ability of operators to add new properties or expand an existing facility's size or services. In addition, CON laws may constrain the ability of an operator to transfer responsibility for operating a particular facility to a new operator. If we have to replace a property operator who is excluded from participating in a federal or state health care program (as discussed below), our ability to replace the operator may be affected by a particular state's CON laws, regulations, and applicable guidance governing changes in provider control.

With respect to licensure, generally our skilled nursing facilities and acute care facilities are required to be licensed and certified for participation in Medicare, Medicaid, and other federal health care programs. This generally requires license renewals and compliance surveys on an annual or bi-annual basis. The failure of our operators to maintain or renew any required license or regulatory approval, as well as the failure of our operators to correct serious deficiencies identified in a compliance survey could require those operators to discontinue operations at a property. In addition, if a property is found to be out of compliance with the Medicare, Medicaid, or other health care program conditions of participation in, the property operator may be excluded from participating in those government health care programs. Any such occurrence may impair an operators' ability to meet their financial obligations to us. If we have to replace an excluded property operator, our ability to replace the operator may be affected by federal and state laws, regulations, and applicable guidance governing changes in provider control. This may result in payment delays, an inability to find a replacement operator, a significant working capital commitment from us to a new operator or other difficulties.

#### Reimbursement

Senior Housing Facilities. Approximately 37% of our rental revenues for the year ended December 31, 2010 were attributable to senior housing facilities. The majority of the revenues received by the operators of our senior housing facilities are from private pay sources. The remaining revenue source is primarily Medicaid under certain waiver programs. As a part of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act ("OBRA") of 1981, Congress established a waiver program enabling some states to offer Medicaid reimbursement to assisted living providers as an alternative

to institutional long-term care services. The provisions of OBRA and the subsequent OBRA Acts of 1987 and 1990 permit states to seek a waiver from typical Medicaid requirements to develop cost-effective alternatives to long-term care, including Medicaid payments for assisted living and home health. As of December 31, 2010, four of our 41 senior housing operators received Medicaid reimbursement pursuant to Medicaid waiver programs. For the twelve months ended September 30, 2010, approximately 9% of the revenues at our senior housing facilities were from Medicaid reimbursement. There can be no guarantee that a state Medicaid program operating pursuant to a waiver will be able to maintain its waiver status.

Rates paid by self-pay residents are set by the facilities and are determined by local market conditions and operating costs. Generally, facilities receive a higher payment per day for a private pay resident than for a Medicaid beneficiary who requires a comparable level of care. The level of Medicaid reimbursement varies from state to state. Thus, the revenues generated by operators of our assisted living facilities may be adversely affected by payor mix, acuity level, changes in Medicaid eligibility, and reimbursement levels. In addition, a state could lose its Medicaid waiver and no longer be permitted to utilize Medicaid dollars to reimburse for assisted living services. Changes in revenues could in turn have a material adverse effect on an operator's ability to meet its obligations to us.

*Skilled Nursing Facilities and Hospitals.* Skilled nursing facilities and hospitals typically receive most of their revenues from the Medicare and Medicaid programs, with the balance representing reimbursement payments from private payors, including private insurers. Consequently, changes in federal or state reimbursement policies may also adversely affect an operator's ability to cover its expenses, including our rent or debt service. Skilled nursing facilities and hospitals are subject to periodic pre- and post-payment reviews, and other audits by federal and state authorities. A review or audit of a property operator's claims could result in recoupments, denials, or delay of payments in the future, which could have a material adverse effect on the operator's ability to meet its financial obligations to us. Due to the significant judgments and estimates inherent in payor settlement accounting, no assurance can be given as to the adequacy of any reserves maintained by our property operators to cover potential adjustments to reimbursements, or to cover settlements made to payors. In fact, in December 2010, the Department of Health and Human Services Office of Inspector General ("OIG") released a report focusing on skilled nursing facilities' billing practices for Medicare Part A payments, and found that between 2006-2008 skilled nursing facilities increasingly billed for higher paying Resource Utilization Groups ("RUGs"), the payment classification mechanism for the Medicare program, even though beneficiary characteristics remained largely unchanged. In particular, from 2006 to 2008, OIG found that the percentage of RUGs for ultra high therapy increased from 17% to 28%, despite the fact that beneficiaries' ages and diagnoses at admission were largely unchanged during that time period. As a result of the recent attention on skilled nursing facilities and nogoing government pressure to reduce spending by government health care programs, government health care programs may limit or reduce payments to skilled nurs

Medicare Reimbursement and Skilled Nursing Facilities. For the twelve months ended September 30, 2010, approximately 30% of the revenues at our skilled nursing facilities (which comprised 27% of our rental revenues for the year ended December 31, 2010) were paid by Medicare. Skilled nursing facilities are reimbursed under the Medicare Skilled Nursing Facility Prospective Payment System ("SNF PPS"). There is a risk that some skilled nursing facilities' costs will exceed the fixed payments under the SNF PPS may be set below the costs to provide certain items and services, which could result in immediate financial difficulties for skilled nursing facilities, and could cause operators to seek bankruptcy protection. Skilled nursing facilities have faced these types of difficulties since the implementation of the SNF PPS.

Skilled nursing facilities received a net 1.1% Medicare payment rate decrease for federal fiscal year 2010. This 1.1% net decrease is the result of a 3.3% decrease in payments due to recalibration of the case-mix indexes combined with a 2.2% increase in payments through "market basket" changes for fiscal year 2010. The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services ("CMS"), an agency of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services ("HHS"), has announced its intention to make a positive payment update for skilled nursing facilities for fiscal year 2011 — a net 1.7% increase resulting from a 2.3% market basket update less a 0.6% forecasting error adjustment. Section 5008 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 2005 directs the Secretary of HHS to conduct a demonstration program, for a three year period, beginning January 1, 2008, assessing the costs and outcomes of patients discharged from hospitals in a variety of post-acute care settings, including skilled nursing facilities. The outcome of that

demonstration program could lead to changes in Medicare coverage and reimbursement for post-acute care. Because the results of the demonstration have not yet been finalized, we cannot predict the potential financial implications those results, or any other proposed changes to the Medicare program, may have on our operators or tenants.

The Balanced Budget Act of 1997 mandated caps on Medicare reimbursement for certain therapy services. However, Congress imposed various moratoriums on the implementation of those caps. For 2011, the annual payment cap of \$1,870 per patient applies to occupational therapy and a separate \$1,870 cap applies to speech and physical therapy. Congress has permitted patients exceeding the cap to obtain additional Medicare coverage through a waiver program if the therapy is deemed medically necessary. The waiver program was historically extended, most recently, on December 15, 2010, by the Medicare and Medicaid Extenders Act (HR 4994), which extended the waiver program through December 31, 2011. Prior to the recent legislation, the program was scheduled to expire December 31, 2010. If the exception expires, patients will need to use private funds to pay for the cost of therapy above the caps. If patients are unable to satisfy their out-of-pocket cost responsibility to reimburse an operator for services rendered, the operator's ability to meet its financial obligations to us could be adversely impacted.

Medicare Reimbursement and Hospitals. For the twelve months ended September 30, 2010, approximately 56% of the revenues at our hospitals (which comprised 8% of our rental revenues for the year ended December 31, 2010) were from Medicare reimbursements. Hospitals, generally, are reimbursed by Medicare under the Hospital Inpatient Prospective Payment System ("PPS"), the Hospital Outpatient Prospective Payment System ("OPPS"), the Long Term Care Hospital Prospective Payment System ("LTCH PPS"), or the Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility Prospective Payment System ("IRF PPS"). Acute care hospitals provide a wide range of inpatient and outpatient services including, but not limited to, surgery, rehabilitation, therapy, and clinical laboratory services. Long-term acute care hospitals provide inpatient services for patients with medical conditions that are often complex and that require more intensive care, monitoring or emergency support than that available in most skilled nursing facilities. Inpatient rehabilitation facilities provide intensive rehabilitation services in an inpatient setting for patients requiring at least three hours of rehabilitation services a day.

With respect to Medicare's PPS for regular hospitals, reimbursement for inpatient services is made on the basis of a fixed, prospective rate, based on the principal diagnosis of the patient. Hospitals may be at risk to the extent that their costs in treating a specific case exceed the fixed payment amount. The diagnosis related group ("DRG") reimbursement system was updated in 2008 to expand the number of DRGs from 538 to 745 in order to better distinguish more severe conditions. One additional DRG was added in 2009, for a new total of 746. In some cases, a hospital might be able to qualify for an outlier payment if the hospital's losses exceed a threshold.

*Medicaid Reimbursement.* Medicaid is a major payor source for residents in our skilled nursing facilities and hospitals. For the twelve months ended September 30, 2010, approximately 51% of the revenues of our skilled nursing facilities and 4% of the revenues of our hospitals were attributable to Medicaid reimbursement payments. The federal and state governments share responsibility for financing Medicaid. The federal matching rate, known as the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage ("FMAP"), varies by state based on relative per capita income, but is at least 50% in all states. On average, Medicaid is the largest component of total state spending, representing approximately 21% of total state spending. The percentage of Medicaid sollars used for long-term care varies from state to state, due in part to different ratios of elderly population and eligibility requirements. Within certain federal guidelines, states have a fairly wide range of discretion to determine eligibility and reimbursement methodology. Many states reimburse long-term care facilities using fixed daily rates, which are applied prospectively based on patient acuity and the historical costs incurred in providing patient care. Reasonable costs typically include allowances for staffing, administrative and general expenses, property, and equipment (*e.g.*, real estate taxes, depreciation and fair rental).

In most states, Medicaid does not fully reimburse the cost of providing skilled nursing services. Certain states are attempting to slow the rate of growth in Medicaid expenditures by freezing rates or restricting eligibility and benefits. As of the beginning of state fiscal year 2011, states in which we have skilled nursing property investments held rates flat on average for the year. Our skilled nursing portfolio's average Medicaid rate will likely vary throughout the year as states continue to make interim changes to their budgets and Medicaid funding. In addition, Medicaid reimbursement rates may decline if revenues in a particular state are not sufficient to fund budgeted expenditures. President Obama's proposed fiscal year budget for 2012, released on February 14, 2011, has the



potential to further impact Medicaid reimbursement rates. The President's budget includes a proposal to phase down the Medicaid provider tax, a tax paid by health care providers to help fund state Medicaid programs, beginning with a reduction of 4.5% in fiscal year 2015. If the President's proposal is implemented, the various state Medicaid programs will receive less funds, which could adversely affect our operators and tenants.

The Medicare Part D drug benefit became effective January 1, 2006. Since that date, low-income Medicare beneficiaries (eligible for both Medicare and full Medicaid benefits), including those nursing home residents who are dually eligible for both programs, may enroll and receive outpatient prescription drugs under Medicare, not Medicaid. Medicare Part D has resulted in increased administrative responsibilities for nursing home operators because enrollment in Medicare Part D is voluntary and residents must choose between multiple prescription drug plans. Operators may also experience increased expenses to the extent that a particular drug prescribed to a patient is not listed on the Medicare Part D drug plan formulary for the plan in which the patient is enrolled.

The reimbursement methodologies applied to health care facilities continue to evolve. Federal and state authorities have considered and may seek to implement new or modified reimbursement methodologies that may negatively impact health care property operations. The impact of any such changes, if implemented, may result in a material adverse effect on our skilled nursing and hospital property operations. No assurance can be given that current revenue sources or levels will be maintained. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that payments under a government health care program are currently, or will be in the future, sufficient to fully reimburse the property operators for their operating and capital expenses. As a result, an operator's ability to meet its financial obligations to us could be adversely impacted.

Finally, the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act ("PPACA") and the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, which amends the PPACA (collectively, the "Health Reform Laws") (further discussed below).may have a significant impact on Medicare, Medicaid, other federal health care programs, and private insurers, which impact the reimbursement amounts received by skilled nursing facilities and other health care providers. The Health Reform Laws could have a substantial and material adverse effect on all parties directly or indirectly involved in the health care system.

#### Other Related Laws

Skilled nursing facilities and hospitals (and senior housing facilities that receive Medicaid payments) are subject to federal, state, and local laws, regulations, and applicable guidance that govern the operations and financial and other arrangements that may be entered into by health care providers. Certain of these laws prohibit direct or indirect payments of any kind for the purpose of inducing or encouraging the referral of patients for medical products or services reimbursable by government health care programs. Other laws require providers to furnish only medically necessary services and submit to the government valid and accurate statements for each service. Still, other laws require providers to comply with a variety of safety, health and other requirements relating to the condition of the licensed property and the quality of care provided. Sanctions for violations of these laws, regulations, and other applicable guidance may include, but are not limited to, criminal and/or civil penalties and fines, loss of licensure, immediate termination of government payments, and exclusion from any government health care program. In certain circumstances, violation of these rules (such as those prohibiting abusive and fraudulent behavior) with respect to one property may subject other facilities under common control or ownership to sanctions, including exclusion from participation in the Medicare and Medicare and Medicare and state agencies that oversee these laws and regulations.

All health care providers, including, but not limited to skilled nursing facilities and hospitals (and senior housing facilities that receives Medicaid payments) are also subject to the Federal Anti-kickback Statute, which generally prohibits persons from offering, providing, soliciting, or receiving remuneration to induce either the referral of an individual or the furnishing of a good or service for which payment may be made under a federal health care program, such as Medicare or Medicaid. Skilled nursing facilities and hospitals are also subject to the Federal Ethics in Patient Referral Act of 1989, commonly referred to as the Stark Law. The Stark Law generally prohibits the submission of claims to Medicare for payment if the claim results from a physician referral for certain designated services and the physician has a financial relationship with the health service provider that does not



qualify under one of the exceptions for a financial relationship under the Stark Law. Similar prohibitions on physician self-referrals and submission of claims apply to state Medicaid programs. Further, health care providers, including, but not limited to, skilled nursing facilities and hospitals (and senior housing facilities that receive Medicaid payments), are subject to substantial financial penalties under the Civil Monetary Penalties Act and the Federal False Claims Act and, in particular, actions under the Federal False Claims Act's "whistleblower" provisions. Private enforcement of health care fraud has increased due in large part to amendments to the Federal False Claims Act that encourage private individuals to sue on behalf of the government. These whistleblower suits brought by private individuals, known as qui tam actions, may be filed by almost anyone, including present and former patients, nurses and other employees. Such whistleblower suitons have been brought against nursing facilities on the basis of the alleged failure of the nursing facility to meet applicable regulations relating to its operations. Significantly, if a claim is successfully adjudicated, the Federal False Claims Act provides for treble damages up to \$11,000 per claim.

Prosecutions, investigations, or whistleblower actions could have a material adverse effect on a property operator's liquidity, financial condition, and operations, which could adversely affect the ability of the operator to meet its financial obligations to us. Finally, various state false claim act and anti-kickback laws may also apply to each property operator. Violation of any of the foregoing statutes can result in criminal and/or civil penalties that could have a material adverse effect on the ability of an operator to meet its financial obligations to us.

Other legislative developments over the past several years, including the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 ("HIPAA"), have greatly expanded the definition of health care fraud and related offenses and broadened its scope to include private health care plans in addition to government payors. Congress also has greatly increased funding for the Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Office of the Inspector General of the Department of Health and Human Services to audit, investigate and prosecute suspected health care fraud. Moreover, a significant portion of the billions in health care fraud recoveries over the past several years has also been returned to government agencies to further fund investigation and prosecution efforts.

Additionally, other HIPAA provisions and regulations provide for communication of health information through standard electronic transaction formats and for the privacy and security of health information. In order to comply with the regulations, health care providers often must undertake significant operational and technical implementation efforts. Operators also may face significant financial exposure if they fail to maintain the privacy and security of medical records and other personal health information about individuals. The Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health ("HITECH") Act, passed in February 2009, strengthened the HHS Secretary's authority to impose civil money penalties for HIPAA violations occurring after February 18, 2009. HITECH directs the HHS Secretary to provide for periodic audits to ensure covered entities and their business associates (as that term is defined under HIPAA) comply with the applicable HITECH requirements, increasing the likelihood that a HIPAA violation will result in an enforcement regulations to the HITECH Act, increasing the maximum penalty for multiple violations of a single requirement or prohibition to \$1.5 million. Higher penalties may accrue for violations of multiple requirements or prohibitions. HIPAA violations are also potentially subject to criminal penalties.

In November 2002, CMS began an ongoing national Nursing Home Quality Initiative (NHQI). Under this initiative, historical survey information, the NHQI Pilot Evaluation Report and the NHQI Overview is made available to the public on-line. The NHQI website provides consumer and provider information regarding the quality of care in nursing homes. The data allows consumers, providers, states, and researchers to compare quality information that shows how well nursing homes are caring for their residents' physical and clinical needs. The posted nursing home quality measures come from resident assessment data that nursing homes routinely collect on the residents at specified intervals during their stay. If the operators of nursing facilities are unable to achieve quality of care ratings that are comparable or superior to those of their competitors, they may lose market share to other facilities, reducing their revenues and adversely impacting their ability to make rental payments.

Finally, government investigations and enforcement actions brought against the health care industry have increased dramatically over the past several years and are expected to continue. Some of these enforcement actions represent novel legal theories and expansions in the application of the Federal False Claims Act. The costs for an operator of a health care property associated with both defending such enforcement actions and the undertakings in



settling these actions can be substantial and could have a material adverse effect on the ability of an operator to meet its obligations to us.

#### Taxation

#### Federal Income Tax Considerations

The following summary of the taxation of the Company and the material federal tax consequences to the holders of our debt and equity securities is for general information only and is not tax advice. This summary does not address all aspects of taxation that may be relevant to certain types of holders of stock or securities (including, but not limited to, insurance companies, tax-exempt entities, financial institutions or broker-dealers, persons holding shares of common stock as part of a hedging, integrated conversion, or constructive sale transaction or a straddle, traders in securities that use a mark-to-market method of accounting for their securities, investors in pass-through entities and foreign corporations and persons who are not citizens or residents of the United States).

This summary does not discuss all of the aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be relevant to you in light of your particular investment or other circumstances. In addition, this summary does not discuss any state or local income taxation or foreign income taxation or other tax consequences. This summary is based on current U.S. federal income tax law. Subsequent developments in U.S. federal income tax law, including changes in law or differing interpretations, which may be applied retroactively, could have a material effect on the U.S. federal income tax consequences of purchasing, owning and disposing of our securities as set forth in this summary. Before you purchase our securities, you should consult your own tax advisor regarding the particular U.S. federal, state, local, foreign and other tax consequences of acquiring, owning and selling our securities.

#### General

We elected to be taxed as a real estate investment trust (a "REIT") commencing with our first taxable year. We intend to continue to operate in such a manner as to qualify as a REIT, but there is no guarantee that we will qualify or remain qualified as a REIT of subsequent years. Qualification and taxation as a REIT depends upon our ability to meet a variety of qualification tests imposed under federal income tax law with respect to income, assets, distribution level and diversity of share ownership as discussed below under "— Qualification as a REIT." There can be no assurance that we will be owned and organized and will operate in a manner so as to qualify or remain qualified.

In any year in which we qualify as a REIT, in general, we will not be subject to federal income tax on that portion of our REIT taxable income or capital gain that is distributed to stockholders. We may, however, be subject to tax at normal corporate rates on any taxable income or capital gain not distributed. If we elect to retain and pay income tax on our net long-term capital gain, stockholders are required to include their proportionate share of our undistributed long-term capital gain in income, but they will receive a refundable credit for their share of any taxes paid by us on such gain.

Despite the REIT election, we may be subject to federal income and excise tax as follows:

- To the extent that we do not distribute all of our net capital gain or distribute at least 90%, but less than 100%, of our "REIT taxable income," as adjusted, we will be subject to tax on the undistributed amount at regular corporate tax rates;
- We may be subject to the "alternative minimum tax" (the "AMT") on certain tax preference items to the extent that the AMT exceeds our regular tax;
- If we have net income from the sale or other disposition of "foreclosure property" that is held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of business or other nonqualifying income from foreclosure property, such income will be taxed at the highest corporate rate;
- Any net income from prohibited transactions (which are, in general, sales or other dispositions of property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of business, other than dispositions of foreclosure property and dispositions of property due to an involuntary conversion) will be subject to a 100% tax;

- If we fail to satisfy either the 75% or 95% gross income tests (as discussed below), but nonetheless maintain our qualification as a REIT because certain other requirements are
  met, we will be subject to a 100% tax on an amount equal to (1) the gross income attributable to the greater of (i) 75% of our gross income over the amount of qualifying gross
  income for purposes of the 75% gross income test (discussed below) or (ii) 95% of our gross income (90% of our gross income for taxable years beginning on or before
  October 22, 2004) over the amount of qualifying gross income for purposes of the 95% gross income test (discussed below) multiplied by (2) a fraction intended to reflect our
  profitability;
- If we fail to distribute during each year at least the sum of (1) 85% of our REIT ordinary income for the year, (2) 95% of our REIT capital gain net income for such year (other than capital gain that we elect to retain and pay tax on) and (3) any undistributed taxable income from preceding periods, we will be subject to a 4% excise tax on the excess of such required distribution over amounts actually distributed; and
- We will be subject to a 100% tax on the amount of any rents from real property, deductions or excess interest paid to us by any of our "taxable REIT subsidiaries" that would be
  reduced through reallocation under certain federal income tax principles in order to more clearly reflect income of the taxable REIT subsidiary. See "— Qualification as a
  REIT Investments in Taxable REIT Subsidiaries."

If we acquire any assets from a corporation, which is or has been a "C" corporation, in a carryover basis transaction, we could be liable for specified liabilities that are inherited from the "C" corporation. A "C" corporation is generally defined as a corporation that is required to pay full corporate level federal income tax. If we recognize gain on the disposition of the assets during the ten-year period beginning on the date on which the assets were acquired by us, then, to the extent of the assets' "built-in gain" (i.e., the excess of the fair market value of the assets over the adjusted tax basis in the asset, in each case determined as of the beginning of the ten-year period), we will be subject to tax on the gain at the highest regular corporate rate applicable. The results described in this paragraph with respect to the recognition of built-in gain assets from a "C" corporation), were not treated as sold to an unrelated party and gain recognized. Effective December 30, 2010, we acquired 19 assets that are subject to built-in gains tax until December 2020. See Note 18 to our consolidated financial statements for additional information regarding the built-in gain stax.

Qualification as a REIT

- A REIT is defined as a corporation, trust or association:
- (1) which is managed by one or more trustees or directors;
- (2) the beneficial ownership of which is evidenced by transferable shares or by transferable certificates of beneficial interest;
- (3) which would be taxable as a domestic corporation but for the federal income tax law relating to REITs;
- (4) which is neither a financial institution nor an insurance company;
- (5) the beneficial ownership of which is held by 100 or more persons in each taxable year of the REIT except for its first taxable year;
- (6) not more than 50% in value of the outstanding stock of which is owned during the last half of each taxable year, excluding its first taxable year, directly or indirectly, by or for five or fewer individuals (which includes certain entities) (the "Five or Fewer Requirement"); and
- (7) which meets certain income and asset tests described below.

Conditions (1) to (4), inclusive, must be met during the entire taxable year and condition (5) must be met during at least 335 days of a taxable year of 12 months or during a proportionate part of a taxable year of less than 12 months. For purposes of conditions (5) and (6), pension funds and certain other tax-exempt entities are treated as individuals, subject to a "look-through" exception in the case of condition (6).

Based on publicly available information, we believe we have satisfied the share ownership requirements set forth in (5) and (6) above. In addition, Article VI of our Amended and Restated By-Laws provides for restrictions regarding ownership and transfer of shares. These restrictions are intended to assist us in continuing to satisfy the share ownership requirements described in (5) and (6) above. These restrictions, however, may not ensure that we will, in all cases, be able to satisfy the share ownership requirements described in (5) and (6) above.

We have complied with, and will continue to comply with, regulatory rules to send annual letters to certain of our stockholders requesting information regarding the actual ownership of our stock. If, despite sending the annual letters, we do not know, or after exercising reasonable diligence would not have known, whether we failed to meet the Five or Fewer Requirement, we will be treated as having met the Five or Fewer Requirement. If we fail to comply with these regulatory rules, we will be subject to a monetary penalty. If our failure to comply was due to intentional disregard of the requirement, the penalty would be increased. However, if our failure to comply were due to reasonable cause and not willful neglect, no penalty would be imposed.

We may own a number of properties through wholly owned subsidiaries. A corporation will qualify as a "qualified REIT subsidiary" if 100% of its stock is owned by a REIT, and the REIT does not elect to treat the subsidiary as a taxable REIT subsidiary. A "qualified REIT subsidiary" will not be treated as a separate corporation, and all assets, liabilities and items of income, deductions and credits of a "qualified REIT subsidiary" will be treated as assets, liabilities and items (as the case may be) of the REIT. A "qualified REIT subsidiary" is not subject to federal income tax, and our ownership of the voting stock of a qualified REIT subsidiary will not violate the restrictions against ownership of any one issuer which constitute more than 10% of the value or total voting power of such issuer or more than 5% of the value of our total assets, a described below under "— Asset Tests."

If we invest in a partnership, a limited liability company or a trust taxed as a partnership or as a disregarded entity, we will be deemed to own a proportionate share of the partnership's, limited liability company's or trust's assets. Likewise, we will be treated as receiving our share of the income and loss of the partnership, limited liability company or trust, and the gross income will retain the same character in our hands as it has in the hands of the partnership, limited liability company or trust. These "look-through" rules apply for purposes of the income stat advective states described below.

Income Tests. There are two separate percentage tests relating to our sources of gross income that we must satisfy for each taxable year.

- At least 75% of our gross income (excluding gross income from certain sales of property held primarily for sale) must be directly or indirectly derived each taxable year from
   "rents from real property," other income from investments relating to real property or mortgages on real property or certain income from qualified temporary investments.
- At least 95% of our gross income (excluding gross income from certain sales of property held primarily for sale) must be directly or indirectly derived each taxable year from any
  of the sources qualifying for the 75% gross income test and from dividends (including dividends from taxable REIT subsidiaries) and interest.

For taxable years beginning on or before October 22, 2004, (1) payments to us under an interest rate swap or cap agreement, option, futures contract, forward rate agreement or any similar financial instrument entered into by us to reduce interest rate risk on indebtedness incurred or to be incurred and (2) gain from the sale or other disposition of any such investment are treated as income qualifying under the 95% gross income test. As to transactions entered into in taxable years beginning after October 22, 2004, any of our income from a "clearly identified" hedging transaction that is entered into by us in the normal course of business, directly or indirectly, to manage the risk of interest rate movements, price changes or currency fluctuations with respect to borrowings or obligations incurred or to be incurred by us, or such other risks that are prescribed by the Internal Revenue Service, is excluded from the 95% gross income test.

For transactions entered into after July 30, 2008, any of our income from a "clearly identified" hedging transaction that is entered into by us in the normal course of business, directly or indirectly, to manage the risk of interest rate movements, price changes or currency fluctuations with respect to borrowings or obligations incurred or to be incurred by us is excluded from the 95% and 75% gross income tests.



For transactions entered into after July 30, 2008, any of our income from a "clearly identified" hedging transaction entered into by us primarily to manage risk of currency fluctuations with respect to any item of income or gain that is included in gross income in the 95% and 75% gross income tests is excluded from the 95% and 75% gross income tests.

In general, a hedging transaction is "clearly identified" if (1) the transaction is identified as a hedging transaction before the end of the day on which it is entered into and (2) the items or risks being hedged are identified "substantially contemporaneously" with the hedging transaction. An identification is not substantially contemporaneous if it is made more than 35 days after entering into the hedging transaction.

As to gains and items of income recognized after July 30, 2008, "passive foreign exchange gain" for any taxable year will not constitute gross income for purposes of the 95% gross income test and "real estate foreign exchange gain" for any taxable year will not constitute gross income for purposes of the 75% gross income test. Real estate foreign exchange gain is foreign currency gain (as defined in Internal Revenue Code section 988(b)(1)) which is attributable to: (i) any qualifying item of income or gain for purposes of the 75% gross income test in real property or ownership of obligations secured by mortgages on real property or interests in real property; or (iii) becoming or being the obligor under obligations secured by mortgages on real property or on interests in real property. Real estate foreign exchange gain also includes Internal Revenue Code section 987 gain attributable to a qualified business unit (a "QBU") of a REIT if the QBU itself meets the 75% income test for the taxable year and the 75% asset test at the close of each quarter that the REIT has directly or indirectly held the QBU. Real estate foreign currency gain and there of the Trassury. Passive foreign exchange gain includes all real estate foreign exchange gain also includes any other foreign currency gain as determined by the Secretary of the Trassury. Passive foreign exchange gain includes all real estate foreign exchange gain for up qualifying item of income or gain for purposes of the 95% gross income test; (ii) the acquisition or ownership of obligations; (iii) becoming or being the obligor under obligations; and (iv) any other foreign currency gain as determined by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Generally, other than income from "clearly identified" hedging transactions entered into by us in the normal course of business, any foreign currency gain derived by us from dealing, or engaging in substantial and regular trading, in securities will constitute gross income which does not qualify under the 95% or 75% gross income tests.

Rents received by us will qualify as "rents from real property" for purposes of satisfying the gross income tests for a REIT only if several conditions are met:

- The amount of rent must not be based in whole or in part on the income or profits of any person, although rents generally will not be excluded merely because they are based on a
  fixed percentage or percentages of receipts or sales.
- Rents received from a tenant will not qualify as rents from real property if the REIT, or an owner of 10% or more of the REIT, also directly or constructively owns 10% or more of the tenant, unless the tenant is our taxable REIT subsidiary and certain other requirements are met with respect to the real property being rented.
- If rent attributable to personal property leased in connection with a lease of real property is greater than 15% of the total rent received under the lease, then the portion of rent
  attributable to such personal property will not qualify as "rents from real property."
- For rents to qualify as rents from real property, we generally must not furnish or render services to tenants, other than through a taxable REIT subsidiary or an "independent contractor" from whom we derive no income, except that we may directly provide services that are "usually or customarily rendered" in the geographic area in which the property is located in connection with the rental of real property for occupancy only, or are not otherwise considered "rendered to the occupant for his convenience."
- For taxable years beginning after July 30, 2008, the REIT may lease "qualified health care properties" on an arm's-length basis to a taxable REIT subsidiary if the property is
  operated on behalf of such subsidiary by a person who qualifies as an "independent contractor" and who is, or is related to a person who is, actively engaged in the trade or
  business of operating health care facilities for any person unrelated to us or our taxable REIT subsidiary, an "eligible independent contractor." Generally, the rent that the REIT
  receives



from the taxable REIT subsidiary will be treated as "rents from real property." A "qualified health care property" includes any real property and any personal property that is, or is necessary or incidental to the use of, a hospital, nursing facility, assisted living facility, congregate care facility, qualified continuing care facility, or other licensed facility which extends medical or nursing or ancillary services to patients and which is operated by a provider of such services which is eligible for participation in the Medicare program with respect to such facility.

For taxable years beginning after August 5, 1997, a REIT has been permitted to render a de minimis amount of impermissible services to tenants and still treat amounts received with respect to that property as rent from real property. The amount received or accrued by the REIT during the taxable year for the impermissible services with respect to a property may not exceed 1% of all amounts received or accrued by the REIT directly or indirectly from the property. The amount received for any service or management operation for this purpose shall be deemed to be not less than 150% of the direct cost of the REIT in furnishing or rendering the service or providing the management or operation. Furthermore, impermissible services may be furnished to tenants by a taxable REIT subsidiary subject to certain conditions, and we may still treat rents received with respect to the property as rent from real property.

The term "interest" generally does not include any amount if the determination of the amount depends in whole or in part on the income or profits of any person, although an amount generally will not be excluded from the term "interest" solely by reason of being based on a fixed percentage of receipts or sales.

If we fail to satisfy one or both of the 75% or 95% gross income tests for any taxable year, we may nevertheless qualify as a REIT for such year if we are eligible for relief. For taxable years beginning on or before October 22, 2004, these relief provisions generally will be available if: (1) our failure to meet such tests was due to reasonable cause and not due to willful neglect; (2) we attach a schedule of the sources of our income to our return; and (3) any incorrect information on the schedule was not due to fraud with intent to evade tax. For taxable years beginning after October 22, 2004, these relief provisions generally will be available if (1) following our identification of the failure, we file a schedule for such taxable year describing each item of our gross income, and (2) the failure to meet such tests was due to reasonable cause and not due to willful neglect.

It is not now possible to determine the circumstances under which we may be entitled to the benefit of these relief provisions. If these relief provisions apply, a 100% tax is imposed on an amount equal to (a) the gross income attributable to (1) 75% of our gross income over the amount of qualifying gross income for purposes of the 75% income test and (2) 95% of our gross income (90% of our gross income for taxable years beginning on or before October 22, 2004) over the amount of qualifying gross income for purposes of the 95% income test, multiplied by (b) a fraction intended to reflect our profitability.

The Secretary of the Treasury is given broad authority to determine whether particular items of income or gain qualify or not under the 75% and 95% gross income tests, or are to be excluded from the measure of gross income for such purposes.

Asset Tests. Within 30 days after the close of each quarter of our taxable year, we must also satisfy several tests relating to the nature and diversification of our assets determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. At least 75% of the value of our total assets must be represented by real estate assets, cash, cash items (including receivables arising in the ordinary course of our operation), government securities and qualified temporary investments. Although the remaining 25% of our assets generally may be invested without restriction, we are prohibited from owning securities representing more than 10% of either the vote (the "10% vote test") or value (the "10% value test") of the outstanding securities of any issuer other than a qualified REIT subsidiary, another REIT or a taxable REIT subsidiary. Further, no more than 25% of the total assets may be represented by securities of one or more taxable REIT subsidiary (the "5% asset test") and no more than 5% of the value of our total assets may be represented by securities of any non-governmental issuer other than a qualified REIT subsidiary. Each of the 10% vote test, the 10% value test and the 25% and 5% asset tests must be satisfied at the end of each quarter. There are special rules which provide relief if the value related tests are not satisfied due to changes in the value of the assets of a REIT.

For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000, certain items are excluded from the 10% value test, including: (1) straight debt securities of an issuer (including straight debt that provides certain contingent



payments); (2) any loan to an individual or an estate; (3) any rental agreement described in Section 467 of the Internal Revenue Code, other than with a "related person"; (4) any obligation to pay rents from real property; (5) certain securities issued by a state or any subdivision thereof, the District of Columbia, a foreign government, or any political subdivision thereof, or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico; (6) any security issued by a REIT; and (7) any other arrangement that, as determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, is excepted from the definition of security ("excluded securities"). Special rules apply to straight debt securities issued by corporations and entities taxable as partnerships for federal income tax purposes. If a REIT, or its taxable REIT subsidiary, holds (1) straight debt securities of a corporate or partnership issuer and (2) securities of such issuer that are not excluded securities and have an aggregate value greater than 1% of such issuer's outstanding securities, the straight debt securities will be included in the 10% value test.

For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000, a REIT's interest as a partner in a partnership is not treated as a security for purposes of applying the 10% value test to securities issued by the partnership. Further, any debt instrument issued by a partnership will not be a security for purposes of applying the 10% value test (1) to the extent of the REIT's interest as a partner in the partnership and (2) if at least 75% of the partnership's gross income (excluding gross income from prohibited transactions) would qualify for the 75% gross income test. For taxable years beginning after October 22, 2004, for purposes of the 10% value test, a REIT's interest in a partnership's assets is determined by the REIT's proportionate interest in any securities issued by the partnership (other than the excluded securities described in the preceding paragraph).

For taxable years beginning after July 30, 2008, if the REIT or its QBU uses a foreign currency as its functional currency, the term "cash" includes such foreign currency, but only to the extent such foreign currency is (i) held for use in the normal course of the activities of the REIT or QBU which give rise to items of income or gain that are included in the 95% and 75% gross income tests or are directly related to acquiring or holding assets qualifying under the 75% asset test, and (ii) not held in connection with dealing or engaging in substantial and regular trading in securities.

With respect to corrections of failures for which the requirements for corrections are satisfied after October 22, 2004, regardless of whether such failures occurred in taxable years beginning on, before or after such date, as to violations of the 10% vote test, the 10% value test or the 5% asset test, a REIT may avoid disqualification as a REIT by disposing of sufficient assets to cure a violation that does not exceed the lesser of 1% of the REIT's assets at the end of the relevant quarter or \$10,000,000, provided that the disposition occurs within six months following the last day of the quarter in which the REIT first identified the assets. For violations of any of the REIT asset tests due to reasonable cause and not willful neglect that exceed the thresholds described in the preceding sentence, a REIT can avoid disqualification as a REIT after the close of a taxable quarter by taking certain steps, including disposition of sufficient assets within the six month period described above to meet the applicable asset test, paying a tax equal to the greater of \$50,000 or the highest corporate tax rate multiplied by the net income generated by the non-qualifying assets during the period of time that the assets were held as non-qualifying assets and filing a schedule with the Internal Revenue Service that describes the non-qualifying assets.

Investments in Taxable REIT Subsidiaries. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000, REITs may own more than 10% of the voting power and value of securities in taxable REIT subsidiaries. We and any taxable corporate entity in which we own an interest are allowed to jointly elect to treat such entity as a "taxable REIT subsidiary."

Certain of our subsidiaries have elected to be treated as a taxable REIT subsidiary. Taxable REIT subsidiaries are subject to full corporate level federal taxation on their earnings but are permitted to engage in certain types of activities that cannot be performed directly by REITs without jeopardizing their REIT status. Our taxable REIT subsidiaries will attempt to minimize the amount of these taxes, but there can be no assurance whether or the extent to which measures taken to minimize taxes will be successful. To the extent our taxable REIT subsidiaries are required to pay federal, state or local taxes, the cash available for distribution as dividends to us from our taxable REIT subsidiaries will be reduced.

The amount of interest on related-party debt that a taxable REIT subsidiary may deduct is limited. Further, a 100% tax applies to any interest payments by a taxable REIT subsidiary to its affiliated REIT to the extent the



interest rate is not commercially reasonable. A taxable REIT subsidiary is permitted to deduct interest payments to unrelated parties without any of these restrictions.

The Internal Revenue Service may reallocate costs between a REIT and its taxable REIT subsidiary where there is a lack of arm's-length dealing between the parties. Any deductible expenses allocated away from a taxable REIT subsidiary would increase its tax liability. Further, any amount by which a REIT understates its deductions and overstates those of its taxable REIT subsidiary will, subject to certain exceptions, be subject to a 100% tax. Additional taxable REIT subsidiary elections may be made in the future for additional entities in which we own an interest.

Annual Distribution Requirements. In order to avoid being taxed as a regular corporation, we are required to make distributions (other than capital gain distributions) to our stockholders which qualify for the dividends paid deduction in an amount at least equal to (1) the sum of (i) 90% of our "REIT taxable income" (computed without regard to the dividends paid deduction and our net capital gain) and (ii) 90% of the after-tax net income, if any, from foreclosure property, minus (2) a portion of certain items of non-cash income. These distributions must be paid in the taxable year to which they relate, or in the following taxable year if declared before we timely file our tax return for that year and if paid on or before the first regular distribution payment after such declaration. The amount distributed must not be preferential. This means that every stockholder of the class of stock to which a distribution is made must be treated the same as every other stockholder of that class, and no class of stock may be treated otherwise than in accordance with its dividend rights as a class. To the extent that we do not distribute all of our net capital gain or distribute all east 90%, but less than 100%, of our "REIT taxable income," as adjusted, we will be subject to tax on the undistributed amount at regular corporate tax rates. Finally, as discussed above, we may be subject to an excise tax if we fail to meet certain other distribution requirements.

It is possible that, from time to time, we may not have sufficient cash or other liquid assets to meet the 90% distribution requirement, or to distribute such greater amount as may be necessary to avoid income and excise taxation, due to, among other things, (1) timing differences between (i) the actual receipt of income and actual payment of deductible expenses and (ii) the inclusion of income and deduction of expenses in arriving at our taxable income, or (2) the payment of severance benefits that may not be deductible to us. In the event that timing differences occur, we may find it necessary to arrange for borrowings or, if possible, pay dividends in the form of taxable stock dividends in order to meet the distribution requirement.

Under certain circumstances, in the event of a deficiency determined by the Internal Revenue Service, we may be able to rectify a resulting failure to meet the distribution requirement for a year by paying "deficiency dividends" to stockholders in a later year, which may be included in our deduction for distributions paid for the earlier year. Thus, we may be able to avoid being taxed on amounts distributed as deficiency dividends; however, we will be required to pay applicable penalties and interest based upon the amount of any deduction taken for deficiency dividend distributions.

The Internal Revenue Service issued Revenue Procedure 2008-68, which provided temporary relief to publicly traded REITs seeking to preserve liquidity by electing cash/stock dividends. Under Revenue Procedure 2008-68, a REIT may treat the entire dividend, including the stock portion, as a taxable dividend distribution, thereby qualifying for the dividends-paid deduction, provided certain requirements are satisfied. The cash portion of the dividend may be as low as 10%. Revenue Procedure 2008-68, as amplified by Revenue Procedure 2010-12, applies to dividends declared on or before December 31, 2012, and with respect to a taxable year ending on or before December 31, 2011.

#### Failure to Qualify as a REIT

If we fail to qualify for taxation as a REIT in any taxable year, we will be subject to federal income tax, including any applicable alternative minimum tax, on our taxable income at regular corporate rates. Distributions to stockholders in any year in which we fail to qualify as a REIT will not be deductible nor will any particular amount of distributions be required to be made in any year. All distributions to stockholders will be taxable as ordinary income to the extent of current and accumulated earnings and profits allocable to these distributions and, subject to certain limitations, will be eligible for the dividends received deduction for corporate stockholders. Unless entitled



to relief under specific statutory provisions, we also will be disqualified from taxation as a REIT for the four taxable years following the year during which qualification was lost. It is not possible to state whether in all circumstances we would be entitled to statutory relief. Failure to qualify for even one year could result in our need to incur indebtedness or liquidate investments in order to pay potentially significant resulting tax liabilities.

In addition to the relief described above under "— Income Tests" and "— Asset Tests," relief is available in the event that we violate a provision of the Internal Revenue Code that would result in our failure to qualify as a REIT if: (1) the violation is due to reasonable cause and not due to willful neglect; (2) we pay a penalty of \$50,000 for each failure to satisfy the provision; and (3) the violation does not include a violation described under "— Income Tests" or "— Asset Tests" above. It is not now possible to determine the circumstances under which we may be entitled to the benefit of these relief provisions.

#### Federal Income Taxation of Holders of Our Stock

Treatment of Taxable U.S. Stockholders. The following summary applies to you only if you are a "U.S. stockholder." A "U.S. stockholder" is a holder of shares of stock who, for United States federal income tax purposes, is:

- · a citizen or resident of the United States;
- a corporation, partnership or other entity classified as a corporation or partnership for these purposes, created or organized in or under the laws of the United States or of any
  political subdivision of the United States, including any state;
- an estate, the income of which is subject to United States federal income taxation regardless of its source; or
- a trust, if, in general, a U.S. court is able to exercise primary supervision over the trust's administration and one or more U.S. persons, within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Code, has the authority to control all of the trust's substantial decisions.

So long as we qualify for taxation as a REIT, distributions on shares of our stock made out of the current or accumulated earnings and profits allocable to these distributions (and not designated as capital gain dividends) will be includable as ordinary income for federal income tax purposes. None of these distributions will be eligible for the dividends received deduction for U.S. corporate stockholders.

Generally, for taxable years ending after May 6, 2003 through December 31, 2012, the maximum marginal rate of tax payable by individuals on dividends received from corporations that are subject to a corporate level of tax is 15%. Except in limited circumstances, this tax rate will not apply to dividends paid to you by us on our shares, because generally we are not subject to federal income tax on the portion of our REIT taxable income or capital gains distributed to our stockholders. The reduced maximum federal income tax rate will apply to that portion, if any, of dividends received by you with respect to our shares that are attributable to: (1) dividends received by us from non-REIT corporations or other taxable REIT subsidiaries; (2) income from the prior year (if, for example, we did not distributed to pay federal corporate income tax during the prior year (if, for example, we did not distributed 100% of our REIT taxable income for the prior year); or (3) the amount of any earnings and profits that were distributed by us and accumulated in a non-REIT year.

Distributions that are designated as capital gain dividends will be taxed as long-term capital gains (to the extent they do not exceed our actual net capital gain for the taxable year), without regard to the period for which you held our stock. However, if you are a corporation, you may be required to treat a portion of some capital gain dividends as ordinary income.

If we elect to retain and pay income tax on any net long-term capital gain, you would include in income, as long-term capital gain, your proportionate share of this net long-term capital gain. You would also receive a refundable tax credit for your proportionate share of the tax paid by us on such retained capital gains, and you would have an increase in the basis of your shares of our stock in an amount equal to your includable capital gains less your share of the tax deemed paid.

You may not include in your federal income tax return any of our net operating losses or capital losses. Federal income tax rules may also require that certain minimum tax adjustments and preferences be apportioned to you. In addition, any distribution declared by us in October, November or December of any year on a specified date in any such month shall be treated as both paid by us and received by you on December 31 of that year, provided that the distribution is actually paid by us no later than January 31 of the following year.

We will be treated as having sufficient earnings and profits to treat as a dividend any distribution up to the amount required to be distributed in order to avoid imposition of the 4% excise tax discussed under "— General" and "— Qualification as a REIT — Annual Distribution Requirements" above. As a result, you may be required to treat as taxable dividends certain distributions that would otherwise result in a tax-free return of capital. Moreover, any "deficiency dividend" will be treated as a dividend (an ordinary dividend or a capital gain dividend, as the case may be), regardless of our earnings and profits. Any other distributions in excess of current or accumulated earnings and profits will not be taxable to you to the extent these distributions do not exceed the adjusted tax basis of your shares of our stock. You will be required to reduce the tax basis of your shares of our stock by the amount of these distributions will be taxable as capital gain, if the shares of our stock are held as capital assets. The tax basis as so reduced will be used in computing the capital gain or loss, if any, realized upon sale of the shares of our stock. Any loss upon a sale or exchange of shares of our stock which were held for six months or less (after application of certain holding period rules) will generally be treated as a long-term capital loss to the extent you previously received capital gain distributions with respect to these shares of our stock.

Upon the sale or exchange of any shares of our stock to or with a person other than us or a sale or exchange of all shares of our stock (whether actually or constructively owned) with us, you will generally recognize capital gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount realized on the sale or exchange and your adjusted tax basis in these shares of our stock. This gain will be capital gain if you held these shares of our stock as a capital asset.

If we redeem any of your shares in us, the treatment can only be determined on the basis of particular facts at the time of redemption. In general, you will recognize gain or loss (as opposed to dividend income) equal to the difference between the amount received by you in the redemption and your adjusted tax basis in your shares redeemed if such redemption: (1) results in a "complete termination" of your interest in all classes of our equity securities; (2) is a "substantially disproportionate redemption"; or (3) is "not essentially equivalent to a dividend" with respect to you. In applying these tests, you must take into account your ownership of all classes of our equity securities (e.g., common stock, preferred stock, depositary shares and warrants). You also must take into account any equity securities that are considered to be constructively owned by you.

If, as a result of a redemption by us of your shares, you no longer own (either actually or constructively) any of our equity securities or only own (actually and constructively) an insubstantial percentage of our equity securities, then it is probable that the redemption of your shares would be considered "not essentially equivalent to a dividend" and, thus, would result in gain or loss to you. However, whether a distribution is "not essentially equivalent to a dividend" depends on all of the facts and circumstances, and if you rely on any of these tests at the time of redemption, you should consult your tax advisor to determine their application to the particular situation.

Generally, if the redemption does not meet the tests described above, then the proceeds received by you from the redemption of your shares will be treated as a distribution taxable as a dividend to the extent of the allocable portion of current or accumulated earnings and profits. If the redemption is taxed as a dividend, your adjusted tax basis in the redeemed shares will be transferred to any other shareholdings in us that you own. If you own no other shareholdings in us, under certain circumstances, such basis may be transferred to a related person, or it may be lost entirely.

Gain from the sale or exchange of our shares held for more than one year is taxed at a maximum long-term capital gain rate, which is currently 15%. Pursuant to Internal Revenue Service guidance, we may classify portions of our capital gain dividends as gains eligible for the long-term capital gains rate or as gain taxable to individual stockholders at a maximum rate of 25%.

On March 30, 2010, the President signed into law the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, which requires U.S. stockholders who meet certain requirements and are individuals, estates or certain trusts to pay

an additional 3.8% tax on, among other things, dividends on and capital gains from the sale or other disposition of stock for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012. U.S. stockholders should consult their tax advisors regarding the effect, if any, of this legislation on their ownership and disposition of shares of our stock.

Treatment of Tax-Exempt U.S. Stockholders. Tax-exempt entities, including qualified employee pension and profit sharing trusts and individual retirement accounts ("Exempt Organizations"), generally are exempt from federal income taxation. However, they are subject to taxation on their unrelated business taxable income ("UBTI"). The Internal Revenue Service has issued a published revenue ruling that dividend distributions from a REIT to an exempt employee pension trust do not constitute UBTI, provided that the shares of the REIT are not otherwise used in an unrelated trade or business of the exempt employee pension trust. Based on this ruling, amounts distributed by us to Exempt Organizations generally should not constitute UBTI. However, if an Exempt Organization finances its acquisition of the shares of our stock with debt, a portion of its income from us will constitute UBTI pursuant to the "debt financed property" rules. Likewise, a portion of the Exempt Organization's income from us would constitute UBTI if we held a residual interest in a real estate mortgage investment conduit.

In addition, in certain circumstances, a pension trust that owns more than 10% of our stock is required to treat a percentage of our dividends as UBTI. This rule applies to a pension trust holding more than 10% of our stock only if: (1) the percentage of our income that is UBTI (determined as if we were a pension trust) is at least 5%; (2) we qualify as a REIT by reason of the modification of the Five or Fewer Requirement that allows beneficiaries of the pension trust to be treated as holding shares in proportion to their actuarial interests in the pension trust; and (3) either (i) one pension trust owns more than 25% of the value of our stock, or (ii) a group of pension trusts individually holding more than 10% of the value of our stock collectively own more than 50% of the value of our stock.

Backup Withholding and Information Reporting. Under certain circumstances, you may be subject to backup withholding at applicable rates on payments made with respect to, or cash proceeds of a sale or exchange of, shares of our stock. Backup withholding will apply only if you: (1) fail to provide a correct taxpayer identification number; which if you are an individual, is ordinarily your social security number; (2) furnish an incorrect taxpayer identification number; (3) are notified by the Internal Revenue Service that you have failed to properly report payments of interest or dividends; or (4) fail to certify, under penalties of perjury, that you have furnished a correct taxpayer identification number and that the Internal Revenue Service has not notified you that you are subject to backup withholding.

Backup withholding will not apply with respect to payments made to certain exempt recipients, such as corporations and tax-exempt organizations. You should consult with a tax advisor regarding qualification for exemption from backup withholding, and the procedure for obtaining an exemption. Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Rather, the amount of any backup withholding with respect to a payment to a stockholder will be allowed as a credit against such stockholder's United States federal income tax liability and may entitle such stockholder to a refund, provided that the required information is provided to the Internal Revenue Service. In addition, withholding a portion of capital gain distributions made to stockholders may be required for stockholders who fail to certify their non-foreign status.

*Taxation of Foreign Stockholders.* The following summary applies to you only if you are a foreign person. The federal taxation of foreign persons is a highly complex matter that may be affected by many considerations.

Except as discussed below, distributions to you of cash generated by our real estate operations in the form of ordinary dividends, but not by the sale or exchange of our capital assets, generally will be subject to U.S. withholding tax at a rate of 30%, unless an applicable tax treaty reduces that tax and you file with us the required form evidencing the lower rate.

In general, you will be subject to United States federal income tax on a graduated rate basis rather than withholding with respect to your investment in our stock if such investment is "effectively connected" with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States. A corporate foreign stockholder that receives income that is, or is treated as, effectively connected with a United States trade or business may also be subject to the branch profits tax, which is payable in addition to regular United States corporate income tax. The following discussion will apply to foreign stockholders whose investment in us is not so effectively connected. We expect to withhold United States



income tax, as described below, on the gross amount of any distributions paid to you unless (1) you file an Internal Revenue Service Form W-8ECI with us claiming that the distribution is "effectively connected" or (2) certain other exceptions apply.

Distributions by us that are attributable to gain from the sale or exchange of a United States real property interest will be taxed to you under the Foreign Investment in Real Property Tax Act of 1980 ("FIRPTA") as if these distributions were gains "effectively connected" with a United States trade or business. Accordingly, you will be taxed at the normal capital gain rates applicable to a U.S. stockholder on these amounts, subject to any applicable alternative minimum tax and a special alternative minimum tax in the case of nonresident alien individuals. Distributions subject to FIRPTA may also be subject to a branch profits tax in the hands of a corporate foreign stockholder that is not entitled to treaty exemption.

We will be required to withhold from distributions subject to FIRPTA, and remit to the Internal Revenue Service, 35% of designated capital gain dividends, or, if greater, 35% of the amount of any distributions that could be designated as capital gain dividends. In addition, if we designate prior distributions as capital gain dividends, subsequent distributions, up to the amount of the prior distributions not withheld against, will be treated as capital gain dividends for purposes of withholding.

For taxable years beginning after October 22, 2004, any capital gain dividend with respect to any class of stock that is "regularly traded" on an established securities market will be treated as an ordinary dividend if the foreign stockholder did not own more than 5% of such class of stock at any time during the taxable year. Once this provision takes effect, foreign stockholders generally will not be required to report distributions received from us on U.S. federal income tax returns and all distributions treated as dividends for U.S. federal income tax purposes including any capital gain dividend will be subject to a 30% U.S. withholding tax (unless reduced under an applicable income tax treaty) as discussed above. In addition, the branch profits tax will no longer apply to such distributions.

Unless our shares constitute a "United States real property interest" within the meaning of FIRPTA or are effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business, a sale of our shares by you generally will not be subject to United States taxation. Our shares will not constitute a United States real property interest if we qualify as a "domestically controlled REIT." We believe that we, and expect to continue to, qualify as a domestically controlled REIT. A domestically controlled REIT is a REIT in which at all times during a specified testing period less than 50% in value of its shares is held directly or indirectly by foreign stockholders. However, if you are a nonresident alien individual who is present in the United States for 183 days or more during the taxable year and certain other conditions apply, you will be subject to a 30% tax on such capital gains. In any event, a purchaser of our shares from you will not be required under FIRPTA to withhold on the purchase price if the purchased shares are "regularly traded" on an established securities market or if we are a domestically controlled REIT. Otherwise, under FIRPTA, the purchaser may be required to withhold 10% of the purchase price and remit such amount to the Internal Revenue Service.

Backup withholding tax and information reporting will generally not apply to distributions paid to you outside the United States that are treated as: (1) dividends to which the 30% or lower treaty rate withholding tax discussed above applies; (2) capital gains dividends; or (3) distributions attributable to gain from the sale or exchange by us of U.S. real property interests. Payment of the proceeds of a sale of stock within the United States or conducted through certain U.S. related financial intermediaries is subject to both backup withholding and information reporting unless the beneficial owner certifies under penalties of perjury that he or she is not a U.S. person (and the payor does not have actual knowledge that the beneficial owner is a U.S. person) or otherwise established an exemption. You may obtain a refund of any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules by filing the appropriate claim for refund with the Internal Revenue Service.

Recently enacted legislation will require, after December 31, 2012, withholding at a rate of 30% on dividends in respect of, and gross proceeds from the sale of, shares of our stock held by or through certain foreign financial institutions (including investment funds), unless such institution enters into an agreement with the Secretary of the Treasury to report, on an annual basis, information with respect to shares in the institution held by certain U.S. persons and by certain non-U.S. entities that are wholly or partially owned by U.S. persons, and to withhold on certain payments. Accordingly, the entity through which shares of stock is held will affect the determination of



whether such withholding is required. Similarly, dividends in respect of, and gross proceeds from the sale of, shares of our stock held by an investor that is a non-financial non-U.S. entity will be subject to withholding at a rate of 30%, unless such entity either (i) certifies to us that such entity does not have any "substantial United States owners" or (ii) provides certain information regarding the entity's "substantial United States owners," which we will in turn provide to the Secretary of the Treasury. We will not pay any additional amounts to any stockholders in respect of any amounts withheld. Foreign persons are encouraged to consult with their tax advisors regarding the possible implications of the legislation on their investment in shares of our stock.

#### U.S. Federal Income Taxation of Holders of Depositary Shares

Owners of our depositary shares will be treated as if you were owners of the series of preferred stock represented by the depositary shares. Thus, you will be required to take into account the income and deductions to which you would be entitled if you were a holder of the underlying series of preferred stock.

Conversion or Exchange of Shares for Preferred Stock. No gain or loss will be recognized upon the withdrawal of preferred stock in exchange for depositary shares and the tax basis of each share of preferred stock will, upon exchange, be the same as the aggregate tax basis of the depositary shares exchanged. If you held your depositary shares as a capital asset at the time of the exchange for shares of preferred stock, the holding period for your shares of preferred stock will include the period during which you owned the depositary shares.

#### U.S. Federal Income and Estate Taxation of Holders of Our Debt Securities

The following is a general summary of the United States federal income tax consequences and, in the case that you are a holder that is a non-U.S. holder, as defined below, the United States federal estate tax consequences, of purchasing, owning and disposing of debt securities periodically offered under one or more indentures (the "notes"). This summary assumes that you hold the notes as capital assets. This summary applies to you only if you are the initial holder of the notes and you acquire the notes for a price equal to the issue price of the notes. The issue price of the notes is the first price at which a substantial amount of the notes is sold other than to bond houses, brokers or similar persons or organizations acting in the capacity of underwriters, placement agents or wholesalers. In addition, this summary does not consider any foreign, state, local or other tax laws that may be applicable to us or a purchaser of the notes.

#### U.S. Holders

The following summary applies to you only if you are a U.S. holder, as defined below.

Definition of a U.S. Holder. A "U.S. holder" is a beneficial owner of a note or notes that is for United States federal income tax purposes:

- · a citizen or resident of the United States;
- a corporation, partnership or other entity classified as a corporation or partnership for these purposes, created or organized in or under the laws of the United States or of any
  political subdivision of the United States, including any state;
- an estate, the income of which is subject to United States federal income taxation regardless of its source; or
- a trust, if, in general, a U.S. court is able to exercise primary supervision over the trust's administration and one or more U.S. persons, within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Code, has the authority to control all of the trust's substantial decisions.

Payments of Interest. Stated interest on the notes generally will be taxed as ordinary interest income from domestic sources at the time it is paid or accrues in accordance with your method of accounting for tax purposes.



Sale, Exchange or Other Disposition of Notes. The adjusted tax basis in your note acquired at a premium will generally be your cost. You generally will recognize taxable gain or loss when you sell or otherwise dispose of your notes equal to the difference, if any, between:

- the amount realized on the sale or other disposition, less any amount attributable to any accrued interest, which will be taxable in the manner described under "- Payments of Interest" above; and
- your adjusted tax basis in the notes.

Your gain or loss generally will be capital gain or loss. This capital gain or loss will be long-term capital gain or loss if at the time of the sale or other disposition you have held the notes for more than one year. Subject to limited exceptions, your capital losses cannot be used to offset your ordinary income.

Backup Withholding and Information Reporting. In general, "backup withholding" may apply to any payments made to you of principal and interest on your note, and to payment of the proceeds of a sale or other disposition of your note before maturity, if you are a non-corporate U.S. holder and: (1) fail to provide a correct taxpayer identification number, which if you are an individual, is ordinarily your social security number; (2) furnish an incorrect taxpayer identification number; (3) are notified by the Internal Revenue Service that you have failed to properly report payments of interest or dividends; or (4) fail to certify, under penalties of perjury, that you have furnished a correct taxpayer identification number and that the Internal Revenue Service has not notified you that you are subject to backup withholding.

The amount of any reportable payments, including interest, made to you (unless you are an exempt recipient) and the amount of tax withheld, if any, with respect to such payments will be reported to you and to the Internal Revenue Service for each calendar year. You should consult your tax advisor regarding your qualification for an exemption from backup withholding and the procedures for obtaining such an exemption, if applicable. The backup withholding tax is not an additional tax and will be credited against your U.S. federal income tax liability, provided that correct information is provided to the Internal Revenue Service.

#### Non-U.S. Holders

The following summary applies to you if you are a beneficial owner of a note and are not a U.S. holder, as defined above (a "non-U.S. holder").

Special rules may apply to certain non-U.S. holders such as "controlled foreign corporations," "passive foreign investment companies" and "foreign personal holding companies." Such entities are encouraged to consult their tax advisors to determine the United States federal, state, local and other tax consequences that may be relevant to them.

U.S. Federal Withholding Tax. Subject to the discussion below, U.S. federal withholding tax will not apply to payments by us or our paying agent, in its capacity as such, of principal and interest on your notes under the "portfolio interest" exception of the Internal Revenue Code, provided that:

- you do not, directly or indirectly, actually or constructively, own 10% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of our stock entitled to vote;
- you are not (1) a controlled foreign corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes that is related, directly or indirectly, to us through sufficient stock ownership, as provided in the Internal Revenue Code, or (2) a bank receiving interest described in Section 881(c)(3)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- · such interest is not effectively connected with your conduct of a U.S. trade or business; and
- you provide a signed written statement, under penalties of perjury, which can reliably be related to you, certifying that you are not a U.S. person within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Code and providing your name and address to:
- us or our paying agent; or
- a securities clearing organization, bank or other financial institution that holds customers' securities in the ordinary course of its trade or business and holds your notes on your behalf and that certifies to us or our paying agent under penalties of perjury that it, or the bank or financial institution between it and you, has received from you your signed, written statement and provides us or our paying agent with a copy of such statement.

Treasury regulations provide that:

- if you are a foreign partnership, the certification requirement will generally apply to your partners, and you will be required to provide certain information;
- if you are a foreign trust, the certification requirement will generally be applied to you or your beneficial owners depending on whether you are a "foreign complex trust,"
   "foreign simple trust," or "foreign grantor trust" as defined in the Treasury regulations; and
- look-through rules will apply for tiered partnerships, foreign simple trusts and foreign grantor trusts.

If you are a foreign partnership or a foreign trust, you should consult your own tax advisor regarding your status under these Treasury regulations and the certification requirements applicable to you.

If you cannot satisfy the portfolio interest requirements described above, payments of interest will be subject to the 30% United States withholding tax, unless you provide us with a properly executed (1) Internal Revenue Service Form W-8BEN claiming an exemption from or reduction in withholding under the benefit of an applicable treaty or (2) Internal Revenue Service Form W-8BEN to withholding tax because it is effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States. Alternative documentation may be applicable in certain circumstances.

If you are engaged in a trade or business in the United States and interest on a note is effectively connected with the conduct of that trade or business, you will be required to pay United States federal income tax on that interest on a net income basis (although you will be exempt from the 30% withholding tax provided the certification requirement described above is met) in the same manner as if you were a U.S. person, except as otherwise provided by an applicable tax treaty. If you are a foreign corporation, you may be required to pay a branch profits tax on the earnings and profits that are effectively connected to the conduct of your trade or business in the United States.

Recent legislation generally will impose U.S. withholding tax at a 30% rate on payments of interest (including original issue discount) and proceeds of sale in respect of debt instruments to certain non-U.S. holders if certain additional disclosure requirements related to U.S. ownership of such non-U.S. holders or U.S. accounts maintained by such non-U.S. holders are not satisfied. However, the withholding tax will not be imposed on payments pursuant to debt or other obligations outstanding as of March 18, 2012. If payment of withholding taxes is required, non-U.S. holders is required, non-U.S. holders are otherwise eligible for an exemption from, or reduction of, U.S. withholding taxes with respect to such distributions and proceeds of a sale of such notes will be entitled to seek a refund from the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") to obtain the benefit of such exemption or reduction. We will not pay any additional amounts to non-U.S. holders in respect of any amounts withheld. These new withholding rules are generally effective for payments made after December 31, 2012.

Sale, Exchange or other Disposition of Notes. You generally will not have to pay U.S. federal income tax on any gain or income realized from the sale, redemption, retirement at maturity or other disposition of your notes, unless:

- in the case of gain, you are an individual who is present in the United States for 183 days or more during the taxable year of the sale or other disposition of your notes, and specific other conditions are met;
- you are subject to tax provisions applicable to certain United States expatriates; or
- the gain is effectively connected with your conduct of a U.S. trade or business.

If you are engaged in a trade or business in the United States, and gain with respect to your notes is effectively connected with the conduct of that trade or business, you generally will be subject to U.S. income tax on a net basis on the gain. In addition, if you are a foreign corporation, you may be subject to a branch profits tax on your effectively connected earnings and profits for the taxable year, as adjusted for certain items.

U.S. Federal Estate Tax. If you are an individual and are not a U.S. citizen or a resident of the United States, as specially defined for U.S. federal estate tax purposes, at the time of your death, your notes will generally not be subject to the U.S. federal estate tax, unless, at the time of your death (1) you owned actually or constructively 10%

or more of the total combined voting power of all our classes of stock entitled to vote, or (2) interest on the notes is effectively connected with your conduct of a U.S. trade or business.

Backup Withholding and Information Reporting. Backup withholding will not apply to payments of principal or interest made by us or our paying agent, in its capacity as such, to you if you have provided the required certification that you are a non-U.S. holder as described in "— U.S. Federal Withholding Tax" above, and provided that neither we nor our paying agent have actual knowledge that you are a U.S. holder, as described in "— U.S. Holders" above. We or our paying agent may, however, report payments of interest on the notes.

The gross proceeds from the disposition of your notes may be subject to information reporting and backup withholding tax. If you sell your notes outside the United States through a non-U.S. office of a non-U.S. broker and the sales proceeds are paid to you outside the United States, then the U.S. backup withholding and information reporting requirements generally will not apply to that payment. However, U.S. information reporting, but not backup withholding, will apply to a payment of sales proceeds, even if that payment is made outside the United States, if you sell your notes through a non-U.S. office of a broker that:

- is a U.S. person, as defined in the Internal Revenue Code;
- derives 50% or more of its gross income in specific periods from the conduct of a trade or business in the United States;
- is a "controlled foreign corporation" for U.S. federal income tax purposes; or
- is a foreign partnership, if at any time during its tax year, one or more of its partners are U.S. persons who in the aggregate hold more than 50% of the income or capital interests in the partnership, or the foreign partnership is engaged in a U.S. trade or business, unless the broker has documentary evidence in its files that you are a non-U.S. person and certain other conditions are met or you otherwise establish an exemption. If you receive payments of the proceeds of a sale of your notes to or through a U.S. office of a broker, the payment is subject to both U.S. backup withholding and information reporting unless you provide a Form W-8BEN certifying that you are a non-U.S. person or you otherwise establish an exemption.

You should consult your own tax advisor regarding application of backup withholding in your particular circumstance and the availability of and procedure for obtaining an exemption from backup withholding. Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules from a payment to you will be allowed as a refund or credit against your U.S. federal income tax liability, provided the required information is furnished to the Internal Revenue Service.

#### U.S. Federal Income and Estate Taxation of Holders of Our Warrants

*Exercise of Warrants.* You will not generally recognize gain or loss upon the exercise of a warrant. Your basis in the debt securities, preferred stock, depositary shares or common stock, as the case may be, received upon the exercise of the warrant will be equal to the sum of your adjusted tax basis in the warrant and the exercise price paid. Your holding period in the debt securities, preferred stock, depositary shares or common stock, as the case may be, received upon the exercise of the warrant will not include the period during which the warrant was held by you.

Expiration of Warrants. Upon the expiration of a warrant, you will recognize a capital loss in an amount equal to your adjusted tax basis in the warrant.

Sale or Exchange of Warrants. Upon the sale or exchange of a warrant to a person other than us, you will recognize gain or loss in an amount equal to the difference between the amount realized on the sale or exchange and your adjusted tax basis in the warrant. Such gain or loss will be capital gain or loss and will be long-term capital gain or loss if the warrant was held for more than one year. Upon the sale of the warrant to us, the Internal Revenue Service may argue that you should recognize ordinary income on the sale. You are advised to consult your own tax advisors as to the consequences of a sale of a warrant to us.



#### Potential Legislation or Other Actions Affecting Tax Consequences

Current and prospective securities holders should recognize that the present federal income tax treatment of an investment in us may be modified by legislative, judicial or administrative action at any time and that any such action may affect investments and commitments previously made. The rules dealing with federal income taxation are constantly under review by persons involved in the legislative process and by the Internal Revenue Service and the Treasury Department, resulting in revisions of regulations and revised interpretations of established concepts as well as statutory changes. Revisions in federal tax laws and interpretations of these laws could adversely affect the tax consequences of an investment in us.

#### Internet Access to Our SEC Filings

Our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports, as well as our proxy statements and other materials that are filed with, or furnished to, the Securities and Exchange Commission are made available, free of charge, on the Internet at www.hcreit.com, as soon as reasonably practicable after they are filed with, or furnished to, the Securities and Exchange Commission.

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors

#### Forward-Looking Statements and Risk Factors

This section discusses the most significant factors that affect our business, operations and financial condition. It does not describe all risks and uncertainties applicable to us, our industry or ownership of our securities. If any of the following risks, as well as other risks and uncertainties that are not yet identified or that we currently think are not material, actually occur, we could be materially adversely affected. In that event, the value of our securities could decline.

This Annual Report on Form 10-K and the documents incorporated by reference contain statements that constitute "forward-looking statements" as that term is defined in the federal securities laws. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, those regarding:

- the possible expansion of our portfolio;
- the sale of properties;
- · the performance of our operators/tenants and properties;
- our ability to enter into agreements with new viable tenants for vacant space or for properties that we take back from financially troubled tenants, if any;
- our occupancy rates;
- our ability to acquire, develop and/or manage properties;
- our ability to make distributions to stockholders;
- our policies and plans regarding investments, financings and other matters;
- our tax status as a real estate investment trust;
- our critical accounting policies;
- our ability to appropriately balance the use of debt and equity;
- · our ability to access capital markets or other sources of funds; and
- · our ability to meet our earnings guidance.

When we use words such as "may," "will," "intend," "should," "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "project," "estimate" or similar expressions, we are making forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks and uncertainties. Our expected results may not be achieved, and

actual results may differ materially from our expectations. This may be a result of various factors, including, but not limited to:

- the status of the economy;
- the status of capital markets, including availability and cost of capital;
- issues facing the health care industry, including compliance with, and changes to, regulations and payment policies, responding to government investigations and punitive
  settlements and operators'/tenants' difficulty in cost-effectively obtaining and maintaining adequate liability and other insurance;
- changes in financing terms;
- competition within the health care, senior housing and life science industries;
- negative developments in the operating results or financial condition of operators/tenants, including, but not limited to, their ability to pay rent and repay loans;
- our ability to transition or sell facilities with profitable results;
- the failure to make new investments as and when anticipated;
- acts of God affecting our properties;
- · our ability to re-lease space at similar rates as vacancies occur;
- our ability to timely reinvest sale proceeds at similar rates to assets sold;
- · operator/tenant or joint venture partner bankruptcies or insolvencies;
- the cooperation of joint venture partners;
- government regulations affecting Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement rates and operational requirements;
- regulatory approval and market acceptance of the products and technologies of life science tenants;
- · liability or contract claims by or against operators/tenants;
- unanticipated difficulties and/or expenditures relating to future acquisitions;
- environmental laws affecting our properties;
- changes in rules or practices governing our financial reporting;
- · other legal and operational matters, including REIT qualification and key management personnel recruitment and retention; and
- the risks described below:

#### Risk factors related to our operators' revenues and expenses

Our investment property operators' revenues are primarily driven by occupancy, Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement, if applicable, and private pay rates. Expenses for these facilities are primarily driven by the costs of labor, food, utilities, taxes, insurance and rent or debt service. Revenues from government reimbursement have, and may continue to, come under pressure due to reimbursement cuts and state budget shortfalls. Liability insurance and staffing costs continue to increase for our operators. To the extent that any decrease in revenues and/or any increase in operating expenses result in a property not generating enough cash to make payments to us, the credit of our operator and the value of other collateral would have to be relied upon.

The recent credit and liquidity crisis, and the weakened economy, may have a lingering adverse effect on our operators and tenants, including their ability to access credit or maintain occupancy rates. If the operations, cash flows or financial condition of our operators are materially adversely impacted by economic conditions, our revenue and operations may be adversely affected.

## Increased competition may affect our operators' ability to meet their obligations to us

The operators of our properties compete on a local and regional basis with operators of properties and other health care providers that provide comparable services. We cannot be certain that the operators of all of our facilities will be able to achieve and maintain occupancy and rate levels that will enable them to meet all of their obligations to us. Our operators are expected to encounter increased competition in the future that could limit their ability to attract residents or expand their businesses.

## Risk factors related to obligor bankruptcies

We are exposed to the risk that our obligors may not be able to meet the rent, principal and interest or other payments due us, which may result in an obligor bankruptcy or insolvency, or that an obligor might become subject to bankruptcy or insolvency proceedings for other reasons. Although our operating lease agreements provide us with the right to evict a tenant, demand immediate payment of rent and exercise other remedies, and our loans provide us with the right to terminate any funding obligation, demand immediate repayment of principal and unpaid interest, foreclose on the collateral and exercise other remedies, the bankruptcy and insolvency laws afford certain rights to a party that has filed for bankruptcy or reorganization. An obligor in bankruptcy or subject to insolvency proceedings may be able to limit or delay our ability to collect unpaid rent in the case of a lease or to receive unpaid principal and interest in the case of a loan, and to exercise other rights and remedies.

We may be required to fund certain expenses (e.g., real estate taxes and maintenance) to preserve the value of an investment property, avoid the imposition of liens on a property and/or transition a property to a new tenant. In some instances, we have terminated our lease with a tenant and relet the property to another tenant. In some of those situations, we have provided working capital loans to and limited indemnification of the new obligor. If we cannot transition a leased property to a new tenant, we may take possession of that property, which may expose us to certain successor liabilities. Should such events occur, our revenue and operating cash flow may be adversely affected.

## Transfers of health care facilities may require regulatory approvals and these facilities may not have efficient alternative uses

Transfers of health care facilities to successor operators frequently are subject to regulatory approvals or notifications, including, but not limited to, change of ownership approvals under certificate of need ("CON") laws, state licensure laws and Medicare and Medicaid provider arrangements, that are not required for transfers of other types of real estate. The replacement of a health care facility operator could be delayed by the approval process of any federal, state or local agency necessary for the transfer of the facility or the replacement of the operator licensed to manage the facility. Alternatively, given the specialized nature of our facilities, we may be required to spend substantial time and funds to adapt these properties to other uses. If we are unable to timely transfer properties to successor operators or find efficient alternative uses, our revenue and operations may be adversely affected.

#### Risk factors related to government regulations

Our obligors' businesses are affected by government reimbursement and private payor rates. To the extent that an operator/tenant receives a significant portion of its revenues from government payors, primarily Medicare and Medicaid, such revenues may be subject to statutory and regulatory changes, retroactive rate adjustments, recovery of program overpayments or set-offs, administrative rulings, policy interpretations, payment or other delays by fiscal intermediaries or carriers, government funding restrictions (at a program level or with respect to specific facilities) and interruption or delays in payments due to any ongoing government investigations and audits at such property. In recent years, government payors have frozen or reduced payments to health care providers due to budgetary pressures. Health care reimbursement will likely continue to be of paramount importance to federal and state authorities. We cannot make any assessment as to the ultimate timing or effect any future legislative reforms may have on the financial condition of our obligors and properties. There can be no assurance that adequate reimbursement levels will be available for services provided by any property operator, whether the property receives reimbursement from Medicare, Medicaid or private payors. Significant limits on the scope of services reimbursed and on reimbursement rates and fees could have a material adverse effect on an obligor's liquidity, financial



condition and results of operations, which could adversely affect the ability of an obligor to meet its obligations to us. See "Item 1 — Business — Certain Government Regulations — Reimbursement" above.

Our operators and tenants generally are subject to extensive federal, state, local, and industry-regulated licensure, certification and inspection laws, regulations, and standards. Our operators' or tenants' failure to comply with any of these laws, regulations, or standards could result in loss of accreditation, denial of reimbursement, imposition of fines, suspension or decertification from federal and state health care programs, loss of license or closure of the facility. Such actions may have an effect on our operators' or tenants' ability to make lease payments to us and, therefore, adversely impact us. See "Item 1 — Business — Certain Government Regulations — Other Related Laws" above.

Many of our properties may require a license, registration, and/or CON to operate. Failure to obtain a license, registration, or CON, or loss of a required license, registration, or CON would prevent a facility from operating in the manner intended by the operators or tenants. These events could materially adversely affect our operators' or tenants' ability to make rent payments to us. State and local laws also may regulate the expansion, including the addition of new beds or services or acquisition of medical equipment, and the construction or renovation of health care facilities, by requiring a CON or other similar approval from a state agency. See "Item 1 — Business — Certain Government Regulations — Licensing and Certification" above.

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 ("ARRA"), which was signed into law on February 17, 2009, provides \$87 billion in additional federal Medicaid funding for states' Medicaid expenditures between October 1, 2008 and December 31, 2010. On August 10, 2010, the President signed into law H.R. 1586, which mandates a six-month extension of the increase in federal Medicaid funding for states through June 30, 2011, although the enhanced federal Medicaid funding is scaled back for the first two quarters of 2011. Under both the ARRA and H.R. 1586, states meeting certain eligibility requirements will temporarily receive additional money in the form of an increase in the federal medical assistance percentage ("FMAP"). Thus, for a limited period of time, the share of Medicaid costs that are paid for by the federal government will go up, and each state's share will go down. We cannot predict whether states are, or will remain, eligible to receive the additional federal Medicaid funding, or whether the states will have sufficient funds for their Medicaid programs. We also cannot predict the impact that such broad-based, far-reaching legislation will have on the U.S. economy or our business.

## Risk factors related to liability claims and insurance costs

In recent years, skilled nursing and seniors housing operators have experienced substantial increases in both the number and size of patient care liability claims. As a result, general and professional liability costs have increased in some markets. However, a recent report and state survey found that the liability insurance market is beginning to stabilize in most markets. In 2008, national average liability loss costs were stable for the first time in nearly a decade. State-led tort reform efforts have greatly contributed to decreasing costs. In some markets general and professional liability insurance coverage continues to be restricted or very costly, which in some cases has caused operators to self-insure. These developments may adversely affect the property operators' future operations, cash flows and financial condition, and may have a material adverse effect on the property operators' ability to meet their obligations to us.

#### Risk factors related to acquisitions

We are exposed to the risk that some of our acquisitions may not prove to be successful. We could encounter unanticipated difficulties and expenditures relating to any acquired properties, including contingent liabilities, and acquired properties might require significant management attention that would otherwise be devoted to our ongoing business. If we agree to provide construction funding to an operator/tenant and the project is not completed, we may need to take steps to ensure completion of the project. Moreover, if we issue equity securities or incur additional debt, or both, to finance future acquisitions, it may reduce our per share financial results. These costs may negatively affect our results of operations.



## Risk factors related to joint ventures

We have entered into, and may continue in the future to enter into, partnerships or joint ventures with other persons or entities. Joint venture investments involve risks that may not be present with other methods of ownership, including the possibility that our partner might become insolvent, refuse to make capital contributions when due or otherwise fail to meet its obligations, which may result in certain liabilities to us for guarantees and other commitments; that our partner might at any time have economic or other business interests or goals that are or become inconsistent with our interests or goals; that we could become engaged in a dispute with our partner may be in a position to take action or withhold consent contrary to our instructions or requests. In addition, our ability to transfer our interest in a joint venture; and that our partner may be in a position to take action or withhold consent contrary to our instructions or requests. In addition, our ability to transfer our interest, or acquire our partner's interest, at a time when we otherwise would not have initiated such a transaction. Our ability to acquire our partner's interest, at a time when we otherwise would not have initiated such a transaction. Our ability to acquire our partner's interest may be limited if we do not have sufficient cash, available borrowing capacity or other capital resources. In such event, we may be forced to sell our interest in the joint ventures. Even when we have a controlling interest, certain major decisions may require partner approval, such as the sale, acquisition or financing of a property.

## Risk factors related to life sciences facilities

Our tenants in the life sciences industry face high levels of regulation, expense and uncertainty that may adversely affect their ability to make payments to us. Research, development and clinical testing of products and technologies can be very expensive and sources of funds may not be available to our life sciences tenants in the future. The products and technologies that are developed and manufactured by our life sciences tenants may require regulatory approval prior to being made, marketed, sold and used. The regulatory process can be costly, long and unpredictable. Even after a tenant gains regulatory approval and market acceptance, the product still presents regulatory and liability risks, such as safety concerns, competition from new products and eventually the expiration of patent protection. These factors may affect the ability of our life sciences tenants to make timely payments to us, which may adversely affect our revenue and operations.

#### Risk factors related to indebtedness

Permanent financing for our investments is typically provided through a combination of public and private offerings of debt and equity securities and the incurrence or assumption of secured debt. The incurrence or assumption of indebtedness may cause us to become more leveraged, which could (1) require us to dedicate a greater portion of our cash flow to the payment of debt service, (2) make us more vulnerable to a downturn in the economy, (3) limit our ability to obtain additional financing, or (4) negatively affect our credit ratings or outlook by one or more of the noted rating agencies.

Our debt agreements contain various covenants, restrictions and events of default. Among other things, these provisions require us to maintain certain financial ratios and minimum net worth and impose certain limits on our ability to incur indebtedness, create liens and make investments or acquisitions. Breaches of these covenants could result in defaults under the instruments governing the applicable indebtedness, in addition to any other indebtedness cross-defaulted against such instruments. These defaults could have a material adverse impact on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

#### Risk factors related to our credit ratings

We plan to manage the Company to maintain a capital structure consistent with our current profile, but there can be no assurance that we will be able to maintain our current credit ratings. Any downgrades in terms of ratings or outlook by any or all of the noted rating agencies could have a material adverse impact on our cost and availability of capital, which could in turn have a material adverse impact on our consolidated results of operations, liquidity and/or financial condition.



## Risk factors related to interest rate swaps

We enter into interest rate swap agreements from time to time to manage some of our exposure to interest rate volatility. These swap agreements involve risks, such as the risk that counterparties may fail to honor their obligations under these arrangements. In addition, these arrangements may not be effective in reducing our exposure to changes in interest rates. When we use forward-starting interest rate swaps, there is a risk that we will not complete the long-term borrowing against which the swap is intended to hedge. If such events occur, our results of operations may be adversely affected.

## Risk factors related to environmental laws

Under various federal and state laws, owners or operators of real estate may be required to respond to the presence or release of hazardous substances on the property and may be held liable for property damage, personal injuries or penalties that result from environmental contamination or exposure to hazardous substances. We may become liable to reimburse the government for damages and costs it incurs in connection with the contamination. Generally, such liability attaches to a person based on the person's relationship to the property. Our tenants or borrowers are primarily responsible for the condition of the property. Moreover, we review environmental site assessments of the properties that we own or encumber prior to taking an interest in them. Those assessments are designed to meet the "all appropriate inquiry" standard, which we believe qualifies us for the innocent purchaser defense if environmental liabilities arise. Based upon such assessments, we do not believe that any of our properties are subject to material environmental contamination. However, environmental liabilities may be present in our properties and we may incur costs to remediate contamination, which could have a material adverse effect on our business or financial condition or the business or financial condition of the business or financial condition or the business or financial condition

## Risk factors related to facilities that require entrance fees

Certain of our senior housing facilities require the payment of an upfront entrance fee by the resident, a portion of which may be refundable by the operator. Some of these facilities are subject to substantial oversight by state regulators relating to these funds. As a result of this oversight, residents of these facilities may have a variety of rights, including, for example, the right to cancel their contracts within a specified period of time and certain lien rights. The oversight and rights of residents within these facilities may have an effect on the revenue or operators of the operators of such facilities and therefore may negatively impact us.

#### Risk factors related to facilities under construction or development

At any given time, we may be in the process of constructing one or more new facilities that ultimately will require a CON and license before they can be utilized by the operator for their intended use. The operator also may need to obtain Medicare and Medicaid certification and enter into Medicare and Medicaid provider agreements and/or third party payor contracts. In the event that the operator is unable to obtain the necessary CON, licensure, certification, provider agreements or contracts after the completion of construction, there is a risk that we will not be able to earn any revenues on the facility until either the initial operator obtains a license or certification to operate the new facility and the necessary provider agreements or contracts.

In connection with our renovation, redevelopment, development and related construction activities, we may be unable to obtain, or suffer delays in obtaining, necessary zoning, landuse, building, occupancy and other required governmental permits and authorizations. These factors could result in increased costs or our abandonment of these projects. In addition, we may not be able to obtain financing on favorable terms, which may render us unable to proceed with our development activities, and we may not be able to complete construction and lease-up of a property on schedule, which could result in increased debt service expense or construction costs.

Additionally, the time frame required for development, construction and lease-up of these properties means that we may have to wait years for significant cash returns. Because we are required to make cash distributions to our stockholders, if the cash flow from operations or refinancing is not sufficient, we may be forced to borrow



additional money to fund such distributions. Newly developed and acquired properties may not produce the cash flow that we expect, which could adversely affect our overall financial performance.

In deciding whether to acquire or develop a particular property, we make assumptions regarding the expected future performance of that property. In particular, we estimate the return on our investment based on expected occupancy and rental rates. If our financial projections with respect to a new property are inaccurate, and the property is unable to achieve the expected occupancy and rental rates, it may fail to perform as we expected in analyzing our investment. Our estimate of the costs of repositioning or redeveloping an acquired property may prove to be inaccurate, which may result in our failure to meet our profitability goals. Additionally, we may acquire new properties that are not fully leased, and the cash flow from existing operations may be insufficient to pay the operating expenses and debt service associated with that property.

#### We do not know if our tenants will renew their existing leases, and if they do not, we may be unable to lease the properties on as favorable terms, or at all

We cannot predict whether our tenants will renew existing leases at the end of their lease terms, which expire at various times. If these leases are not renewed, we would be required to find other tenants to occupy those properties or sell them. There can be no assurance that we would be able to identify suitable replacement tenants or enter into leases with new tenants on terms as favorable to us as the current leases or that we would be able to lease those properties at all.

#### Our ownership of properties through ground leases exposes us to the loss of such properties upon breach or termination of the ground leases

We have acquired an interest in certain of our properties by acquiring a leasehold interest in the property on which the building is located, and we may acquire additional properties in the future through the purchase of interests in ground leases. As the lessee under a ground lease, we are exposed to the possibility of losing the property upon termination of the ground lease or an earlier breach of the ground lease by us.

## Illiquidity of real estate investments could significantly impede our ability to respond to adverse changes in the performance of our properties

Real estate investments are relatively illiquid. Our ability to quickly sell or exchange any of our properties in response to changes in economic and other conditions will be limited. No assurances can be given that we will recognize full value for any property that we are required to sell for liquidity reasons. Our inability to respond rapidly to changes in the performance of our investments could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations. In addition, we are exposed to the risks inherent in concentrating investments in real estate, and in particular, the seniors housing and health care industries. A downturn in the real estate industry could adversely affect the value of our properties and our ability to sell properties for a price or on terms acceptable to us.

## Risk factors related to reinvestment of sale proceeds

From time to time, we will have cash available from (1) the proceeds of sales of our securities, (2) principal payments on our loans receivable and (3) the sale of properties, including non-elective dispositions, under the terms of master leases or similar financial support arrangements. In order to maintain current revenues and continue generating attractive returns, we expect to re-invest these proceeds in a timely manner. We compete for real estate investments with a broad variety of potential investors. This competition for attractive investments may negatively affect our ability to make timely investments on terms acceptable to us.

## Failure to properly manage our rapid growth could distract our management or increase our expenses

We have experienced rapid growth and development in a relatively short period of time and expect to continue this rapid growth in the future. This growth has resulted in increased levels of responsibility for our management. Future property acquisitions could place significant additional demands on, and require us to expand, our management, resources and personnel. Our failure to manage any such rapid growth effectively could harm our business and, in particular, our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows, which could negatively

affect our ability to make distributions to stockholders. Our growth could also increase our capital requirements, which may require us to issue potentially dilutive equity securities and incur additional debt.

## We might fail to qualify or remain qualified as a REIT

We intend to operate as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code and believe we have and will continue to operate in such a manner. If we lose our status as a REIT, we will face serious income tax consequences that will substantially reduce the funds available for satisfying our obligations and for distribution to our stockholders because:

- we would not be allowed a deduction for distributions to stockholders in computing our taxable income and would be subject to U.S. federal income tax at regular corporate rates;
- · we could be subject to the federal alternative minimum tax and possibly increased state and local taxes; and
- unless we are entitled to relief under statutory provisions, we could not elect to be subject to tax as a REIT for four taxable years following the year during which we were disqualified.

Since REIT qualification requires us to meet a number of complex requirements, it is possible that we may fail to fulfill them, and if we do, our earnings will be reduced by the amount of U.S. federal and other income taxes owed. A reduction in our earnings would affect the amount we could distribute to our stockholders. If we do not qualify as a REIT, we would not be required to make distributions to stockholders since a non-REIT is not required, in order to maintain REIT status or avoid an excise tax, to pay dividends to stockholders. See "Item 1 — Business — Taxation — Federal Income Tax Considerations" for a discussion of the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code that apply to us and the effects of failure to qualify as a REIT.

In addition, if we fail to qualify as a REIT, all distributions to stockholders would continue to be treated as dividends to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits, although corporate stockholders may be eligible for the dividends received deduction, and individual stockholders may be eligible for taxation at the rates generally applicable to long-term capital gains (currently at a maximum rate of 15%) with respect to distributions.

As a result of all these factors, our failure to qualify as a REIT also could impair our ability to implement our business strategy and would adversely affect the value of our common stock.

Qualification as a REIT involves the application of highly technical and complex Internal Revenue Code provisions for which there are only limited judicial and administrative interpretations. The determination of various factual matters and circumstances not entirely within our control may affect our ability to remain qualified as a REIT. Although we believe that we qualify as a REIT, we cannot assure you that we will continue to qualify or remain qualified as a REIT for U.S. federal income tax purposes. See "Item 1 — Business — Taxation — Federal Income Tax Considerations" included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

## The 90% annual distribution requirement will decrease our liquidity and may limit our ability to engage in otherwise beneficial transactions

To comply with the 90% distribution requirement applicable to REITs and to avoid the nondeductible excise tax, we must make distributions to our stockholders. See "Item 1 — Business — Taxation — Federal Income Tax Considerations — Qualification as a REIT — Annual Distribution Requirements" included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Although we anticipate that we generally will have sufficient cash or liquid assets to enable us to satisfy the REIT distribution requirement, it is possible that, from time to time, we may not have sufficient cash or other liquid assets to meet the 90% distribution requirement, or we may decide to retain cash or distribute such greater amount as may be necessary to avoid income and excise taxation. This may be due to timing differences between the actual receipt of income and actual payment of deductible expenses, on the one hand, and the inclusion of that income and deduction of those expenses in arriving at our taxable income, on the other hand. In addition, non-deductible expenses such as principal amortization or repayments or capital expenditures in excess of non-cash deductions may cause us to fail to have sufficient cash or liquid assets to enable us to satisfy the 90% distribution requirement. In the event that timing differences occur, or we deem it appropriate to retain cash, we may borrow funds, issue additional equity securities (although we cannot assure you that we will be able to do so), pay taxable



stock dividends, if possible, distribute other property or securities or engage in another transaction intended to enable us to meet the REIT distribution requirements. This may require us to raise additional capital to meet our obligations.

The amount of additional indebtedness we may incur is limited by the terms of our line of credit arrangement and the indentures governing our senior unsecured notes. In addition, adverse economic conditions may impact the availability of additional funds or could cause the terms on which we are able to borrow additional funds to become unfavorable. In those circumstances, we may be required to raise additional equity in the capital markets. Our access to capital depends upon a number of factors over which we have little or no control, including rising interest rates, inflation and other general market conditions and the market's perception of our growth potential and our current and potential future earnings and cash distributions and the market price of the shares of our capital stock. We cannot assure you that we will be able to raise the capital necessary to make future investments or to meet our obligations and commitments as they mature.

## The lease of qualified health care properties to a taxable REIT subsidiary is subject to special requirements

We intend to lease certain qualified health care properties we acquire from operators to a taxable REIT subsidiary (or a limited liability company of which the taxable REIT subsidiary is a member), which lessee will contract with such operators (or a related party) to operate the health care operations at these properties. The rents from this taxable REIT subsidiary lessee structure will be treated as qualifying rents from real property if (1) they are paid pursuant to an arms-length lease of a qualified health care property with a taxable REIT subsidiary and (2) the operator qualifies as an eligible independent contractor. If any of these conditions are not satisfied, then the rents will not be qualifying rents. See "Item 1 — Business — Taxation — Federal Income Tax Considerations — Qualification as a REIT — Income Tests."

## If certain sale-leaseback transactions are not characterized by the IRS as "true leases," we may be subject to adverse tax consequences

We may purchase properties and lease them back to the sellers of such properties. We intend for any such sale-leaseback transaction to be structured in such a manner that the lease will be characterized as a "true lease," thereby allowing us to be treated as the owner of the property for U.S. federal income tax purposes. However, depending on the terms of any specific transaction, the IRS might take the position that the transaction is not a "true lease" but is more properly treated in some other manner. In the event any sale-leaseback transaction is challenged and successfully re-characterized by the IRS, we would not be entitled to claim the deductions for depreciation and cost recovery generally available to an owner of property. Furthermore, if a sale-leaseback transaction were so re-characterized, we might fail to satisfy the REIT asset tests or income tests and, consequently, could lose our REIT status effective with the year of re-characterization. See "Item 1 — Business — Taxation — Federal Income Tax Considerations — Qualification as a REIT — Asset Tests" and "— Income Tests." Alternatively, the amount of our REIT taxable income tax Considerations — Qualification as a REIT — Annual Distribution Requirements for a taxable year. See "Item 1 — Business — Taxation — Federal Income Tax Considerations Requirements."

## Other risk factors

We are also subject to other risks. First, our Second Restated Certificate of Incorporation and Second Amended and Restated By-Laws contain anti-takeover provisions (staggered board provisions, restrictions on share ownership and transfer and super majority stockholder approval requirements for business combinations) that could make it more difficult for or even prevent a third party from acquiring us without the approval of our incumbent Board of Directors. Provisions and agreements that inhibit or discourage takeover attempts could reduce the market value of our common stock.

Additionally, we are dependent on key personnel. Although we have entered into employment agreements with our executive officers, losing any one of them could, at least temporarily, have an adverse impact on our operations. We believe that losing more than one could have a material adverse impact on our business.



# Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments

None.

## Item 2. Properties

We own our corporate headquarters located at 4500 Dorr Street, Toledo, Ohio 43615. We also own corporate offices in Tennessee, lease corporate offices in Florida and have ground leases relating to certain of our properties. The following table sets forth certain information regarding the properties that comprise our consolidated real property and real estate loan investments as of December 31, 2010 (dollars in thousands):

		Senior Housing and Care		Medical Facilities			
Property Location	Number of Properties	Total Investment	Annualized Income(1)	Number of Properties	Total Investment	Annualized Income(1)	
Alabama	3	\$ 23,717	\$ 6,914	5	\$ 39,620	\$ 3,62	
Alaska	—	_	-	1	26,612	2,46	
Arizona	6	37,427	7,592	5	89,527	7,76	
California	26	423,882	101,957	16	464,923	23,68	
Colorado	6	100,713	10,659	1	6,552	59	
Connecticut	12	77,259	8,865	_	—	-	
Delaware	3	70,198	6,161	_	—	-	
lorida	53	513,736	52,119	30	401,991	23,88	
Georgia	8	89,563	15,938	7	67,885	5,04	
daho	4	39,506	5,394	1	22,711	2,52	
llinois	13	174,681	22,688	2	9,235	32	
ndiana	18	256,614	22,617	3	44,017	4,68	
owa	2	47,060	7,295	_	—	-	
Kansas	4	92,753	7,245	1	16,553	1,12	
Kentucky	10	55,818	7,831	2	39,092	3,55	
ouisiana	5	25,709	3,161	1	10,807	74	
Maryland	2	13,636	1,537	_	_	-	
Aassachusetts	19	289,816	33,613	2	11,120	-	
Aichigan	6	93,677	5,653	_	_	-	
Ainnesota	_	_	_	3	45,956	3,24	
Aississippi	6	53,029	5,623	_	_	_	
Aissouri	7	114,580	12,098	4	83,905	7,09	
Aontana	3	12,939	1,970	_	_	_	
Vebraska	4	39,260	3,252	3	155,597	13,14	
Vevada	5	83,854	14,598	9	106,722	7,62	
Vew Hampshire	1	4,178	531	_	_	_	
New Jersey	13	301,232	21,487	7	165,805	13,22	
lew Mexico	1	22,107	1,430	_	_	_	
New York	6	187,852	13,076	7	56,366	4,92	
North Carolina	44	204,050	25,148	10	23,889	1,67	
Dhio	30	426,483	37,978	4	53,480	4,78	
Oklahoma	23	102,575	11,850	3	22,535	2,20	
Dregon	2	7,420	1,358	_	_	_	
Pennsylvania	11	192,047	15,752	1	21,609	2,02	
South Carolina	8	241,233	14,782	1	16,103	91	
ennessee	25	233,041	29,334	8	95,318	7,00	
èxas	46	309,060	42,716	26	396,230	33,79	
Jtah	1	5,916	944	_			
/irginia	14	89,092	10,359	2	22,939	2,45	
Vashington	20	466,642	91,082	3	88,091	1,75	
Visconsin	13	138,572	13,168	19	325,992	27,84	
Total	483	\$ 5,660,927	\$ 695,775	187	\$ 2,931,182	\$ 213,71	

(1) Reflects annualized recent month of resident fees and services, contract rate of interest for loans, annual straight-line rent for leases with fixed escalators or annual cash rent for leases with contingent escalators, net of collectibility reserves if applicable.

The following table sets forth occupancy and average annualized income for these property types:

	Occupan	Aver	zed Income(2)		
	2010	2009	2010		2009
Senior housing facilities-operating	91.9%	n/a	\$ 30,458	\$	n/a per unit
Senior housing facilities-triple net	88.9%	89.2%	16,241		12,351 per unit
Skilled nursing facilities	84.9%	84.2%	6,519		6,244 per bed
Medical office buildings	93.1%	91.3%	20		20 per sq.ft.
Hospitals	62.9%	56.5%	30,951		26,063 per bed

(1) Medical office building occupancy represents the percentage of total rentable square feet leased and occupied (including month-to-month and holdover leases and excluding terminations and discontinued operations) as of December 31, 2010 and 2009. Occupancy for other properties represents average quarterly operating occupancy based on the quarters ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 and excludes properties that are unstabilized, closed or for which data is not available or meaningful. The Company uses unaudited, periodic financial information provided solely by tenants/borrowers to calculate occupancy for properties other than medical office buildings and has not independently verified the information.

(2) Average annualized income represents annualized income divided by total beds, units or square feet.

The following table sets forth information regarding lease expirations as of December 31, 2010 (dollars in thousands):

Year	ior Housing acilities(1)	SI	killed Nursing Facilities	 Hospitals	ledical Office Buildings	otal Rental ncome(2)
2011	\$ 9,499	\$	—	\$ _	\$ 9,631	\$ 19,130
2012	5,549		6,887	_	11,903	24,339
2013	42,678		—	_	10,222	52,900
2014	2,149		6,349	_	10,718	19,216
2015	—		2,014	_	11,410	13,424
2016	—		3,367	_	13,602	16,969
2017	12,688		3,875	2,350	9,927	28,840
2018	38,459		7,084	_	4,498	50,041
2019	9,463		18,465	_	10,262	38,190
2020	27,473		23,619	5,980	8,651	65,723
Thereafter	180,799		70,951	45,165	55,412	352,327
Total	\$ 328,757	\$	142,611	\$ 53,495	\$ 156,236	\$ 681,099

(1) Excludes facilities in our senior housing operating partnerships.

(2) Rental income represents annualized base rent for effective lease agreements. The amounts are derived from the current contracted monthly base rent including straight-line for leases with fixed escalators or annual cash rent for leases with contingent escalators, net of collectability reserves, if applicable. Rental income does not include common area maintenance charges or the amortization of above/below market lease intangibles.

## Item 3. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, there are various legal proceedings pending to which we are a party or to which some of our properties are subject arising in the normal course of business. We do not believe that the ultimate resolution of these proceedings will have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

## Item 4. (Removed and Reserved)

## PART II

## Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

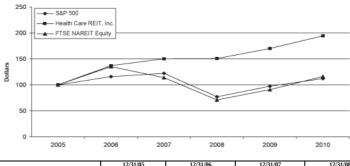
There were 5,013 stockholders of record as of January 31, 2011. The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the high and low prices of our common stock on the New York Stock Exchange, as reported on the Composite Tape, and common dividends paid per share:

	S	ales Price	Dividends	
	High	Low	Paid	
2010				
First Quarter	\$46.79	\$39.82	\$0.68	
Second Quarter	46.44	38.42	0.69	
Third Quarter	48.54	40.85	0.69	
Fourth Quarter	52.06	44.07	0.69	
2009				
First Quarter	\$42.32	\$25.86	\$0.68	
Second Quarter	36.41	29.62	0.68	
Third Quarter	44.40	32.64	0.68	
Fourth Quarter	46.74	40.53	0.68	

Our Board of Directors has approved a new quarterly cash dividend rate of \$0.715 per share of common stock per quarter, commencing with the May 2011 dividend. Our dividend policy is reviewed annually by the Board of Directors. The declaration and payment of quarterly dividends remains subject to the review and approval of the Board of Directors.

## Stockholder Return Performance Presentation

Set forth below is a line graph comparing the yearly percentage change and the cumulative total stockholder return on our shares of common stock against the cumulative total return of the S & P Composite-500 Stock Index and the FTSE NAREIT Equity Index. As of December 31, 2010, 119 companies comprised the FTSE NAREIT Equity Index. The Index consists of REITs identified by NAREIT as equity (those REITs which have at least 75% of their investments in real property). Upon written request sent to the Senior Vice President-Administration and Corporate Secretary, Health Care REIT, Inc., 4500 Dorr Street, Toledo, Ohio, 43615-4040, we will provide stockholders with the names of the component issuers. The data are based on the closing prices as of December 31 for each of the five years. 2005 equals \$100 and dividends are assumed to be reinvested.



	12/31/05	12/31/06	12/31/07	12/31/08	12/31/09	12/31/10
S & P 500	100.0	115.79	122.16	76.96	97.33	111.99
Health Care REIT, Inc.	100.0	136.99	150.22	150.66	170.03	194.40
FTSE NAREIT Equity	100.0	135.06	113.87	70.91	90.76	116.12

Except to the extent that we specifically incorporate this information by reference, the foregoing Stockholder Return Performance Presentation shall not be deemed incorporated by reference by any general statement incorporating by reference this Annual Report on Form 10-K into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. This information shall not otherwise be deemed filed under such acts.

#### Selected Financial Data Item 6.

The following selected financial data for the five years ended December 31, 2010 are derived from our audited consolidated financial statements (in thousands, except per share data):

	-			Y	ear Ende	ed December 31	,			
		2006	-	2007		2008		2009		2010
Operating Data										
Revenues(1)	\$	248,061	\$	409,051	\$	504,525	\$	546,092	\$	680,530
Expenses:										
Interest expense(1)		77,087		125,714		125,276		102,117		157,108
Depreciation and amortization(1)		66,069		118,159		138,136		150,728		197,118
Property operating expenses(1)		1,003		33,410		42,634		45,896		83,120
General and administrative(1)		25,922		37,465		47,193		49,691		54,626
Transaction costs		—		—		—		—		46,660
Provision for loan losses		1,000		—		94		23,261		29,684
Realized loss on derivatives		—		—		23,393		—		_
Loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt				(1,081)		(2,094)		25,107		34,171
Total expenses		171,081		313,667		374,632		396,800		602,487
Income from continuing operations before income taxes and income from										
unconsolidated joint ventures		76,980		95,384		129,893		149,292		78,043
Income tax expense		(82)		(188)		(1,306)		(168)		(364
Income from unconsolidated joint ventures		—		—		—		—		6,673
Income from continuing operations		76,898		95,196		128,587		149,124	_	84,352
Income from discontinued operations, net(1)		25,758		43,397		154,838		43,803		44,532
Net income		102,656		138,593		283,425		192,927		128,884
Preferred stock dividends		21,463		25,130		23,201		22,079		21,645
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests		13		238		126		(342)		357
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$	81,180	\$	113,225	\$	260,098	\$	171,190	\$	106,882
Other Data					_					
Average number of common shares outstanding:										
Basic		61,661		78,861		93,732		114,207		127,656
Diluted		62,045		79,409		94,309		114,612		128,208
Per Share Data										
Basic:										
Income from continuing operations attributable to common stockholders	\$	0.90	\$	0.89	\$	1.12	\$	1.12	\$	0.49
Discontinued operations, net		0.42		0.55		1.65		0.38		0.35
Net income attributable to common stockholders*	\$	1.32	\$	1.44	\$	2.77	\$	1.50	\$	0.84
Diluted:										
Income from continuing operations attributable to common stockholders	\$	0.89	\$	0.88	\$	1.12	\$	1.11	\$	0.49
Discontinued operations, net		0.42		0.55		1.64		0.38		0.35
Net income attributable to common stockholders*	\$	1.31	\$	1.43	\$	2.76	\$	1.49	\$	0.83
Cash distributions per common share	\$	2.8809	\$	2.2791	\$	2.70	\$	2.72	\$	2.74
			-		-		-		-	

Amounts may not sum due to rounding
 (1) We have reclassified the income and expenses attributable to properties sold prior to or held for sale at December 31, 2010, to discontinued operations for all periods presented. See Note 5 to our audited consolidated financial statements.

			December 31,		
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Balance Sheet Data					
Net real estate investments	\$4,122,893	\$5,012,620	\$5,854,179	\$6,080,620	\$8,590,833
Total assets	4,282,885	5,219,240	6,215,031	6,367,186	9,451,734
Total long-term obligations	2,191,698	2,683,760	2,847,676	2,414,022	4,469,736
Total liabilities	2,295,561	2,784,289	2,976,746	2,559,735	4,714,081
Total preferred stock	338,993	330,243	289,929	288,683	291,667
Total equity	1,987,324	2,434,951	3,238,285	3,807,451	4,733,100

## Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis is based primarily on the consolidated financial statements of Health Care REIT, Inc. for the periods presented and should be read together with the notes thereto contained in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Other important factors are identified in "Item 1 — Business" and "Item 1A — Risk Factors" above.

#### **Executive Summary**

## Company Overview

Health Care REIT, Inc. is a real estate investment trust ("REIT") that has been at the forefront of senior housing and health care real estate since the company was founded in 1970. We are an S&P 500 company headquartered in Toledo, Ohio and our portfolio spans the full spectrum of senior housing and health care real estate, including senior housing communities, skilled nursing facilities, medical office buildings, inpatient and outpatient medical centers and life science facilities. Our capital programs, when combined with comprehensive planning, development and property management services, make us a single-source solution for acquiring, planning, developing, managing, repositioning and monetizing real estate assets. The following table summarizes our portfolio as of December 31, 2010:

Type of Property	nvestments n thousands)	Percentage of Investments	Number of Properties	# Beds/Units or Sq. Ft.	 Investment per metric(1)	States
Senior housing facilities	\$ 4,403,208	49.0%	303	27,863 units	\$ 162,210 per unit	36
Skilled nursing facilities	1,257,719	14.0%	180	24,064 beds	52,266 per bed	26
Hospitals	782,879	8.7%	31	1,857 beds	446,846 per bed	13
Medical office buildings(2)	2,195,435	24.4%	162	9,047,167 sq. ft.	254 per sq. ft.	28
Life science buildings(2)	346,562	3.9%	7		n/a	1
Totals	\$ 8,985,803	100.0%	683			41

(1) Investment per metric was computed by using the total investment amount of \$8,860,164,000, which includes net real estate investments and unfunded construction commitments for which initial funding has commenced which amounted to \$8,592,109,000 and \$268,055,000, respectively.

(2) Includes our share of unconsolidated joint venture investments. Please see Note 7 to our consolidated financial statements for additional information.

## Health Care Industry

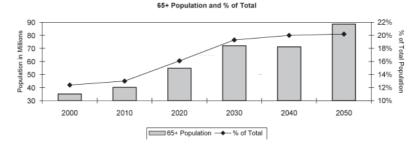
The demand for health care services, and consequently health care properties, is projected to reach unprecedented levels in the near future. The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services ("CMS") projects that national health expenditures will rise to \$3.5 trillion in 2015 or 18.2% of gross domestic product ("GDP"). The average annual growth in national health expenditures for 2009 through 2019 is expected to be 6.3%, which is 0.2% faster than pre-health care reform estimates.

While demographics are the primary driver of demand, economic conditions and availability of services contribute to health care service utilization rates. We believe the health care property market may be less susceptible to fluctuations and economic downturns relative to other property sectors. Investor interest in the market remains strong, especially in specific sectors such as medical office buildings, regardless of the current stringent lending environment. As a REIT, we believe we are situated to benefit from any turbulence in the capital markets due to our access to capital.

The total U.S. population is projected to increase by 20.4% through 2030. The elderly population aged 65 and over is projected to increase by 79.2% through 2030. The elderly are an important component of health care

utilization, especially independent living services, assisted living services, skilled nursing services, inpatient and outpatient hospital services and physician ambulatory care. Most health care services are provided within a health care facility such as a hospital, a physician's office or a senior housing facility. Therefore, we believe there will be continued demand for companies, such as ours, with expertise in health care real estate.

The following chart illustrates the projected increase in the elderly population aged 65 and over:



## Source: U.S. Census Bureau

Health care real estate investment opportunities tend to increase as demand for health care services increases. We recognize the need for health care real estate as it correlates to health care service demand. Health care providers require real estate to house their businesses and expand their services. We believe that investment opportunities in health care real estate will continue to be present due to:

- · The specialized nature of the industry, which enhances the credibility and experience of our company;
- · The projected population growth combined with stable or increasing health care utilization rates, which ensures demand; and
- · The on-going merger and acquisition activity.

### Health Reform Laws

On March 23, 2010, the President signed into law the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act ("PPACA") and the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, which amends the PPACA (collectively, the "Health Reform Laws"). The Health Reform Laws contain various provisions that may directly impact us or the operators and tenants of our properties. Some provisions of the Health Reform Laws may have a positive impact on our operators' or tenants' revenues, by, for example, increasing coverage of uninsured individuals, while others may have a negative impact on the reimbursement of our operators or tenants by, for example, altering the market basket adjustments for certain types of health care facilities. The Health Reform Laws also enhance certain fraud and abuse penalty provisions that could apply to our operators and tenants, in the event of one or more violations of the federal health care regulatory laws. In addition, there are provisions that impact the health coverage that we and our operators and tenants provide to our respective employees. We cannot predict whether the existing Health Reform Laws, or future health care reform legislation or regulatory changes, will have a material impact on our operators' or tenants' property or business. If the operations, cash flows or financial condition of our operators and tenants are materially adversely impacted by the Health Reform Laws or future legislation, our revenue and operations may be adversely affected as well. Further, on February 2, 2011, the U.S. Senate refused to pass an overhaul repeal of the Health Reform Laws, and the focus has now shifted to attempts to repeal or amend individual sections of the Health Reform Laws. We cannot predict whether the existing whether any of these attempts to repeal or amend the Health Reform Laws will be successful, nor can we predict the impact that such a repeal or amendment would have on our operators and tenants.

Impact to Reimbursement of the Operators and Tenants of Our Properties. The Health Reform Laws provide for various changes to the reimbursement that our operators and tenants may receive. One such change is a reduction to the market basket adjustments for inpatient acute hospitals, long-term care hospitals, inpatient rehabilitation facilities, home health agencies, psychiatric hospitals, hospice care and outpatient hospitals. Beginning in 2010, the otherwise applicable percentage increase to the market basket for inpatient acute hospitals will decrease. Beginning in 2012, inpatient acute hospitals will also face a downward adjustment of the annual percentage increase to the market basket rate by a "productivity adjustment." The productivity adjustment may cause the annual percentage increase to be less than zero, which would mean that inpatient acute hospitals could face payment rates for a fiscal year that are less than the payment rates for the preceding year.

A similar productivity adjustment also applies to skilled nursing facilities beginning in 2012, which means that the payment rates for skilled nursing facilities may decrease from one year to the next. Long-term care hospitals will face a specified percentage decrease in their annual update for discharges beginning in 2010. Additionally, beginning in 2012, long-term care hospitals will be subject to the productivity adjustments, which may decrease the federal payment rates for long-term care hospitals. Similar productivity adjustments and other adjustments to payment rates will apply to inpatient rehabilitation facilities, psychiatric hospitals and outpatient hospitals beginning in 2010.

The Health Reform Laws revise other reimbursement provisions that may affect our business. For example, the Health Reform Laws mandate a one-year extension of the exceptions for medical therapy caps, which will be applicable though December 31, 2010. The Health Reform Laws also reduce states' Medicaid disproportionate share hospital ("DSH") allotments, starting in 2014 through 2020. These allotments would have provided additional funding for DSH hospitals that are operators or tenants of our properties, and thus, any reduction might negatively impact these operators or tenants.

Additionally, beginning in fiscal year 2015, Medicare payments will decrease to hospitals for treatment associated with hospital acquired conditions. This decreased payment rate may negatively impact our operators or tenants. The Health Reform Laws also call for reductions in payments for discharges beginning October 1, 2012, in order to account for excess readmissions. While the exact amount of the reduction is not yet known, a reduction in payments to our operators or tenants may affect their ability to make payments to us.

PPACA additionally calls for the creation of the Independent Payment Advisory Board (the "Board"), which will be responsible for establishing payment polices, including recommendations in the event that Medicare costs exceed a certain threshold. Proposals for recommendations submitted by the Board prior to December 31, 2018 may not include recommendations that would reduce payments for hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, and physicians, among other providers, prior to December 31, 2019. The Health Reform Laws also create other mechanisms that could permit significant changes to payment. For example, PPACA establishes the Center for Medicare and Medicaid Innovation to test innovative payment and service delivery models to reduce program expenditures through the use of demonstration programs that can waive existing reimbursement methodologies. The Health Reform Laws also provide additional Medicaid funding to allow states to carry out mandated expansion of Medicaid coverage to certain financially-eligible individuals beginning in 2014, and also permits states to expand their Medicaid coverage to these individuals as early as April 1, 2010, if certain conditions are met.

Additionally, although the Health Reform Laws delayed until at least October 1, 2011, the implementation of the Resource Utilization Group, Version Four ("RUG-IV"), which revises the payment classification system for skilled nursing facilities, the recently enacted Medicare and Medicaid Extenders Act of 2010 repealed this delay retroactively to October 1, 2010. The Health Reform Laws also extend certain payment rules related to long-term acute care hospitals found in the Medicare, Medicaid, and SCHIP Extension Act of 2007.

Finally, many other changes resulting from the Health Reform Laws, or implementing regulations, or guidance may negatively impact our operators and tenants. We will continue to monitor and evaluate the Health Reform Laws and implementing regulations and guidance to determine other potential effects of the reform.

Impact of Fraud and Abuse Provisions. The Health Reform Laws revise health care fraud and abuse provisions that will affect our operators and tenants. Specifically, PPACA allows for up to treble damages under the Federal False Claims Act for violations related to state-based health insurance exchanges authorized by the Health



Reform Laws, which will be implemented beginning in 2014. The Health Reform Laws also impose new civil monetary penalties for false statements or actions that lead to delayed inspections, with penalties of up to \$15,000 per day for failure to grant timely access and up to \$50,000 for a knowing violation. The Health Reform laws also provide for additional funding to investigate and prosecute health care fraud and abuse. Accordingly, the increased penalties under PPACA for fraud and abuse violations may have a negative impact on our operators and tenants in the event that the government brings an enforcement action or subjects them to penalties.

Further, as recently as February 2, 2011, CMS published final rulemaking to implement the enhanced provider and supplier screening provisions called for in the Health Reform Laws. Under the final rule, beginning March 25, 2011, all enrolling and participating providers and suppliers will be assessed an annual administrative fee and be placed in one of three risk levels (limited, moderate, and high) based on an assessment of the individual's or entity's overall risk of fraud, waste and abuse. This rule also allows for the temporary suspension of Medicare payments to providers or suppliers in the event CMS receives credible information that an overpayment, fraud, or willful misrepresentation has occurred. The Health Reform Laws granted the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services significant discretionary authority to suspend, exclude, or impose fines on providers and suppliers based on the agency's determination that such a provider or supplier is "high-risk," and, as a result, this final rulemaking has the potential to materially adversely affect our operators and tenants who may be evaluated under the enhanced screening process.

Additionally, provisions of Title VI of PPACA are designed to increase transparency and program integrity by skilled nursing facilities, other nursing facilities and similar providers. Specifically, skilled nursing facilities and other providers and suppliers will be required to institute compliance and ethics programs. Additionally, PPACA makes it easier for consumers to file complaints against nursing homes by mandating that states establish complaint websites. The provisions calling for enhanced transparency will increase the administrative burden and costs on these providers.

Impact to the Health Care Plans Offered to Our Employees. The Health Reform Laws will affect employers that provide health plans to their employees. The new laws will change the tax treatment of the Medicare Part D retiree drug subsidy and extend dependent coverage for dependents up to age 26, among other changes. We are evaluating our health care plans in light of these changes. These changes may affect our operators and tenants as well.

#### Medicare Program Reimbursement Changes

In recent months, CMS released a number of rulemakings that may potentially increase or decrease the government reimbursement of our operators and tenants. To the extent that any of these rulemakings decrease government reimbursement to our operators and tenants, our revenue and operations may be indirectly, adversely affected.

On August 16, 2010, CMS issued a final rule updating the long-term acute care hospital prospective payment system for fiscal year 2011. Among other things, the final rule updates payment rates for acute care and long-term care hospitals and implements certain provisions of the Health Reform Laws. In the rule, CMS finalized an update of 2.5% for inflation with a cut of 0.5% as required by the Health Reform Laws and a negative 2.5% documentation and coding adjustment for long-term care hospitals. CMS also released a notice and comment rulemaking for the prospective payment system and consolidated billing for skilled nursing facilities for fiscal year 2011 on July 22, 2010. CMS adjusts the nursing home payment rates for fiscal year 2011 by including a market basket increase factor of 2.3% and a negative 0.6 percentage point forecast error adjustment, which would result in a net increase update of 1.7% for nursing home rates.

CMS annually adjusts the Medicare Physician Fee Schedule payment rates based on an update formula that includes application of the Sustainable Growth Rate ("SGR"). On November 29, 2010, CMS published the calendar year 2011 Physician Fee Schedule final rule. Among other things, CMS preliminary estimates in the final rule that the calendar year 2011 SGR formula will be negative 13.4%. This measure is a significant change from the figure provided in the proposed rule, and will replace the 21.3% reduction in physician Medicare reimbursement in 2010 required by the SGR formula. Additionally, in the final rule, CMS has eliminated certain CPT consultation codes, which could negatively impact the reimbursement levels received by our operators and tenants. Finally, on November 24, 2010, CMS published the calendar year 2011 Hospital Outpatient Prospective Payment System ("OPPS") final rule. CMS estimates that the cumulative effect of all changes to payment rates for calendar year 2011 will have a positive effect, resulting in a 2.5% estimated increase in Medicare payments to providers paid under the HOPPS.

### Economic Outlook

The serious economic recession affecting the national and global economy has continued to impact all sectors, including, to a somewhat lesser degree, health care. Continuing mixed economic signals have made it difficult to predict when there might be a return to more normal and stable growth rates, employment levels and overall economic performance.

Banks have remained cautious in their lending, but significant liquidity has been injected into the senior housing and care markets by various Government-Sponsored Enterprises. In addition, there is significant equity investment capital available for certain health care sectors, particularly medical office buildings. This has had the effect of keeping capitalization rates in these segments generally in line with or even below historic rates. Debt costs for REITs have generally declined over the past 12 months, and equity markets for health care REITs have remained open for the most part.

As a consequence, while liquidity remained an important consideration in 2010, we have been more aggressive in pursuing attractive investment opportunities that meet our strategic and underwriting criteria. We have also been more active in accessing capital markets during this time. We believe the markets in which we invest will continue to offer stable returns during the economic downturn and significant growth potential as and when the economy begins to rebound.

#### Business Strategy

Our primary objectives are to protect stockholder capital and enhance stockholder value. We seek to pay consistent cash dividends to stockholders and create opportunities to increase dividend payments to stockholders as a result of annual increases in rental and interest income and portfolio growth. To meet these objectives, we invest across the full spectrum of senior housing and health care real estate and diversify our investment portfolio by property type, customer and geographic location.

Substantially all of our revenues and sources of cash flows from operations are derived from operating lease rentals and interest earned on outstanding loans receivable. These items represent our primary source of liquidity to fund distributions and are dependent upon our obligors' continued ability to make contractual rent and interest payments to us. To the extent that our obligors experience operating difficulties and are unable to generate sufficient cash to make payments to us, there could be a material adverse impact on our consolidated results of operations, liquidity and/or financial condition. To mitigate this risk, we monitor our investments through a variety of methods determined by the type of property and operator/tenant. Our asset management process includes review of monthly financial statements for each property, periodic review of obligor credit, periodic property inspections and review of covenant compliance relating to licensure, real estate taxes, letters of credit and other collateral. In monitoring our portfolio, our personnel use a proprietary database to collect and analyze property-specific data. Additionally, we conduct extensive research to ascertain industry trends and risks. Through these asset management and research efforts, we are typically able to intervene at an early stage to address payment risk, and in so doing, support both the collectability of revenue and the value of our investment.

In addition to our asset management and research efforts, we also structure our investments to help mitigate payment risk. Operating leases and loans are normally credit enhanced by guaranties and/or letters of credit. In addition, operating leases are typically structured as master leases and loans are generally cross-defaulted and cross-collateralized with other loans, operating leases or agreements between us and the obligor and its affiliates.

For the year ended December 31, 2010, rental income and interest income represented 86% and 6% respectively, of total gross revenues (including revenues from discontinued operations). Substantially all of our operating leases are designed with either fixed or contingent escalating rent structures. Leases with fixed annual rental escalators are generally recognized on a straight-line basis over the initial lease period, subject to a

collectability assessment. Rental income related to leases with contingent rental escalators is generally recorded based on the contractual cash rental payments due for the period. Our yield on loans receivable depends upon a number of factors, including the stated interest rate, the average principal amount outstanding during the term of the loan and any interest rate adjustments.

Depending upon the availability and cost of external capital, we believe our liquidity is sufficient to fund operations, meet debt service obligations (both principal and interest), make dividend distributions and complete construction projects in process. We also anticipate evaluating opportunities to finance future investments. New investments are generally funded from temporary borrowings under our unsecured line of credit arrangement, internally generated cash and the proceeds from sales of real property. Our investments generate cash from rent and interest; which replaces funds drawn under the unsecured line of credit arrangement, has historically been provided through a combination of public and private offerings of debt and equity securities and the incurrence or assumption of secured debt.

Depending upon market conditions, we believe that new investments will be available in the future with spreads over our cost of capital that will generate appropriate returns to our stockholders. We expect to complete gross new investments of approximately \$1.5 billion in 2011, comprised of acquisitions/joint ventures totaling \$1.3 billion and funded new development of \$212 million. We anticipate the sale of real property and the repayment of loans receivable totaling \$300 million during 2011. It is possible that additional loan repayments or sales of real property may occur in the future. To the extent that loan repayments and real property sales exceed new investments, our revenues and cash flows from operations could be adversely affected. We expect to reinvest the proceeds from any loan repayments and real property sales in new investments. To the extent that new investment requirements exceed our available cash on-hand, we expect to borrow under our unsecured line of credit arrangement. At December 31, 2010, we had \$131,570,000 of cash and cash equivalents, \$79,069,000 of restricted cash and \$850,000,000 of available borrowing capacity under our unsecured line of credit arrangement.

## Key Transactions in 2010

We completed the following key transactions during the year ended December 31, 2010:

- our Board of Directors increased the quarterly cash dividend to \$0.69 per common share, as compared to \$0.68 per common share for 2009, beginning in August 2010. The dividend declared for the quarter ended December 31, 2010 represents the 159th consecutive quarterly dividend payment;
- we completed \$3,150,613,000 of gross investments and had \$196,232,000 of investment payoffs;
- we issued \$494,403,000 of 3.00% convertible senior unsecured notes due 2029 and repurchased \$441,326,000 of 4.75% convertible senior unsecured notes due 2026 and 2027 in March and June;
- we issued \$450,000,000 of 6.125% senior unsecured notes due 2020 with net proceeds of \$446,328,000 in April and June;
- we raised \$81,977,000 of HUD mortgage loans at an average rate of 5.10% in June;
- we issued \$450,000,000 of 4.70% senior unsecured notes due 2017 with net proceeds of \$445,768,000 in September;
- we completed a public offering of 9,200,000 shares of common stock with net proceeds of \$403,921,000 in September;
- we issued \$450,000,000 of 4.95% senior unsecured notes due 2021 with net proceeds of \$443,502,000 in November; and
- we completed a public offering of 11,500,000 shares of common stock with net proceeds of \$482,448,000 in December.

## Key Performance Indicators, Trends and Uncertainties

We utilize several key performance indicators to evaluate the various aspects of our business. These indicators are discussed below and relate to operating performance, concentration risk and credit strength. Management uses these key performance indicators to facilitate internal and external comparisons to our historical operating results, in making operating decisions and for budget planning purposes.

Operating Performance. We believe that net income attributable to common stockholders ("NICS") is the most appropriate earnings measure. Other useful supplemental measures of our operating performance include funds from operations ("FFO") and net operating income ("NOI"); however, these supplemental measures are not defined by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP"). Please refer to the section entitled "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for further discussion and reconciliations of FFO and NOI. These earnings measures and their relative per share amounts are widely used by investors and analysts in the valuation, comparison and investment recommendations of companies. The following table reflects the recent historical trends of our operating performance measures for the periods presented (in thousands, except per share data):

		Year Ended December 31,	
	2008	2009	2010
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$260,098	\$171,190	\$106,882
Funds from operations	258,868	291,754	279,075
Net operating income(1)	526,136	547,678	640,346
Per share data (fully diluted):			
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 2.76	\$ 1.49	\$ 0.83
Funds from operations	2.74	2.55	2.18

(1) Includes our share of net operating income from unconsolidated joint ventures.

*Credit Strength.* We measure our credit strength both in terms of leverage ratios and coverage ratios. Our leverage ratios include debt to book capitalization and debt to market capitalization. The leverage ratios indicate how much of our balance sheet capitalization is related to long-term debt. The coverage ratios indicate our ability to service interest and fixed charges (interest, secured debt principal amortization and preferred dividends). We expect to maintain capitalization ratios and coverage ratios sufficient to maintain compliance with our debt covenants. The coverage ratios are based on adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("Adjusted EBITDA") which is discussed in further detail, and reconciled to net income, below in "Non-GAAP Financial Measures." Leverage ratios and coverage ratios are widely used by investors, analysts and rating agencies in the valuation, comparison, investment recommendations and rating of companies. The following table reflects the recent historical trends for our credit strength measures for the periods presented:

	Year	Ended Decembe	r 31,
	2008	2009	2010
Debt to book capitalization ratio	47%	39%	49%
Debt to undepreciated book capitalization ratio	43%	35%	45%
Debt to market capitalization ratio	38%	30%	38%
Adjusted interest coverage ratio	3.84x	3.78x	3.39x
Adjusted fixed charge coverage ratio	3.20x	3.09x	2.76x

*Concentration Risk.* We evaluate our concentration risk in terms of asset mix, investment mix, customer mix and geographic mix. Concentration risk is a valuable measure in understanding what portion of our investments could be at risk if certain sectors were to experience downturns. Asset mix measures the portion of our investments that are real property. In order to qualify as an equity REIT, at least 75% of our real estate investments must be real property whereby each property, which includes the land, buildings, improvements, intangibles and related rights, is owned by us and leased to a tenant pursuant to a long-term operating lease. Investment mix measures the portion of our investments that relate to our various property types. Customer mix measures the portion of our investments that

relate to our top five customers. Geographic mix measures the portion of our investments that relate to our top five states. The following table reflects our recent historical trends of concentration risk for the periods presented:

	2008_	December 31, 2009	2010
Asset mix:			
Real property	92%	93%	91%
Real estate loans receivable	8%	7%	5%
Joint venture investments			4%
Investment mix:(1)			
Senior housing facilities	39%	42%	49%
Skilled nursing facilities	27%	25%	14%
Hospitals	11%	10%	9%
Medical office buildings	23%	23%	24%
Life science buildings			4%
Customer mix:(1)			
Merrill Gardens LLC			8%
Brandywine Senior Living, LLC			7%
Senior Living Communities, LLC	6%	7%	7%
Senior Star Living			5%
Brookdale Senior Living, Inc.	5%	5%	4%
Signature Healthcare LLC	5%	5%	
Emeritus Corporation	4%	4%	
Life Care Centers of America, Inc.	5%	3%	
Remaining customers	75%	76%	69%
Geographic mix:(1)			
Florida	14%	12%	10%
California	8%	9%	10%
Texas	11%	11%	8%
Massachusetts	7%	7%	7%
Washington			6%
Ohio		6%	
Tennessee	6%		
Remaining states	54%	55%	59%

(1) Includes our share of unconsolidated joint venture investments.

We evaluate our key performance indicators in conjunction with current expectations to determine if historical trends are indicative of future results. Our expected results may not be achieved and actual results may differ materially from our expectations. Factors that may cause actual results to differ from expected results are described in more detail in "Forward-Looking Statements and Risk Factors" and other sections of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Management regularly monitors economic and other factors to develop strategic and tactical plans designed to improve performance and maximize our competitive position. Our ability to achieve our financial objectives is dependent upon our ability to effectively execute these plans and to appropriately respond to emerging economic and company-specific trends. Please refer to "Business," "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" for further discussion of these risk factors.

## Portfolio Update

*Net operating income.* The primary performance measure for our properties is net operating income ("NOI") as discussed below in "Non-GAAP Financial Measures." The following table summarizes our net operating income for the periods indicated (in thousands):

	 Y	ear Ended December 31,	
	2008	2009	2010
Net operating income:			
Senior housing and care	\$ 386,190	\$ 399,363	\$ 440,851
Medical facilities(1)	138,254	147,145	196,621
Non-segment/corporate	1,692	1,170	2,874
Net operating income	\$ 526,136	\$ 547,678	\$ 640,346

## (1) Includes our share of net operating income from unconsolidated joint ventures.

Payment coverage. Payment coverage of our operators continues to remain strong. Our overall payment coverage is at 2.12 times. The table below reflects our recent historical trends of portfolio coverage. Coverage data reflects the 12 months ended for the periods presented. CBMF represents the ratio of our customers' earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, rent and management fees to contractual rent or interest due us. CAMF represents the ratio of our customers' earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and rent (but after imputed management fees) to contractual rent or interest due us.

	Septembe	r 30, 2008	Septemb	er 30, 2009	September	30, 2010
	CBMF	CAMF	CBMF	CAMF	CBMF	CAMF
Senior housing facilities	1.49x	1.27x	1.51x	1.30x	1.54x	1.32x
Skilled nursing facilities	2.26x	1.66x	2.29x	1.69x	2.42x	1.79x
Hospitals	2.26x	1.83x	2.47x	2.14x	2.66x	2.33x
Weighted averages	1.96x	1.52x	2.01x	1.59x	2.12x	1.68x

## Corporate Governance

Maintaining investor confidence and trust has become increasingly important in today's business environment. Our Board of Directors and management are strongly committed to policies and procedures that reflect the highest level of ethical business practices. Our corporate governance guidelines provide the framework for our business operations and emphasize our commitment to increase stockholder value while meeting all applicable legal requirements. The Board of Directors adopted and annually reviews its Corporate Governance Guidelines. These guidelines meet the listing standards adopted by the New York Stock Exchange and are available on the Internet at www.hcreit.com.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

## Sources and Uses of Cash

Our primary sources of cash include rent and interest receipts, resident fees and services, borrowings under the unsecured line of credit arrangement, public and private offerings of debt and equity securities, proceeds from the sales of real property and principal payments on loans receivable. Our primary uses of cash include dividend distributions, debt service payments (including principal and interest), real property investments (including construction advances), loan advances, property operating expenses and general and administrative expenses. These sources and uses of cash are reflected in our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows and are discussed in further detail below.

## The following is a summary of our sources and uses of cash flows (dollars in thousands):

	 Year Ended				One Year	_	Year Ended		One Year			Two Year		
	mber 31,	December 31,		_	Change		I	December 31,	_	Change		_	Change	
	 2008		2009		\$	%		2010		\$	%		\$	%
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	\$ 30,269	\$	23,370	\$	(6,899)	-23%	\$	35,476	\$	12,106	52%	\$	5,207	17%
Cash provided from operating activities	360,683		381,259		20,576	6%		364,741		(16, 518)	4%		4,058	1%
Cash used in investing activities	(1,035,525)		(270,060)		765,465	74%		(2,312,039)		(2,041,979)	756%		(1,276,514)	123%
Cash provided from (used in) financing activities	 667,943		(99,093)	_	(767,036)	n/a	_	2,043,392		2,142,485	n/a	_	1,375,449	206%
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 23,370	\$	35,476	\$	12,106	52%	\$	131,570	\$	96,094	271%	\$	108,200	463%

Operating Activities. The change in net cash provided from operating activities is primarily attributable to an increase in net income, excluding gains/losses on sales of properties, depreciation and amortization, transaction costs and debt extinguishment charges. These items are discussed below in "Results of Operations." The following is a summary of our straight-line rent and above/below market lease amortization (dollars in thousands):

		Year E	Ended	1			Year Ended						
	Dec	ember 31, 2008			One Year C	hange%	December 31, 2010	_	One Year O	hange	_	Two Year C	hange
Gross straight-line rental income	\$	20,489	\$	19,415	\$ (1,074)	5%	\$ 14,717	\$	(4,698)	-24%	\$	(5,772)	
Cash receipts due to real property sales		(2,187)		(4,422)	(2,235)	102%	(1,341)		3,081	—70%		846	—39%
Prepaid rent receipts		(26,095)		(26,252)	(157)	1%	(7,196)		19,056	73%		18,899	72%
Amortization related to above (below) market leases, net		1,039		1,713	674	65%	2,856		1,143	67%		1,817	175%
	\$	(6,754)	\$	(9,546)	\$ (2,792)	41%	\$ 9,036	\$	18,582	n/a	\$	15,790	n/a

Gross straight-line rental income represents the non-cash difference between contractual cash rent due and the average rent recognized pursuant to U.S. GAAP for leases with fixed rental escalators, net of collectability reserves. This amount is positive in the first half of a lease term (but declining every year due to annual increases in cash rent due) and is negative in the second half of a lease term. The fluctuation in cash receipts due to real property sales is attributable to less significant straight-line rent receivable balances on properties sold during the current year. The fluctuation in prepaid rent receipts is primarily due to changes in prepaid rent received at certain construction projects.

Investing Activities. The changes in net cash used in investing activities are primarily attributable to net changes in real property and real estate loans receivable. The following is a summary of our investment and disposition activities (dollars in thousands):

				Ended		
		nber 31, 2008		per 31, 2009		ber 31, 2010
	Properties	Amount	Properties	Amount	Properties	Amount
Real property acquisitions:						
Senior housing — operating					32	\$ 816,000
Senior housing — triple net	5	\$ 113,790			44	1,011,229
Skilled nursing facilities	1	11,360	1	\$ 11,650	2	17,300
Hospitals	7	196,303	1	20,500		
Medical office buildings	7	121,809	1	35,523	36	626,414
Land parcels	1	10,000			1	4,300
Total acquisitions	21	453,262	3	67,673	115	2,475,243
Less: Assumed debt		_		—		(559,508)
Assumed other items, net		(1,899)		_		(208,314)
Cash disbursed for acquisitions		451,363		67,673		1,707,421
Construction in progress additions		595,452		492,897		306,832
Capital improvements to existing properties		25,561		38,389		59,923
Total cash invested in real property		1,072,376		598,959		2,074,176
Real property dispositions:						
Senior housing — triple net	32	163,622	12	55,320	1	3,438
Skilled nursing facilities	4	6,290	9	45,835	30	166,852
Hospitals	1	8,735	2	40,841	_	_
Medical office buildings	1	6,781	13	44,717	7	14,092
Land parcels		73		—	—	—
Total dispositions	38	185,501	36	186,713	38	184,382
Less: Gains (losses) on sales of real property		163,933		43,394		36,115
LandAmerica settlement		2,500		_		_
Extinguishment of other assets (liabilities)		(116)		_		_
Seller financing on sales of real property		(64,771)		(6,100)		(1,470)
Proceeds from real property sales		287,047		224,007		219,027
Net cash investments in real property	(17)	\$ 785,329	(33)	\$ 374,952	77	\$ 1,855,149

									r Ended								
		ecemb	er 31, 20	08		_		Dece	mber 31, 2009	)		_		Decembe	er 31, 2010	)	
	Senior Housing and Care		dical :	_	Totals	1	Senior Housing Ind Care		Medical acilities		Totals	1	Senior Iousing nd Care		dical ilities	Т	otals
Advances on real estate loans receivable:																	
Investments in new loans	\$ 121,493	\$	—	\$	121,493	\$	20,036	\$	-	\$	20,036	\$	9,742	\$ 4	1,644	\$ 5	51,386
Draws on existing loans	21,265		_		21,265		52,910		1,471		54,381		46,113		1,236	4	47,349
Sub-total	142,758		_	_	142,758	_	72,946		1,471	_	74,417		55,855	4	2,880	9	98,735
Less: Seller financing on property sales	(59,649)		—		(59,649)		_		_		_		_	(	(1,470)		(1,470)
Net cash advances on real estate loans	83,109		_	_	83,109	_	72,946		1,471	_	74,417		55,855	4	1,410	9	97,265
Receipts on real estate loans receivable:																	
Loan payoffs	8,815		_		8,815		61,659		32,197		93,856		5,619		6,233	1	11,852
Principal payments on loans	9,354		_		9,354		15,890		2,033		17,923		24,203		7,440	3	31,643
Total receipts on real estate loans	18,169	_	_	_	18,169		77,549		34,230		111,779		29,822	1	3,673	4	43,495
Net advances (receipts) on real estate loans	\$ 64,940	\$		\$	64,940	\$	(4,603)	\$	(32,759)	\$	(37,362)	\$	26,033	\$ 2	7,737	\$ 5	53,770

The contributions to unconsolidated joint ventures primarily represent \$174,692,000 and \$21,321,000 of cash invested by us in the joint ventures with Forest City Enterprises and a national medical office building company, respectively. Please see Note 7 to our consolidated financial statements for additional information.

Financing Activities. The changes in net cash provided from or used in financing activities are primarily attributable to changes related to our long-term debt arrangements, proceeds from the issuance of common stock and dividend payments.

The changes in our senior unsecured notes are due to (i) the issuance of \$494,403,000 of convertible senior unsecured notes in March and June 2010; (ii) the repurchase of \$411,326,000 of convertible senior unsecured notes in April and June 2010; (ii) the issuance of \$450,000,000 of senior unsecured notes in April and June 2010; (iv) the issuance of \$450,000,000 of senior unsecured notes in November 2010; (vi) the extinguishment of \$183,147,000 of various senior unsecured notes in March and September 2009; and (vii) the extinguishment of \$42,330,000 of 7.625% senior unsecured notes in March 2008. We recognized losses of \$25,072,000 and \$19,269,000 during the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, in connection with the aforementioned extinguishments.

During the year ended December 31, 2010, we extinguished 35 secured debt loans totaling \$194,493,000 with a weighted-average interest rate of 6.07% and recognized extinguishment losses of \$9,099,000. Also during the year ended December 31, 2010, we issued \$81,977,000 of secured debt loans at an average interest rate of 5.10%. During the year ended December 31, 2009, we extinguished 20 secured debt loans totaling \$81,715,000 with a weighted-average interest rate of 7.21% and recognized extinguishment losses of \$5,838,000. During the year ended December 31, 2008, we extinguished eight secured debt loans totaling \$50,475,000 with a weighted-average interest rate of 6.67% and recognized extinguishment gains of \$2,094,000.

We may repurchase, redeem or refinance convertible and non-convertible senior unsecured notes from time to time, taking advantage of favorable market conditions when available. We may purchase senior notes for cash through open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions, a tender offer or, in some cases, through the early redemption of such securities pursuant to their terms. The non-convertible senior unsecured notes are redeemable at



our option, at any time in whole or from time to time in part, at a redemption price equal to the sum of (1) the principal amount of the notes (or portion of such notes) being redeemed plus accrued and unpaid interest thereon up to the redemption date and (2) any "make-whole" amount due under the terms of the notes in connection with early redemptions. We cannot redeem the 3.00% convertible senior unsecured notes due 2029 prior to December 1, 2014 unless such redemption is necessary to preserve our status as a REIT. However, on or after December 1, 2014, we may from time to time at our option redeem those notes, in whole or in part, for cash, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes we redeem, plus any accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the redemption date. Redemptions and repurchases of debt, if any, will depend on prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors.

The following is a summary of our common stock issuances for the years indicated (dollars in thousands, except average price):

	Shares Issued	Aver	age Price	Gr	Ne	t Proceeds	
March 2008 public issuance	3,000,000	\$	41.44	\$	124,320	\$	118,555
July 2008 public issuance	4,600,000		44.50		204,700		193,157
September 2008 public issuance	8,050,000		48.00		386,400		369,699
2008 Dividend reinvestment plan issuances	1,546,074		43.37		67,055		67,055
2008 Equity shelf program issuances	794,221		39.28		31,196		30,272
2008 Option exercises	118,895		29.83		3,547		3,547
2008 Totals	18,109,190			\$	817,218	\$	782,285
February 2009 public issuance	5,816,870	\$	36.85	\$	214,352	\$	210,880
September 2009 public issuance	9,200,000		40.40		371,680		356,554
2009 Dividend reinvestment plan issuances	1,499,497		37.22		55,818		55,818
2009 Equity shelf program issuances	1,952,600		40.69		79,447		77,605
2009 Option exercises	96,166		38.23		3,676		3,676
2009 Totals	18,565,133			\$	724,973	\$	704,533
September 2010 public issuance	9,200,000	\$	45.75	\$	420,900	\$	403,921
December 2010 public issuance	11,500,000		43.75		503,125		482,448
2010 Dividend reinvestment plan issuances	1,957,364		43.95		86,034		86,034
2010 Equity shelf program issuances	431,082		44.94		19,371		19,013
2010 Option exercises	129,054		31.17		4,022		4,022
2010 Totals	23,217,500			\$	1,033,452	\$	995,438

In order to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, we must distribute at least 90% of our taxable income (including 100% of capital gains) to our stockholders. The increase in dividends is primarily attributable to an increase in our common shares outstanding. The following is a summary of our dividend payments (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Year Ended											
		Decemb	er 31, 200	8	_	Decembe	r 31, 200	9		Decemb	er 31, 201	0
	Per Share			Amount	_	Per Share		Amount	1	Per Share	_	Amount
Common Stock	\$	2.70000	\$	253,659	\$	2.72000	\$	311,760	\$	2.74000	\$	348,578
Series D Preferred Stock		1.96875		7,875		1.96875		7,875		1.96875		7,875
Series E Preferred Stock		1.50000		112		1.50000		112		1.12500		94
Series F Preferred Stock		1.90625		13,344		1.90625		13,344		1.90625		13,344
Series G Preferred Stock		1.87500		1,870		1.87500		748		1.40640		332
Totals			\$	276,860			\$	333,839			\$	370,223

## **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

During the year ended December 31, 2010, we entered into a joint venture investment with Forest City Enterprises (NYSE:FCE.A and FCE.B). The portfolio is 100% leased and includes affiliates of investment grade pharmaceutical and research tenants such as Novartis, Genzyme, Millennium (a subsidiary of Takeda Pharmaceuticals), and Brigham and Women's Hospital. Forest City Enterprises self-developed the portfolio and will continue to manage it on behalf of the joint venture. The life science campus is part of a mixed-use project that includes a 210-room hotel, 674 residential units, a grocery store, restaurants and retail. In connection with this transaction, we invested \$174,692,000 of cash which is recorded as an equity investment on the balance sheet. Our share of the non-recourse secured debt assumed by the joint venture was approximately \$156,729,000 with weighted-average interest rates of 7.1%. Also, during the year ended December 31, 2010, we entered into a joint venture investment with a national medical office building company. In connection with this transaction, we invested \$21,321,000 of cash which is recorded as an equity investment on the balance sheet. Our share of the balance sheet. Our share of the non-recourse secured debt assumed by the joint venture was approximately \$12,6729,000 with weighted-average interest rates of 7.1%. Also, during the year ended December 31, 2010, we entered into a joint venture investment with a national medical office building company. In connection with this transaction, we invested \$21,321,000 of cash which is recorded as an equity investment on the balance sheet. Our share of the non-recourse secured debt assumed by the joint venture was approximately \$24,609,000 with weighted-average interest rates of 6.06%. Please see Note 7 to our consolidated financial statements for additional information.

We are exposed to various market risks, including the potential loss arising from adverse changes in interest rates. We may or may not elect to use financial derivative instruments to hedge interest rate exposure. These decisions are principally based on the general trend in interest rates at the applicable dates, our perception of the future volatility of interest rates and our relative levels of variable rate debt and variable rate investments. Please see Note 11 to our consolidated financial statements for additional information.

At December 31, 2010, we had five outstanding letter of credit obligations totaling \$5,482,932 and expiring between 2011 and 2013. Please see Note 12 to our consolidated financial statements for additional information.

## Contractual Obligations

The following table summarizes our payment requirements under contractual obligations as of December 31, 2010 (in thousands):

	Payments Due by Period												
Contractual Obligations	_	Total	-	2011	_	2012-2013	_	2014-2015	_	Thereafter			
Unsecured line of credit arrangement	\$	300,000	\$	—	\$	300,000	\$	—	\$	—			
Senior unsecured notes(1)		3,064,930		—		376,853		250,000		2,438,077			
Secured debt(1)		1,133,715		24,048		177,487		338,320		593,860			
Contractual interest obligations		1,832,761		222,393		425,509		344,841		840,018			
Capital lease obligations		10,951		604		1,262		9,085		_			
Operating lease obligations		230,189		5,380		10,612		10,370		203,827			
Purchase obligations		301,668		199,172		84,450		18,046		_			
Other long-term liabilities		4,890		1,614		_		866		2,410			
Total contractual obligations	\$	6,879,104	\$	453,211	\$	1,376,173	\$	971,528	\$	4,078,192			

(1) Amounts represent principal amounts due and do not reflect unamortized premiums/discounts or other fair value adjustments as reflected on the balance sheet

At December 31, 2010, we had an unsecured line of credit arrangement with a consortium of sixteen banks in the amount of \$1.15 billion, which is scheduled to expire on August 6, 2012. Borrowings under the agreement are subject to interest payable in periods no longer than three months at either the agent bank's prime rate of interest or the applicable margin over LIBOR interest rate, at our option (0.87% at December 31, 2010). The applicable margin is based on certain of our debt ratings and was 0.6% at December 31, 2010. In addition, we pay a facility fee annually to each bank based on the bank's commitment amount. The facility fee depends on certain of our debt ratings and was 0.15% at December 31, 2010. We also pay an annual agent's fee of \$50,000. Principal is due upon expiration of the agreement. At December 31, 2010, we had \$300,000,000 outstanding under the unsecured line of credit arrangement and estimated contractual interest obligations of \$4,133,000. Contractual interest obligations are

estimated based on the assumption that the balance of \$300,000,000 at December 31, 2010 is constant until maturity at interest rates in effect at December 31, 2010.

We have \$3,064,930,000 of senior unsecured notes principal outstanding with fixed annual interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 8.00%, payable semi-annually. Total contractual interest obligations on senior unsecured notes totaled \$1,391,673,000 at December 31, 2010. A total of \$788,077,000 of our senior unsecured notes are convertible notes that also contain put features. Please see Note 10 to our consolidated financial statements for additional information.

Additionally, we have secured debt with total outstanding principal of \$1,133,715,000, collateralized by owned properties, with annual interest rates ranging from 3.01% to 8.74%, payable monthly. The carrying values of the properties securing the debt totaled \$2,054,820,000 at December 31, 2010. Total contractual interest obligations on secured debt totaled \$436,955,000 at December 31, 2010.

At December 31, 2010, we had operating lease obligations of \$230,189,000 relating primarily to ground leases at certain of our properties and office space leases.

Purchase obligations are comprised of unfunded construction commitments and contingent purchase obligations. At December 31, 2010, we had outstanding construction financings of \$356,793,000 for leased properties and were committed to providing additional financing of approximately \$268,055,000 to complete construction. At December 31, 2010, we had contingent purchase obligations totaling \$33,613,000. These contingent purchase obligations relate to unfunded capital improvement obligations. Upon funding, amounts due from the tenant are increased to reflect the additional investment in the property.

Other long-term liabilities relate to our Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan ("SERP") and certain non-compete agreements. We have a SERP, a non-qualified defined benefit pension plan, which provides certain executive officers with supplemental deferred retirement benefits. The SERP provides an opportunity for participants to receive retirement benefits that cannot be paid under our tax-qualified plans because of the restrictions imposed by ERISA and the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Benefits are based on compensation and length of service and the SERP is unfunded. We expect to contribute \$1,500,000 to the SERP during the 2011 fiscal year. Benefit payments are expected to total \$2,367,000 during the next five fiscal years and \$2,410,000 thereafter. We use a December 31 measurement date for the SERP. The accrued liability on our balance sheet for the SERP was \$4,066,000 and \$3,287,000 at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively.

In connection with the Windrose merger, we entered into a consulting agreement with Frederick L. Farrar, which expired in December 2008. We entered into a new consulting agreement with Mr. Farrar in December 2008, which expired in December 2009. Mr. Farrar agreed not to compete with us for a period of two years following the expiration of the agreement. In exchange for complying with the covenant not to compete, Mr. Farrar receives eight quarterly payments of \$37,500, with the first payment to be made on the date of expiration of the agreement. The first payment to Mr. Farrar was made in January 2010 and the final payment will be made in September 2011.

## Capital Structure

As of December 31, 2010, we had total equity of \$4,733,100,000 and a total outstanding debt balance of \$4,460,855,000, which represents a debt to total book capitalization ratio of 49%. Our ratio of debt to market capitalization was 38% at December 31, 2010. For the year ended December 31, 2010, our adjusted interest coverage ratio was 3.39x and our adjusted fixed charge coverage ratio was 2.76x. Also, at December 31, 2010, we had \$131,570,000 of cash and cash equivalents, \$79,069,000 of restricted cash and \$850,000,000 of available borrowing capacity under our unsecured line of credit arrangement.

Our debt agreements contain various covenants, restrictions and events of default. Certain agreements require us to maintain certain financial ratios and minimum net worth and impose certain limits on our ability to incur indebtedness, create liens and make investments or acquisitions. As of December 31, 2010, we were in compliance with all of the covenants under our debt agreements. Please refer to the section entitled "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for further discussion. None of our debt agreements contain provisions for acceleration which could be triggered by our debt ratings. However, under our unsecured line of credit arrangement, the ratings on our senior unsecured notes are used to determine the fees and interest charged.

We plan to manage the company to maintain compliance with our debt covenants and with a capital structure consistent with our current profile. Any downgrades in terms of ratings or outlook by any or all of the rating agencies could have a material adverse impact on our cost and availability of capital, which could in turn have a material adverse impact on our consolidated results of operations, liquidity and/or financial condition.

On May 7, 2009, we filed an open-ended automatic or "universal" shelf registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission covering an indeterminate amount of future offerings of debt securities, common stock, preferred stock, depositary shares, warrants and units. As of January 31, 2011, we had an effective registration statement on file in connection with our enhanced dividend reinvestment plan under which we may issue up to 10,000,000 shares of common stock. As of January 31, 2011, 8,397,408 shares of common stock remained available for issuance under this registration statement. We have entered into separate Equity Distribution Agreements with each of UBS Securities LLC, RBS Securities Inc., KeyBanc Capital Markets Inc. and Credit Agricole Securities (USA) Inc. relating to the offer and sale from time to time of up to \$250,000,000 aggregate amount of our common stock ("Equity Shelf Program"). As of January 31, 2011, we had \$119,985,000 of remaining capacity under the Equity Shelf Program. Depending upon market conditions, we anticipate issuing securities under our registration statements to invest in additional properties and to repay borrowings under our unsecured line of credit arrangement.

## **Results of Operations**

Our primary sources of revenue include rent and interest. Our primary expenses include interest expense, depreciation and amortization, property operating expenses and general and administrative expenses. These revenues and expenses are reflected in our Consolidated Statements of Income and are discussed in further detail below. The following is a summary of our results of operations (dollars in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Year Ended December 31, December 31, One Yea					0 V 61		 Year Ended	0 V 0			Two Year	
	De	2008 2008		ecember 31, 2009	_	Amount	nge %	 December 31, 2010	 One Year Cha Amount	nge %	_	Change Amount	%
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$	260,098	\$	171,190	\$	(88,908)	(34)%	\$ 106,882	\$ (64,308)	(38)%	\$	(153,216)	(59)%
Funds from operations		258,868		291,754		32,886	13%	279,075	(12,679)	(4)%		20,207	8%
Adjusted EBITDA		595,365		525,791		(69,574)	(12)%	568,429	42,638	8%		(26,936)	(5)%
Net operating income		526,136		547,678		21,542	4%	640,346	92,668	17%		114,210	22%
Per share data (fully diluted):													
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$	2.76	\$	1.49	\$	(1.27)	(46)%	\$ 0.83	\$ (0.66)	(44)%	\$	(1.93)	(70)%
Funds from operations		2.74		2.55		(0.19)	(7)%	2.18	(0.37)	(15)%		(0.56)	(20)%
Adjusted interest coverage ratio		3.84x		3.78x		(0.06)x	(2)%	3.39x	(0.39)x	(10)%		(0.45)x	(12)%
Adjusted fixed charge coverage ratio		3.20x		3.09x		(0.11)x	(3)%	2.76x	(0.33)x	(11)%		(0.44)x	(14)%

The components of the changes in revenues, expenses and other items are discussed in detail below. The following is a summary of certain items that impact the results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2010:

• \$3,853,000 (\$0.03 per diluted share) of special stock compensation grants recognized as general and administrative expenses;

- \$34,171,000 (\$0.27 per diluted share) of net losses on extinguishments of debt;
- \$947,000 (\$0.01 per diluted share) of impairment charges;
- \$29,684,000 (\$0.23 per diluted share) of provisions for loan losses;
- \$46,660,000 (\$0.36 per diluted share) of transaction costs;

- \$1,753,000 (\$0.01 per diluted share) of held for sale hospital operating expenses;
- \$1,000,000 (\$0.01 per diluted share) of additional other income related to a lease termination; and
- \$36,115,000 (\$0.28 per diluted share) of gains on the sales of real property.

The components of the changes in revenues, expenses and other items are discussed in detail below. The following is a summary of certain items that impact the results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2009:

- \$3,909,000 (\$0.03 per diluted share) of non-recurring general and administrative expenses;
- \$25,107,000 (\$0.22 per diluted share) of net losses on extinguishments of debt;
- \$25,223,000 (\$0.22 per diluted share) of impairment charges;
- \$23,261,000 (\$0.20 per diluted share) of provisions for loan losses;
- \$8,059,000 (\$0.07 per diluted share) of additional other income related to a lease termination;
- \$2,400,000 (\$0.02 per diluted share) of prepayment fees; and
- \$43,394,000 (\$0.38 per diluted share) of gains on the sales of real property.

The following is a summary of certain items that impact the results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2008:

- \$2,291,000 (\$0.02 per diluted share) of non-recurring terminated transaction costs in general and administrative expenses;
- \$1,325,000 (\$0.01 per diluted share) of non-recurring income tax expense;
- \$23,393,000 (\$0.25 per diluted share) of realized loss on derivatives;
- \$32,648,000 (\$0.35 per diluted share) of impairment charges;
- \$2,094,000 (\$0.02 per diluted share) of net gains on extinguishments of debt;
- \$2,500,000 (\$0.03 per diluted share) of additional other income related to a lease termination; and
- \$163,933,000 (\$1.74 per diluted share) of gains on the sales of real property.

The increase in fully diluted average common shares outstanding is primarily the result of public common stock offerings and common stock issuances pursuant to our DRIP and equity shelf program ("ESP"). The following table represents the changes in outstanding common stock for the period from January 1, 2008 to December 31, 2010 (in thousands):

		Year Ended		
	December 31, 2008	December 31, 2009	December 31, 2010	Totals
Beginning balance	85,496	104,704	123,385	85,496
Public offerings	15,650	15,017	20,700	51,367
DRIP issuances	1,546	1,499	1,957	5,002
ESP issuances	794	1,953	431	3,178
Preferred stock conversions	975	30	339	1,344
Option exercises	119	96	129	344
Other, net	124	86	156	366
Ending balance	104,704	123,385	147,097	147,097
Average number of shares outstanding:				
Basic	93,732	114,207	127,656	
Diluted	94,309	114,612	128,208	

We evaluate our business and make resource allocations on our two business segments — senior housing and care properties and medical facilities. Please see Note 17 to our consolidated financial statements for additional information.

## Senior Housing and Care Properties

The following is a summary of our results of operations for the senior housing and care properties segment (dollars in thousands):

	Year 2 ember 31, 2008	Ended De	cember 31, 2009	_	One Ye Chang \$		%		/ear Ended ecember 31, 2010	_	One Year Change \$		_	Two Yea Change \$	
Revenues:															
Rental income	\$ 293,002	\$	323,582	\$	30,580		10%	\$	362,661	\$	39,079	12%	\$	69,659	24%
Resident fees and services	_		_		_		n/a		51,006		51,006	n/a		51,006	n/a
Interest income	35,143		35,945		802		2%		36,176		231	1%		1,033	3%
Other income	5,994		2,909		(3,085)		(51)%		3,386		477	16%		(2,608)	(44)%
Prepayment fees	 		2,400	_	2,400		n/a			_	(2,400)	(100)%			n/a
	334,139		364,836		30,697		9%		453,229		88,393	24%		119,090	36%
Expenses:															
Interest expense	(4,455)		6,404		10,859		n/a		19,255		12,851	201%		23,710	(532)%
Property operating expenses	_		_		_		n/a		32,621		32,621	n/a		32,621	n/a
Depreciation and amortization	81,758		90,028		8,270		10%		121,292		31,264	35%		39,534	48%
Transaction costs	-		_		-		n/a		41,549		41,549	n/a		41,549	n/a
Loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt	(808)		2,057		2,865		n/a		7,791		5,734	279%		8,599	(1064)%
Provision for loan losses	 94		23,261		23,167		24646%	_	29,684	_	6,423	28%	_	29,590	31479%
	 76,589		121,750		45,161	_	59%		252,192	_	130,442	107%	_	175,603	229%
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	 257,550		243,086		(14, 464)		(6)%		201,037		(42,049)	(17)%		(56, 513)	(22)%
Income tax expense	(1,693)		(607)		1,086		(64)%		(229)		378	(62)%		1,464	(22)% (86)%
Income from continuing operations	 255,857		242,479		(13,378)		(5)%		200,808		(41,671)	(17)%		(55,049)	(22)%
Discontinued operations:					(		(-)		,		( )- )	( ).··		(	( )
Gain (loss) on sales of properties	151,457		32,084		(119, 373)		(79)%		36,274		4,190	13%		(115, 183)	(76)%
Income from discontinued operations, net	23,503		17,037		(6,466)		(28)%		11,168		(5,869)	(34)%		(12,335)	(52)%
Discontinued operations, net	 174,960		49,121		(125,839)	_	(72)%		47,442	_	(1,679)	(3)%	_	(127,518)	(73)%
Net income	430,817		291,600		(139, 217)		(32)%		248,250		(43, 350)	(15)%		(182, 567)	(42)%
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	 			_		_	n/a		(1,674)	_	(1,674)	n/a	_	(1,674)	n/a
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 430,817	\$	291,600	\$	(139,217)	_	(32)%	\$	249,924	\$	(41,676)	(14)%	\$	(180,893)	(42)%

The increase in rental income is primarily attributable to the acquisitions of new properties and the conversion of newly constructed senior housing and care properties from which we receive rent. Certain of our leases contain annual rental escalators that are contingent upon changes in the Consumer Price Index and/or changes in the gross operating revenues of the tenant's properties. These escalators are not fixed, so no straight-line rent is recorded; however, rental income is recorded based on the contractual cash rental payments due for the period. If gross operating revenues at our facilities and/or the Consumer Price Index do not increase, a portion of our revenues may not continue to increase. Sales of real property would offset revenue increases and, to the extent that they exceed new acquisitions, could result in decreased revenues. Our leases could renew above or below current rent rates, resulting in an increase or decrease in rental income.

As discussed in Note 3 to our consolidated financial statements, we completed two senior housing operating partnerships in 2010. The results of operations for these partnerships have been included in our consolidated results of operations from the dates of acquisition and represent the sole component of resident fees and services, property operating expenses and net income attributable to noncontrolling interests for this segment.

Interest expense for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 represents \$22,905,000, \$12,622,000 and \$7,176,000, respectively, of secured debt interest expense offset by interest allocated to discontinued operations. The change in secured debt interest expense is due to the net effect and timing of assumptions, extinguishments and principal amortizations. The following is a summary of our senior housing and care property secured debt principal activity (dollars in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31, 2008					Year Ended I	December 3	31, 2009	 Year Ended l	December 31, 2010
	А	Amount		ghted Avg. erest Rate	_	Amount		Veighted Avg. Interest Rate	 Amount	Weighted Avg. Interest Rate
Beginning balance	\$	114,543		7.000%	\$	94,234		6.996%	\$ 298,492	5.998%
Debt issued		—				265,527		5.982%	157,156	5.454%
Debt assumed									396,919	5.858%
Debt extinguished		(17,821)		7.022%		(47,502)		7.414%	(185,999)	6.075%
Principal payments		(2,488)		6.974%		(13,767)		7.640%	(6,000)	5.962%
Ending balance	\$	94,234		6.996%	\$	298,492	_	5.998%	\$ 660,568	5.763%
Monthly averages	\$	103,927		6.996%	\$	205,549		6.309%	\$ 592,892	5.837%

Depreciation and amortization increased primarily as a result of new property acquisitions and the conversions of newly constructed investment properties. To the extent that we acquire or dispose of additional properties in the future, our provision for depreciation and amortization will change accordingly.

Transaction costs for the year ended December 31, 2010 primarily represent costs incurred with the senior housing operating partnerships (including due diligence costs, fees for legal and valuation services, and termination of pre-existing relationships computed based on the fair value of the assets acquired), lease termination fees and costs incurred in connection with other new property acquisitions.

During the year ended December 31, 2010, we sold 31 senior housing and care properties for net gains of \$36,274,000 as compared to 21 properties for net gains of \$32,084,000 in 2009 and 36 properties for net gains of \$151,457,000 in 2008. Additionally, at December 31, 2010, we had 16 senior housing facilities that satisfied the requirements for held for sale treatment. We did not recognize an impairment loss on these facilities as the fair value less estimated costs to sell exceeded our carrying value. The following illustrates the reclassification impact as a result of classifying the properties sold prior to or held for sale at December 31, 2010 as discontinued operations for the periods presented. Please refer to Note 5 to our consolidated financial statements for further discussion.

		Year Ended December 31,			
	2008	2009	2010		
Rental income	\$ 52,051	\$ 34,527	\$ 20,243		
Expenses:					
Interest expense	11,631	6,218	3,650		
Provision for depreciation	16,917	11,272	5,425		
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net	\$ 23,503	\$ 17,037	\$ 11,168		

We recorded \$23,261,000 of provision for loan losses during the year ended December 31, 2009. This amount includes the write-off of loans totaling \$25,578,000 primarily relating to certain early stage senior housing operators offset by a net reduction in the allowance for loan losses of \$2,457,000. We recorded \$29,684,000 of provision for loan losses during the year ended December 31, 2010. This amount includes the write-off of loans totaling \$33,591,000 primarily related to certain early stage senior housing and CCRC development projects. This was offset by a net reduction of the allowance balance by \$3,907,000, resulting in an allowance for loan losses of \$1,276,000 relating to real estate loans with outstanding balances of \$9,691,000, all of which were on non-accrual status at December 31, 2010. The provision for loan losses is related to our critical accounting estimate for the allowance for loan losses and is discussed in "Critical Accounting Policies."



# Medical Facilities

The following is a summary of our results of operations for the medical facilities segment (dollars in thousands):

	Year I mber 31, 2008		ecember 31, 2009	_	One Ye Chang \$			Year Ended ecember 31, 2010		One Yea Change \$		_	Two Ye Chang \$	
Revenues:														
Rental income	\$ 160,939	\$	173,837	\$	12,898	8%	\$	218,763	\$	44,926	26%	\$	57,824	36%
Interest income	4,920		4,940		20	0%		4,679		(261)	(5)%		(241)	(5)%
Other income	 2,835		1,309		(1,526)	(54)%	_	985		(324)	(25)%		(1,850)	(65)%
	168,694		180,086		11,392	7%		224,427		44,341	25%		55,733	33%
Expenses:														
Interest expense	17,676		19,147		1,471	8%		24,724		5,577	29%		7,048	40%
Property operating expenses	42,634		45,896		3,262	8%		50,499		4,603	10%		7,865	18%
Depreciation and amortization	56,378		60,700		4,322	8%		75,826		15,126	25%		19,448	34%
Transaction costs	_		_		_	n/a		5,112		5,112	n/a		5,112	n/a
Loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt	 (1,286)		3,781		5,067	n/a	_	1,308	_	(2,473)	<u>(65</u> )%		2,594	(202)%
	115,402		129,524		14,122	12%		157,469		27,945	22%		42,067	36%
Income from continuing operations before income taxes and income														
from unconsolidated joint ventures	53,292		50,562		(2,730)	(5)%		66,958		16,396	32%		13,666	26%
Income tax expense	(51)		(233)		(182)	357%		(77)		156	(67)%		(26)	51%
Income from unconsolidated joint ventures					· _ ·	n/a		6,673		6,673	n/a		6,673	n/a
Income from continuing operations	 53,241		50,329		(2,912)	(5)%		73,554	-	23,225	46%		20,313	38%
Discontinued operations:	,				( - )	(-)		- /		-, -			.,	
Gain (loss) on sales of properties	12,476		11,310		(1, 166)	(9)%		(159)		(11, 469)	(101)%		(12,635)	(101)%
Impairment of assets	(32,648)		(25,223)		7,425	(23)%		(947)		24,276	(96)%		31,701	(97)%
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net	50		8,595		8,545	17090%		(1,804)		(10, 399)	(121)%		(1,854)	(3708)%
Discontinued operations, net	(20,122)	_	(5,318)		14,804	(74)%		(2,910)		2,408	(45)%		17,212	(86)%
Net income (loss)	 33,119	-	45,011	-	11,892	36%	_	70,644	-	25,633	57%	-	37,525	113%
Less: Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	126		(342)		(468)	n/a		2,031		2,373	(694)%		1,905	1512%
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$ 32,993	\$	45,353	\$	12,360	37%	\$	68,613	\$	23,260	51%	\$	35,620	108%

The increase in rental income is primarily attributable to the acquisitions of new properties and the construction conversions of medical facilities from which we receive rent. Certain of our leases contain annual rental escalators that are contingent upon changes in the Consumer Price Index. These escalators are not fixed, so no straight-line rent is recorded; however, rental income is recorded based on the contractual cash rental payments due for the period. If the Consumer Price Index does not increase, a portion of our revenues may not continue to increase. Sales of real property would offset revenue increases and, to the extent that they exceed new acquisitions,

could result in decreased revenues. Our leases could renew above or below current rent rates, resulting in an increase or decrease in rental income. Interest income decreased from the prior period primarily due to a decline in outstanding balances for medical facility real estate loans. Other income is attributable to third party management fee income.

Interest expense for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 represents \$24,926,000, \$20,584,000 and \$21,828,000, respectively, of secured debt interest expense offset by interest allocated to discontinued operations. The change in secured debt interest expense is primarily due to the net effect and timing of assumptions, extinguishments and principal amortizations. The following is a summary of our medical facilities secured debt principal activity (dollars in thousands):

	Year Ended De	cember 31, 2008	Year Ended De	cember 31, 2009	Year Ended December 31, 2010				
	Amount	Weighted Avg. Interest Rate	Amount	Weighted Avg. Interest Rate	Amount	Weighted Avg. Interest Rate			
Beginning balance	\$ 392,430	5.854%	\$ 354,146	5.799%	\$ 314,065	5.677%			
Debt assumed	—				167,737	6.637%			
Debt extinguished	(32,653)	6.473%	(34,213)	6.933%	(8,494)	6.045%			
Principal payments	(5,631)	5.741%	(5,868)	5.721%	(9,831)	6.279%			
Ending balance	\$ 354,146	5.799%	\$ 314,065	5.677%	\$ 463,477	5.286%			
Monthly averages	\$ 365,661	5.802%	\$ 341,103	5.764%	\$ 458,196	5.961%			

The increase in property operating expenses and depreciation and amortization is primarily attributable to acquisitions and construction conversions of new medical facilities for which we incur certain property operating expenses offset by property operating expenses associated with discontinued operations.

Transaction costs for the year ended December 31, 2010 represent costs incurred in connection with the acquisition of new properties. Income tax expense is primarily related to third party management fee income.

Income from unconsolidated joint ventures represents our share of net income related to our joint venture investment with Forest City Enterprises. See Note 7 to our consolidated financial statements for additional information. The following is a summary of our net income from this investment for the year ended December 31, 2010 (in thousands):

Revenues	\$ 34,002
Operating expenses	9,707 24,295
Net operating income	24,295
Depreciation and amortization	8,514
Interest expense	7,759
Asset management fee	1,349
Net income	\$ 6,673

During the year ended December 31, 2008, we sold two medical facilities for net gains of \$12,476,000. At December 31, 2008, we had 15 medical facilities that were held for sale and we recorded an impairment charge of \$32,648,000 to reduce the carrying values of certain properties to their estimated fair values less costs to sell. During the year ended December 31, 2009, we sold 15 medical facilities for net gains of \$11,310,000. At December 31, 2009, we had eight medical facilities held for sale and recorded an impairment charge of \$25,223,000 to reduce the properties to their estimated fair values less costs to sell. In determining the fair value of the held for sale properties, we used a combination of third party appraisals based on market comparable transactions, other market listings and asset quality as well as management calculations based on projected operating income and published capitalization rates. During the three months ended September 30, 2010, we recorded an impairment charge of \$947,000 related to two of the held for sale medical facilities to adjust the carrying values to estimated fair values less costs to sell based on current sales price expectations. During the year ended December 31, 2010, we sold seven of the held for sale medical facilities for net losses of \$159,000. At December 31, 2010, we had one medical facility held for sale. The following illustrates the reclassification impact as a result of classifying medical facilities sold prior to or held for

sale at December 31, 2010 as discontinued operations for the periods presented. Please refer to Note 5 to our consolidated financial statements for further discussion.

	Ye	Year Ended December 31,			
	2008	2009	2010		
Rental income	\$ 16,189	\$ 7,965	\$ 1,743		
Other income	—	8,059	—		
Expenses:					
Interest expense	4,152	1,437	202		
Property operating expenses	3,995	3,069	3,345		
Provision for depreciation	7,992	2,923	_		
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net	\$ 50	\$ 8,595	\$ (1,804)		

Net income attributable to non-controlling interests primarily relates to certain properties that are consolidated in our operating results but where we have less than a 100% ownership interest.

## Non-Segment/Corporate

The following is a summary of our results of operations for the non-segment/corporate activities (dollars in thousands):

		Year Ended		One Year		_	Year Ended		One Yea		Two Year			
	December 31, 2008	December 31, 2009	_	Change         December 31,         Change           \$         %         2010         \$         %		Change \$		%						
Revenues:														
Other income	\$ 1,692	\$ 1,170	\$	(522)	(31)%	\$	2,874	\$	1,704	146%	\$	1,182	70%	
Expenses:														
Interest expense	112,055	76,566		(35,489)	(32)%		113,129		36,563	48%		1,074	1%	
Realized loss on derivatives	23,393	_		(23,393)	(100)%		_		_	n/a		(23,393)	(100)%	
General and administrative	47,193	49,691		2,498	5%		54,626		4,935	10%		7,433	16%	
Loss (gain) on extinguishments of debt		19,269		19,269	n/a		25,072		5,803	30%		25,072	n/a	
	182,641	145,526		(37,115)	(20)%		192,827	_	47,301	33%		10,186	6%	
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes	(180,949)	(144,356)		36,593	(20)%		(189,953)	_	(45,597)	32%		(9,004)	5%	
Income tax benefit (expense)	438	672		234	53%		(58)		(730)	(109)%		(496)	(113)%	
Net loss	(180,511)	(143,684)	_	36,827	(20)%		(190,011)		(46,327)	32%		(9,500)	5%	
Preferred stock dividends	23,201	22,079		(1,122)	(5)%		21,645		(434)	(2)%		(1,556)	(7)%	
Net loss attributable to common stockholders	\$ (203,712)	\$ (165,763)	\$	37,949	(19)%	\$	(211,656)	\$	(45,893)	28%	\$	(7,944)	4%	

Other income primarily represents income from non-real estate activities such as interest earned on temporary investments of cash reserves.

The following is a summary of our non-segment/corporate interest expense (dollars in thousands):

	Dec	Year E ember 31, 2008	 ecember 31, 2009	_	One Year Cha \$	nge	Year Ended ecember 31, 2010	_	One Yea Change \$		_	Two Year Change \$	%
Senior unsecured notes	\$	111,544	\$ 106,347	\$	(5,197)	(5)%	\$ 122,492	\$	16,145	15%	\$	10,948	10%
Secured debt		_	265		265	n/a	645		380	143%		645	n/a
Unsecured lines of credit		18,878	4,629		(14,249)	(75)%	3,974		(655)	(14)%		(14,904)	(79)%
Capitalized interest		(25,029)	(41,170)		(16,141)	64%	(20,792)		20,378	(49)%		4,237	(17)%
Interest SWAP savings		(161)	(161)		_	0%	(161)		_	0%		—	0%
Loan expense		6,823	6,656		(167)	(2)%	6,971		315	5%		148	2%
Totals	\$	112,055	\$ 76,566	\$	(35,489)	(32)%	\$ 113,129	\$	36,563	48%	\$	1,074	1%

The change in interest expense on senior unsecured notes is due to the net effect of issuances and extinguishments. The following is a summary of our senior unsecured note principal activity (dollars in thousands):

	Year Ended Decer	nber 31, 2008	Year Ended Dec		Year Ended Dece	mber 31, 2010
	Amount	Weighted Avg. Interest Rate	Amount	Weighted Avg. Interest Rate	Amount	Weighted Avg. Interest Rate
Beginning balance	\$ 1,887,330	5.823%	\$ 1,845,000	5.782%	\$ 1,661,853	5.557%
Debt issued					1,844,403	4.653%
Debt extinguished(1)	(42,330)	7.625%	(183,147)	7.823%	(441,326)	4.750%
Ending balance	\$ 1,845,000	5.782%	\$ 1,661,853	5.557%	\$ 3,064,930	5.129%
Monthly averages	\$ 1,854,768	5.792%	\$ 1,778,621	5.713%	\$ 2,221,056	5.263%

(1) We recognized losses of \$0, \$19,269,000 and \$25,072,000 in connection with the extinguishments for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2009 and 2010, respectively.

During the three months ended September 30, 2009, we completed a \$10,750,000 first mortgage loan secured by a commercial real estate campus. The 10-year debt has a fixed interest rate of 6.37%.

The change in interest expense on the unsecured line of credit arrangement is due primarily to the net effect and timing of draws, paydowns and variable interest rate changes. The following is a summary of our unsecured line of credit arrangement (dollars in thousands):

		Year Ended December 31,	
	2008	2009	2010
Balance outstanding at quarter end	\$570,000	\$140,000	\$300,000
Maximum amount outstanding at any month end	\$744,000	\$559,000	\$560,000
Average amount outstanding (total of daily principal balances divided by days in period)	\$500,561	\$241,463	\$268,762
Weighted average interest rate (actual interest expense divided by average borrowings outstanding)	3.77%	1.92%	1.48%

We capitalize certain interest costs associated with funds used to finance the construction of properties owned directly by us. The amount capitalized is based upon the balances outstanding during the construction period using the rate of interest that approximates our cost of financing. Our interest expense is reduced by the amount capitalized.

Please see Note 11 to our consolidated financial statements for a discussion of our interest rate swap agreements and their impact on interest expense. Loan expense represents the amortization of deferred loan costs incurred in connection with the issuance and amendments of debt. Loan expense is consistent for all years presented.

During the year ended December 31, 2008, we recognized a realized loss on derivatives of \$23,393,000 related to forward-starting interest rate swaps that were in place to hedge future debt issuances when the timing of those issuances was revised.

General and administrative expenses as a percentage of consolidated revenues (including revenues from discontinued operations) for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were 7.78%, 8.33% and 8.24%, respectively. The change from prior year is primarily related to (i) the recognition of \$2,853,000 of expenses in connection with a performance-based stock grant, (ii) the recognition of \$1,000,000 for the immediate vesting of a stock grant in conjunction with the CEO's new employment agreement, and (iii) additional salary and benefits to attract and retain appropriate personnel to support our business growth. This was partially offset by \$3,909,000 of non-recurring expenses recognized during the year ended December 31, 2009 in connection with the departure of Raymond W. Braun who formerly served as President of the company.

The change in preferred dividends is primarily attributable to preferred stock conversions into common stock. The following is a summary of our preferred stock activity (dollars in thousands):

	Year Ended Decer	nber 31, 2008	Year Ended Dece	mber 31, 2009	Year Ended Dece	mber 31, 2010
	Shares	Weighted Avg. Dividend Rate	Shares	Weighted Avg. Dividend Rate	Shares	Weighted Avg. Dividend Rate
Beginning balance	12,879,189	7.676%	11,516,302	7.696%	11,474,093	7.697%
Shares issued					349,854	6.000%
Shares redeemed					(5,513)	7.500%
Shares converted	(1,362,887)	7.500%	(42,209)	7.478%	(468,580)	7.262%
Ending balance	11,516,302	7.696%	11,474,093	7.697%	11,349,854	7.663%
Monthly averages	12,138,161	7.686%	11,482,557	7.697%	11,321,886	7.699%

#### Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We believe that net income, as defined by U.S. GAAP, is the most appropriate earnings measurement. However, we consider FFO to be a useful supplemental measure of our operating performance. Historical cost accounting for real estate assets in accordance with U.S. GAAP implicitly assumes that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time as evidenced by the provision for depreciation. However, since real estate values have historically risen or fallen with market conditions, many industry investors and analysts have considered presentations of operating results for real estate companies that use historical cost accounting to be insufficient. In response, the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT") created FFO as a supplemental measure of operating performance for REITs that excludes historical cost depreciation from net income. FFO, as defined by NAREIT, measure to consolidated partnerships and joint ventures.

Net operating income ("NOI") is used to evaluate the operating performance of our properties. We define NOI as total revenues, including tenant reimbursements, less property level operating expenses, which exclude depreciation and amortization, general and administrative expenses, impairments and interest expense. We believe NOI provides investors relevant and useful information because it measures the operating performance of our properties at the property level on an unleveraged basis. We use NOI to make decisions about resource allocations and to assess the property level performance of our properties.

EBITDA stands for earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization. We believe that EBITDA, along with net income and cash flow provided from operating activities, is an important supplemental measure because it provides additional information to assess and evaluate the performance of our operations. A covenant in our line of credit arrangement contains a financial ratio based on a definition of EBITDA that is specific to that agreement. Failure to satisfy this covenant could result in an event of default that could have a material adverse impact on our cost and availability of capital, which could in turn have a material adverse impact on our consolidated results of operations, liquidity and/or financial condition. Due to the materiality of this debt agreement and the financial covenant, we have disclosed Adjusted EBITDA, which represents EBITDA as defined above and

adjusted for stock-based compensation expense, provision for loan losses and gain/loss on extinguishment of debt. We primarily utilize Adjusted EBITDA to measure our adjusted interest coverage ratio, which represents Adjusted EBITDA divided by total interest, and our adjusted fixed charge coverage ratio, which represents Adjusted EBITDA divided by fixed charges. Fixed charges include total interest, secured debt principal amortization and preferred dividends. Our covenant requires an adjusted fixed charge ratio of at least 1.75 times.

Other than Adjusted EBITDA, our supplemental reporting measures and similarly entitled financial measures are widely used by investors, equity and debt analysts and rating agencies in the valuation, comparison, rating and investment recommendations of companies. Management uses these financial measures to facilitate internal and external comparisons to our historical operating results and in making operating decisions. Additionally, these measures are utilized by the Board of Directors to evaluate management. Adjusted EBITDA is used solely to determine our compliance with a financial covenant of our line of credit arrangement and is not being presented for use by investors for any other purpose. None of our supplemental measures of profitability or liquidity. Finally, the supplemental measures, as defined by us, may not be comparable to similarly entitled items reported by other real estate investment trusts or other companies.

The tables below reflect the reconciliation of FFO to net income attributable to common stockholders, the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP measure, for the periods presented. The provisions for depreciation and amortization include provisions for depreciation and amortization from discontinued operations. Noncontrolling interest amounts represent the noncontrolling interests' share of transaction costs and depreciation and amortization. Unconsolidated joint venture amounts represent our share of unconsolidated joint ventures' depreciation and amortization. Amounts are in thousands except for per share data.

		ar Ende	ed December 31,	
	 2008		2009	 2010
FFO Reconciliation:				
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 260,098	\$	171,190	\$ 106,882
Depreciation and amortization	163,045		164,923	202,543
Loss (gain) on sales of properties	(163,933)		(43,394)	(36,115)
Noncontrolling interests	(342)		(965)	(2,749)
Jnconsolidated joint ventures	—		—	8,514
Funds from operations	\$ 258,868	\$	291,754	\$ 279,075
Average common shares outstanding:				
Basic	93,732		114,207	127,656
Diluted	94,309		114,612	128,208
Per share data:				
Net income attributable to common stockholders				
Basic	\$ 2.77	\$	1.50	\$ 0.84
Diluted	2.76		1.49	0.83
Funds from operations				
Basic	\$ 2.76	\$	2.55	\$ 2.19
Diluted	2.74		2.55	2.18

The table below reflects the reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net income, the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP measure, for the periods presented. Interest expense and the provisions for depreciation and amortization include discontinued operations. Dollars are in thousands.

	Year Ended December 31,					
		2008		2009		2010
Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliation:						
Net income	\$	283,425	\$	192,927	\$	128,884
Interest expense		141,059		109,772		160,960
Income tax expense (benefit)		1,306		168		364
Depreciation and amortization		163,045		164,923		202,543
Stock-based compensation expense		8,530		9,633		11,823
Provision for loan losses		94		23,261		29,684
Loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt		(2,094)		25,107		34,171
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	595,365	\$	525,791	\$	568,429
Interest Coverage Ratio:						
Interest expense	\$	141,059	\$	109,772	\$	160,960
Capitalized interest		25,029		41,170		20,792
Non-cash interest expense		(11,231)		(11,898)		(13,945)
Total interest		154,857		139,044		167,807
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	595,365	\$	525,791	\$	568,429
Adjusted interest coverage ratio		3.84x		3.78x		3.39x
Adjusted Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio:						
Interest expense	\$	141,059	\$	109,772	\$	160,960
Capitalized interest		25,029		41,170		20,792
Non-cash interest expense		(11,231)		(11,898)		(13,945)
Secured debt principal payments		8,119		9,292		16,652
Preferred dividends		23,201		22,079		21,645
Total fixed charges		186,177		170,415		206,104
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	595,365	\$	525,791	\$	568,429
Adjusted fixed charge coverage ratio		3.20x		3.09x		2.76x

The following tables reflect the reconciliation of NOI for the periods presented. All amounts include amounts from discontinued operations, if applicable. Our share of revenues and expenses from unconsolidated joint ventures for life science buildings are included in medical facilities. Amounts are in thousands.

Total revenues:         Senior housing and care:           Senior housing facilities         \$ 183,411         \$ 190,664         \$ 220,38           Skilled nursing facilities         161,642         167,426         162,52           Sub-total         345,053         356,110         382,90           Restal income         31,143         35,944         36,107           Other income         5,994         5,308         3,381           Total services         386,190         399,362         473,472           Metical facilities:         386,190         399,362         473,472           Metical facilities:         -         -         -         340,002           Interest income         133,332         136,834         170,433           Hospitals         43,796         44,967         50,002           Sub-total         177,128         181,801         254,500           Interest income         4,920         4,941         4,677           Other income         2,835         9,309         988           Total metical facilities revenues         164,883         196,111         260,17           Corporate other income         1602         1,170         24,824           Property operating e			Year Ended December 31,				
Total revenues:         Senior housing and care:           Senior housing facilities         \$ 183,411         \$ 190,664         \$ 220,382           Skilled nursing facilities         161,642         167,426         162,522           Sub-total         345,053         356,110         382,900           Restal income		2008	2009	2010			
Senior housing and care:         Rental income:         \$ 183,411         \$ 190,684         \$ 220,382           Senior housing facilities         \$ 183,411         \$ 190,684         \$ 220,382           Skilled nursing facilities         161,642         167,425         162,523           Sub-total         345,053         358,110         382,900           Residen frees and services           51,000           Interest income         35,143         35,944         36,177           Other income         3,594         5,308         3,381           Total senior housing and care revenues         366,190         39,9362         473,474           Medical facilities:           51,000           Rental income           340,003           Selio of fice buildings         133,332         136,834         170,433           Hoepitals           340,003           Sub-total         177,128         181,801         254,500           Interest income         4,4920         4,4947         50,077           Total medical facilities revenues         184,883         196,111         260,177           Total revenues         572,726	NOI Reconciliation:						
Rental income:         S         183.11         S         190.684         S         220.38           Skilled nursing facilities         161.642         167.426         162.52         162.52           Sub-total         335.010         338.110         382.900         1832.910         1832.900           Residen frees and services         -         -         -         -         -         51.000           Interest income         5,934         35.944         35.143         35.944         36.170           Other income         5,934         5,308         3.332         136.834         170.43           Total section busing and care revenues         336.322         136.834         170.43         140.647         50.07           Medical office buildings         133.332         136.834         170.43         181.801         254.50           Sub-total         177.128         181.801         254.50         9.69         9.869         9.869         9.869         9.869         9.869         9.869         9.869         9.869         9.869         9.869         9.869         9.869         9.869         9.869         9.869         9.869         9.869         9.869         9.869         706.511         260.17 <t< td=""><td>Total revenues:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Total revenues:						
Senior housing facilities         \$ 183,411         \$ 190,684         \$ 220,383           Skilled nursing facilities	Senior housing and care:						
Skilled nursing facilities         161.642         167.426         162.52           Sub-total         345,053         335,110         382,900           Resident fees and services         —         —         51,000           Interest income         35,143         35,944         36,177           Other income         5,994         5,308         3,383           Total senior housing and care revenues         386,190         399,362         473,477           Medical facilities:         —         —         —         34,000           Rental income         —         —         340,000	Rental income:						
Sub-total         345,053         358,110         382,900           Resident fees and services         —         —         51,000           Interest income         35,143         35,944         36,170           Other income         5,994         5,308         3,388           Total senior housing and care revenues         386,190         39,362         473,477           Medical office buildings         133,332         136,834         170,433           Hospitals         43,796         44,967         50,077           Life science buildings         177,128         181,801         254,500           Interest income         2,835         9,369         986           Total medical facilities revenues         1692         1,170         2,877           Other income         1,843,833         196,111         260,177           Corporate other income         1,692         1,170         2,877           Total medical facilities revenues         572,765         596,643         736,511           Property operating expenses:         —         —         9,970           Sub-total         —         —         1,970         2,872           Medical office buildings         46,629         48,965							
Resident fees and services         — — — — — 51,000           Interest income         35,143         35,944         36,170           Other income         5,994         5,308         3,380           Total senior housing and care revenues         386,190         399,362         473,472           Medical facilities:         — — — — — — — 34,000         343,976         44,967         50,077           Rental income         — — — — — — 34,000         349,362         44,967         50,077           Life science buildings         — — — — — — 34,000         340,001         349,962         4,941         4,672           Sub-total         177,128         181,801         254,500         1177,128         181,801         254,500           Interest income         2,833         9,369         988         70tal medical facilities revenues         164,883         196,111         260,177           Corporate other income         1,692         1,170         2,877         736,513         736,513           Property operating expenses:         — — — — — — — 32,627         1170         2,867         99,019           Senior housing and care         — — — — — — 32,627         1170         2,867         99,019         1170         2,867           Medicial offic	Skilled nursing facilities	161,642	167,426	162,521			
Interest income         35,143         35,944         36,17           Other income         5,994         5,308         3,380           Total senior housing and care revenues         386,190         399,362         473,477           Medical facilities:         386,190         399,362         473,477           Medical office buildings         133,332         136,834         170,433           Hospitals         43,796         44,967         50,077           Life science buildings	Sub-total	345,053	358,110	382,904			
Other income         5,994         5,308         3,330           Total senior housing and care revenues         386,190         399,362         473,47           Medical facilities:         """"""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	Resident fees and services		_	51,006			
Total senior housing and care revenues         386,190         399,362         473,472           Medical facilities:         -	Interest income	35,143	35,944	36,176			
Medical facilities:         Nedical office buildings         133,332         136,834         170,433           Medical office buildings         133,332         136,834         170,433         170,433           Hospitals         43,796         44,967         50,077           Life science buildings         —         —         34,000           Interest income         4,920         4,941         254,500           Interest income         2,835         9,369         988           Total medical facilities revenues         2,835         9,369         988           Total medical facilities revenues         1642,803         196,111         260,177           Corporate other income         2,835         9,369         988           Property operating expenses:         1170         2,867           Senior housing and care         —         —         —           Medical office buildings         46,629         48,965         52,099           Hospitals         —         —         —         —           Medical office buildings         —         —         —         —           Medical office buildings         —         —         —         —         —         —           Medic	Other income	5,994	5,308	3,386			
Rental income         133,332         136,834         170,433           Hospitals         43,796         44,967         50,007           Life science buildings         —         —         34,000           Sub-total         177,128         181,801         254,500           Interest income         4,920         4,941         4,673           Other income         2,835         9,9369         983           Total medical facilities revenues         184,883         196,111         260,177           Corporate other income         1,692         1,170         2,837           Total medical office buildings         1692         1,170         2,837           Property operating expenses:         —         —         —         32,627           Medical office buildings         —         —         —         9,703           Senior housing and care         —         —         —         9,703           Sub-total         46,629	Total senior housing and care revenues	386,190	399,362	473,472			
Medical office buildings       133,332       136,834       170,433         Hospitals       43,796       44,967       50,07         Life science buildings       —       —       34,000         Sub-total       177,128       181,801       254,000         Interest income       4,920       4,941       4,673         Other income       2,835       9,369       983         Total medical facilities revenues       184,883       196,111       260,177         Corporate other income       1,692       1,170       2,874         Total revenues       572,765       596,643       736,511         Property operating expenses:       —       —       —       32,622         Medical office buildings       —       —       —       32,622         Medical office buildings       —       —       —       32,622         Medical office buildings       —       —       —       175,52         If science buildings       —       —       —       9,703         Medical office buildings       —       —       —       9,703         Sub-total       46,629       48,965       52,093       19,703       19,703       19,703       19,703 <td>Medical facilities:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Medical facilities:						
Hospitals       43,796       44,967       50,077         Life science buildings       —       —       34,000         Sub-total       177,128       181,801       254,500         Interest income       4,920       4,941       4,677         Other income       2,835       9,369       988         Total medical facilities revenues       184,883       196,111       260,177         Corporate other income       1,692       1,170       2,877         Total revenues       572,765       596,643       736,518         Property operating expenses:       —       —       32,622         Medical office buildings       —       —       32,622         Medical office buildings       —       —       9,703         Sub-total       —       —       1,752         Life science buildings       —       —       9,703         Sub-total       46,629       48,965       63,555         Total property operating expenses       —       —       9,703         Sub-total       46,629       48,965       63,555         Total property operating expenses       446,629       48,965       63,555         Total property operating expenses       <	Rental income						
Life science buildings       —       —       34,000         Sub-total       177,128       181,801       254,500         Interest income       4,920       4,941       4,673         Other income       2,835       9,369       988         Total medical facilities revenues       184,883       196,111       260,177         Corporate other income       1,692       1,170       2,874         Total revenues       572,765       596,643       736,514         Property operating expenses:       —       —       —       32,622         Medical facilities:       —       —       —       32,622         Medical office buildings       —       —       —       1,752         Sub-total       —       —       —       1,752         Sub-total       46,629       48,965       52,093         Hospitals       —       —       —       9,7052         Sub-total       46,629       48,965       63,555         Total property operating expenses       —       —       —       9,7052         Sub-total       46,629       48,965       63,555       536,512       536,512       536,512       536,512       536,512 <td< td=""><td>Medical office buildings</td><td>133,332</td><td>136,834</td><td>170,435</td></td<>	Medical office buildings	133,332	136,834	170,435			
Sub-total         177,128         181,801         254,500           Interest income         4,920         4,941         4,679           Other income         2,835         9,369         988           Total medical facilities revenues         184,883         196,111         20,177           Corporate other income         1,692         1,170         2,874           Total revenues         572,765         596,643         736,514           Property operating expenses:         -         -         32,622           Medical facilities:         -         -         32,622           Medical facilities:         -         -         32,622           Medical facilities:         -         -         -         32,622           Medical facilities:         -         -         -         32,622           Medical facilities:         -         -         -         1,755           Senior housing and care         -         -         -         1,755           Life science buildings         -         -         -         9,700           Sub-total         -         -         -         9,700         386,190         399,362         440,655         96,177	Hospitals	43,796	44,967	50,071			
Interest income         4,920         4,941         4,673           Other income         2,835         9,369         988           Total medical facilities revenues         184,883         196,111         260,177           Corporate other income         1,692         1,170         2,874           Total revenues         1,692         1,170         2,874           Total revenues         5596,643         765,514           Property operating expenses:         —         —         —         32,622           Medical facilities:         —         —         —         32,622           Medical facilities         —         —         —         1,752           Life science buildings         —         —         —         1,752           Sub-total         —         —         —         9,702           Sub-total property operating expenses         —         —         —         9,702           Senior housing and care         — <td>Life science buildings</td> <td>—</td> <td>—</td> <td>34,002</td>	Life science buildings	—	—	34,002			
Other income         2,835         9,369         988           Total medical facilities revenues         184,883         196,111         260,172           Corporate other income         1,692         1,170         2,874           Total revenues         572,765         596,643         755,182           Property operating expenses:         572,765         596,643         752,652           Senior housing and care         -         -         32,622           Medical facilities:         -         -         32,622           Medical office buildings         46,629         48,965         52,093           Hospitals         -         -         9,750           Life science buildings         -         -         9,750           Sub-total         46,629         48,965         63,552           Total property operating expenses         -         -         9,750           Sub-total         46,629         48,965         96,172           Net operating income:         -         -         9,750           Senior housing and care         386,190         399,362         440,652           Medical facilities         138,254         147,146         196,622           Non-segment/corpo	Sub-total	177,128	181,801	254,508			
Total medical facilities revenues       184,883       196,111       260,172         Corporate other income       1,692       1,170       2,874         Total revenues       572,765       596,643       736,514         Property operating expenses:       572,765       596,643       736,514         Senior housing and care       -       -       32,622         Medical facilities:       -       -       32,622         Medical office buildings       46,629       48,965       52,093         Hospitals       -       -       9,700         Life science buildings       -       -       9,700         Sub-total       46,629       48,965       63,555         Total property operating expenses       -       -       9,700         Sub-total       46,629       48,965       96,177         Net operating income:       -       -       9,050       96,177         Senior housing and care       386,190       399,362       440,855         Medical facilities       138,254       147,146       196,622         Non-segment/corporate       1,692       1,170       2,874	Interest income	4,920	4,941	4,679			
Corporate other income         1,692         1,170         2,874           Total revenues         572,765         596,643         736,518           Property operating expenses:         -         -         -         32,622           Medical facilities:         -         -         -         32,622           Medical office buildings         46,629         48,965         52,099           Hospitals         -         -         -         1,752           Life science buildings         -         -         9,702           Sub-total         46,629         48,965         63,552           Total property operating expenses         46,629         48,965         96,172           Net operating income:         -         -         -         9,702           Senior housing and care         386,190         399,362         440,855           Medical facilities         138,254         147,146         196,622           Non-segment/corporate         1,692         1,170         2,874	Other income	2,835	9,369	985			
Total revenues         572,765         596,643         736,511           Property operating expenses:         -         -         -         32,622           Medical facilities:         -         -         -         32,622           Medical office buildings         46,629         48,965         52,099           Hospitals         -         -         1,755           Life science buildings         -         -         9,705           Sub-total         46,629         48,965         63,555           Total property operating expenses         46,629         48,965         96,177           Net operating income:         -         -         9,702           Senior housing and care         386,190         399,362         440,855           Non-segment/corporate         138,254         147,146         196,622	Total medical facilities revenues	184,883	196,111	260,172			
Property operating expenses:       -       -       32,622         Medical facilities:       -       -       32,622         Medical office buildings       46,629       48,965       52,092         Hospitals       -       -       1,755         Life science buildings       -       -       9,703         Sub-total       -       -       9,703         Sub-total       46,629       48,965       63,555         Total property operating expenses       46,629       48,965       96,177         Net operating income:       -       -       -       -         Senior housing and care       386,190       399,362       440,852         Medical facilities       138,254       147,146       196,622         Non-segment/corporate       1,692       1,170       2,874	Corporate other income	1,692	1,170	2,874			
Senior housing and care       —       —       —       32,622         Medical facilities:       —       —       —       22,023         Medical office buildings       46,629       48,965       52,093         Hospitals       —       —       1,752         Life science buildings       —       —       9,700         Sub-total       46,629       48,965       63,552         Total property operating expenses       46,629       48,965       96,172         Net operating income:       —       —       —       9,700         Senior housing and care       386,190       399,362       440,853         Medical facilities       138,254       147,146       196,622         Non-segment/corporate       1,692       1,170       2,874	Total revenues	572,765	596,643	736,518			
Medical facilities:       46,629       48,965       52,099         Hospitals       -       -       1,753         Hospitals       -       -       9,700         Sub-total       46,629       48,965       63,555         Total property operating expenses       46,629       48,965       961,77         Net operating income:       -       -       -       9,000         Senior housing and care       386,190       399,362       440,852         Medical facilities       138,254       147,146       196,622         Non-segment/corporate       1,692       1,170       2,874	Property operating expenses:						
Medical office buildings         46,629         48,965         52,092           Hospitals           1,755           Life science buildings           9,700           Sub-total         46,629         48,965         63,555           Total property operating expenses         46,629         48,965         96,772           Net operating income:              Senior housing and care         386,190         399,362         440,855           Medical facilities         138,254         147,146         196,622           Non-segment/corporate         1,692         1,170         2,874	Senior housing and care	_	_	32,621			
Hospitals         —         —         —         1,753           Life science buildings         —         —         9,703           Sub-total         46,629         48,965         63,555           Total property operating expenses         46,629         48,965         63,557           Net operating income:         —         —         —         —         —         9,702           Senior housing and care         386,190         399,362         440,857         Medical facilities         138,254         147,146         196,622           Non-segment/corporate         1,692         1,170         2,874	Medical facilities:						
Life science buildings         —         —         9,700           Sub-total         46,629         48,965         63,550           Total property operating expenses         46,629         48,965         96,170           Net operating income:         -	Medical office buildings	46,629	48,965	52,091			
Sub-total         46,629         48,965         63,553           Total property operating expenses         46,629         48,965         96,172           Net operating income:         386,190         399,362         440,853           Senior housing and care         386,190         399,362         440,853           Medical facilities         138,254         147,146         196,622           Non-segment/corporate         1,692         1,170         2,874	Hospitals	_	—	1,753			
Total property operating expenses         46,629         48,965         96,177           Net operating income:	Life science buildings		—	9,707			
Net operating income:         386,190         399,362         440,852           Senior housing and care         386,190         399,362         440,852           Medical facilities         138,254         147,146         196,622           Non-segment/corporate         1,692         1,170         2,874	Sub-total	46,629	48,965	63,551			
Net operating income:         386,190         399,362         440,852           Senior housing and care         386,190         399,362         440,852           Medical facilities         138,254         147,146         196,622           Non-segment/corporate         1,692         1,170         2,874	Total property operating expenses	46,629	48.965	96,172			
Senior housing and care         386,190         399,362         440,852           Medical facilities         138,254         147,146         196,622           Non-segment/corporate         1,692         1,170         2,874		.,	-,	/			
Medical facilities         138,254         147,146         196,622           Non-segment/corporate         1,692         1,170         2,874		386,190	399,362	440,851			
				196,621			
Net operating income \$ 526,136 \$ 547,678 \$ 640,344	Non-segment/corporate	1,692	1,170	2,874			
				\$ 640,346			

## **Critical Accounting Policies**

Our consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP, which requires us to make estimates and assumptions. Management considers accounting estimates or assumptions critical if:

• the nature of the estimates or assumptions is material due to the levels of subjectivity and judgment necessary to account for highly uncertain matters or the susceptibility of such matters to change; and

• the impact of the estimates and assumptions on financial condition or operating performance is material.

Management has discussed the development and selection of its critical accounting policies with the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors and the Audit Committee has reviewed the disclosure presented below relating to them. Management believes the current assumptions and other considerations used to estimate amounts reflected in our consolidated financial statements are appropriate and are not reasonably likely to change in the future. However, since these estimates require assumptions to be made that were uncertain at the time the estimate was made, they bear the risk of change. If actual experience differs from the assumptions and other considerations used in estimating amounts reflected in our consolidated financial statements, the resulting changes could have a material adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations, liquidity and/or financial condition. Please refer to Note 1 of our audited consolidated financial statements for further information on significant accounting policies that impact us. There were no material changes to these policies in 2010.

The following table presents information about our critical accounting policies, as well as the material assumptions used to develop each estimate:

# Nature of Critical <u>A</u>ccounting Estimate

# Assumptions/ Approach Used

<u>Principles of Consolidation</u> The consolidated financial statements include our accounts, the accounts of our wholly-owned subsidiaries and the accounts of joint ventures in which we own a majority voting interest with the ability to control operations and where no substantive participating rights or substantive kick out rights have been granted to the noncontrolling interests. In addition, we consolidate those entities deemed to be variable interest entities in which we are determined to be the primary beneficiary. All material intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

We make judgments about which entities are VIEs based on an assessment of whether (i) the equity investors as a group, if any, do not have a controlling financial interest, or (ii) the equity investment at risk is insufficient to finance that entity's activities without additional subordinated financial support. We make judgments with respect to our level of influence or control of an entity and whether we are (or are not) the primary beneficiary of a VIE. Consideration of various factors includes, but is not limited to, our ability to direct the activities that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance, our form of ownership interest, our representation on the entity's governing body, the size and seniority of our investment, our ability and the rights of other investors to participate in policy making decisions, replace the manager and/or liquidate the entity. if applicable. Our ability to correctly assess our influence or control over an entity at inception of our involvement or on a continuous basis when determining the primary beneficiary of a VIE affects the presentation of these entities in our consolidated financial statements. If we perform a primary beneficiary analysis at a date other than at inception of our consolidated financial statements, us assumptions may be different and may result in the identification of a different primary beneficiary. -spect to

Income Taxes As part of the process of preparing our consolidated financial statements, significant management judgment is required to evaluate our compliance with REIT requirements. Our determinations are based on interpretation of tax laws, and our conclusions may have an impact on the income tax expense recognized. Adjustments to income tax expense may be required as a result of: (i) audits conducted by federal and state tax authorities, (ii) our ability to qualify as a REIT, (iii) the potential for built-in-gain recognized related to priori-tax-free acquisitions of C corporations, and (iv) changes in tax laws. Adjustments required in any given period are included in income.



#### Nature of Critical iting Estimate Acco

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets We review our long-lived assets for potential impairment in accordance with U.S. GAAP. An impairment charge must be recognized when the carrying value of a long-lived asset is not recoverable. The carrying value is not recoverable it is exceeds the sum of the undisconted cash flows expected to result from the use and eventual disposition of the asset If it is determined that a permanent impairment of a long-lived asset has occurred, the carrying value of the asset is reduced to its fair value and an impairment charge is recognized for the difference between the carrying value and the fair value. nusi ole if

The net book value of long-lived assets is reviewed quarterly on a property by property basis to determine if there are indicators of impairment. These indicators may include anticipated operating losses at the property level, the tenant's inability to make rent payments, a decision to dispose of an asset before the end of its estimated useful life and changes in the market that may permanently reduce the value of the property. It indicators of impairment exist, then the undiscounted future cash flows from the most likely use of the property are compared to the current net book value. This analysis requires us to determine if indicators of impairment exist and to estimate the soft key stream of cash flows to be generated from the property during the period the property is expected to be held.

During the year ended December 31, 2009, an impairment charge of \$25,223,000 was recorded to reduce the During the year ended December 31, 2009, an impairment charge of \$25,223,000 was recorded to reduce the carrying value of eight medical facilities to their estimated fair value less costs to sell. In det ermining the fair value of the properties, we used a combination of third party appraisals based on market comparable transactions, other market listings and asset quality as well as management calculations based on projected operating income and published capitalization rates. During the year ended December 31, 2010, we sold 38 properties, including seven of the held for sale medical facilities (for net gains of \$36,115,000. At December 31, 2010, we had one medical facilities and 16 senior housing facilities that satisfied the requirements for held for sale transment. During the three months ended September 30, 2010, we recorded an impairment charge of \$947,000 related to two of the held for sale medical facilities to adjust the carrying values to estimated fair values less costs to sell based on current sales price expectations. expectations

<u>Allowance for Loan Losses</u> We maintain an allowance for loan losses in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The allowance for loan losses is maintained at a level believed adequate to absorb potential losses in our loans receivable. The determination of the allowance is based on a quarterly evaluation of all outstanding loans. If this evaluation indicates that there is a greater risk of loan charge-offs, additional allowances or placement on non-accrual status may be required. A loan is impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable that we will be unable to collect all amounts due as scheduled according to the contractual terms of the original loan agreement. Consistent with this definition, all loans on non-accrual are deemed impaired. To the extent circumstances improve and the risk of collectability is diminished, we will return these loans to full accrual status.

The determination of the allowance is based on a quarterly evaluation of all outstanding loans, including general economic conditions and estimated collectability of loan payments and principal. We evaluate the collectability of use nor loans receivable based on a combination of factors, including, but not limited to, delinquency status, historical loan charge-offs, financial strength of the borrower and guarantors and value of the underlying property.

As a result of our quarterly evaluations, we recorded \$29,684,000 of provision for loan losses during the year ended December 31, 2010. This amount includes the write-off of loans totaling \$33,591,000 primarily related to certain early stage senior housing and CCRC development projects. These related to three separate borrowers where new factors arose that, under the circumstances, resulted in the determination to record the write-offs. This was offset by a net reduction of the allowance balance by \$3,907,000, resulting in an allowance for loan losses of \$1,276,000 relating to real estate loans with outstanding balances of \$9,691,000, all of which were on non-accrual status at December 31, 2010.

#### Nature of Critical iting Estir Accou

Revenue Recognition Revenue is recorded in accordance with U.S. GAAP, which requires that revenue be recognized after four basic criteria are met. These four criteria include persuasive evidence of an arrangement, the rendering of service, fixed and determinable income and reasonably assured collectability. If the collectability of revenue is determined incorrectly, the amount and timing of our reported revenue could be significantly affected. Interest income on loans is recognized as earned based upon the principal amount outstanding subject to an evaluation of collectability risk. Substantially all of our operating leases contain fixed and/or contingent escaldating rent structures. Leases with fixed annual rental escalators are generally recognized on a straight-line basis over the initial lease period, subject to a collectability assessment. Rental income related to leases with contingent rental escalators is generally recorded based on the contractual cash rental payments due for the period. We recognizer resident fees and services, are recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the applicable lease agreement. Lease agreements with residents generally have a term of one year and are cancelable by the resident with 30 days' notice.

Fair Value of Derivative Instruments The valuation of derivative instruments is accounted for in accordance with U.S. GAAP, which requires companies to record derivatives at fair market value on the balance sheet as assets or liabilities.

<u>Business Combinations</u> Real property developed by us is recorded at cost, including the capitalization of construction period interest. The cost of real property acquired is allocated to net tangible and identifiable intangible assets based on their respective fair values. Tangible assets primarily consist of land, buildings and improvements. The remaining purchase price is allocated among identifiable intangible assets primarily consisting of the above or below market component of in-place leases and the value of in-place leases. The total amount of other intangible assets acquired is further allocated to in-place lease values and customer relationship values based on management's evaluation of the specific characteristics of each tenant's lease and the Company's overall relationship with that respective tenant.

We evaluate the collectability of our revenues and related receivables on an on-going basis. We evaluate collectability based on assumptions and other considerations including, but not limited to, the certainty of payment, payment history, the financial strength of the investment's underlying operations as measured by cash flows and payment coverages, the value of the underlying collateral and guaranties and current economic conditions.

If our evaluation indicates that collectability is not reasonably assured, we may place an investment on non-accrual or reserve against all or a portion of current income as an offset to revenue.

For the year ended December 31, 2010, we recognized \$40,855,000 of interest income, \$51,006,000 of resident fees and services, and \$603,410,000 of rental income, including discontinued operations. For the year ended December 31, 2010, cash receipts on leases with deferred revenue provisions equaled \$8,537,000 as compared to gross straight-line rental income recogni zed of \$14,717,000. At December 31, 2010, our straight-line receivable balance was \$66,669,000, net of reserves totaling \$265,000. Also at December 31, 2010, we had real estate loans with outstanding balances of \$5,691,000 on non-acrual status.

The valuation of derivative instruments requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the fair value of the instruments. Fair values for our derivatives are estimated by utilizing pricing models that consider forward yield curves and discount rates. Such amounts and their recognition are subject to significant estimates which may change in the future. At December 31, 2010, we participated in one interest rate swap agreement which is reported at its fair value of \$482,000 in other liabilities.

We make estimates as part of our allocation of the purchase price of acquisitions to the various components of the acquisition based upon the relative fair value of each component. The most significant components of our allocations are typically the allocation of fair value to the buildings as-if-vacant, land and in-place lases. In the case of the fair value of buildings and the allocation of value to land and other intangibles, our estimates of the values of these components will affect the amount of depreciation and amountization we record over the estimated useful life of the property acquired or the remaining lease term. In the case of the value of in-place leases, we make our best estimates based on our evaluation of the specific characteristics of each tenant's lease. Factors considered include estimates of carrying costs during hypothetical expected lease-up periods, market conditions and costs to execute similar leases. Our assumptions affect the amount of future revenue that we will recognize o ver the remaining lease term for the acquired in-place leases

We compute depreciation and amortization on our properties using the straight-line method based on their estimated useful lives which range from 15 to 40 years for buildings and five to 15 years for improvements. Lives for intangibles are based on the remaining term of the underlying leases. For the year ended December 31, 2010, we recorded \$144,098,000, \$40,147,000 and \$18,298,000 as provisions for depreciation and amortization relating to buildings, improvements and intangibles, respectively, including amounts reclassified as discontinued operations. The average useful life of our buildings, improvements and intangibles was 38.2 years, 11.6 years and 6.0 years, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2010.

#### Impact of Inflation

During the past three years, inflation has not significantly affected our earnings because of the moderate inflation rate. Additionally, our earnings are primarily long-term investments with fixed rates of return. These investments are mainly financed with a combination of equity, senior unsecured notes and borrowings under our unsecured line of credit arrangement. During inflationary periods, which generally are accompanied by rising interest rates, our ability to grow may be adversely affected because the yield on new investments may increase at a slower rate than new borrowing costs. Presuming the current inflation rate remains moderate and long-term interest rates do not increase significantly, we believe that inflation will not impact the availability of equity and debt financing for us.

#### Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

We are exposed to various market risks, including the potential loss arising from adverse changes in interest rates. We seek to mitigate the effects of fluctuations in interest rates by matching the terms of new investments with new long-term fixed rate borrowings to the extent possible. We may or may not elect to use financial derivative instruments to hedge interest rate exposure. These decisions are principally based on our policy to match our variable rate investments with comparable borrowings, but are also based on the general trend in interest rates at the applicable dates and our perception of the future volatility of interest rates. This section is presented to provide a discussion of the risks associated with potential fluctuations in interest rates.

We historically borrow on our unsecured line of credit arrangement to acquire, construct or make loans relating to health care and senior housing properties. Then, as market conditions dictate, we will issue equity or long-term fixed rate debt to repay the borrowings under the unsecured line of credit arrangement.

A change in interest rates will not affect the interest expense associated with our fixed rate debt. Interest rate changes, however, will affect the fair value of our fixed rate debt. Changes in the interest rate environment upon maturity of this fixed rate debt could have an effect on our future cash flows and earnings, depending on whether the debt is replaced with other fixed rate debt, variable rate debt, variable rate debt or equity or repaid by the sale of assets. To illustrate the impact of changes in the interest rate markets, we performed a sensitivity analysis on our fixed rate debt instruments whereby we modeled the change in net present values arising from a hypothetical 1% increase in interest rates to determine the instruments' change in fair value. The following table summarizes the analysis performed as of the dates indicated (in thousands):

	 December	31, 201	0	_	Decemb	009	
	 Principal Change in Balance Fair Value			_	Principal Balance	_	Change in Fair Value
Senior unsecured notes	\$ 3,064,930	\$	(248,884)	\$	1,661,853	\$	(129,350)
Secured debt	1,030,070		(51,973)		491,094		(22,522)
Totals	\$ 4,095,000	\$	(300,857)	\$	2,152,947	\$	(151,872)

On December 31, 2010, we assumed an interest rate swap (the "December 2010 Swap") for a total notional amount of \$12,650,000 to hedge interest payments associated with longterm LIBOR based borrowings. The December 2010 Swap has an effective date of December 31, 2010 and a maturity date of December 31, 2013. The December 2010 Swap has the economic effect of fixing \$12,650,000 at 5.50% plus a credit spread through the swap's maturity. In January 2011, the December 2010 Swap was designated as a cash flow hedge and we expect it to be highly effective at offsetting changes in cash flows of interest payments on \$12,650,000 of long-term debt due to changes in the LIBOR swap rate.

variable rate secured debt. Assuming no changes in outstanding balances, a 1% increase in interest rates would have resulted in increased annual interest expense of \$2,720,000.

We are subject to risks associated with debt financing, including the risk that existing indebtedness may not be refinanced or that the terms of refinancing may not be as favorable as the terms of current indebtedness. The majority of our borrowings were completed under indentures or contractual agreements that limit the amount of indebtedness we may incur. Accordingly, in the event that we are unable to raise additional equity or borrow money because of these limitations, our ability to acquire additional properties may be limited.

For additional information regarding fair values of financial instruments, see "Item 7 — Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Critical Accounting Policies" and Note 16 to our audited consolidated financial statements.

## Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

## REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors and Shareholders of Health Care REIT, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Health Care REIT, Inc. as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the related consolidated statements of income, equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2010. Our audits also included the financial statement schedules listed in Item 15(a) (2) of this Form 10-K. These financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and schedules based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Health Care REIT, Inc. at December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the consolidated results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2010, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Also, in our opinion, the related financial statement schedules, when considered in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole, present fairly in all material respects the information set forth therein.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), Health Care REIT, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2010, based on criteria established in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission and our report dated February 25, 2011 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Toledo, Ohio February 25, 2011

## HEALTH CARE REIT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	December 31, 2010	December 31, 2009	
	(In tho	usands)	
ASSETS			
Real estate investments:			
Real property owned:	¢ 505.050	¢ 501.055	
Land and land improvements	\$ 727,050	\$ 521,055	
Buildings and improvements	7,627,132 258.079	5,185,328	
Acquired lease intangibles Real property held for sale, net of accumulated depreciation	,	127,390	
	23,441	45,686	
Construction in progress	356,793	456,832	
Gross real property owned	8,992,495	6,336,29	
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(836,966)	(677,85	
Net real property owned	8,155,529	5,658,44	
Real estate loans receivable:			
Real estate loans receivable	436,580	427,36	
Less allowance for losses on loans receivable	(1,276)	(5,18	
Net real estate loans receivable	435,304	422,18	
Net real estate investments	8,590,833	6,080,62	
Other assets:			
Equity investments	237,107	5,81	
Goodwill	51,207	-	
Deferred loan expenses	32,960	22,69	
Cash and cash equivalents	131,570	35,47	
Restricted cash	79,069	23,23	
Receivables and other assets	328,988	199,33	
Total other assets	860,901	286,56	
Total assets	\$ 9,451,734	\$ 6,367,18	
LIABILITIES AND EQUIT	ГҮ		
Liabilities:			
Borrowings under unsecured line of credit arrangement	\$ 300,000	\$ 140,00	
Senior unsecured notes	3,034,949	1,653,02	
Secured debt	1,125,906	620,99	
Capital lease obligations	8,881	-	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	244,345	145,71	
Total liabilities	4,714,081	2,559,73	
Redeemable noncontrolling interests	4,553	-	
Equity:			
Preferred stock	291,667	288,68	
Common stock	147,155	123,38	
Capital in excess of par value	4,932,468	3,900,66	
Treasury stock	(11,352)	(7,61	
Cumulative net income	1,676,196	1,547,66	
Cumulative dividends	(2,427,881)	(2,057,65	
Accumulated other comprehensive income	(11,099)	(2,89	
Other equity	5,697	4,80	
Total Health Care REIT, Inc. stockholders' equity	4,602,851	3,797,03	
Noncontrolling interests	130,249	10,41	
Total equity	4,733,100	3,807,45	
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 9,451,734	\$ 6,367,180	
rotal naomines and equity	<del>5</del> 5,431,734	φ 0,507,10	

See accompanying notes

# HEALTH CARE REIT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

		Year Ended December 31,			
	20	0	2009		2008
Revenues:					
Rental income	\$ 58	31,424	\$ 497,419	\$	453,941
Resident fees and services	:	51,006	—		
Interest income	4	40,855	40,885		40,063
Other income		7,245	7,788		10,521
Total revenues	68	30,530	546,092		504,525
Expenses:					
Interest expense		57,108	102,117		125,276
Property operating expenses		33,120	45,896		42,634
Depreciation and amortization	1	97,118	150,728		138,136
General and administrative		54,626	49,691		47,193
Transaction costs	4	46,660	_		_
Realized loss of derivatives		—	_		23,393
Loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt	2	34,171	25,107		(2,094
Provision for loan losses		29,684	23,261		94
Total expenses	60	02,487	396,800		374,632
Income from continuing operations before income taxes					
and income from unconsolidated joint ventures		78,043	149,292		129,893
Income tax (expense) benefit		(364)	(168)	1	(1,306
Income from unconsolidated joint ventures		6,673	_		_
Income from continuing operations		34,352	149.124	_	128,587
Discontinued operations:			- /		-,
Gain (loss) on sales of properties	:	36,115	43,394		163,933
Impairment of assets		(947)	(25,223)	1	(32,648
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net		9,364	25,632		23,553
Discontinued operations, net		44,532	43,803		154,838
Net income		28,884	192,927		283,425
Less: Preferred stock dividends		21,645	22,079		23,201
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests		357	(342)		126
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 10	06,882	\$ 171,190	\$	260,098
	<u>5 10</u>	/0,002	\$ 1/1,190	3	260,096
Average number of common shares outstanding:					
Basic		27,656	114,207		93,732
Diluted	12	28,208	114,612		94,309
Earnings per share:					
Basic:	•	0.10			
Income from continuing operations attributable to common stockholders	\$	0.49	\$ 1.12	\$	1.12
Discontinued operations, net	-	0.35	0.38	-	1.65
Net income attributable to common stockholders*	\$	0.84	\$ 1.50	\$	2.77
Diluted:					
Income from continuing operations					
attributable to common stockholders	\$	0.49	\$ 1.11	\$	1.12
Discontinued operations, net		0.35	0.38		1.64
Net income attributable to common stockholders*	\$	0.83	\$ 1.49	\$	2.76
	\$			\$	

\* Amounts may not sum due to rounding

See accompanying notes

# HEALTH CARE REIT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY

	Preferred Stock	Common Stock	Capital in Excess of Par Value	Treasury Stock	Cumulative Net Income	Cumulative Dividends (In thousands)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Other Equity	Noncontrolling Interests	Total
Balances at December 31, 2007	\$ 330,243	\$ 85,412	\$ 2,394,099	\$ (3,952)	\$ 1,071,101	\$ (1,446,959)	\$ (7,381)	\$ 2,701	\$ 9,687	\$ 2,434,951
Comprehensive income: Net income					283.299				126	283,425
Other comprehensive income:					203,233				120	203,423
Unrealized gain (loss) on equity investments							(846)			(846)
Unrecognized SERP actuarial gain (loss)							(715)			(715)
Cash flow hedge activity							7,829			7,829
Total comprehensive income										289,693
Contributions by noncontrolling interests									3,556	3,556
Distributions to noncontrolling interests									(2,766)	(2,766)
Amounts related to issuance of common stock										
from dividend reinvestment and stock										
incentive plans, net of forfeitures		1,804	76,013	(1,193)				(99)		76,525
Net proceeds from sale of common stock		16,444	695,239							711,683
Conversion of preferred stock	(40,314)	975	39,339							
Option compensation expense Cash dividends paid:								1,503		1,503
Common stock cash dividends						(253,659)				(253,659)
Preferred stock cash dividends						(23,201)				(23,201)
Balances at December 31, 2008	289.929	104.635	3,204,690	(5,145)	1,354,400	(1,723,819)	(1,113)	4,105	10,603	3,238,285
Comprehensive income:	205,525	104,055	3,204,030	(3,143)	1,554,400	(1,725,015)	(1,115)	4,105	10,005	3,230,203
Net income					193,269				(342)	192,927
Other comprehensive income:									(0-1)	
Unrealized gain (loss) on equity investments							487			487
Unrecognized SERP actuarial gain (loss)							277			277
Cash flow hedge activity							(2,542)			(2,542)
Total comprehensive income										191,149
Contributions by noncontrolling interests									2.255	2.255
Distributions to noncontrolling interests									(2,104)	(2,104)
Amounts related to issuance of common stock										
from dividend reinvestment and stock										
incentive plans, net of forfeitures		1,751	66,690	(2,474)				(930)		65,037
Proceeds from issuance of common shares		16,969	628,070							645,039
Conversion of preferred stock Option compensation expense	(1,246)	30	1,216					1.629		1.629
Cash dividends paid:								1,629		1,629
Common stock cash dividends						(311,760)				(311,760)
Preferred stock cash dividends						(22,079)				(22,079)
Balances at December 31, 2009	288.683	123.385	3.900.666	(7,619)	1.547.669	(2,057,658)	(2,891)	4,804	10.412	3,807,451
Comprehensive income:	200,000	120,000	5,500,000	(7,015)	1,047,000	(2,007,000)	(2,051)	4,004	10,412	3,007,431
Net income					128.527				357	128,884
Other comprehensive income:										
Unrealized gain (loss) on equity investments							54			54
Unrecognized SERP actuarial gain (loss)							(199)			(199)
Cash flow hedge activity							(8,063)			(8,063)
Total comprehensive income										120,676
Contributions by noncontrolling interests			43,640						122,781	166,421
Distributions to noncontrolling interests									(3,301)	(3,301)
Amounts related to issuance of common stock										
from dividend reinvestment and stock		3 300	07.000	(3.773)				(7.4*)		05 533
incentive plans, net of forfeitures Proceeds from issuance of common shares		2,300 21,131	97,696 884,255	(3,733)				(741)		95,522 905,386
Equity component of convertible debt		21,131	884,255 (9,689)							905,386 (9,689)
Equity consideration in business combinations	16,667		2,721							(9,669)
Redemption of preferred stock	(165)		2,721							(165)
Conversion of preferred stock	(13,518)	339	13,179							-
Option compensation expense								1,634		1,634
Cash dividends paid:										
Common stock cash dividends						(348,578)				(348,578)
Preferred stock cash dividends						(21,645)				(21,645)
Balances at December 31, 2010	\$ 291,667	\$ 147,155	\$ 4,932,468	\$ (11,352)	\$ 1,676,196	\$ (2,427,881)	\$ (11,099)	\$ 5,697	\$ 130,249	\$ 4,733,100
Datances at December 51, 2010										

# HEALTH CARE REIT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

		Year Ended December 31,			
	2010	2009 (In thousands)	2008		
Operating activities					
Net income	\$ 128,884	\$ 192,927	\$ 283,42		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided from (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization	202,543	164,923	163,04		
Other amortization expenses	17,169	15,412	14,83		
Provision for loan losses	29,684	23,261	9.		
Impairment of assets	947	25,223	32,64		
Stock-based compensation expense	11,823	9,633	8,53		
Loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt	34,171	25,107	(2,09		
Income from unconsolidated joint ventures	(6,673)	_	-		
Rental income less than (in excess of) cash received	(6,594)	11,259	7,79		
Amortization related to above (below) market leases, net	(2,856)	(1,713)	(1,03		
Loss (gain) on sales of properties	(36,115)	(43,394)	(163,93)		
Other income less than (in excess of) cash received	—	(5,000)	-		
Deferred gain on sales of properties	—	—	3,70		
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses and other liabilities	12,293	(311)	17,36		
Decrease (increase) in receivables and other assets	(20,535)	(36,068)	(3,69		
Net cash provided from (used in) operating activities	364,741	381,259	360,68		
Investing activities	,				
Investment in real property, net of cash acquired	(2,074,176)	(598,959)	(1,072,37		
Capitalized interest	(20,792)	(41,170)	(25,02		
Investment in real estate loans receivable	(97,265)	(74,417)	(83,10		
Other investments, net of payments	(133,894)	(22,133)	(21,72		
Principal collected on real estate loans receivable	43,495	111,779	18,16		
Contributions to unconsolidated joint ventures	(196,413)	_	-		
Distributions by unconsolidated joint ventures	103	_	_		
Decrease (increase) in restricted cash	(52,124)	130,833	(138,50)		
Proceeds from sales of real property	219,027	224,007	287,04		
Net cash provided from (used in) investing activities	(2,312,039)	(270,060)	(1,035,52)		
Financing activities	(2,512,035)	(270,000)	(1,000,02		
Net increase (decrease) under unsecured lines of credit arrangements	160,000	(430,000)	263,00		
Proceeds from issuance of senior unsecured notes	1,821,683	(150,000)	200,00		
Payments to extinguish senior unsecured notes	(495,542)	(201,048)	(42,33		
Net proceeds from the issuance of secured debt	154,306	276,277	(12,00		
Payments on secured debt	(217,711)	(107,736)	(58,59		
Net proceeds from the issuance of common stock	995,438	704,533	782,28		
Decrease (increase) in deferred loan expenses	(3,869)	(7,431)	(34		
Contributions by noncontrolling interests	2,611	2,255	3,55		
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	(3,301)	(2,104)	(2,76		
Cash distributions to stockholders	(370,223)	(333,839)	(276,86		
	2,043,392		667,94		
Net cash provided from (used in) financing activities		(99,093)			
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	96,094	12,106	(6,89		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	35,476	23,370	30,26		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	<u>\$ 131,570</u>	\$ 35,476	\$ 23,37		
Supplemental cash flow information:					
Interest paid	\$ 156,207	\$ 143,697	\$ 156,91		
Income taxes paid	319	854	1,78		

See accompanying notes

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. Business

Health Care REIT, Inc., an S&P 500 company with headquarters in Toledo, Ohio, is an equity real estate investment trust ("REIT") that invests in senior housing and health care real estate. Our full service platform also offers property management and development services to our customers. As of December 31, 2010, our diversified portfolio consisted of 683 properties in 41 states. Founded in 1970, we were the first real estate investment trust to invest exclusively in health care facilities. More information is available on our website at www.hcreit.com.

#### 2. Accounting Policies and Related Matters

#### Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of our wholly-owned subsidiaries and joint ventures that we control, through voting rights or other means. All material intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

At inception of joint venture transactions, we identify entities for which control is achieved through means other than voting rights ("variable interest entities" or "VIEs") and determine which business enterprise is the primary beneficiary of its operations. A variable interest entity is broadly defined as an entity where either (i) the equity investors as a group, if any, do not have a controlling financial interest, or (ii) the equity investment at risk is insufficient to finance that entity's activities without additional subordinated financial support. We consolidate investments in VIEs when we are determined to be the primary beneficiary. ASC 810, *Consolidations*, requires enterprises to perform a qualitative approach to determining whether or not a VIE will need to be consolidated on a continuous basis. This evaluation is based on an enterprise's ability to direct and influence the activities of a variable interest entity that most significantly impact that entity's economic performance.

For investments in joint ventures, we evaluate the type of rights held by the limited partner(s), which may preclude consolidation in circumstances in which the sole general partner would otherwise consolidate the limited partnership. The assessment of limited partners' rights and their impact on the presumption of control over a limited partnership by the sole general partner should be made when an investor becomes the sole general partner and should be reassessed if (i) there is a change to the terms or in the exercisability of the rights of the limited partnership, in the limited partnership or (iii) there is an increase or decrease in the number of outstanding limited partnership in interests. We similarly evaluate the rights of managing members of limited liability companies.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP") requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Revenue Recognition**

Revenue is recorded in accordance with U.S. GAAP, which requires that revenue be recognized after four basic criteria are met. These four criteria include persuasive evidence of an arrangement, the rendering of service, fixed and determinable income and reasonably assured collectability. Interest income on loans is recognized as earned based upon the principal amount outstanding subject to an evaluation of collectability risk. Substantially all of our operating leases contain either fixed or contingent escalating rent structures. Leases with fixed annual rental escalators are generally recognized on a straight-line basis over the initial lease period, subject to a collectability assessment. Rental income related to leases with contingent rental escalators is generally recorded based on the contractual cash rental payments due for the period. We recognize resident fees and services, other than move in fees, monthly as services are provided. Move in fees, which are a component of resident fees and services, are



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recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the applicable lease agreement. Lease agreements with residents generally have a term of one year and are cancelable by the resident with 30 days' notice.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

#### **Restricted Cash**

Restricted cash primarily consists of amounts held by lenders to provide future payments for real estate taxes, insurance, tenant and capital improvements and amounts held in escrow relating to acquisitions we are entitled to receive over a period of time as outlined in the escrow agreement.

#### Deferred Loan Expenses

Deferred loan expenses are costs incurred by us in connection with the issuance, assumption and amendments of debt arrangements. We amortize these costs over the term of the debt using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method.

#### Equity Investments

Equity investments at December 31, 2010 and 2009 include an investment in a public company that has a readily determinable fair market value. We classify this equity investment as available-for-sale and, accordingly, record this investment at its fair market value with unrealized gains and losses included in accumulated other comprehensive income, a separate component of stockholders' equity. Equity investments at December 31, 2010 and 2009 also include an investment in a private company. We do not have the ability to exercise influence over the company, so the investment is accounted for under the cost method. Under the cost method of accounting, investments in private companies are carried at cost and are adjusted only for other-than-temporary declines in fair value, return of capital and additional investments. These equity investments represented a minimal ownership interest in these companies. Additionally, equity investments in unconsolidated joint ventures.

#### Investments in Unconsolidated Joint Ventures

Investments in less than majority owned entities where our interests represent a general partnership interest but substantive participating rights or substantive kick-out rights have been granted to the limited partners, or where our interests do not represent the general partnership interest and we do not control the major operating and financial policies of the entity, are reported under the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method of accounting, our share of the investee's earnings or losses is included in our consolidated results of operations. To the extent that the Company's cost basis is different from the basis reflected at the joint venture level, the basis difference is generally amortized over the lives of the related assets and liabilities, and such amortization is included in the Company's share of equity in earnings of the joint venture. The initial carrying value of investments in unconsolidated joint ventures is based on the amount paid to purchase the joint venture interest or the estimated fair value of the easets prior to the sale of interests in the joint venture. We evaluate our equity method investments for impairment based upon a comparison of the estimated fair value of the equity method investment to its carrying value. When we determine a decline in the estimated fair value of such an investment below its carrying value is other-than-temporary, an impairment is recorded.

#### Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests

Certain noncontrolling interests are redeemable at fair value at December 31, 2010. Accordingly, we record the carrying amount of the noncontrolling interests at the greater of (i) the initial carrying amount, increased or

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decreased for the noncontrolling interest's share of net income or loss and its share of other comprehensive income or loss and dividends or (ii) the redemption value. In accordance with ASC 810, the redeemable noncontrolling interests were classified outside of permanent equity, as a mezzanine item, in the balance sheet.

#### **Real Property Owned**

Real property developed by us is recorded at cost, including the capitalization of construction period interest. The cost of real property acquired is allocated to net tangible and identifiable intangible assets based on their respective fair values. These properties are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives which range from 15 to 40 years for buildings and five to 15 years for improvements. Tangible assets primarily consist of land, buildings and improvements. We consider costs incurred in conjunction with re-leasing properties, including tenant improvements and lease commissions, to represent the acquisition of productive assets and, accordingly, such costs are reflected as investment activities in our statement of cash flows.

The remaining purchase price is allocated among identifiable intangible assets primarily consisting of the above or below market component of in-place leases and the value of inplace leases. The value allocable to the above or below market component of the acquired in-place lease is determined based upon the present value (using a discount rate which reflects the risks associated with the acquired leases) of the difference between (i) the contractual amounts to be paid pursuant to the lease over its remaining term, and (ii) management's estimate of the amounts that would be paid using fair market rates over the remaining term of the lease. The amounts allocated to above market leases are included in acquired lease intangibles and below market leases are included in other liabilities in the balance sheet and are amortized to rental income over the remaining terms of the respective leases.

The total amount of other intangible assets acquired is further allocated to in-place lease values and customer relationship values based on management's evaluation of the specific characteristics of each tenant's lease and the Company's overall relationship with that respective tenant. Characteristics considered by management in allocating these values include the nature and extent of the Company's existing business relationships with the tenant, growth prospects for developing new business with the tenant, the tenant's credit quality and expectations of lease renewals, among other factors. The estimated aggregate amortization expense for acquired lease intangibles is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 18.2 years and is as follows for the periods indicated (in thousands):

2011	\$ 48	3,613
2012	30	),828
2013	14	4,194
2014 2015		9,831
2015	8	3,618
Thereafter	96	5,851
Totals	\$ 208	3,935

The net book value of long-lived assets is reviewed quarterly on a property by property basis to determine if facts and circumstances suggest that the assets may be impaired or that the depreciable life may need to be changed. We consider external factors relating to each asset and the existence of a master lease which may link the cash flows of an individual asset to a larger portfolio of assets leased to the same tenant. If these factors and the projected undiscounted cash flows of the asset over the remaining depreciation period indicate that the asset will not be recoverable, the carrying value is reduced to the estimated fair market value. In addition, we are exposed to the risks inherent in concentrating investments in real estate, and in particular, the senior housing and health care industries. A downturn in the real estate industry could adversely affect the value of our properties and our ability to sell properties for a price or on terms acceptable to us.

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### Capitalization of Construction Period Interest

We capitalize interest costs associated with funds used to finance the construction of properties owned directly by us. The amount capitalized is based upon the balance outstanding during the construction period using the rate of interest which approximates our cost of financing. We capitalized interest costs of \$20,792,000, \$41,170,000, and \$25,029,000 during 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively, related to construction of real property owned by us. Our interest expense reflected in the consolidated statements of income has been reduced by the amounts capitalized.

#### Gain on Sale of Assets

We recognize sales of assets only upon the closing of the transaction with the purchaser. Payments received from purchasers prior to closing are recorded as deposits and classified as other assets on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. Gains on assets sold are recognized using the full accrual method upon closing when (i) the collectability of the sales price is reasonably assured, (ii) we are not obligated to perform significant activities after the sale to earn the profit, (iii) we have received adequate initial investment from the buyer and (iv) other profit recognition criteria have been satisfied. Gains may be deferred in whole or in part until the sales satisfy the requirements of gain recognition on sales of real estate.

#### **Real Estate Loans Receivable**

Real estate loans receivable consist of mortgage loans and other real estate loans. Interest income on loans is recognized as earned based upon the principal amount outstanding subject to an evaluation of collectability risks. The loans are primarily collateralized by a first, second or third mortgage lien, a leasehold mortgage on, or an assignment of the partnership interest in, the related properties, corporate guaranties and/or personal guaranties.

#### Allowance for Losses on Loans Receivable

The allowance for losses on loans receivable is maintained at a level believed adequate to absorb potential losses in our loans receivable. The determination of the allowance is based on a quarterly evaluation of these loans, including general economic conditions and estimated collectability of loan payments. We evaluate the collectability of our loans receivable based on a combination of factors, including, but not limited to, delinquency status, historical loan charge-offs, financial strength of the borrower and guarantors and value of the underlying collateral. If such factors indicate that there is greater risk of loan charge-offs, additional allowances or placement on non-accrual status may be required. A loan is impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable that we will be unable to collect all amounts due as scheduled according to the contractual terms of the original loan agreement. Consistent with this definition, all loans on non-accrual are deemed impaired. At December 31, 2010, we had loans with outstanding balances of \$9,691,000 on non-accrual status (\$67,126,000 at December 31, 2009). To the extent circumstances improve and the risk of collectability is diminished, we will return these loans to full accrual status. While a loan is on non-accrual status, any cash receipts are applied against the outstanding principal balance.

#### Goodwill

We account for goodwill in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment and is tested for impairment more frequently if events and circumstances indicate that the asset might be impaired. An impairment loss is recognized to the extent that the carrying amount, including goodwill, exceeds the reporting unit's fair value and the implied fair value of goodwill is less than the carrying amount of that goodwill.

#### Fair Value of Derivative Instruments

The valuation of derivative instruments requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the fair value of the instruments. Fair values for our derivatives are estimated by utilizing pricing models that consider forward



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yield curves and discount rates. Such amounts and the recognition of such amounts are subject to significant estimates that may change in the future. See Note 11 for additional information.

#### Federal Income Tax

No provision has been made for federal income taxes since we have elected to be treated as a real estate investment trust under the applicable provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, and we believe that we have met the requirements for qualification as such for each taxable year. Our taxable REIT subsidiaries are subject to federal, state and local income taxes. See Note 18 for additional information.

#### Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income available to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of shares outstanding for the period adjusted for non-vested shares of restricted stock. The computation of diluted earnings per share is similar to basic earnings per share, except that the number of shares is increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if the potentially dilutive common shares had been issued.

#### New Accounting Standards

In June 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") amended the consolidation guidance for variable interest entities. The new guidance, to be applied on a continuous basis, requires enterprises to perform a qualitative approach to determining whether or not a variable interest entity will need to be consolidated. This evaluation is based on an enterprise's ability to direct and influence the activities of a variable interest entity that most significantly impact its economic performance. This amendment became effective as of January 1, 2010. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In July 2010, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2010-20, Receivables (Topic 310): Disclosures about the Credit Quality of Financing Receivables and the Allowance for Credit Losses ("ASU 2010-20"). This update expands the required disclosures regarding the credit quality of our financing receivables, how risk is analyzed and assessed in arriving at the allowance for credit losses, and the changes (and reasons for the changes) in the allowance for credit losses. Both new and existing disclosures must be disaggregated by portfolio segment and class. The disaggregation of information is based on the level at which an entity develops and documents a systematic method for determining its allowance for credit losses. This update is effective for interim periods and fiscal years ending after December 15, 2010. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

## Reclassifications

Certain amounts in prior years have been reclassified to conform to current year presentation.

#### 3. Real Property Acquisitions and Development

### Senior Housing Operating Partnerships

### Merrill Gardens Partnership

During the three months ended September 30, 2010, we completed the formation of our partnership with Merrill Gardens LLC to own and operate a portfolio of 38 combination senior housing and care communities located primarily in West Coast markets. We own an 80% partnership interest and Merrill Gardens owns the remaining 20% interest and continues to manage the communities. The partnership owns and operates 13 communities previously owned by us and 25 additional communities previously owned by Merrill Gardens.

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The transaction took advantage of the structure authorized by the REIT Investment Diversification and Empowerment Act of 2007 ("RIDEA"). (See Note 18 for additional discussion of RIDEA.) The results of operations for this partnership have been included in our consolidated results of operations beginning as of September 1, 2010 and are a component of our senior housing and care segment. Consolidation is based on a combination of ownership interest and control of operational decision-making authority.

In conjunction with the formation of the partnership, we contributed \$254,885,000 of cash and the 13 properties previously owned by us, and the partnership assumed the secured debt relating to these properties. Merrill Gardens contributed the remaining 25 properties to the partnership and the secured debt relating to these properties in exchange for their 20% interest in the partnership. The 13 properties are recorded at their historical carrying values and the noncontrolling interest was established based on such values. The difference between the fair value of the consideration received relating to these properties and the historical allocation of the 20% noncontrolling interest was recorded in capital in excess of par value. The total purchase price for the 25 communities acquired have been allocated to the tangible and identifiable intangible assets and liabilities based upon their respective fair values in accordance with the Company's accounting policies. Such allocations have not been finalized as we await final asset valuations and, as such, the allocation of the purchase consideration included in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2010 is preliminary and subject to adjustment. The 20% noncontrolling interest relating to the acquired 25 properties is also reflected at estimated fair value. The weighted average useful life of the acquired intangibles was 1.9 years. The following table presents the preliminary allocation of the purchase price to assets and liabilities assumed, based on their estimated fair values (in thousands):

Land and land improvements	\$	64,050
Buildings and improvements		476,817
Acquired lease intangibles		45,036
Cash and cash equivalents		4,777
Restricted cash		3,707
Receivables and other assets	_	13,459
Total assets acquired		607,846
Secured debt		234,431
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		3,316
Total liabilities assumed		237,747
Capital in excess of par		41,423
Noncontrolling interests	_	79,775
Net assets acquired	\$	248,901

#### Senior Star Partnership

During the three months ended December 31, 2010, we completed the formation of our partnership with Senior Star Living to own and operate a portfolio of nine combination senior housing and care communities located primarily in six states. We own a 90% partnership interest and Senior Star owns the remaining 10% interest and continues to manage the communities. The partnership owns and operates two communities previously owned by us and seven additional communities previously owned by Senior Star. The transaction took advantage of the structure authorized by RIDEA. (See Note 18 for additional discussion of RIDEA.) The results of operations for this partnership have been included in our consolidated results of operations beginning as of December 30, 2010 and are a component of our senior housing and care segment. Consolidation is based on a combination of ownership interest and control of operational decision-making authority.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

In conjunction with the formation of the partnership, we contributed \$152,270,000 of cash and the two properties previously owned by us. Senior Star contributed the remaining seven properties to the partnership and the secured debt relating to these properties in exchange for their 10% interest in the partnership. The two properties are recorded at their historical carrying values and the noncontrolling interest was established based on such values. The difference between the fair value of the consideration received relating to these properties are accorded at their historical location of the 10% noncontrolling interest was recorded in capital in excess of par value. The total purchase price for the seven communities acquired has been allocated to the tangible and identifiable intangible assets and liabilities based upon their respective fair values in accordance with the Company's accounting policies. Such allocations have not been finalized as we await final asset valuations and, as such, the allocation of the purchase consideration included in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2010 is preliminary and subject to adjustment. The 10% noncontrolling interest relating to the acquired seven properties is also reflected at estimated fair value. The weighted average useful life of the acquired intangibles was 2.08 years. The following table presents the preliminary allocation of the purchase price to assets and liabilities assumed, based on their estimated fair values (in thousands):

Land and land improvements	\$ 11,570
Buildings and improvements	210,094
Acquired lease intangibles	18,721
Cash and cash equivalents	3,756
Restricted cash	391
Receivables and other assets	 940
Total assets acquired	245,472
Secured debt	70,736
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	3,533
Total liabilities assumed	 74,269
Capital in excess of par	2,218
Noncontrolling interests	27,902
Net assets acquired	\$ 141,083

The following unaudited pro forma consolidated results of operations have been prepared as if the senior housing operating partnerships had occurred as of January 1, 2009 based on the preliminary purchase price allocations discussed above. The pro forma results reflect the significant impact of the aforementioned RIDEA transactions on the Company's consolidated revenues. Amounts are in thousands, except per share data:

	Year Ended	December 31,
	2010	2009
Revenues	\$794,492	\$698,717
Income from continuing operations attributable to common stockholders	\$ 56,031	\$ 99,216
Income from continuing operations attributable to common stockholders per share:		
Basic	\$ 0.44	\$ 0.87
Diluted	\$ 0.44	\$ 0.87

## Strategic Medical Office Partnership

On December 31, 2010, we formed a strategic partnership with a national medical office building company ("MOBJV") whereby the partnership invested in 17 medical office properties. We own a controlling interest in 11 properties and consolidate them. Consolidation is based on a combination of ownership interest and control of

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operational decision-making authority. We do not own a controlling interest in six properties and account for them under the equity method. Our investment in the strategic partnership provides us access to health systems and includes development and property management resources. The results of operations for this partnership have been included in our consolidated results of operations beginning as of December 31, 2010 and are a component of our medical facilities segment.

In conjunction with the formation of the partnership, we contributed \$225,173,000 of cash, convertible preferred stock valued at \$16,667,000, options valued at \$2,721,000 and a note payable of \$8,333,000 with an interest rate of 6%. MOBJV contributed the properties to the partnership and the secured debt relating to these properties in exchange for their ownership interest in the partnership contains certain contingent consideration arrangements ranging from \$0 to \$35,008,000. Amounts to be paid are contingent upon certain occupancy and development project performance thresholds. Of this amount, we recognized \$19,453,000 as an estimate of additional purchase consideration based on the probability amounts will be paid by the expiration date of the commitments. Of the remaining \$15,555,000 that was not recognized, \$12,500,000 would be required to be settled in the Company's common stock if certain performance thresholds, which we did not deem probable, are met. The total purchase price for the assets acquired by the partnership has been allocated to the tangible and identifiable intangible assets and liabilities based upon their respective fair values in accordance with the Company's accounting policies. Goodwill represents the future development pipeline expected to be generated by the principles. Cash flows from this future pipeline are expected to come from development activities and the ability to perform the management functions at the assets after the properties are developed. Such allocations have not been finalized as we await final asset valuations and, as such, the allocation of the purchase consideration included in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2010 is preliminary and subject to adjustment. The noncontrolling interest relating to the properties is also reflected at estimated fair value. The weighted average useful life of the acquired intangibles was 26.2 years. The following table presents the preliminary allocation of the purchase price to assets and liabilities assumed

Land and land improvements	\$	10,240
Buildings and improvements		171,014
Acquired lease intangibles		41,519
Investment in unconcolidated joint venture		21,321
Goodwill		51,207
Other acquired intangibles		43,439
Cash and cash equivalents		3,873
Restricted cash		107
Receivables and other assets		5,390
Total assets acquired	_	348,110
Secured debt		61,664
Below market lease intangibles		4,189
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		26,848
Total liabilities assumed		92,701
Redeemable noncontrolling interests		4,553
Preferred stock		16,667
Capital in excess of par		2,721
Noncontrolling interests		6,295
Net assets acquired	\$	225,173
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## Real Property Investment Activity

The following is a summary of our real property investment activity for the periods presented (in thousands):

					Year Ended				
		December 31, 2010		1	December 31, 200	)		December 31, 200	8
	Senior Housing and Care	Housing Medical		Senior Housing and Care	Medical Facilities	Totals	Senior Housing and Care	Medical Facilities	Totals
Real property acquisitions:									
Senior housing — operating	\$ 816,000		\$ 816,000			s —			\$ —
Senior housing — triple net(1)	1,011,229		1,011,229			—	\$ 113,790		113,790
Skilled nursing facilities	17,300		17,300	\$ 11,650		11,650	11,360		11,360
Hospitals			_		\$ 20,500	20,500		\$ 196,303	196,303
Medical office buildings		\$ 626,414	626,414		35,523	35,523		121,809	121,809
Land parcels		4,300	4,300				10,000		10,000
Total acquisitions	1,844,529	630,714	2,475,243	11,650	56,023	67,673	135,150	318,112	453,262
Less: Assumed debt	(389,253)	(170, 255)	(559,508)			_			_
Assumed other items, net	(171,389)	(36,925)	(208,314)					(1,899)	(1,899)
Cash disbursed for acquisitions	1,283,887	423,534	1,707,421	11,650	56,023	67,673	135,150	316,213	451,363
Construction in progress additions:				-					
Senior housing — triple net	85,993		85,993	310,310		310,310	419,622		419,622
Skilled nursing facilities	_		_	23,262		23,262	29,429		29,429
Hospitals		123,033	123,033		113,907	113,907		77,642	77,642
Medical office buildings		129,561	129,561		107,853	107,853		93,907	93,907
Total construction in progress additions	85,993	252,594	338,587	333,572	221,760	555,332	449,051	171,549	620,600
Less: Capitalized interest	(6,396)	(13,924)	(20,320)	(28,474)	(12,495)	(40,969)	(20,312)	(4,717)	(25,029)
Capitalized other							(119)		(119)
Accruals(2)	_	(11,435)	(11,435)		(21,466)	(21,466)			_
Cash disbursed for construction in progress	79,597	227,235	306,832	305,098	187,799	492,897	428,620	166,832	595,452
Capital improvements to existing properties	23,568	36,355	59,923	18,326	20,063	38,389	13,329	12,232	25,561
Total cash invested in real property	\$ 1,387,052	\$ 687,124	\$ 2,074,176	\$ 335,074	\$ 263,885	\$ 598,959	\$ 577,099	\$ 495,277	\$ 1,072,376

Includes \$612,598,000 acquisition of a portfolio of 19 senior housing facilities that closed in December 2010. The allocation of the purchase consideration is preliminary and subject to adjustment.
 Represents non-cash accruals for amounts to be paid in future periods relating to properties that converted in the period noted above.

The following is a summary of the construction projects that were placed into service and began generating revenues during the periods presented:

					Year Ended						
		December 31, 2010		1	December 31, 2009	)	December 31, 2008				
	Senior Housing and Care	Medical Facilities	Totals	Senior Housing and Care	Medical Facilities	Totals	Senior Housing and Care	Medical Facilities	Totals		
Development projects:											
Senior housing facilities	\$ 273,034		\$ 273,034	\$ 505,137		\$ 505,137	\$ 190,044		\$ 190,044		
Skilled nursing facilities	_		_	45,367		45,367	16,918		16,918		
Hospitals		\$ 96,829	96,829			_		\$ 35,151	35,151		
Medical office buildings		65,547	65,547		\$ 183,127	183,127		11,823	11,823		
Total development projects	273,034	162,376	435,410	550,504	183,127	733,631	206,962	46,974	253,936		
Expansion projects	3,216		3,216	4,288		4,288	40,954		40,954		
Total construction in progress conversions	\$ 276,250	\$ 162,376	\$ 438,626	\$ 554,792	\$ 183,127	\$ 737,919	\$ 247,916	\$ 46,974	\$ 294,890		

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Transaction costs for the year ended December 31, 2010 primarily represent costs incurred with the senior housing operating partnerships (including due diligence costs, fees for legal and valuation services, and termination of pre-existing relationships computed based on the fair value of the assets acquired), lease termination fees and costs incurred in connection with the new property acquisitions.

We purchased \$23,097,000 of real property that had previously been financed by the Company with loans in 2008. This non-cash activity is appropriately not reflected in the accompanying statements of cash flows.

At December 31, 2010, future minimum lease payments receivable under operating leases (excluding properties in our senior housing operating partnerships) are as follows (in thousands):

2011	\$ 610,295
2012	604,731
2013	591,676
2014 2015	538,787
2015	526,783
Thereafter	3,403,370
Totals	\$ 6,275,642

## 4. Real Estate Intangibles

The following is a summary of our real estate intangibles, excluding those classified as held for sale, as of the dates indicated (dollars in thousands):

	Dec	ember 31, 2010	Dec	ember 31, 2009
Assets:				
In place lease intangibles	\$	182,030	\$	74,198
Above market tenant leases		24,089		10,232
Below market ground leases		46,992		39,806
Lease commissions		4,968		3,154
Gross historical cost		258,079		127,390
Accumulated amortization		(49,145)		(29,698)
Net book value	\$	208,934	\$	97,692
Weighted-average amortization period in years		18.2		30.0
Liabilities:				
Below market tenant leases	\$	57,261	\$	22,961
Above market ground leases		5,020		4,084
Gross historical cost		62,281		27,045
Accumulated amortization		(15,992)		(10,478)
Net book value	\$	46,289	\$	16,567
Weighted-average amortization period in years		14.0		12.1

5. Dispositions, Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations

During the year ended December 31, 2008, we sold 38 properties for net gains of \$163,933,000. At December 31, 2008, we had 15 medical facilities that were held for sale and we recorded an impairment charge

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

of \$32,648,000 to reduce the carrying values of certain properties to their estimated fair values less costs to sell. During the year ended December 31, 2009, we sold 36 properties for net gains of \$43,394,000. At December 31, 2009, we had two skilled nursing facilities and eight medical facilities held for sale and recorded an impairment charge of \$25,223,000 to reduce the medical office buildings to their estimated fair values less costs to sell. In determining the fair value of the held for sale properties, we used a combination of third party appraisals based on market comparable transactions, other market listings and asset quality as well as management calculations based on projected operating income and published capitalization rates. During the year ended December 31, 2010, we sold 38 properties, including seven of the held for sale medical facilities, for net gains of \$36,115,000. At December 31, 2010, we had one medical facility and 16 senior housing facilities that satisfied the requirements for held for sale treatment and such properties were properly recorded at the lesser of their estimated fair values less costs to sell or carrying values. During the year ended December 31, 2010, we recorded an impairment charge of \$947,000 related to two of the held for sale medical facilities to adjust the carrying values to estimated fair values less costs to sell based on current sales price expectations. The following is a summary of our real property disposition activity for the periods presented (in thousands):

	Year Ended																
		De	ecember 31, 2010				De	cember	r 31, 2009			December 31, 2008					
	Senior Housing Medical and Care Facilities		1	Housi		Senior Housing Medical and Care Facilities				Fotals	Senior Housing and Care		Medical Facilities		Totals		
Real property dispositions:																	
Senior housing facilities	\$	3,438	\$	\$	3,438	\$	55,320	\$		\$	55,320	\$	163,622	\$		\$ 163,622	
Skilled nursing facilities	1	66,852			166,852		45,835				45,835		6,290			6,290	
Hospitals			_		_				40,841		40,841				,735	8,735	
Medical office buildings			14,092		14,092				44,717		44,717			6	,781	6,781	
Land parcels			_		_						-		73			73	
Total dispositions	1	70,290	14,092		184,382		101,155		85,558		186,713		169,985	15	,516	185,501	
Add: Gain (loss) on sales of real property		36,274	(159)		36,115		32,084		11,310		43,394		151,457	12	476	163,933	
LandAmerica settlement		_									_		2,500			2,500	
Extinguishment of other assets (liabilities)		_	_												(116)	(116)	
Seller financing on sales of real property		_	(1,470)		(1,470)				(6, 100)		(6, 100)		(59, 649)	(5	,122)	(64,771)	
Proceeds from real property sales	\$ 2	06,564	\$ 12,463	\$	219,027	\$	133,239	\$	90,768	\$	224,007	\$	264,293	\$ 22	,754	\$ 287,047	

During the year ended December 31, 2008, we completed the sale of 29 properties to Emeritus Corporation for \$299,413,000, consisting of \$249,413,000 in cash proceeds and \$50,000,000 of seller financing, and we recognized a gain on sale of \$145,646,000. Total funds of \$299,413,000 were held in escrow for use in an Internal Revenue Code Section 1031 exchange, of which \$162,558,000 was utilized during the year ended December 31, 2008. We had retained LandAmerica 1031 Exchange Services, Inc. ("LES") to act as a qualified intermediary. On November 26, 2008, LES and its parent, LandAmerica Financial Group, filed for bankruptcy protection. At that time, we had approximately \$136,855,000 in two segregated escrow accounts (the "Exchange Funds") held by Centennial Bank, an affiliate of LES. Although the terms of our agreements with LES required that the Exchange Funds be returned to us, the return of the Exchange Funds was stayed by the bankruptcy proceedings. On February 23, 2009, the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Eastern District of Virginia, Richmond Division, entered an order approving the stipulation and settlement agreement among LES, the unsecured creditors committees and us. Pursuant to the terms of that settlement agreement, the Exchange Funds plus \$918,000 of interest were returned to us on February 23, 2009, and we made a settlement payment of \$2,000,000 to the LES bankruptcy estate. In

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

connection with these proceedings, we incurred approximately \$500,000 in expenses. The settlement payment and expenses were recorded as reductions of gains on sales in 2008.

We have reclassified the income and expenses attributable to all properties sold prior to or held for sale at December 31, 2010 to discontinued operations. Expenses include an allocation of interest expense based on property carrying values and our weighted average cost of debt. The following illustrates the reclassification impact as a result of classifying properties as discontinued operations for the periods presented (in thousands):

		Year Ended December 31,						
	_	2010	2009	2008				
Revenues:								
Rental income	\$	21,986	\$ 42,492	\$ 68,240				
Other income		_	8,059					
Expenses:								
Interest expense		3,852	7,655	15,783				
Property operating expenses		3,345	3,069	3,995				
Provision for depreciation		5,425	14,195	24,909				
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net	\$	9,364	\$ 25,632	\$ 23,553				

## 6. Real Estate Loans Receivable

The following is a summary of our real estate loans receivable (in thousands):

		Dece		
		2010	2009	
Mortgage loans	1	5 109,283	74,517	
Other real estate loans		327,297		352,846
Totals		\$ 436,580 \$		427,363

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The following is a summary of our real estate loan activity for the periods presented (in thousands):

	Year Ended																
		December	31, 2	010			De	r 31, 2009	December 31, 2008								
	F	Senior Iousing 1d Care		/ledical acilities	Totals	Senior Housing and Care		Medical Facilities		Totals		Senior Housing and Care			dical ilities	Т	otals
Advances on real estate loans receivable:																	
Investments in new loans	\$	9,742	\$	41,644	\$ 51,386	\$	20,036	\$	-	\$	20,036	\$	121,493	\$	—		21,493
Draws on existing loans		46,113		1,236	47,349	_	52,910	_	1,471		54,381	_	21,265		_	_	21,265
Sub-total		55,855		42,880	98,735		72,946		1,471		74,417		142,758		_	1	42,758
Less: Seller financing on property sales				(1,470)	(1,470)								(59, 649)		_	(	(59,649)
Net cash advances on real estate loans		55,855		41,410	97,265		72,946		1,471		74,417		83,109				83,109
Receipts on real estate loans receivable:																	
Loan payoffs		5,619		6,233	11,852		61,659		32,197		93,856		8,815		_		8,815
Principal payments on loans		24,203		7,440	31,643		15,890		2,033		17,923		9,354				9,354
Total receipts on real estate loans		29,822		13,673	43,495		77,549	_	34,230		111,779		18,169				18,169
Net advances (receipts) on real estate loans	\$	26,033	\$	27,737	\$ 53,770	\$	(4,603)	\$	(32,759)	\$	(37,362)	\$	64,940	\$	_	\$	64,940

The following is a summary of the allowance for losses on loans receivable for the periods presented (in thousands):

	 Yea				
	 2010	 2009	_	2008	
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 5,183	\$ 7,500	\$	7,406	
Provision for loan losses	29,684	23,261		94	
Charge-offs	(33,591)	(25,578)		—	
Balance at end of year	\$ 1,276	\$ 5,183	\$	7,500	

As a result of our quarterly evaluations, we recorded \$29,684,000 of provision for loan losses during the year ended December 31, 2010. This amount includes the write-off of loans totaling \$33,591,000 primarily related to certain early stage senior housing and CCRC development projects. These related to three separate borrowers where new factors arose that, under the circumstances, resulted in the determination to record the write-offs. This was offset by a net reduction of the allowance balance by \$3,907,000, resulting in an allowance for loan losses of \$1,276,000 relating to real estate loans with outstanding balances of \$9,691,000, all of which were on non-accrual status at December 31, 2010.

During the quarter ended September 30, 2010, we received title to a parcel of land and an equity interest in satisfaction of certain loans outstanding with a combined balance of \$38,848,000. For balance sheet purposes, the land parcel is recorded as land and the equity interest is accounted for as an equity method investment (in our senior housing and care segment), the amounts of which were recorded at their estimated fair values at the transaction dates. The equity interest is in an entity deemed to be a VIE, however, we have determined that we are not the primary beneficiary as we do not have the ability to direct and influence the activities that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance. Our exposure to loss is limited to the recorded equity investment balance of \$29,578,000.

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The following is a summary of our loan impairments (in thousands):

	 2010	 2009		2008
Balance of impaired loans at end of year	\$ 9,691	\$ 67,126	\$	72,770
Allowance for loan losses	 1,276	 5,183		7,500
Balance of impaired loans not reserved	\$ 8,415	\$ 61,943	\$	65,270
Average impaired loans for the year	\$ 38,409	\$ 69,948	\$	36,785
Interest recognized on impaired loans(1)	103	530		3,288

(1) Represents interest recognized prior to placement on non-accrual status.

#### 7. Investments in Unconsolidated Joint Ventures

During the six months ended June 30, 2010, we entered into a joint venture investment with Forest City Enterprises (NYSE:FCE.A and FCE.B). We acquired a 49% interest in a seven-building life science campus located in University Park in Cambridge, MA, which is immediately adjacent to the campus of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. Six buildings closed on February 22, 2010 and the seventh closed on June 30, 2010. The portfolio is 100% leased.

In connection with these transactions, we invested \$174,692,000 of cash which is recorded as an equity investment on the balance sheet. Our share of the non-recourse secured debt assumed by the joint venture was approximately \$156,729,000 with weighted-average interest rates of 7.1%. The results of operations for these properties have been included in our consolidated results of operations from the date of acquisition by the joint venture and are reflected in our income statement as income from unconsolidated joint ventures. The aggregate remaining unamortized basis difference of our investment in this joint venture of \$15,141,000 at December 31, 2010 is primarily attributable to real estate and related intangible assets and will be amortized over the life of the related properties and included in the reported amount of income from unconsolidated joint ventures.

In addition, on December 31, 2010, we entered into a strategic joint venture relationship with a national medical office building company. See Note 3 for additional information.

#### 8. Customer Concentration

The following table summarizes certain information about our customer concentration as of December 31, 2010 (dollars in thousands):

	Number of Properties	I	Total nvestment(2)	Percent of Investment(3)
Concentration by investment:(1)				
Merrill Gardens LLC	38	\$	732,211	9%
Brandywine Senior Living, LLC	19		612,598	7%
Senior Living Communities, LLC	12		595,223	7%
Senior Star Living	10		464,062	5%
Brookdale Senior Living, Inc.	86		334,946	4%
Remaining portfolio	518		5,853,069	68%
Totals	683	\$	8,592,109	100%

(1) All of our top five customers are in our senior housing and care segment.

(2) Excludes our share of unconsolidated joint venture investments. Please see Note 7 for additional information

(3) Investments with our top five customers comprised 24% of total investments at December 31, 2009.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ---- (Continued)

### 9. Borrowings Under Line of Credit Arrangement and Related Items

At December 31, 2010, we had an unsecured line of credit arrangement with a consortium of sixteen banks in the amount of \$1,150,000,000, which is scheduled to expire on August 6, 2012. Borrowings under the agreement are subject to interest payable in periods no longer than three months at either the agent bank's prime rate of interest or the applicable margin over LIBOR interest rate, at our option (0.87% at December 31, 2010). The applicable margin is based on certain of our debt ratings and was 0.6% at December 31, 2010. In addition, we pay a facility fee annually to each bank based on the bank's commitment amount. The facility fee depends on certain of our debt ratings and was 0.15% at December 31, 2010. We also pay an annual agent's fee of \$50,000. Principal is due upon expiration of the agreement.

The following information relates to aggregate borrowings under the unsecured line of credit arrangement for the periods presented (dollars in thousands):

		Year Ended December 31,				
	2010	2009	2008			
Balance outstanding at quarter end	\$300,000	\$140,000	\$570,000			
Maximum amount outstanding at any month end	\$560,000	\$559,000	\$744,000			
Average amount outstanding (total of daily principal balances divided by days in period)	\$268,762	\$241,463	\$500,561			
Weighted average interest rate (actual interest expense divided by average borrowings outstanding)	1.48%	1.92%	3.77%			

#### 10. Senior Unsecured Notes and Secured Debt

We have \$3,034,949,000 of senior unsecured notes with annual stated interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 8.00%. The carrying amounts of the senior unsecured notes represent the par value of \$3,064,930,000 adjusted for any unamortized premiums or discounts and other basis adjustments related to hedging the debt with derivative instruments. See Note 11 for further discussion regarding derivative instruments.

During the three months ended December 31, 2006, we issued \$345,000,000 of 4.75% senior unsecured convertible notes due December 2026, generating net proceeds of \$337,517,000. The notes are convertible, in certain circumstances, into cash and, if applicable, shares of common stock at an initial conversion rate of 20.8833 shares per \$1,000 principal amount of notes, which represents an initial conversion price of approximately \$47.89 per share. In general, upon conversion, the holder of each note would receive, in respect of the conversion value of such note, cash up to the principal amount of such note and common stock for the note's conversion value in excess of such principal amount. In addition, on each of December 1, 2011, December 1, 2016 and December 1, 2021, holders may require us to purchase all or a portion of their notes at a purchase price in cash equal to 100% of the principal amount of 5446,000. During the six months ended June 30, 2010, we extinguished \$21,4,12,000 of these notes, converside alloss of \$8,837,000 and paid \$18,552,000 to reacquire the equity component of convertible debt. As of December 31, 2010, we had \$12,558,000 of these notes outstanding.

In July 2007, we issued \$400,000,000 of 4.75% senior unsecured convertible notes due July 2027, generating net proceeds of \$388,943,000. The notes are convertible, in certain circumstances, into cash and, if applicable, shares of our common stock at an initial conversion rate of 20.0000 shares per \$1,000 principal amount of notes, which represents an initial conversion price of approximately \$50.00 per share. In general, upon conversion, the holder of each note would receive, in respect of the conversion value of such note, cash up to the principal amount of such note and common stock for the note's conversion value in excess of such principal amount. In addition, on each of July 15, 2012, July 15, 2017, and July 15, 2022, holders may require us to purchase all or a portion of their notes at a purchase price in cash equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be purchased, plus any accrued and

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

unpaid interest. During the three months ended March 31, 2009, we extinguished \$5,000,000 of these notes and recognized a gain of \$594,000. During the six months ended June 30, 2010, we extinguished \$226,914,000 of these notes, recognized a loss of \$16,235,000 and paid \$21,062,000 to reacquire the equity component of convertible debt. As of December 31, 2010, we had \$168,086,000 of these notes outstanding.

During the twelve months ended December 31, 2010, we issued \$494,403,000 of 3.00% senior unsecured convertible notes due December 2029, generating net proceeds of \$486,084,000. The notes are convertible, in certain circumstances, into cash and, if applicable, shares of common stock at an initial conversion rate of 19.5064 shares per \$1,000 principal amount of notes, which represents an initial conversion price of approximately \$51.27 per share. In general, upon conversion, the holder of each note would receive, in respect of the conversion value of such note, cash up to the principal amount of such note and common stock for the note's conversion value in excess of such principal amount. In addition, on each of December 1, 2014, December 1, 2019 and December 1, 2024, holders may require us to purchase all or a portion of their notes at a purchase price in cash equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be purchased, plus any accrued and unpaid interest. In connection with this issuance, we recognized \$29,925,000 of equity component of convertible debt.

During the year ended December 31, 2009, we extinguished \$183,147,000 of senior unsecured notes with a weighted-average interest rate of 7.82% and recognized losses of \$19,269,000. During the three months ended June 30, 2010, we issued \$450,000,000 of 6.125% senior unsecured notes due 2020 with net proceeds of \$446,328,000. During the three months ended September 30, 2010, we issued \$450,000,000 of 4.70% senior unsecured notes due 2017 with net proceeds of \$445,768,000. During the three months ended December 31, 2010, we issued \$450,000,000 of 4.95% senior unsecured notes due 2021 with net proceeds of \$443,502,000.

We have secured debt totaling \$1,125,906,000, collateralized by owned properties, with annual interest rates ranging from 3.01% to 8.74%. The carrying amounts of the secured debt represent the par value of \$1,133,715,000 adjusted for any unamortized fair value adjustments. The carrying values of the properties securing the debt totaled \$2,054,820,000 at December 31, 2010. During the year ended December 31, 2010, we issued \$157,156,000 of first mortgage loans principal with a rate of 5.45% secured by 15 properties. During the year ended December 31, 2010, we assumed \$564,657,000 of first mortgage loans principal with an average rate of 6.06% secured by 60 properties. During the year ended December 31, 2010, we extinguished \$194,493,000 of first mortgage loans principal with an average rate of 6.07% and recognized a loss of \$9,099,000. During the year ended December 31, 2009, we extinguished 20 secured debt loans totaling \$81,715,000 with a weighted-average interest rate of 7.21% and recognized extinguishment losses of \$5,838,000. During the year ended December 31, 2008, we extinguished eight secured debt loans totaling \$50,475,000 with a weighted-average interest rate of 6.67% and recognized extinguishment gains of \$2,094,000.

We adopted FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") topic for Accounting for Convertible Debt Instruments That May Be Settled in Cash upon Conversion (Including Partial Cash Settlement) ("Convertible Debt Guidance"), effective January 1, 2009. It provides guidance on accounting for convertible debt that may be settled in cash upon conversion. It requires bifurcation of the convertible debt instrument into a debt component and an equity component. The value of the debt component is based upon the estimated fair value of a similar debt instrument without the conversion feature. The difference between the contractual principal on the debt and the value allocated to the debt is recorded as an equity component and represents the conversion feature of the instrument. The excess of the contractual principal amount of the debt over its estimated fair value is amortized to interest expense using the effective interest method over the period used to estimate the fair value.

Our debt agreements contain various covenants, restrictions and events of default. Certain agreements require us to maintain certain financial ratios and minimum net worth and impose certain limits on our ability to incur indebtedness, create liens and make investments or acquisitions. As of December 31, 2010, we were in compliance with all of the covenants under our debt agreements.

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At December 31, 2010, the annual principal payments due on these debt obligations are as follows (in thousands):

	Unsee	Senior cured Notes(1)	 Secured Debt(1)	Totals		
2011	\$	—	\$ 24,048	\$	24,048	
2012		76,853	91,979		168,832	
2013		300,000	85,508		385,508	
2014		—	188,009		188,009	
2015		250,000	150,311		400,311	
Thereafter		2,438,077	593,860		3,031,937	
Totals	\$	3,064,930	\$ 1,133,715	\$	4,198,645	

(1) Amounts represent principal amounts due and do not include unamortized premiums/discounts or other fair value adjustments as reflected on the balance sheet.

#### 11. Derivative Instruments

We are exposed to various market risks, including the potential loss arising from adverse changes in interest rates. We may elect to use financial derivative instruments to hedge interest rate exposure. These decisions are principally based on our policy to manage the general trend in interest rates at the applicable dates and our perception of the future volatility of interest rates. Derivatives are recorded at fair value on the balance sheet as assets or liabilities. The valuation of derivative instruments requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the fair value of the instruments. Fair values of our derivatives are estimated by pricing models that consider the forward yield curves and discount rates. Such amounts and the recognition of such and use that may change in the future.

The following is a summary of the fair value of our derivative instruments (dollars in thousands):

		Fair	Value
	Balance Sheet Location	December 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Cash flow hedge interest rate swaps	Other liabilities	\$482	\$2,381

#### Cash Flow Hedges

For instruments that are designated and qualify as a cash flow hedge, the effective portion of the gain or loss on the derivative is reported as a component of other comprehensive income ("OCI"), and reclassified into earnings in the same period, or periods, during which the hedged transaction affects earnings. Gains and losses on the derivative representing either hedge ineffectiveness or hedge components excluded from the assessment of effectiveness are recognized in earnings. Approximately \$1,643,000 of losses, which are included in accumulated other comprehensive income ("AOCI"), are expected to be reclassified into earnings in the next 12 months.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

The following presents the impact of derivative instruments on the statement of operations and OCI for the periods presented (dollars in thousands):

		Year Ended					
	Location	D	December 31, 2010		December 31, 2009		December 31, 2008
Gain (loss) on interest rate swap recognized in OCI (effective portion)	n/a	\$	(10,307)	\$	(3,513)	\$	7,669
Gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into income (effective portion)	Interest expense		(2,244)		(971)		(160)
Gain (loss) recognized in income (ineffective portion and amount excluded from							
effectiveness testing)	Realized loss		—		—		(23,393)

On August 7, 2009, we entered into an interest rate swap (the "August 2009 Swap") for a total notional amount of \$52,198,000 to hedge seven years of interest payments associated with long-term LIBOR based borrowings. This swap was terminated on September 30, 2010 for a cash payment of \$6,645,000 which has been deferred and included as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income. The effective portion is being amortized over the remaining term of the original swap as an adjustment to the yield on our LIBOR-based debt. The August 2009 Swap had an effective date of August 12, 2009 and a maturity date of September 1, 2016. The August 2009 Swap had the economic effect of fixing \$52,198,000 at 3.93% plus a credit spread for seven years. The August 2009 Swap had been designated as a cash flow hedge and we expected it to be highly effective at offsetting changes in cash flows of interest payments on \$52,198,000 of long-term debt due to changes in the LIBOR swap rate.

On September 28, 2009, we entered into an interest rate swap (the "September 2009 Swap") for a total notional amount of \$48,155,000 to hedge seven years of interest payments associated with long-term LIBOR based borrowings. This swap was terminated on September 30, 2010 for a cash payment of \$4,365,000 which has been deferred and included as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income. The effective portion is being amortized over the remaining term of the original swap as an adjustment to the yield on our LIBOR-based debt. The September 2009 Swap had an effective date of September 30, 2009 and a maturity date of October 1, 2016. The September 2009 Swap had the economic effect of fixing \$48,155,000 at 3.2675% plus a credit spread for seven years. The September 2009 Swap had been designated as a cash flow hedge and we expected it to be highly effective at offsetting changes in cash flows of interest payments on \$48,155,000 of long-term debt due to changes in the LIBOR swap rate.

On December 31, 2010, we assumed an interest rate swap (the "December 2010 Swap") for a total notional amount of \$12,650,000 to hedge interest payments associated with longterm LIBOR based borrowings. The December 2010 Swap has an effective date of December 31, 2010 and a maturity date of December 31, 2013. The December 2010 Swap has the economic effect of fixing \$12,650,000 at 5.50% plus a credit spread through the swap's maturity. In January 2011, the December 2010 Swap was designated as a cash flow hedge and we expect it to be highly effective at offsetting changes in cash flows of interest payments on \$12,650,000 of long-term debt due to changes in the LIBOR swap rate.

During the year ended December 31, 2008, we recognized a realized loss on derivatives of \$23,393,000 related to forward-starting interest rate swaps that were in place to hedge future debt issuances when the timing of those issuances was revised.

#### Fair Value Hedges

For derivative instruments that are designated as a fair value hedge, the gain or loss on the derivative as well as the offsetting loss or gain on the hedged risk are recognized in current earnings. There were no outstanding fair value hedges at December 31, 2010 or December 31, 2009.

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#### 12. Commitments and Contingencies

We have two outstanding letters of credit issued for the benefit of certain insurance companies that provide workers' compensation insurance to one of our tenants. Our obligation to provide the letters of credit terminates in 2013. At December 31, 2010, our obligation under the letters of credit was \$4,200,000.

We have an outstanding letter of credit issued for the benefit of certain insurance companies that provide liability and property insurance to one of our tenants. Our obligation to provide the letter of credit terminates in 2013. At December 31, 2010, our obligation under the letter of credit was \$1,000,000.

We have an outstanding letter of credit issued for the benefit of a city in Wisconsin that secures the completion and installation of certain public improvements by one of our tenants in connection with the development of a property. Our obligation to provide the letter of credit terminates in October 2013. At December 31, 2010, we had an obligation to provide a letter of credit in the amount of \$215,000.

We have an outstanding letter of credit issued for the benefit of a village in Illinois that secures the completion, installation and maintenance of certain public improvements by one of our partnerships in connection with the development of a property. Our obligation to provide the letter of credit terminates in August 2011. At December 31, 2010, our obligation under the letter of credit was \$67,932.

At December 31, 2010, we had outstanding construction in process of \$356,793,000 for leased properties and were committed to providing additional funds of approximately \$268,055,000 to complete construction. At December 31, 2010, we had contingent purchase obligations totaling \$33,613,000. These contingent purchase obligations relate to unfunded capital improvement obligations. Rents due from the tenant are increased to reflect the additional investment in the property.

We evaluate our leases for operating versus capital lease treatment in accordance with ASC Topic 840 "Leases." A lease is classified as a capital lease if it provides for transfer of ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, contains a bargain purchase option, has a lease term greater than 75% of the economic life of the leased asset, or if the net present value of the future minimum lease payments are in excess of 90% of the fair value of the leased asset. One lease related to a senior housing facility contains a bargain purchase option and has been classified as a capital lease. At December 31, 2010, we had operating lease obligations of \$230,189,000 relating to certain ground leases and company office space. We incurred rental expense relating to company office space of \$1,280,000, \$1,138,000 and \$1,452,000 for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively. Regarding the ground leases, we have sublease agreements with certain of our operators that require the operators to reimburse us for our monthly operating lease obligations. At December 31, 2010, aggregate future minimum rentals to be received under these noncancelable subleases totaled \$32,329,000.

At December 31, 2010, future minimum lease payments due under operating and capital leases are as follows (in thousands):

	Operating L	eases	Сар	ital Leases(1)
2011	\$	5,380	\$	604
2012		5,454		622
2013		5,158		640
2014		5,181		660
2015		5,189		8,425
Thereafter		203,827		—
Totals	\$	230,189	\$	10,951

(1) Related assets of \$17,815,000 recorded in real property.

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### 13. Stockholders' Equity

The following is a summary of our stockholder's equity capital accounts as of the dates indicated:

	December 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Preferred Stock, \$1.00 par value:		
Authorized shares	50,000,000	50,000,000
Issued shares	11,349,854	11,474,093
Outstanding shares	11,349,854	11,474,093
Common Stock, \$1.00 par value:		
Authorized shares	225,000,000	225,000,000
Issued shares	147,381,191	123,583,242
Outstanding shares	147,097,381	123,385,317

Preferred Stock. During the year ended December 31, 2008, certain holders of our Series G Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock converted 1,362,887 shares into 975,397 shares of our common stock, leaving 441,313 of such shares outstanding at December 31, 2008. During the year ended December 31, 2009, certain holders of our Series G Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock converted 41,600 shares into 29,771 shares of our common stock, leaving 399,713 of such shares outstanding at December 31, 2009. During the nine months ended September 30, 2010, certain holders of our Series G Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock converted 31, 2009. During the nine months ended September 30, 2010, certain holders of our Series G Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock converted 394,200 shares into 282,078 shares of our common stock, leaving 5,513 of such shares outstanding which were redeemed by us on September 30, 2010. During the three months ended September 30, 2010, the holder of our Series E Cumulative Convertible and Redeemable Preferred Stock converted 74,380 shares into 56,935 shares of our common stock, leaving no such shares outstanding at December 31, 2010.

In July 2003, we closed a public offering of 4,000,000 shares of 7.875% Series D Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock. These shares have a liquidation value of \$25.00 per share. Dividends are payable quarterly in arrears. The preferred stock, which has no stated maturity, may be redeemed by us at a redemption price of \$25.00 per share, plus accrued and unpaid dividends on such shares to the redemption date, on or after July 9, 2008.

In September 2004, we closed a public offering of 7,000,000 shares of 7.625% Series F Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock. These shares have a liquidation value of \$25.00 per share. Dividends are payable quarterly in arrears. The preferred stock, which has no stated maturity, may be redeemed by us at a redemption price of \$25.00 per share, plus accrued and unpaid dividends on such shares to the redemption date, on or after September 14, 2009.

During the three months ended December 31, 2010, we issued 349,854 shares of 6.00% Series H Cumulative Convertible and Redeemable Preferred Stock in connection with a business combination. These shares have a liquidation value of \$25.00 per share. Dividends are payable quarterly in arrears. The preferred stock, which has no stated maturity, may be redeemed by us at a redemption price of \$25.00 per share, plus accrued and unpaid dividends on such shares to the redemption date, on or after December 31, 2015. See Note 3 for additional information.



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Common Stock. The following is a summary of our common stock issuances during the periods indicated (dollars in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Shares Issued	Aver	Average Price		Gross Proceeds		t Proceeds
March 2008 public issuance	3,000,000	\$	41.44	\$	124,320	\$	118,555
July 2008 public issuance	4,600,000		44.50		204,700		193,157
September 2008 public issuance	8,050,000		48.00		386,400		369,699
2008 Dividend reinvestment plan issuances	1,546,074		43.37		67,055		67,055
2008 Equity shelf program issuances	794,221		39.28		31,196		30,272
2008 Option exercises	118,895		29.83		3,547		3,547
2008 Totals	18,109,190			\$	817,218	\$	782,285
February 2009 public issuance	5,816,870	\$	36.85	\$	214,352	\$	210,880
September 2009 public issuance	9,200,000		40.40		371,680		356,554
2009 Dividend reinvestment plan issuances	1,499,497		37.22		55,818		55,818
2009 Equity shelf program issuances	1,952,600		40.69		79,447		77,605
2009 Option exercises	96,166		38.23		3,676		3,676
2009 Totals	18,565,133			\$	724,973	\$	704,533
September 2010 public issuance	9,200,000	\$	45.75	\$	420,900	\$	403,921
December 2010 public issuance	11,500,000		43.75		503,125		482,448
2010 Dividend reinvestment plan issuances	1,957,364		43.95		86,034		86,034
2010 Equity shelf program issuances	431,082		44.94		19,371		19,013
2010 Option exercises	129,054		31.17		4,022		4,022
2010 Totals	23,217,500			\$	1,033,452	\$	995,438

Dividends. The following is a summary of our dividend payments (dollars in thousands, except per share amounts):

	 Year Ended December 31, 2010 December 31, 2009					19	December 31, 2008				
	Per Share		Amount		Per Share		Amount	_	Per Share	.1 01, 20	Amount
Common Stock	\$ 2.74000	\$	348,578	\$	2.72000	\$	311,760	\$	2.70000	\$	253,659
Series D Preferred Stock	1.96875		7,875		1.96875		7,875		1.96875		7,875
Series E Preferred Stock	1.12500		94		1.50000		112		1.50000		112
Series F Preferred Stock	1.90625		13,344		1.90625		13,344		1.90625		13,344
Series G Preferred Stock	1.40640		332		1.87500		748		1.87500		1,870
Totals		\$	370,223			\$	333,839			\$	276,860

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ---- (Continued)

### Comprehensive Income

The following is a summary of accumulated other comprehensive income/(loss) as of the dates indicated (in thousands):

	December 31, 201	<u>)                                    </u>	December 31, 2009
Unrecognized gains (losses) on cash flow hedges	\$	(9,969)	\$ (1,907)
Unrecognized gains (losses) on equity investments		(497)	(550)
Unrecognized actuarial gains (losses)		(633)	(434)
Totals	\$ (	11,099)	\$ (2,891)

The following is a summary of comprehensive income/(loss) for the periods indicated (in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,						
	_	2010		2009		2008	
Unrecognized gains (losses) on cash flow hedges	\$	(8,063)	\$	(2,542)	\$	7,829	
Unrecognized gains (losses) on equity investments		54		487		(846)	
Unrecognized actuarial gains (losses)		(199)		277		(715)	
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	_	(8,208)		(1,778)		6,268	
Net income attributable to controlling interests		128,527		193,269		283,299	
Comprehensive income attributable to controlling interests		120,319		191,491		289,567	
Net and comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests		357		(342)		126	
Total comprehensive income	\$	120,676	\$	191,149	\$	289,693	

### Other Equity

Other equity consists of accumulated option compensation expense which represents the amount of amortized compensation costs related to stock options awarded to employees and directors. Expense, which is recognized as the options vest based on the market value at the date of the award, totaled \$1,634,000, \$1,629,000 and \$1,503,000 for the year ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

## 14. Stock Incentive Plans

Our Amended and Restated 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan authorizes up to 6,200,000 shares of common stock to be issued at the discretion of the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. The 2005 Plan replaced the 1995 Stock Incentive Plan and the Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors. The options granted to officers and key employees under the 1995 Plan continue to vest through 2010 and expire ten years from the date of grant. Our non-employee directors, officers and key employees are eligible to participate in the 2005 Plan. The 2005 Plan allows for the issuance of, among other things, stock options, restricted stock, deferred stock units and dividend equivalent rights. Vesting periods for options, deferred stock units and restricted shares generally range from three years for non-employee directors to five years for different and key employees. Options expire ten years from the date of grant.

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## Valuation Assumptions

The fair value of each option grant is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes-Merton option pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions:

	December	31, 2010	Year Ended ember 31, 2009	1	December 31, 2008
Dividend yield(1)		6.28%	7.35%		6.47%
Expected volatility		34.08%	29.40%		20.50%
Risk-free interest rate		3.23%	2.33%		3.42%
Expected life (in years)		7.0	7.0		6.5
Weighted-average fair value(1)	\$	7.82	\$ 4.38	\$	6.25

(1) Certain options granted to employees in 2008 include dividend equivalent rights. The fair value of options with DERs also includes the net present value of projected future dividend payments over the expected life of the option discounted at the dividend yield rate.

The dividend yield represented the dividend yield of our common stock on the dates of grant. Our computation of expected volatility was based on historical volatility. The risk-free interest rates used were the 7-year U.S. Treasury Notes yield on the date of grant. The expected life was based on historical experience of similar awards, giving consideration to the contractual terms, vesting schedules and expectations regarding future employee behavior.

## **Option Award Activity**

The following table summarizes information about stock option activity for the twelve months ended December 31, 2010:

					Year	Ended			
	De	cembe	er 31, 2010	De	cemb	er 31, 2009	De	per 31, 2008	
Stock Options	Number of Shares (000's)		Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number of Shares (000's)		Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number of Shares (000's)		Weighted Average Exercise Price
Options at beginning of year	1,062	\$	37.71	817	\$	38.29	637	\$	35.54
Options granted	280		43.29	366		37.00	307		40.83
Options exercised	(129)		33.58	(96)		38.22	(119)		29.83
Options terminated	(6)		37.82	(25)		44.50	(8)		42.00
Options at end of period	1,207	\$	39.45	1,062	\$	37.71	817	\$	38.29
Options exercisable at end of period	440	\$	37.76	388	\$	35.85	281	\$	33.94
Weighted average fair value of options granted during the period		\$	7.82		\$	4.38		\$	6.25

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The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding at December 31, 2010:

		Options (	Outstanding		Options Exercisable					
Range of Per Share Exercise Prices	Number Outstanding (Thousands)	Weighted Average Exercise Price		Weighted Average Remaining Contract Life	Number Exercisable (Thousands)		Weighted Average ercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contract Life		
\$20-\$30	31	\$	25.67	2.7	31	\$	25.67	2.7		
\$30-\$40	575		36.70	7.5	264		36.38	5.9		
\$40+	601		42.80	8.8	145		42.90	7.6		
Totals	1,207	\$	39.45	8.0	440	\$	37.76	6.2		
Aggregate intrinsic value	\$ 9,892,000				\$ 4,344,000					

The aggregate intrinsic value is calculated as the difference between the exercise price of the underlying options and the quoted price of our common stock for the options that were in-the-money at December 31, 2010. During the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, the aggregate intrinsic value of options exercised under our stock incentive plans was \$1,798,000, \$737,000 and \$2,042,000, respectively (determined as of the date of option exercise). Cash received from option exercises under our stock incentive plans was \$4,022,000, \$3,676,000 and \$3,547,000 for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

As of December 31, 2010, there was approximately \$2,935,000 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested stock options granted under our stock incentive plans. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of four years. As of December 31, 2010, there was approximately \$8,010,000 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested restricted stock granted under our stock incentive plans. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of three years.

The following table summarizes information about non-vested stock incentive awards as of December 31, 2010 and changes for the twelve months ended December 31, 2010:

		Stock Options		Restricted Stock				
	Number of Shares (000's)	Ğ	hted Average rant Date air Value	Number of Shares (000's)		Veighted Average Grant Date Fair Value		
Non-vested at December 31, 2009	675	\$	5.44	405	\$	40.26		
Vested	(181)		5.91	(232)		42.02		
Granted	280		7.82	249		43.28		
Terminated	(6)		7.06	(2)		38.07		
Non-vested at December 31, 2010	768	\$	6.19	420	\$	41.09		

We adopted the fair value-based method of accounting for share-based payments effective January 1, 2003 using the prospective method. Currently, we use the Black-Scholes-Merton option pricing model to estimate the value of stock option grants and expect to continue to use this acceptable option valuation model. We recognize compensation cost for share-based grants on a straight-line basis through the date the awards become fully vested or to the retirement eligible date, if sooner. Compensation cost totaled \$11,823,000, \$9,633,000 and \$8,530,000 for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

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## 15. Earnings Per Share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share (in thousands, except per share data):

	Year Ended December 31,				
	2010	2009	2008		
Numerator for basic and diluted earnings per share — net income attributable to					
common stockholders	\$ 106,8	<b>82</b> \$ 171,1	90 \$ 260,098		
Denominator for basic earnings per share — weighted average shares	127,6	56 114,2	07 93,732		
Effect of dilutive securities:					
Employee stock options	1	25	— 82		
Non-vested restricted shares	4	<b>20</b> 4	05 443		
Convertible senior unsecured notes		7			
Dilutive potential common shares	5	52 4	05 577		
Denominator for diluted earnings per share — adjusted weighted average shares	128,2	08 114,6	12 94,309		
Basic earnings per share	\$0.	<b>84</b> \$ 1.	50 \$ 2.77		
Diluted earnings per share	\$0.	<b>83</b> \$ 1.	49 \$ 2.76		

The diluted earnings per share calculations exclude the dilutive effect of 280,000, 351,000 and 0 stock options for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively, because the exercise prices were more than the average market price. The outstanding convertible senior unsecured notes were not included in the 2009 calculations as the effect of the conversions into common stock was anti-dilutive for that period. The Series H Cumulative Convertible and Redeemable Preferred Stock issued in 2010 were excluded from the calculation for 2010 as the effect of the conversions was anti-dilutive.

## 16. Disclosure about Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate that value.

Mortgage Loans and Other Real Estate Loans Receivable — The fair value of mortgage loans and other real estate loans receivable is generally estimated by discounting the estimated future cash flows using the current rates at which similar loans would be made to borrowers with similar credit ratings and for the same remaining maturities.

Cash and Cash Equivalents - The carrying amount approximates fair value.

Available-for-sale Equity Investments — Available-for-sale equity investments are recorded at their fair value based on publicly available trading prices.

Borrowings Under Unsecured Lines of Credit Arrangements — The carrying amount of the unsecured line of credit arrangement approximates fair value because the borrowings are interest rate adjustable.

Senior Unsecured Notes — The fair value of the senior unsecured notes payable was estimated based on publicly available trading prices.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Secured Debt — The fair value of fixed rate secured debt is estimated by discounting the estimated future cash flows using the current rates at which similar loans would be made with similar credit ratings and for the same remaining maturities. The carrying amount of variable rate secured debt approximates fair value because the borrowings are interest rate adjustable.

Interest Rate Swap Agreements — Interest rate swap agreements are recorded as assets or liabilities on the balance sheet at fair market value. Fair market value is estimated by utilizing pricing models that consider forward yield curves and discount rates.

The carrying amounts and estimated fair values of our financial instruments are as follows (in thousands):

	Decembe	r 31, 2010	Decemb	er 31, 2009
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial Assets:				
Mortgage loans receivable	\$ 109,283	\$ 111,255	\$ 74,517	\$ 74,765
Other real estate loans receivable	327,297	333,003	352,846	354,429
Available-for-sale equity investments	1,103	1,103	5,816	5,816
Cash and cash equivalents	131,570	131,570	35,476	35,476
Financial Liabilities:				
Borrowings under unsecured lines of credit arrangements	\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000	\$ 140,000	\$ 140,000
Senior unsecured notes	3,034,949	3,267,638	1,653,027	1,762,129
Secured debt	1,125,906	1,178,081	620,995	623,266
Interest rate swap agreements	482	482	2,381	2,381

U.S. GAAP provides authoritative guidance for measuring and disclosing fair value measurements of assets and liabilities. The guidance for financial assets and liabilities was previously adopted as the standard for those assets and liabilities as of January 1, 2008. Additional guidance for non-financial assets and liabilities is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008, and was adopted as the standard for those assets and liabilities as of January 1, 2009. The impact of adoption was not significant. The guidance defines fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. The guidance describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value.

Level 1 — Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 — Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities. Interest rate swap agreements are valued using models that assume a hypothetical transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability in the principal market for the asset or liability based on market data derived from interest rates and yield curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, volatilities, prepayment timing, loss severities, credit risks and default rates.

Level 3 — Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

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## Items Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The market approach is utilized to measure fair value for our financial assets and liabilities reported at fair value on a recurring basis. The market approach uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities.

	Fair Value Measurements as of December 31, 2010					
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
Available-for-sale equity investments(1)	\$ 1,103	\$ 1,103	\$ —	\$ —		
Assets held for sale(2)	23,441	—	23,441	—		
Interest rate swap agreements(3)	(482)		(482)			
Totals	\$ 24,062	\$ 1,103	\$ 22,959	\$ —		

(1) Unrealized gains or losses on equity investments are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) at each measurement date

(2) Please see Note 5 for additional information.(3) Please see Note 11 for additional information.

## Items Measured at Fair Value on a Nonrecurring Basis

In addition to items that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis, we also have assets and liabilities in our balance sheet that are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis. As these assets and liabilities are not measured at fair value on a recurring basis, they are not included in the tables above. Assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis include assets acquired and liabilities assumed in business combinations (see Note 3) and asset impairments (see Note 5 for impairments of real property and Note 6 for impairments of loans receivable). We have determined that the fair value measurements included in each of these assets and liabilities rely primarily on Company-specific inputs and our assumptions about the use of the assets and settlement of liabilities, as observable inputs are not available. As such, we have determined that each of these fair value measurements generally reside within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. We estimate the fair value of real estate using unobservable data such as net operating income and estimated capitalization and discout rates. We also consider local and national industry market data including comparable sales, and commonly engage an external real estate appraiser to assist us in our estimation of fair value.

## 17. Segment Reporting

We invest in senior housing and health care real estate. We evaluate our business and make resource allocations on our two business segments — senior housing and care and medical facilities. Our primary senior housing and care properties include skilled nursing facilities, assisted living facilities, independent living/continuing care retirement communities and combinations thereof. Under the senior housing and care segment, we invest in senior housing and health care real estate through acquisition and financing of primarily single tenant properties. Excluding our senior housing partnerships (please see Note 3 for additional information), properties acquired are primarily leased under triple-net leases and we are not involved in the management of the property. Our primary medical facility properties include medical office buildings, hospitals and life science buildings. Our medical office buildings are typically leased to multiple tenants and generally require a certain level of property management. Our hospital investments are structured similar to our senior housing and care investments. Our life science investments represent investments in an unconsolidated joint venture (see Note 7 for additional information). The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies (in Note 2 to our audited consolidated financial statements). There are no intersegment sales or transfers. We evaluate performance based upon net operating income of the combined properties in each segment. Non-segment revenue consists mainly of interest income on non-real estate investments and other income. Non-segment assets consist of corporate assets including cash, deferred loan expenses and corporate offices and

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equipment among others. Non-property specific revenues and expenses are not allocated to individual segments in determining net operating income.

Summary information for the reportable segments during the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 is as follows (in thousands and includes amounts from discontinued operations):

		Rental Income		ident Fees Services	Interest Income	_	Other Income	R	Total evenues	0	roperty perating xpenses		Net perating ncome(1)	De	eal Estate preciation/ 10rtization	nterest xpense		Total Assets
Year Ended December 31, 2010																		
Senior housing and care	\$	382,904	\$	51,006	\$ 36,176	\$	3,386	\$	473,472	\$	32,621	\$	440,851	\$	126,717	\$ 22,905	\$	5,837,312
Medical facilities(2)		220,506		_	4,679		985		226,170		53,844		172,326		75,826	24,926		3,389,441
Non-segment/Corporate		_		_	_		2,874		2,874		_		2,874		_	113,129		224,981
	\$	603,410	\$	51,006	\$ 40,855	\$	7,245	\$	702,516	\$	86,465	\$	616,051	\$	202,543	\$ 160,960	\$	9,451,734
Year Ended December 31, 2009	-		-					_										
Senior housing and care	\$	358,109	\$	_	\$ 35,945	\$	5,309	\$	399,363	\$	_	\$	399,363	\$	101,300	\$ 12,622	\$	4,135,065
Medical facilities		181,802		_	4,940		9,368		196,110		48,965		147,145		63,623	20,584		2,140,044
Non-segment/Corporate	_	_		_		_	1,170		1,170		_	_	1,170		_	 76,566	_	92,077
	\$	539,911	\$	_	\$ 40,885	\$	15,847	\$	596,643	\$	48,965	\$	547,678	\$	164,923	\$ 109,772	\$	6,367,186
Year Ended December 31, 2008																		
Senior housing and care	\$	345,053	\$	-	\$ 35,143	\$	5,994	\$	386,190	\$	-	\$	386,190	\$	98,675	\$ 7,176		
Medical facilities		177,128		_	4,920		2,835		184,883		46,629		138,254		64,370	21,828		
Non-segment/Corporate	_	_		_		_	1,692		1,692		_	_	1,692		_	 112,055		
	\$	522,181	\$	_	\$ 40,063	\$	10,521	\$	572,765	\$	46,629	\$	526,136	\$	163,045	\$ 141,059		

Net operating income ("NOI") is used to evaluate the operating performance of our properties. We define NOI as total revenues, including tenant reimbursements, less property level operating expenses, which exclude depreciation and amortization, general and administrative expenses, impairments and interest expense. We believe NOI provides investors relevant and useful information because it measures the operating performance of our properties at the property level on an undevraged basis. We use NOI to make decisions about resource allocations and to assess the property level performance of our properties.
 Excludes income and expense amounts related to our life science buildings held in an unconsolidated joint venture. Please see Note 7 for additional information.

#### 18. Income Taxes and Distributions

To qualify as a real estate investment trust for federal income tax purposes, at least 90% of taxable income (excluding 100% of net capital gains) must be distributed to stockholders. Real estate investment trusts that do not distribute a certain amount of current year taxable income in the current year are also subject to a 4% federal excise tax. The main differences between undistributed net income for federal income tax purposes and financial statement purposes are the recognition of straight-line rent for reporting purposes, differing useful lives and depreciation and amortization methods for real property and the provision for loan losses for reporting purposes versus bad debt expense for tax purposes.

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Cash distributions paid to common stockholders, for federal income tax purposes, are as follows:

		Year Ended December 31,			
	2010	2009	2008		
Per Share:					
Ordinary income	\$ 0.777	4 \$ 1.9865	\$ 1.6196		
Return of capital	1.740	8 0.4864	0.8904		
Long-term capital gains	0.019	0 —	—		
1250 gains	0.202	8 0.2471	0.1900		
Totals	\$ 2.740	<b>0</b> \$ 2.7200	\$ 2.7000		

At December 31, 2010, we had U.S. federal tax losses from our taxable REIT subsidiaries ("TRS") of \$19,812,000, as well as apportioned state tax losses of \$17,137,000 available for carryforward. Valuation allowances have been established for these assets based upon our assessment, as it is more likely than not that such assets may not be realized. The U.S. federal and state tax loss carryforwards expire from 2011 through 2030.

Tax expense reflected in the financial statements represents state and local income taxes.

As a result of certain acquisitions, we are subject to corporate level taxes for related asset dispositions for the period December 30, 2010 through December 30, 2020 ("built-in gains tax"). The amount of income potentially subject to this special corporate level tax is generally equal to (a) the excess of the fair value of the asset as of December 31, 2010 over its adjusted tax basis as of December 31, 2010, or (b) the actual amount of gain, whichever of (a) and (b) is lower. Some but not all gains recognized during this period of time could be offset by available net operating losses and capital loss carryforwards. We have not recorded a deferred tax liability as a result of the potential built-in gains tax based on our intentions with respect to such properties and available tax planning strategies.

Under the provisions of the REIT Investment Diversification and Empowerment Act of 2007 ("RIDEA"), for taxable years beginning after July 30, 2008, the REIT may lease "qualified health care properties" on an arm's-length basis to a taxable REIT subsidiary if the property is operated on behalf of such subsidiary by a person who qualified as an "eligible independent contractor." Generally, the rent received from the TRS will meet the related party rent exception and will be treated as "rents from real property." A "qualified health care property" includes real property and any personal property that is, or is necessary or incidental to the use of, a hospital, nursing facility, assisted living facility, congregate care facility, qualified continuing care facility, or other licensed facility which extends medical or nursing or ancillary services to patients.

We entered into two joint ventures in 2010 that were structured under RIDEA. Resident level rents and related operating expenses for these facilities are reported in the consolidated financial statements and are subject to federal taxes as the operations of such facilities are included in a TRS. Certain net operating loss carryforwards could be utilized to offset taxable income in future years.

#### 19. Retirement Arrangements

Under the retirement plan and trust (the "401(k) Plan"), eligible employees may make contributions, and we may make matching contributions and a profit sharing contribution. Our contributions to the 401(k) Plan totaled \$1,341,000, \$1,201,000 and \$1,013,000 in 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

We have a Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan ("SERP"), a non-qualified defined benefit pension plan, which provides one executive officer with supplemental deferred retirement benefits. The SERP provides an opportunity for participants to receive retirement benefits that cannot be paid under our tax-qualified plans because of the restrictions imposed by ERISA and the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Benefits are based on compensation and length of service and the SERP is unfunded. We expect to contribute \$1,500,000 to the SERP

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during the 2011 fiscal year. Benefit payments are expected to total \$2,367,000 during the next five fiscal years and \$2,410,000 thereafter. We use a December 31 measurement date for the SERP. The accrued liability on our balance sheet for the SERP was \$4,066,000 at December 31, 2010 (\$3,287,000 at December 31, 2009).

The following tables provide a reconciliation of the changes in the SERP's benefit obligations and a statement of the funded status for the periods indicated (in thousands):

0	1	0	0			``		·	
							<u>ear Ended D</u> 2010		er 31, 2009
Reconciliation of benefit of	obligation:								
Obligation at January 1						\$	3,287	\$	3,109
Service cost							413		389
Interest cost							115		164
Actuarial (gain) loss							251		434
Benefit Payments							—		(29)
Curtailments							_		(780)
Obligation at December	r 31					\$	4,066	\$	3,287
					-	20	Decembe		:009
Funded status:									
Funded status at Decem					5	\$4	,066	\$	(3,287)
Unrecognized (gain) los	SS						_		
Prepaid (accrued) benef	ît cost					\$ 4	,066	\$	(3,287)

The following table shows the components of net periodic benefit costs for the periods indicated (in thousands):

		r Ended
		mber 31,
	2010	2009
Service cost	\$ 413	\$ 389
Interest cost	115	164
Curtailment income	-	(87)
Net actuarial (gain) loss	52	16
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 580	16 \$ 482

The following table provides information for the SERP, which has an accumulated benefit in excess of plan assets (in thousands):

	Decem	ber 31,
	2010	2009
Projected benefit obligation	\$4,066	\$3,287
Accumulated benefit obligation	2,938	2,956
Fair value of assets	n/a	n/a

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

The following table reflects the weighted-average assumptions used to determine the benefit obligations and net periodic benefit cost for the SERP:

	Benefit Oblig	gations	Net Periodic I	Benefit Cost
	December	31,	Year Ended D	ecember 31,
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Discount rate	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%	6.25%
Rate of compensation increase	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%
Expected long-term return on plan assets	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

#### Quarterly Results of Operations (Unaudited) 20.

The following is a summary of our unaudited quarterly results of operations for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 (in thousands, except per share data). The sum of individual quarterly amounts may not agree to the annual amounts included in the consolidated statements of income due to rounding.

				Year Ended I	December 31	, 2010		
	_	1st Quarter	21	nd Quarter	3r	d Quarter(2)	<u>4t</u>	h Quarter
Revenues — as reported	\$	152,759	\$	163,131	\$	176,146	\$	202,456
Discontinued operations		(5,412)		(5,412)		(3,137)		_
Revenues — as adjusted(1)	\$	147,347	\$	157,719	\$	173,009	\$	202,456
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$	25,812	\$	45,646	\$	(4,563)	\$	39,988
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders per share:								
Basic	\$	0.21	\$	0.37	\$	(0.04)	\$	0.29
Diluted		0.21		0.37		(0.04)		0.29

				Year Ended I	December 31,	2009		
	1	st Quarter	21	nd Quarter	3rd	Quarter(3)	4	th Quarter
Revenues — as reported	\$	144,328	\$	141,686	\$	145,098	\$	147,261
Discontinued operations		(10,607)		(7,772)		(8,044)		(5,858)
Revenues — as adjusted(1)	\$	133,721	\$	133,914	\$	137,054	\$	141,403
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$	61,119	\$	59,240	\$	19,130	\$	31,700
Net income attributable to common stockholders per share:								
Basic	\$	0.56	\$	0.53	\$	0.17	\$	0.26
Diluted		0.56		0.53		0.17		0.26

We have reclassified the income attributable to the properties sold subsequent to January 1, 2002 and attributable to the properties held for sale at December 31, 2010 to discontinued operations. See Note 5.
 The decreases in net income and amounts per share are primarily attributable to provisions for loan losses (\$28,918,000) and transaction costs (\$18,835,000). Additionally, net income differs from amounts previously reported as it includes adjustments for additional expenses attributable to business combination purchase price adjustments that have been retroactively reflected (\$5,687,000).

(3) The decreases in net income and amounts per share are primarily attributable to losses on extinguishment of debt (\$26,374,000).

## 

## 21. Subsequent Events

Line of credit extension On January 24, 2011, we provided notice to KeyBank National Association, as administrative agent, of our desire to extend the \$1.15 billion unsecured line of credit arrangement with a consortium of sixteen banks. Under the terms of the loan agreement, we have the right to extend the revolving line of credit for one year if we are in compliance with all covenants and pay an extension fee of \$1,725,000. As a result of the extension, the line of credit will now expire on August 6, 2012. Please see Note 9 for additional information regarding the line of credit.

Benchmark Senior Living On February 15, 2011, we signed definitive agreements to form an \$890 million partnership with Benchmark Senior Living, which will include 34 senior housing communities. Benchmark is a senior housing operator in New England and will become the largest operator in our portfolio by investment balance. This investment is structured as a RIDEA partnership owned 95% by us and 5% by Benchmark. Benchmark will continue to provide management services to the communities under an incentive-based management contract.

#### Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

Not applicable.

#### Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

#### **Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

An evaluation was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report.

## Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended). The Company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The Company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and the positions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements. Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Management has assessed the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2010 based on the criteria established by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission in a report entitled Internal Control — Integrated Framework. The scope of management's assessment as of December 31, 2010 did not include an assessment of the internal control over financial reporting for the senior housing operating partnerships or the strategic medical office partnership, as discussed in Note 3 to the Company's consolidated financial statements, because they were acquired in business combinations during the year ended December 31, 2010. The acquired businesses represent 15% of total assets at December 31, 2010 and 7% and -2% of revenues and net income, respectively, for the year then ended. The scope of management's assessment on internal control over financial reporting for fiscal 2011 will include the aforementioned acquired operations.

Based on this assessment, using the criteria above, management concluded that the Company's system of internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2010.

The independent registered public accounting firm of Ernst & Young LLP, as auditors of the Company's consolidated financial statements, has issued an attestation report on the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

## **Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

No change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) occurred during the fourth quarter of the one-year period covered by this report that materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.



#### Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

The Board of Directors and Shareholders of Health Care REIT, Inc.

We have audited Health Care REIT, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2010, based on criteria established in Internal Control — Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (the COSO criteria). Health Care REIT, Inc.'s management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting included in the accompanying Management Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit practation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

As indicated in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting, management's assessment of and conclusion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting did not include the internal controls of the Merrill Gardens Partnership, the Senior Star Partnership or the Strategic Medical Office Partnership, which are included in the 2010 consolidated financial statements of Health Care REIT, Inc. and cumulatively constitute 15% of total assets at December 31, 2010 and 7% and -2% of revenues and net income, respectively, for the year then ended. Our audit of the internal control over financial reporting of Health Care REIT, Inc. also did not include an evaluation of the internal control over financial reporting of the aforementioned partnerships because they were acquired in business combinations on September 1, 2010, December 30, 2010 and December 31, 2010, respectively.

In our opinion, Health Care REIT, Inc. maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2010, based on the COSO criteria.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheets of Health Care REIT, Inc. as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the related consolidated statements of income, equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2010 of Health Care REIT, Inc. and our report dated February 25, 2011 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Toledo, Ohio February 25, 2011

## Item 9B. Other Information

None

#### PART III

## Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

The information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference to the information under the headings "Election of Directors," "Executive Officers," "Board and Committees," "Communications with the Board" and "Security Ownership of Directors and Management and Certain Beneficial Owners — Section 16(a) Compliance" in our definitive proxy statement, which will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") prior to April 30, 2011.

We have adopted a Code of Business Conduct & Ethics that applies to our directors, officers and employees. The code is posted on the Internet at www.hcreit.com. Any amendment to, or waivers from, the code that relate to any officer or director of the Company will be promptly disclosed on the Internet at www.hcreit.com.

In addition, the Board has adopted charters for the Audit, Compensation and Nominating/Corporate Governance Committees. These charters are posted on the Internet at www.hcreit.com.

#### Item 11. Executive Compensation

The information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference to the information under the headings "Executive Compensation," "Compensation Committee Report" and "Director Compensation" in our definitive proxy statement, which will be filed with the Commission prior to April 30, 2011.

## Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

The information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference to the information under the headings "Security Ownership of Directors and Management and Certain Beneficial Owners" and "Equity Compensation Plan Information" in our definitive proxy statement, which will be filed with the Commission prior to April 30, 2011.

#### Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions and Director Independence

The information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference to the information under the headings "Board and Committees — Independence and Meetings" and "Certain Relationships and Related Transactions" in our definitive proxy statement, which will be filed with the Commission prior to April 30, 2011.

## Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services

The information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference to the information under the headings "Ratification of the Appointment of the Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm" and "Pre-Approval Policies and Procedures" in our definitive proxy statement, which will be filed with the Commission prior to April 30, 2011.

## Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

(a) 1. Our Consolidated Financial Statements are included in Part II, Item 8:

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III —Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation

IV —Mortgage Loans on Real Estate

3. Exhibit Index:

- 1.1 Form of Equity Distribution Agreement, dated as of November 12, 2010, entered into by and between the Company and each of UBS Securities LLC, RBS Securities Inc., KeyBanc Capital Markets Inc. and Credit Agricole Securities (USA) Inc. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 1.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed November 15, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 2.1(a) Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of September 12, 2006, by and among the Company, Heat Merger Sub, LLC, Heat OP Merger Sub, L.P., Windrose Medical Properties Trust and Windrose Medical Properties, L.P. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed September 15, 2006 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 2.1(b) Amendment No. 1 to Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of October 12, 2006, by and among the Company, Heat Merger Sub, LLC, Heat OP Merger Sub, L.P., Windrose Medical Properties Trust and Windrose Medical Properties, L.P. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed October 13, 2006 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 3.1(a) Second Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 20, 2000 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 3.1(b) Certificate of Designation, Preferences and Rights of Junior Participating Preferred Stock, Series A, of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 20, 2000 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 3.1(c) Certificate of Amendment of Second Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 20, 2000 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 3.1(d) Certificate of Amendment of Second Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed June 13, 2003 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 3.1(e) Certificate of Designation of 7<sup>7</sup>/<sub>8</sub>% Series D Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 2.5 to the Company's Form 8-A/A filed July 8, 2003 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 3.1(f) Certificate of Designation of 7<sup>5</sup>/<sub>8</sub>% Series F Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 2.5 to the Company's Form 8-A filed September 10, 2004 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).

- 3.1(g) Certificate of Amendment of Second Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.9 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed August 9, 2007 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 3.1(h) Certificate of Change of Location of Registered Office and of Registered Agent of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed August 6, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 3.1(i) Certificate of Designation of 6% Series H Cumulative Convertible and Redeemable Preferred Stock of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed January 11, 2011 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 3.2 Second Amended and Restated By-Laws of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed October 29, 2007 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.1(a) Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed September 9, 2002 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.1(b) Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated as of September 6, 2002, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed September 9, 2002 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
   4.1(c) Amendment No. 1, dated March 12, 2003, to Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated as of September 6, 2002, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6,
- 2002, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed March 14, 2003 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.1(d) Supplemental Indenture No. 2, dated as of September 10, 2003, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed September 24, 2003 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.1(e) Amendment No. 1, dated September 16, 2003, to Supplemental Indenture No. 2, dated as of September 10, 2003, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.4 to the Company's Form 8-K filed September 24, 2003 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.1(f) Supplemental Indenture No. 3, dated as of October 29, 2003, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed October 30, 2003 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.1(g) Amendment No. 1, dated September 13, 2004, to Supplemental Indenture No. 3, dated as of October 29, 2003, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., as successor to Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed September 13, 2004 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.1(h) Supplemental Indenture No. 4, dated as of April 27, 2005, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed April 28, 2005 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.1(i) Supplemental Indenture No. 5, dated as of November 30, 2005, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed November 30, 2005 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.2(a) Indenture, dated as of November 20, 2006, between the Company and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed November 20, 2006 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).

- 4.2(b) Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated as of November 20, 2006, between the Company and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed November 20, 2006 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.2(c) Supplemental Indenture No. 2, dated as of July 20, 2007, between the Company and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed July 20, 2007 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.3(a) Indenture, dated as of March 15, 2010, between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed March 15, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
  4.3(b) Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated as of March 15, 2010, between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed March 15, 2010, between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company
- 4.3(b) Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated as of March 15, 2010, between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed March 15, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.3(c) Amendment No. 1 to Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated as of June 18, 2010, between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Form 8-K filed June 18, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).

4.3(d) Supplemental Indenture No. 2, dated as of April 7, 2010, between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed April 7, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).

- 4.3(e) Amendment No. 1 to Supplemental Indenture No. 2, dated as of June 8, 2010, between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Form 8-K filed June 8, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.3(f) Supplemental Indenture No. 3, dated as of September 10, 2010, between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed September 10, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.3(g) Supplemental Indenture No. 4, dated as of November 16, 2010, between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed November 16, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
  4.4 Form of Indenture for Senior Subordinated Debt Securities (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.9 to the Company's Form S-3 (File No. 333-73936) filed November 21,
- 4.4 Form of indenture for Senior Subordinated Debt Securities (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.10 to the Company's Form 5-3 (File No. 353-73936) filed November 21, 2001, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
   4.5 Form of Indenture for Lunior Subordinated Debt Securities (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.10 to the Company's Form 5-3 (File No. 333-73936) filed November
- 4.5 Form of Indenture for Junior Subordinated Debt Securities (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.10 to the Company's Form S-3 (File No. 333-73936) filed November 21, 2001, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 10.1 Fourth Amended and Restated Loan Agreement, dated as of August 6, 2007, by and among the Company and certain of its subsidiaries, the banks signatory thereto, KeyBank National Association, as administrative agent, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., as syndication agent, and UBS Securities LLC, Bank of America, N.A., JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Calyon New York Branch, Barclays Bank PLC and Fifth Third Bank, as documentation agents (filed with the SEC as Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed August 9, 2007 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- Health Care REIT, Inc. Interest Rate & Currency Risk Management Policy adopted on May 6, 2004 (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.6 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed July 23, 2004 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
   The 1995 Stock Incentive Plan of Health Care REIT, Inc. (filed with the Commission as Appendix II to the Company's Proxy Statement for the 1995 Annual Meeting of
- 10.3(a) The 1995 Stock incentive Plan of Health Care KELL, inc. (filed with the Commission as Appendix 11 to the Company's Proxy Statement for the 1995 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, filed September 29, 1995 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*

10.3(c) Second Amendment to the 1995 Stock Incentive Plan of Health Care REIT, Inc. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Form S-8 (File No. 333-73916) filed November 21, 2001, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*

<sup>10.3(</sup>b) First Amendment to the 1995 Stock Incentive Plan of Health Care REIT, Inc. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form S-8 (File No. 333-40771) filed November 21, 1997, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*

10.3(d)

2004 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto). 10.3(e) Form of Stock Option Agreement for Executive Officers under the 1995 Stock Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.17 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 16, 2005 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\* 10.4(a) Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors of Health Care REIT, Inc. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed May 10, 2004 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\* First Amendment to the Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors of Health Care REIT, Inc. effective April 21, 1998 (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.2 to the 10.4(b)Company's Form 10-Q filed May 10, 2004 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\* Form of Stock Option Agreement under the Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Form 10-Q/A filed 10.4(c) October 27, 2004 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\* Amended and Restated Health Care REIT, Inc. 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Appendix A to the Company's Proxy Statement for the 2009 10.5(a) Annual Meeting of Stockholders, filed March 25, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\* 10.5(b) Form of Stock Option Agreement (with Dividend Equivalent Rights) for the Chief Executive Officer under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.18 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2006 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\* 10.5(c) Form of Amendment to Stock Option Agreements (with Dividend Equivalent Rights) for the Chief Executive Officer under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.6 to the Company's Form 8-K filed January 5, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\* 10.5(d) Form of Stock Option Agreement (with Dividend Equivalent Rights) for the Chief Executive Officer under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.8 to the Company's Form 8-K filed January 5, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\* Form of Stock Option Agreement (with Dividend Equivalent Rights) for Executive Officers under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as 10.5(e) Exhibit 10.19 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2006 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\* 10.5(f) Form of Amendment to Stock Option Agreements (with Dividend Equivalent Rights) for Executive Officers under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.7 to the Company's Form 8-K filed January 5, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto). Form of Stock Option Agreement (with Dividend Equivalent Rights) for Executive Officers under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as 10.5(g) Exhibit 10.9 to the Company's Form 8-K filed January 5, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\* Form of Stock Option Agreement (without Dividend Equivalent Rights) for the Chief Executive Officer under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the 10.5(h) Commission as Exhibit 10.20 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2006 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\* Form of Stock Option Agreement (without Dividend Equivalent Rights) for the Chief Executive Officer under the Amended and Restated 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan 10.5(i) (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed May 10, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).4

Third Amendment to the 1995 Stock Incentive Plan of Health Care REIT, Inc. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.15 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 12,

(filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed May 10, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\* 10.5(j) Form of Stock Option Agreement (without Dividend Equivalent Rights) for Executive Officers under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.21 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2006 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*

10.5(k) Form of Stock Option Agreement (without Dividend Equivalent Rights) for Executive Officers under the Amended and Restated 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed May 10, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*

10.5(l)Form of Restricted Stock Agreement for the Chief Executive Officer under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.22 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2006 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\* 10.5(m) Form of Restricted Stock Agreement for Executive Officers under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.23 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2006 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\* 10.5(n) Form of Restricted Stock Agreement for the Chief Executive Officer under the Amended and Restated 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed May 10, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\* 10.5(o)Form of Restricted Stock Agreement for Executive Officers under the Amended and Restated 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed May 10, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\* Form of Deferred Stock Unit Grant Agreement for Non-Employee Directors under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.24 to the 10.5(p) Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2006 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\* Form of Amendment to Deferred Stock Unit Grant Agreements for Non-Employee Directors under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.10 to the Company's Form 8-K filed January 5, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\* 10.5(q) 10.5(r) Form of Deferred Stock Unit Grant Agreement for Non-Employee Directors under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.11 to the Company's Form 8-K filed January 5, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\* 10.5(s) Form of Deferred Stock Unit Grant Agreement for Non-Employee Directors under the Amended and Restated 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.5 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed May 10, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\* Fifth Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated December 2, 2010, by and between the Company and George L. Chapman (filed with the Commission as 10.6 Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed December 8, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\* Second Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated December 29, 2008, between the Company and Scott A. Estes (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.4 to 10.7 the Company's Form 8-K filed January 5, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\* 10.8 Second Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated December 29, 2008, between the Company and Charles J. Herman, Jr. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit

10.3 to the Company's Form 8-K filed January 5, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
 10.9 Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated December 29, 2008, between the Company and Jeffrey H. Miller (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.8 to the

Company's Form 10-K filed March 2, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\* 10.10 Employment Agreement, dated January 19, 2009, between the Company and John T. Thomas (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.10 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 2, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*

<sup>10.11</sup> Third Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated December 29, 2008, between the Company and Erin C. Ibele (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.11 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 2, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*

<sup>10.12</sup> Second Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated December 29, 2008, between the Company and Daniel R. Loftus (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.12 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 2, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*

<sup>10.13</sup> Amended and Restated Consulting Agreement, dated December 29, 2008, between the Company and Fred S. Klipsch (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.5 to the Company's Form 8-K filed January 5, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*

<sup>10.14</sup> Amended and Restated Consulting Agreement, dated December 29, 2008, between the Company and Frederick L. Farrar (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.14 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 2, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*

- 10.15 Amended and Restated Health Care REIT, Inc. Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan, dated December 29, 2008 (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.12 to the Company's Form 8-K filed January 5, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.16 Form of Indemnification Agreement between the Company and each director, executive officer and officer of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed February 18, 2005 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.17 Summary of Director Compensation.\*
- Statement Regarding Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges and Ratio of Earnings to Combined Fixed Charges and Preferred Stock Dividends (Unaudited). Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 14 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 12, 2004 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated 12 14 herein by reference thereto).
- 21 Subsidiaries of the Company.
- 23 Consent of Ernst & Young LLP, independent registered public accounting firm.
- 24.1 Power of Attorney executed by William C. Ballard, Jr. (Director). Power of Attorney executed by Pier C. Borra (Director).
- 24.2
- 24.3 Power of Attorney executed by Thomas J. DeRosa (Director). 24.4 Power of Attorney executed by Jeffrey H. Donahue (Director).
- 24.5 Power of Attorney executed by Peter J. Grua (Director).
- 24.6 Power of Attorney executed by Fred S. Klipsch (Director).
- 24.7 Power of Attorney executed by Sharon M. Oster (Director).
- 24.8 Power of Attorney executed by Jeffrey R. Otten (Director).
- 24.9 Power of Attorney executed by R. Scott Trumbull (Director).
- 24.10 Power of Attorney executed by George L. Chapman (Director, Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and President and Principal Executive Officer).
- Power of Attorney executed by Scott A. Estes (Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer and Principal Financial Officer). Power of Attorney executed by Paul D. Nungester, Jr. (Vice President and Controller and Principal Accounting Officer). 24 11 24.12
- 31.1 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer.
- Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer. 31.2
- 32.1 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 by Chief Executive Officer.
- 32.2 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 by Chief Financial Officer.

Management Contract or Compensatory Plan or Arrangement

(b) Exhibits:

The exhibits listed in Item 15(a)(3) above are either filed with this Form 10-K or incorporated by reference in accordance with Rule 12b-32 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

(c) Financial Statement Schedules:

Financial statement schedules are included on pages 124 through 135.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

# HEALTH CARE REIT, INC.

By: /s/ George L. Chapman

Chairman, Chief Executive Officer, President and Director

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below on February 25, 2011, by the following person on behalf of the Company and in the capacities indicated.

/s/ William C. Ballard, Jr.**	<u> </u>	/s/ Sharon M. Oster**
William C. Ballard, Jr., Director		Sharon M. Oster, Director
/s/ Pier C. Borra**		/s/ Jeffrey R. Otten**
Pier C. Borra, Director		Jeffrey R. Otten, Director
/s/ Thomas J. Derosa**		/s/ R. Scott Trumbull**
Thomas J. DeRosa, Director		R. Scott Trumbull, Director
/s/ Jeffrey H. Donahue**	<u> </u>	/s/ George L. Chapman
Jeffrey H. Donahue, Director		George L. Chapman, Chairman, Chief Executive Officer, President and Director (Principal Executive Officer)
/s/ Peter J, Grua**		/s/ Scott A. ESTES**
Peter J. Grua, Director		Scott A. Estes, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)
/s/ Fred S. Klipsch**		/s/ Paul D. Nungester, Jr.**
Fred S. Klipsch, Director		Paul D. Nungester, Jr., Vice President and Controller (Principal Accounting Officer)
		**By:/s/ George L. Chapman
		George L. Chapman, Attorney-in-Fact
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# SCHEDULE III REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION December 31, 2010

Description         Land         Land         Description         Description <thdescription< th=""> <thdescription< th=""></thdescription<></thdescription<>				ross Amount at Whi rried at Close of Per		Cost Capitalized	ost to Company	Initial C				
Abole Top, N         S         -         S         1,70         S         19,30         S         1,70         S         19,30         S         1,70         S         19,30         S         1,23         19,30         S         1,23         19,30         S         1,23         19,30         S         1,23         19,30         1,23         19,30         14,37           Akon, OH         -         -         630         7,533         185         630         7,70         6,233         -         7,70         9,303         -         7,70         10,70         6,233         -         10,70         6,233         -         10,70         6,233         -         10,70         6,333         -         10,70         6,333         -         10,70         10	Year Year Acquired Built		Ac	Buildings &	Land	Subsequent to Acquisition	Buildings &		_1	ncumbrances	<u>_</u>	Description
Akaona         —         880         16.112         2.135         880         18.247         4.167           Akaona         —         —         60         6.253         485         600         1.107         1.077         1.077         1.077         1.077         1.077         1.070         6.203         207         208						. ,						
Akan, OH     —     250     6.219     422     290     6.711     1.273       Akno, OH     210     07     253     145     60     7.33     7.33       Akno, OH     200     7.33     7.30     7.33     7.30     7.33       Akno, OH     200.87     -     1.30     7.80     4.33       Akno, OH     4.21     7.30     7.20     7.80     4.33       Akno, OH     4.21     7.72     107     7.30     8.371     1.43       Akno, A     -     330     6.371     1.63     7.30     8.371     1.43       Akno, A     -     330     6.371     1.63     7.80     1.43       Akno, A     -     330     6.371     1.63     7.80     1.43       Akno, A     -     330     6.371     1.63     7.80     1.43       Akno, A     -     230     5.632     1.60     7.80     1.84       Akno, A     -     240     5.642     1.60     5.90     1.64       Akno, A     -     240     5.642     1.60     5.90     1.64       Akno, A     -     240     5.540     1.60     5.90     1.60       Akhon, K     -<	2010 200		\$		\$	\$			\$	-	\$	
Aken, OH         —         630         7.535         185         6.00         7.720         9.77           Managang, M         5.0         1.23         20.80         —         1.00         6.20         207           Managang, M         4.21         2.30         2.723         1107         2.70         7.830         1.03           Manil, N         —         3.50         7.730         1.77         7.83         1.03           Manil, N         —         3.50         7.730         1.77         7.83         1.03           Manil, N         —         3.50         7.80         7.70         1.10         1.03           Manil, N         —         3.30         4.01         1.00         3.50         4.03           Maria M         —         3.20         2.01         5.60         -         2.00         5.60         1.00	2002 1993									—		
Nherville, AL         2,110         170         6,203         —         170         6,203         270           Manadali, NA         —         1,320         2,037         —         1,200         2,033         7,030<	2005 196 2006 191					492				_		
Nhappenpe, NM         5,901         1,270         20,837          1,270         20,837          1,330         7,250         453           Namilo, NX         4,63         2,30         7,830          1,330         7,250         1,70           Namilo, NX          3,30         8,471         1,60         3,290         4,331         4,23           Namilo, NX          330         8,471         1,60         4,31         4,43           Namilo, NX          330         8,471         1,61         3,90         1,66         3,90         1,66,93          400         1,66,93         1,60	2010 191									2 110		
Nacano, M.         -         1,330         7,820         -         1,300         7,820         489           Namalo, M.         -         2,00         7,233         100         200         7,823         1,430           Namalo, M. P. H.         -         3,200         7,831         1,133         330         8,871         1,630         1,430         330         8,871         1,630         4,820         1,402         4,840         1,402         4,840         1,402         4,840         1,402         4,840         1,402         4,840         1,402         4,840         1,402         4,840         1,402         4,840         1,402         4,840         1,402         4,840         1,402         4,840         1,402         4,840         1,402         4,840         1,403         4,840         1,402         4,840         1,402         4,840         1,402         4,840         1,402         4,840         1,402         4,840         1,402         4,840         1,403         4,403         1,403         4,403         1,403         4,403         1,403         4,403         1,403         1,403         1,403         1,410         1,410         1,410         1,410         1,410         1,410         1,410	2010 198	207										
Nilance, Oit         4,621         270         7,233         107         270         7,830         1033           Imaila JR, PL         –         3.20         24,310         19,000         3.20         43,317         42,30           Imaila JR, PL         –         3.20         24,310         19,000         3.20         43,317         42,30           Variats, LA         –         70         6,200         –         70         6,500         1,400           Variats, LA         –         200         5,400         –         200         5,460         1,802           Variats, LA         –         200         5,400         166         200         5,460         182           Variats, LA         –         200         5,500         106         5,50         2,500         2,340         1,503           Variats, CA         –         2,600         5,500         106         460         5,710         975           Variats, CA         –         2,640         28,172         –         2,440         28,172         2,101           Variats, CA         –         15,00         10,070         –         7,00         1,301         1,070         1,070 <td>2008 195</td> <td>459</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>5,501</td> <td></td> <td></td>	2008 195	459								5,501		
hamila, IX         -         540         7,260         -1,70           hania, Kand, PL         -         320         24,310         190.7         3.29         4.317         4.235           hania, Kand, PL         -         310         6.50         -1.30         6.50         1.425           hania, Kand, Ac         -         320         1.653         -         480         1.6,53         1.425           have Max         -         230         5.032         1.65         290         5.138         1.007           habeelik, NC         -         230         5.032         1.65         290         5.277         1.50         1.66         1.66         1.66         1.66         1.66         1.66         1.66         1.66         1.66         1.66         1.66         1.66         1.66         1.66         1.67         1.66         1.66         1.66         1.66         1.66         1.66         1.66         1.66         1.67         1.63         1.467         1.63         1.467         1.63         1.467         1.63         1.467         1.63         1.467         1.63         1.467         1.63         1.467         1.63         1.467         1.63         1.663	2006 198					107				4,621		
Ames, IA       —       330       6,871       —       300       6,871       161         Marsen, SC       —       710       6.290       —       400       6.490       4.400         Marsen, SC       —       200       5.602       —       400       6.490       4.400         Marsen, SC       —       200       5.602       1.650       2.502       2.503       1.652       200       2.307       7.534         Marsen, SC       —       200       1.550       3.52       2.200       2.307       7.534         Marsen, SC       —       200       1.550       1.66       7.50       6.116       979         Maren, AC       —       7.50       5.550       1.66       7.50       6.116       971         Maren, CO       —       2.600       5.500       7.915       2.600       1.821       1.76         Maren, CO       —       1.803       1.4470       —       1.803       1.4470       2.410       1.810       1.810       1.810       1.810       1.810       1.810       1.810       1.810       1.810       1.810       1.810       1.810       1.810       1.810       1.810       1.810	2005 198	1,170		7,260	540	_	7,260	540				Amarillo, TX
hadeson, SC         —         710         6.230         —         710         6.230         4.40           hradh, LA         —         240         5.640         —         240         5.460         16.633         449           hradh, LA         —         240         5.460         —         240         5.460         16.633         449           hradh, LA         —         200         3.489         —         240         5.460         16.633         449           habevills, NC         —         200         3.489         —         240         3.489         1.208         1.542         2.387         5.24           habevills, NC         —         460         5.560         7.951         2.600         1.381         1.787           haron, CO         —         2.400         2.8172         —         2.440         28.172         2.100         1.341         1.787           haron, CO         —         2.400         3.737         3.73         1.870         1.810         1.910         1.910         1.910         1.910         1.910         1.910         1.910         1.910         1.910         1.910         1.910         1.910         1.910 <t< td=""><td>2005 199</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>19,007</td><td>24,310</td><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	2005 199					19,007	24,310			_		
Apple Varials, LA         -         -         480         16.339         -         -         480         16.339         489           Varials, LA         -         -         230         5.032         1.66         290         5.198         1.047           Valento, NC         -         230         3.053         3.22         230         2.307         1.63           Valento, GA         7.997         2.058         1.4914         5.468         2.058         1.640         7.808           Valento, GA         -         7.50         5.5590         1.666         7.50         6.116         9.91           Valento, GA         -         2.600         5.3967         7.91         2.600         3.349           Valento, IX         19.19         880         9.520         3.96         1.803         1.470           Valento, IX         -         1.703         1.8470          7.30         1.819         1.803         1.470           Valento, IX         -         7.70         3.141         5.956         5.60         9.077         1.050           Valento, IX         -         1.503         1.8107         1.503         1.501         1.510	2010 199									-		
hixada, LÁ       —       240       5,460       —       240       5,460       B82         Kakevila, NC       —       204       3,489       —       204       3,489       1,208         Kakevila, NC       —       204       3,489       —       204       3,489       1,208         Kakevila, NC       —       204       3,489       —       204       3,489       1,208         Manna, CA       —       460       5,540       190       460       5,730       975         Manna, CA       —       460       28,172       —       2,440       28,172       —       2,440       28,172       2,100       13,212       2,101         Marona, CO       —       2,460       28,172       —       2,440       28,172       —       2,440       28,172       2,100       13,219       14,70       —       13,310       12,400       12,472       2,100       13,41       5,306       5,909       13,90       14,470       —       13,312       12,410       14,470       —       14,470       14,470       14,470       14,470       14,470       14,470       14,470       14,470       14,450       15,501       14,510       14,5	2003 198											Anderson, SC
290         5,022         166         290         5,198         1,047           Ashevili, NC          280         1,355         532         280         2,307         524           Matria, GA          280         1,451         636         2,630         532         180         6450         5,560         7,815         2,800         5,960         7,915         2,660         1,861         7,893         1,841         5,800         5,960         7,915         2,600         1,862         7,893         1,841         7,893         1,841         7,993         2,400         3,867         1,912         1,813         1,417         2,440         2,8172          2,440         2,8172         2,910         3,843         1,912         3,877         1,912         3,877         1,912         3,877         1,912         3,813         1,910          1,830         1,44,70         2,440         3,843         5,930         9,916         3,839         1,907         1,910         1,930         1,910         1,930         1,910         1,930         1,910         1,930         1,910         1,930         1,910         1,930         1,910         1,930         1,910<	2010 199									8,390		Apple Valley, CA
shkevill, NC         —         204         3.489         —         204         3.489         Lange (A)           Allanis, GA         7.997         2.083         14.914         5.48         2.083         15.462         7.893           Allanis, GA         7.997         2.083         14.914         5.48         2.083         15.462         7.893           Allanis, GA         —         2.600         5.906         7.915         2.600         13.21         1.873           Aurora, CO         —         2.600         5.906         7.915         2.600         13.221         2.101           Aurora, CO         —         2.600         5.906         7.915         2.600         13.821         1.877           Aurora, CO         —         2.600         7.915         2.600         13.821         1.877           Aurora, CO         —         2.600         7.915         2.600         13.821         1.912           Aurora, CO         —         2.600         3.8173         1.877         1.912         1.912           Aurora, CO         —         1.800         5.701         1.740         1.830         1.605           Salich, CH         —         1.800	2006 200									-		
	2003 199 1999 199					166				_		
khana, GA         7.997         2.058         14/914         548         2.058         15,462         7.898           kuburd, GA         —         750         5.590         166         750         6,116         991           kuburd, CO         —         2.600         5.906         7,915         2.600         13,821         1,767           kuron, CO         —         2.600         5.906         7,915         2.600         13,821         1,767           kuron, CO         —         2.600         5.906         7.915         2.600         13,821         1,767           kuron, CO         —         1.819         8.0307         1912         2.000         1,830         14,470         —         1,830         14,470         —         1,830         14,470         2.913         1,4470         2.913         1,4470         2.913         1,4470         2.913         1,4470         2.913         1,4470         2.913         1,4470         2.913         1,4470         2.913         1,4470         2.913         1,4470         2.913         1,4470         1.910         3.513         1,510         1,510         1,510         1,510         1,510         1,510         1,510         1,510	2003 199					252				_		
Alanta, CA          460         5,540         190         460         5,730         975           Narora, CO          2,600         5,905         7,915         2,600         13,821         1,767           Narora, CO          2,440         28,172          2,440         28,172         2,111           Narora, CO          2,440         28,172          2,440         28,172         2,111           Narora, CO          2,440         28,172          2,440         28,172         2,111           Narora, CO          2,400         3,916         3,230         3,66         800         3,916         3,230           Narora, CA          100         1,300          100         1,300         1110         3,300         3,300         1,300         1,410         3,300         1,516         3,3141         5,350         1,516         3,316         6,150         1,110         3,300         1,300         1,410         3,300         1,300         1,410         3,350         1,516         3,300         1,516         3,300         1,516         3,300         1,516         3,300<	1997 199									7 007		
	2005 197											
Auron, CO	2005 198											
Auron, CO         —         2,440         28,172         —         2,440         28,172         2,101           Auxin, TX         19,819         880         9,520         366         880         9,916         3,249           Auxin, TX         10,185         730         18,970         —         730         18,970         1,933         14,470         224           Auxas, CA         —         570         3,141         593         570         9,077         1,050           Sardte-Nille, OK         —         100         1,380         —         100         1,380         1,015         1,350           Sardte-Nille, OK         —         1,200         1,2478         —         1,200         1,310         1,550           Sardte-Nille, OK         —         1,200         1,2478         —         1,200         1,348         1,205           Sardte-Nille, OK         —         1,200         1,2478         —         1,200         1,348         2,2478           Sardte-Nille, OK         —         1,200         1,240         1,449         5,310         1,940         1,831         2,2408           Sardte-Nille, OK         —         1,200         1,700	2006 200									_		
Austin, TX10,1857,3018,9707,3018,9701.912Ausas, CA1,83014,4701.83014,470274Ausas, CA5703,1415,9365709,0771,050Barlte, CH3,767508,7091.89508,8981,205Barlte, SUIL, CK1001,3801001,380570Baytown, TX54011,11054011,110355Bastown, TX1,26023,4781,26023,4785,876Beatryoult, KY1006,9001006,9001,688Beatryoult, KY1006,9001,6001,8312,206Bellinghan, WA10,4291,50019,8611,70016,0077,775Sonoville, IN1105,5101,905,5101,344Sonoville, IN1905,5101905,5101,344Sonoville, IN1707,1571,2901708,4475,916Sonoville, IN1,20010,2411,3701,370Stradettor, FL1,20010,2411,3701,3701,3701,3721,1701,3721,1701,3721,1701,3721,1701,3721,170	2006 200	2,101		28,172	2,440		28,172	2,440		_		Aurora, CO
Nome-1.8314,470-1.83014,470274Avasa, CA-5703,1415,9365709,0771,080Baltic, OH3,787508,709189508,8981,205Saytow, TX9,5534506,150-4506,1501,510Saytow, TX-1,26023,473-1,26023,4735,875Seachwod, OH1,006,900-1,006,9001,088Seathwod, CH1,74018,2605,711,74018,3812,206Seathwod, CH1,006,900-1,9001,986497Seathwod, CH1,9001,986-1,9001,986497Seathwod, CH1,9001,986-1,9001,986497Seathwod, CH1,9001,986-1,9005,5101,344Seathwod, CH1,9005,5101,3445,9161,344Seathwod, CH1,9005,5101,3441,9002,2342,9181,378Seathwod, CH1,0005,5101,3443902,2342,9141,470Seathwod, CH1,0005,5101,3443901,242-1,9001,344Seathwod, CH1,000-1,1001,242-	1999 1998				880	396	9,520					Austin, TX
Azusi, CA         -         -         570         3,141         5936         570         9,077         1060           Barlie, CH         -         100         1,380          100         1,380         570           Barle, CH         -         100         1,380          100         1,380         570           Baytown, TX         -         540         11,110          540         11,110         355           Bachwood, OH         -         1,260         23,773          1,260         23,773          1,260         23,773          1,00         6,900         1,068         586         1,110          1,00         6,900         1,068         586         1,700         16,007          1,700         16,007          1,700         16,007          1,800         2,212         1,242         1,500         5,510         1,344         390         2,212         1,242         1,242         1,502         5,510          190         5,510          190         5,510         1,344         447         5,916          1,502         1,347         5,310	2007 200					_				10,185		Austin, TX
Bahic, OH         3,787         50         8,709         189         50         8,898         1,205           Barlesville, OK         —         100         1,380         —         100         1,380         50           Barlesville, OK         —         450         6,150         —         450         6,150         1,516           Barlesville, OK         —         -         540         11,110         —         540         11,110         355           Beathword, OH         —         1,260         23,478         —         1,260         23,478         5,868           Belleyue, MI         —         1,740         18,831         2,205         3616         —         1,500         19,861         —         1,500         19,861         —         1,500         19,861         —         1,500         19,861         —         1,500         1,810         2,205           Berder DA, FL         —         1,000         1,6007         —         1,700         1,6007         7,725           Berder DA, FL         —         1,000         1,6007         —         1,502         3,516         1,516           Brandenon, FL         —         1,200         1,710<	2010 2004											
Bartle Sville, OK-1001,380-1001,380570Bartown, TX-5406,150-4506,1501,110355Bachwod, OH-1,26023,773-1,26023,773358Beachwod, OH-1,26023,773-1,26023,7731,273Beachwod, OH1,006,9001,0681,068Bellingham, WA10,4291,50019,861-1,50019,861497Bellingham, WA10,4291,50019,861-1,50019,861497Sonville, IN-1,9005,510-1805,5102,229Sonville, IN-1905,510-1905,5101,344Sonville, IN1905,510-1901,5121,502Stradenton, FL-2523,298-2523,2981,3731,502Stradenton, FL-1,2001,7171,2001,7101,747-1,502Stradenton, FL-1,2001,7171,2001,7121,700Stradenton, FL-1,2001,7171,2001,7121,700Stradenton, FL-1,2001,712-1,7001,7271,7001,7271,7001,727	1998 198											
Baytown, TX         9,53         450         6,150          450         1,110          450         1,110          540         1,110          540         1,110          540         1,110          540         1,110          540         1,110          540         1,110          540         1,110          540         1,110          540         1,110          540         1,120         2,378         5,876           Beatryulle, KY          100         6,600          1,600         1,740         18,861         4206           Bellingham, WA          1,00         16,007          1,700         16,007         4775           Bons, ID          100         5,510          190         5,510         1,344           Bonvino Bach, FL          900         8,112          900         8,112         1,500           Brandron, MS          1,70         1,737         1,230         1,717         1,737          1,737           Bridgewater, N1        <	2006 198									3,787		
Bayrown, TX         —         540         11,110         —         540         11,110         355           Beachwood, OH         —         1.260         23,478         —         1.260         23,478         S876           Beachwood, OH         —         1.260         23,478         —         1.00         6,900         1.068           Beachwood, OH         —         1.740         18,860         571         1.740         18,861         497           Bellingham, WA         10.429         1.500         19,861         —         1.500         19,861         497           Boonville, IN         —         1.700         16,007         —         1.700         16,007         775           Sonoville, IN         —         1.900         5,510         —         190         5,510         1.344           Sonoville, IN         —         1.920         1.70         1.7420         1.0241         1.502           Stradenton, FL         —         1.220         1.0241         —         1.220         1.0241         477         5.916           Stradenton, FL         —         630         1.0420         —         847         5.916           Streneton,	1996 199											
Beachwod, OH          1,260         23,478          1,260         23,478         5,876           Beatryville, KY          100         6,500          100         6,500         1,740         18,831         2,206           Bellingham, WA         10,429         1,500         19,861          1,700         16,007         775           Boise, ID          100         5,510          190         5,510         1,344           Borynton Beach, FL          990         8,112          990         8,112         1,500         13,348           Braintree, MA          1700         7,157         1,290         170         8,487         5,916           Braintree, MA          1700         7,157         1,290         170         8,487         5,916           Braintere, MA          1,700         7,157         1,290         170         8,474         5,916           Braintere, MA          1,700         1,737          1,70         1,737          1,70         1,737          1,70         1,737          1,	2002 2000 2009 2000									9,553		
BeatryOlle, KY          100         6,900          100         6,900         1,068           Bellway, WA         10,429         1,500         19,861          1,500         19,861         497           Bellingham, WA         10,429         1,500         19,861          1,500         19,861         497           Bellingham, WA          1,700         16,007          1,700         16,007         775           Boise, ID          190         5,510          190         5,510         1,344           Boyntine, IN          190         5,510          190         8,412         1,502           Braintere, MA          170         7,157         1,290         170         8,447         5,916           Brandon, MS          1,200         1,721         -4         130         1,242         47           Bremeton, WA          1,200         1,712         -4         130         1,420            Brenetor, NA          1,800         3,650          1,800         1,712          Brain on, Siso <td>2009 200</td> <td></td>	2009 200											
Bellevor, WI          1,740         18,861         2,206           Bellingham, WA         10,429         1,500         19,861          1,700         16,007         775           Benke Pak, PA          1,700         16,007         -775         500         19,861         497           Benke Pak, PA          810         5,510          810         5,601         229           Boonville, IN          980         8,112          990         5,510         1,344           Boynton Beach, FL          980         8,112          980         8,112         1,020         170         8,487         1,516           Brantence, MA          170         7,157         1,290         170         8,487         491           Brandron, MS          1,700         1,737          1,707         1,737          506           Brandron, MA          1,700         1,737          1,707         1,737          506         507          507         50,50          508         5090         500         5	2001 193											
Bellingham, WA         10,429         1.500         19,861          1.500         19,861         497           Belhel Park, PA          1,700         16,007          1,700         50,007          1,700         50,007          1,700         5,010          1,700         5,510         2,229         5000          190         5,510          190         5,510         1,344         1,502         1,343         1,502         1,343         1,502         1,343         1,502         1,343         1,502         1,343         1,502         1,343         1,502         1,343         1,502         1,343         1,502         1,530         1,343         1,502         1,530         1,342         1,502         1,530         1,344         1,502         1,530         3,510         1,502         1,530         3,510         1,502 <td>2006 200</td> <td></td>	2006 200											
Bethe Park, PA         -         1,70         16,007         -         1,700         16,007         775           Boons, ID         -         810         5,510         -         810         5,610         1,344           Boonvin Beach, FL         -         990         8,112         -         990         8,112         1,500         1,344           Bradenton, FL         -         920         8,112         -         920         3,281         1,378           Braintree, MA         -         1,700         7,157         1,290         170         8,487         5,916           Bremeton, MS         -         1,20         10,411          1,20         10,241         471           Bremeton, WA         -         1,70         1,737          1,70         1,737            Brick, N(1)         -         630         1,0,420          830         10,420            Brick, N(1)         -         1,70         1,737         -         1,707         1,737          1,70         1,737          1,70         1,737          1,70         1,737          1,70         1,7	2010 199	497					19.861			10.429		
boise, ID         -         -         -         6.10         5.401         -         -         6.10         5.401         2.229           Boownile, IN         -         -         190         5.510         -         190         5.510          190         5.510         1.344           Boynoine Bach, FL         -         -         980         8.112          980         8.112         1.502           Braintere, MA         -         1.70         7.157         1.290         170         8.447         5.916           Braintere, MA         -         1.220         10.241         -         1.230         10.241         47           Bremeton, WA         -         1.300         12.210         1.44         390         2.354         2.411           Bremeton, WA         -         1.300         1.220         -         8.30         10.420         -         8.30         10.420         -         8.30         10.420         -         Braintere, MA         -         1.170         17.372         -         -         1.30         4.2.01         -         1.30         4.2.01         -         1.30         4.2.01         -         1.30	2007 200					_						
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	1998 196					_				_		
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	2002 200									_		Boonville, IN
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	2004 199				980	_				_		
Brandon, MS          1,220         10,241          1,220         10,241         47           Bremerton, WA          390         2,210         144         390         2,354         241           Bremerton, WA          390         2,210         144         390         2,354         241           Bremerton, WA          830         10,420          830         10,420            Brick, NU          1,70         17,372          1,170         17,372            Bridgewater, NJ          1,850         3,050          1,850         3,050         751           Bridgewater, NJ          1,70         4,8,201          1,730         48,201            Bridgewater, NJ          2,40         3,859         2,237         920         14,637         3,135           Bridgewater, NJ          2,60         7,118          260         7,118         1,366           Bridgewater, NL          2,60         4,297         707         280         5,607         1,20	1996 1993					_				-		
Bremerton, WA          -30         2,210         144         -390         2,354         241           Bremerton, WA          830         10,420          830         10,420          830         10,420          830         10,420          830         10,420          830         10,420          830         11,737          11,737          Brick, N(1)         17,372          1500         17,125          6500         17,125          1800         3,050         751         Brick, N(1)          1,730         48,201          1,730         48,201          1,730         48,201          1,730         48,201          1,730         48,201          1,850         5,959         959         505         959         505         959         505         959         505         959         506         3,950         1,453         1,313         1,365         941         1,365         942         1,313         1,365         941         1,305         941         1,326         941         1,316         1,326         1,3	1997 196					1,290				—		
Bremeron, WA       -       830       10,420        830       10,420          Brick, NJ       -       11,70       17,372        11,70       17,372          Brick, NJ       -       690       17,125        690       17,125          Bridgewater, NJ       -       1,850       3,050        1,850       3,050       751         Bridgewater, NJ       -       1,730       48,201        1,730       48,201          Bridgewater, NJ       -       2,400       3,255       2,126       240       5,985       959         Broadview Heights, OH       -       2,00       7,118       -       260       7,118       1,305         Burnlington, NC       -       2,00       7,118       -       260       5,467       1,200         Burlington, NC       -       90       3,510        90       3,510       750         Burlington, NC       -       90       3,510        90       3,610       1,712         Burlington, NC       -       90       3,510        90       3,610       1,712 <td>2010 199</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>	2010 199					_				-		
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2006 199									-		
Brick, N(1)      -	2010 198 2010 199											
Bridgewater, NJ      1,850     3,050      1,850     3,050     751       Bridgewater, NJ      1,730     48,201      1,730     48,201        Bridgewater, NJ      2,740     3,859     2,126     240     5,985     959       Bridgewater, NJ      2,200     12,2400     2,237     920     14,637     3,135       Bunnell, FL      260     7,118      260     7,118     1,396       Burlington, NC      260     7,118      260     5,064     995       Burlington, NC      260     7,118      260     7,118     1,396       Burlington, NC      460     5,467      460     5,467     1,120       Burlington, NC      90     3,510      90     3,510     751       Burlington, NC      90     3,510      90     3,510     751       Burlington, NC      -2,414      90     3,510     751       Burlington, NC       2,414      2,414     1,086       Canton, MA      8,201     263	2010 199											
Bridgewater, NJ      1,730     48,201      1,730     48,201        Bridgewater, NJ      240     3,859     2,126     240     5,985     959       Broadview Heights, OH      240     3,255     2,237     920     14,637     3,135       Burnell, FL      260     7,118      260     7,118     1,366       Burington, NC      260     4,297     707     280     5,064     1995       Burington, NC      460     5,667      460     5,667     1,120       Burte, AL      90     3,510     -750     3,557     43     550     4,000     1,112       Byrdstow, TN      -2,414       2,414     1,066       Canton, MA      8201     263     820     8,646     2,211       Canton, OH      530     3,281      530     3,281     805	2010 199											
Brighton, MA          240         3,859         2,126         240         5,985         959           Brighton, MA          200         12,400         2,237         520         14,637         3,135           Broadview Heights, OH          260         7,118          260         7,118         1,396           Burlington, NC          280         4,297         707         280         5,004         995           Burlington, NC          280         4,297         707         280         5,004         995           Burlington, NC          460         5,467          460         5,467         1,120           Burlington, NC          90         3,510          90         3,510         750           Burle, AL          90         3,557         43         550         4,000         1,1120           Byrdstow, TN          -2,414           2,414         1,086           Canton, OH          820         8,201         263         820         8,464         2,211           Cantot, OH        <	2010 199											
Broadview Heights, OH          920         12,400         2,237         920         14,637         3,135           Brunnell, FL          260         7,118          260         7,118         1,365           Burnley, DC          260         7,118          260         5,047         1,905           Burlington, NC          460         5,467          460         5,467         1,120           Burle, AL          90         3,510          90         3,510         750           Burte, MT          550         3,957         43         550         4,000         1,112           Byrdstow, TN          2,414           2,414         1,066           Canton, MA          820         8,201         263         820         8,464         2,211           Canton, CH          530         3,281          530         3,281         805	2005 198	959				2.126	3,859	240		_		Brighton, MA
Bunnell, FL          260         7,118          260         7,118         1.396           Bunnell, FL          280         4.297         707         280         5,004         995           Burlington, NC          280         5,467          460         5,467         1,120           Burle, AL          90         3,510          90         3,510         750           Burle, MT          550         3,957         43         550         4,000         1,112           Syndstow, TN           2,414           2,414         1,086           Canton, MA          820         8,201         263         820         8,464         2,211           Canton, OH          330         2,098          300         2,098         720           Cape Coral, FL          530         3,281          530         3,281         805	2001 198	3,135		14,637	920		12,400	920		-		Broadview Heights, OH
Burtington, NC          460         5,467          460         5,467         1,120           Burtington, NC          90         3,510          90         3,510         750           Burte, ALT          90         3,510          90         3,510         750           Burte, MT          550         3,957         43         550         4,000         1,112           Syndstown, TN           2,414         -          2,414         1,066           Canton, MA          820         8,201         263         820         8,464         2,221           Canton, OH          300         2,098          300         2,098         720           Cape Cond, FL          530         3,281          530         3,281         805	2004 198	1,396		7,118	260	_	7,118	260		-		Bunnell, FL
Butler, AL          90         3,510          90         3,510         750           Butler, AL           2,614           750           Byter, MT           2,414           2,414         1,066           Canton, MA          820         8,201         263         820         8,464         2,211           Canton, OH          300         2,098          300         2,098         720           Cape Cond, FL          530         3,281          530         3,281         805	2003 200					707				_		
Butte, MT          550         3,957         43         550         4,000         1,112           Byutstown, TN          -2,414          -2,414         1,086           Canton, MA          820         8,201         263         820         8,464         2,221           Canton, OH          300         2,098          300         2,098         720           Cape Coral, FL          530         3,281          530         3,281         805	2003 199					_				_		
Syndstow, TN         -         -         2,414         -         -         2,414         1,066           Canton, MA         -         820         8,201         263         820         8,464         2,211           Canton, OH         -         300         2,095         -         300         2,098         720           Cape Cond, FL         -         530         3,281         -         530         3,281         805	2004 196									-		
Canton, MA          820         8,201         263         820         8,464         2,221           Canton, OH          300         2,098          300         2,098         720           Cape Coral, FL          530         3,281          530         3,281         805	1998 199				550					_		
Canton, OH         —         300         2,098         —         300         2,098         720           Cape Cond, FL         —         530         3,281         —         530         3,281         805	2004 198				0.00							
Cape Coral, FL — 530 3,281 — 530 3,281 805	2002 199 1998 199									_		
	2002 200									_		
	2002 200									_		
Cary, NC — 1,500 4,350 986 1,500 5,336 1,669	1998 199											
Lary, NC – 1,500 4,530 560 1,500 3,550 1,005 1,007 560 1,500 1,500 570 1,007	2002 199									_		Chapel Hill, NC
- Jun 2,000 /03 Jun 3,000 /03	2002 155	, 34		3,423	554	/03	2,040	554		_		Gauper 1114, 190

		Initial C	ost to Company	Cost Capitalized		Gross Amount at Whie Carried at Close of Per	iod		
Description	Encumbrances	Land	Buildings & Improvements	Subsequent to Acquisition (Dollars in thousands)	Land	Buildings & Improvements	Accumulated Depreciation	Year Acquired	Year Built
Chelmsford, MA	_	1.040	10.951	( · · · · · · · · ,	1,040	10,951	2,130	2003	1993
Chickasha, OK	-	85	1,395	_	85	1,395	570	1996	1996
Cincinnati, OH	—	2,060	109,388	—	2,060	109,388	1,404	2007	2010
Litrus Heights, CA	15,578	2,300	31,876	_	2,300	31,876	722	2010	1997
laremore, OK	—	155	1,428	—	155	1,428	563	1996	1996
larksville, TN learwater, FL	—	330 160	2,292	_	330 160	2,292	778 1.281	1998 2004	1998 1961
learwater, FL learwater, FL	—	1,260	7,218 2,740	200	1,260	7,218 2,940	1,281	2004	196
leburne, TX		520	5,369	200	520	5,369	509	2003	2003
leveland, TN		350	5,000	122	350	5,122	1.379	2000	1987
oeur d'Alene, ID	_	600	7,878		600	7,878	2,865	1998	1996
olorado Springs, CO	-	310	6,290	_	310	6,290	1,077	2005	1985
olts Neck, NJ	—	780	14,733	_	780	14,733	_	2010	2002
olumbia, TN	—	341	2,295	—	341	2,295	789	1999	1999
olumbia, TN	—	590	3,787	_	590	3,787	1,019	2003	1974
olumbia, SC	-	2,120	4,860	5,709	2,120	10,569	1,644	2003	2000
olumbus, IN	—	610	3,190	_	610	3,190	59	2010	1998
olumbus, IN		530	5,170	1,540	530	6,710	1,492	2002	200
olumbus, OH	4,254	1,070	11,726	1,204	1,070	12,930	1,801	2005 2006	1968 1983
olumbus, OH olumbus, OH		1,010 1,860	4,931 16.624	91 1,077	1,010 1.860	5,022 17,701	763 2.389	2006	198.
oncord, NC		1,860	16,624 3,921	1,077	1,860	3,976	2,389	2006	1978
onroe, TX		980	5,921		980	7,771	134	2003	2010
orpus Christi, TX	_	307	443	_	307	443	203	2005	1985
orpus Christi, TX		400	1,916		400	1,916	431	2005	1985
rystal Lake, IL	_	840	7,290	_	840	7,290	456	2007	2008
ade City, FL	_	250	7,150	_	250	7,150	1,315	2004	1975
anville, VA	_	410	3,954	722	410	4,676	970	2003	1998
avenport, IA	—	1,403	35,893	1,781	1,403	37,674	1,055	2006	2009
aytona Beach, FL	-	470	5,930	_	470	5,930	1,187	2004	1986
aytona Beach, FL	—	490	5,710	_	490	5,710	1,185	2004	196
eBary, FL	_	440	7,460	_	440	7,460	1,365	2004	1965
edham, MA	—	1,360	9,830		1,360	9,830	2,588	2002	1996
eForest, WI	-	250	5,350	354	250	5,704	540	2007	2006
efuniak Springs, FL eLand, FL	—	1,350 220	10,250 7,080	—	1,350 220	10,250 7,080	1,277 1,307	2006 2004	1980 1967
eLand, FL enton, MD		390	4,010	206	390	4,216	1,307	2004	196
enver, CO	_	2,530	9,514	200	2,530	9,514	1,404	2003	198
enver, CO		3.650	14,906	1,585	3,650	16.491	1,704	2005	1987
enver, CO	_	2,076	13,594		2,076	13,594	422	2007	2009
ouglasville, GA	_	1,350	7,471	_	1,350	7,471	1,778	2003	1975
puglasville, GA	_	90	217	_	90	217	53	2003	1985
rescher, PA	_	2,060	40,236	_	2,060	40,236	_	2010	2001
ublin, OH	19,513	1,680	43,423	_	1,680	43,423	-	2010	1990
urham, NC	—	1,476	10,659	2,196	1,476	12,855	6,977	1997	1999
ist Norriston, PA	-	1,200	28,129	_	1,200	28,129	-	2010	1988
aston, PA	—	285	6,315	—	285	6,315	3,301	1993	1959
len, NC	_	390	4,877		390	4,877	1,018	2003	1998
Paso, TX Paso, TX	—	539 642	8,961 3.958	232 1.100	539 642	9,193 5.058	1,455 831	2005 2005	1970 1969
izabeth City, NC	_	200	3,958 2,760	2,011	200	5,058	1,359	2005	1969
izabeth City, NC izabethton, TN		200	2,760	2,011 336	200	4,7/1 4,940	1,359	2001	1999
izabethton, TN		1,460	4,604 7,721	336	1,460	4,940 7,721	2,346	2001	2000
nglishtown, NJ		1,460	12,520		1,460	12,520	2,340	2000	1993
in. TN		440	8.060	134	440	8,194	2.114	2010	199
igene, OR	-	300	5,316		300	5,316	2,089	1998	1972
verett, WA	_	1,400	5,476	_	1,400	5,476	1,768	1999	1999
irfield, CA	_	1,460	14,040	_	1,460	14,040	3,510	2002	199
irhaven, MA	—	770	6,230	—	770	6,230	1,117	2004	1999
ll River, MA	_	620	5,829	4,856	620	10,685	3,445	1996	1973
yetteville, NY	—	410	3,962	500	410	4,462	1,071	2001	1997
idlay, OH	_	200	1,800	_	200	1,800	677	1997	1997
shers, IN		1,500	14,500	_	1,500	14,500	274	2010	2000
orence, NJ		300	2,978	_	300	2,978	727	2002	1999
orence, AL	7,420	353	13,049	—	353	13,049	353	2010	199
rest City, NC		320	4,497	60	320	4,497 2,550	947 163	2003	199
ork Union, VA ort Pierce, FL		310 440	2,490 3,560	60 117	310 440	2,550 3,677	163	2008 2005	1990 1973
edericksburg, VA	_	1,000	20,000	303	1,000	20,303	3,040	2005	1973
emont, CA	20.302	3,400	20,000	1.427	3,400	20,303	3,040	2005	199
ardnerville, NV	13,121	1,143	10,831	629	1,143	11,460	6,259	1998	190
	13,121	1,143	10,031	029	1,143	11,400	0,235	1550	1355

		Initial Co	ost to Company	Cost Capitalized		Gross Amount at Whie Carried at Close of Per			
Description	Encumbrances	Land	Buildings & Improvements	Subsequent to Acquisition (Dollars in thousands)	Land	Buildings & Improvements	Accumulated Depreciation	Year Acquired	Year Built
Gastonia, NC		470	6,129	(Donars in thousands)	470	6,129	1,247	2003	1998
astonia, NC		310	3,096	22	310	3,118	679	2003	1994
astonia, NC	_	400	5,029	120	400	5,149	1,052	2003	1996
eorgetown, TX	-	200	2,100		200	2,100	776	1997	1997
ig Harbor, WA	6,165	1,560	15,947	_	1,560	15,947	409	2010	1994
ilroy, CA	_	760	13,880	23,860	760	37,740	3,089	2006	2007
pochland, VA	_	350	3,697	_	350	3,697	236	2008	1991
oshen, IN		210	6,120	_	210	6,120	864	2005	2006
raceville, FL	_	150	13,000	—	150	13,000	1,575	2006	1980
and Ledge, MI and Prairie, TX	8,549	1,150 574	16,286 3,426	-	1,150 574	16,286 3,426	668	2010 2005	1999 1982
and Prairie, 1X		1.670	21,280		1.670	21,280	141	2005	2009
aniger, ny		610	7,143	842	610	7,985	4,804	1998	1973
ranite City, IL		400	4,303	707	400	5,010	2,949	1999	1964
eeneville, TN	_	400	8,290	_	400	8,290	1,626	2004	1979
eenfield, WI		600	6,626	328	600	6,954	620	2006	2006
eensboro, NC	_	330	2,970	554	330	3,524	749	2003	1996
eensboro, NC	_	560	5,507	1,013	560	6,520	1,374	2003	1997
eenville, SC	—	310	4,750		310	4,750	873	2004	1997
eenville, SC	_	5,400	100,523	634	5,400	101,157	2,681	2006	2009
reenville, NC	_	290	4,393	168	290	4,561	920	2003	1998
reenwood, IN amden, CT		1,550 1,470	22,770 4,530	_	1,550 1,470	22,770 4,530	150 1,320	2010 2002	2007 1998
amden, C1 amilton, NJ		1,470	4,530	_	1,470	4,530	1,320	2002	1998
anover, IN		210	4,400		210	4,430	847	2001	2000
ardin, IL	_	50	5,350	135	50	5,485	2,968	2002	1996
arleysville, PA	_	960	11,355	_	960	11,355	482	2008	2009
arriman, TN	-	590	8,060	158	590	8,218	2,258	2001	1972
attiesburg, MS	13,100	450	15,518	_	450	15,518	-	2010	2009
verford, PA	_	1,880	33,993	_	1,880	33,993	-	2010	2000
emet, CA		870	3,405	—	870	3,405	326	2007	1996
emet, CA	13,550	1,890	28,606	_	1,890	28,606	703	2010	1988
emet, CA	-	430	9,630		430	9,630	258	2010	1988
nderson, NV nderson, NV		380 380	9,220 4,360	65 41	380 380	9,285 4,401	2,933 1,205	1998 1999	1998 2000
erculaneum, MO	_	127	10,373	393	127	10,766	5,723	2002	1984
ckory, NC		290	987	232	290	1,219	347	2002	1904
gh Point, NC		560	4,443	793	560	5.236	1.091	2003	2000
gh Point, NC	_	370	2,185	410	370	2,595	579	2003	1999
igh Point, NC	-	330	3,395	28	330	3,423	720	2003	1994
igh Point, NC	—	430	4,143	_	430	4,143	863	2003	1998
ghlands Ranch, CO	_	940	3,721	_	940	3,721	921	2002	1999
lliard, FL	—	150	6,990	—	150	6,990	2,499	1999	1990
omestead, FL		2,750	11,750	_	2,750	11,750	1,456	2006	1994
opedale, MA	—	130	8,170	—	130	8,170	1,285	2005	1999
uston, TX	10,183	4,790 860	7,100 18,715	_	4,790 860	7,100 18,715	2,114 1,636	2003 2007	1974 2006
buston, TX buston, TX	10,183	5,090	9,471	_	5,090	18,/15 9,471	435	2007	2006
buston, TX	10.549	630	5,970	750	630	6,720	435	2007	1995
owell, NJ	10,741	1.050	21.703	/30	1.050	21,703	_	2002	2007
iron, OH		160	6,088	1,452	160	7,540	963	2005	1983
itchinson, KS	_	600	10,590	_	600	10,590	1,753	2004	1997
lianapolis, IN	—	495	6,287	22,565	495	28,852	3,309	2006	1981
lianapolis, IN		255	2,473	12,123	255	14,596	1,461	2006	1981
ing, TX	-	1,030	6,823	267	1,030	7,090	436	2007	2008
mestown, TN	_		6,707	-	_	6,707	3,018	2004	1966
ferson, OH	—	80	9,120		80	9,120	1,321	2006	1984
ferson City, MO nesboro, GA	_	370 460	6,730 1,304	301	370 460	7,031 1,304	3,727 281	2002 2003	1982 1992
iesboro, GA	_	460 840	1,304	_	460 840	1,304	281 558	2003	1992
lida, OH		480	8,173		480	8,173	796	2003	2007
lispell, MT	_	360	3,282		360	3,282	1,096	1998	1998
nsas City, MO	6.097	1,820	34.898		1.820	34,898	1,050	2010	1980
nsas City, MO	7,455	1,930	39,997	_	1,930	39,997	_	2010	1986
nner, LA		1,100	10,036	125	1,100	10,161	5,565	1998	2000
nnett Square, PA	_	1,050	22,946		1,050	22,946	-	2010	2008
ennewick, WA	9,320	1,820	27,991	_	1,820	27,991	660	2010	1994
enosha, WI	_	1,500	9,139	_	1,500	9,139	475	2007	2009
ent, WA	-	940	20,318	10,381	940	30,699	2,031	2007	2000
rkland, WA		1,880	4,315		1,880	4,315	893	2003	1996
ssimmee, FL	-	230	3,854	_	230	3,854	710	2004	1972

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aBelle, FL	_	60	4,946	(,	60	4,946	989	2004	1986
Lake Havasu City, AZ	_	450	4,223	_	450	4,223	1,343	1998	1999
ake Havasu City, AZ	_	110	2,244	136	110	2,380	798	1998	1994
ake Placid, FL	_	150	12,850	_	150	12,850	2,415	2004	1984
ancaster, CA	10,763	700	15,295	_	700	15,295	405	2010	1999
awrenceville, VA	-	170	4,780	_	170	4,780	294	2008	1989
ecanto, FL	_	200	6,900		200	6,900	1,217	2004	1986
ee, MA	_	290	18,135	926	290	19,061	4,534	2002	1998
enoir, NC	—	190	3,748	641	190	4,389	910	2003	1998
exington, NC	_	200	3,900	1,015	200	4,915	1,111	2002	1997
ncoln, NE	5,435	390	13,807	—	390	13,807	233	2010	2000
nwood, NJ		800	21,984	_	800	21,984	-	2010	1997
itchfield, CT	—	1,240	17,908	—	1,240	17,908	-	2010	1998
ittle Neck, NY	_	3,350	38,461		3,350	38,461	-	2010	2000
ttleton, MA	—	1,240	2,910	—	1,240	2,910	863	1996	1975
oma Linda, CA		2,214	9,586	_	2,214	9,586	836	2008	1976
ongview, TX		293	1,707		293	1,707	386	2005	1971
ongview, TX	—	610	5,520		610	5,520	534	2006	2007
ngwood, FL	_	480	7,520		480	7,520	1,408	2004	1980
os Angeles, CA	_		11,430			11,430	246	2008	2008
ouisville, KY	—	490	10,010		490	10,010	1,943	2005	1978
ouisville, KY	_	430	7,135	163	430	7,298 4,784	1,990	2002	1974
uisville, KY	-	350	4,675	109	350		1,334	2002	1975
ıfkin, TX anassas, VA		343 750	1,184	-	343 750	1,184	389	2005 2003	1919 1996
anassas, vA anchester, NH	_	750 340	7,446 4,360	159	750 340	7,446 4,519	1,473 681	2003	1996
	_	660		159					
ansfield, TX	6,445	1,300	5,251 12,125	1,309	660 1,300	5,251 13,434	513	2006 2005	2007 1985
anteca, CA argate, FL	0,445	1,300	7,303	2,459	1,500	9,762	1,677 6,606	1998	1985
argate, FL arianna, FL	—	340	8,910	2,439	340	8,910	1,076	2006	1972
arianna, FL artinsville, VA	—	340	6,910		340	8,910	1,070	2008	1997
arysville, CA	_	450	4,172	44	450	4,216	1,176	1998	1999
arysville, WA	4,775	620	4,172	229	620	5,009	926	2003	1999
atthews, NC	4,775	560	4,738	229	560	4,738	1,021	2003	1998
cConnelsville, OH		190	7,060	_	190	7,060	40	2003	1996
cHenry, IL		1,632	7,000		1,632	7,000	40	2010	1540
cHenry, IL		3,550	15.300	6.718	3,550	22.018	1.962	2000	2004
cKinney, TX		1,570	7,389	0,718	1,570	7,389	162	2009	2010
elbourne, FL	_	7,070	48,257	970	7,070	49,227	1,934	2007	2009
elville. NY		4,280	73,283	570	4,280	73,283	1,554	2010	2003
emphis, TN	_	970	4,246	_	970	4,246	1,084	2003	1981
emphis, TN	_	480	5,656	_	480	5,656	1,336	2003	1982
emphis, TN	_	940	5,963	_	940	5,963	1,337	2004	1951
emphis, TN	_	390	9,660	_	390	9,660		2010	1981
enomonee Falls, WI	_	1,020	6,984	_	1,020	6,984	607	2006	2007
errillville, IN	_	643	7,084	3,526	643	10,610	5,090	1997	1999
esa, AZ	6,365	950	9,087	232	950	9,319	2,630	1999	2000
iddleburg Heights, OH		960	7,780		960	7,780	1,314	2004	1998
iddleton, WI	_	420	4,006	600	420	4,606	989	2001	1991
idland, MI	_	200	11,025		200	11,025	-	2010	1994
idwest City, OK	_	470	5,673	_	470	5,673	3,036	1998	1958
idwest City, OK	_	484	5,516	_	484	5,516	937	2005	1987
ill Creek, WA	30,914	10,150	60,274	_	10,150	60,274	1,339	2010	1998
issoula, MT	_	550	7,490		550	7,490	1,084	2005	1998
onroe, NC	—	470	3,681	648	470	4,329	921	2003	2001
onroe, NC		310	4,799	857	310	5,656	1,133	2003	2000
onroe, NC	—	450	4,021	114	450	4,135	875	2003	1997
onroe, WA	14,585	2,560	34,460		2,560	34,460	776	2010	1994
onteagle, TN	—	310	3,318	—	310	3,318	830	2003	1980
onterey, TN			4,195	_	-	4,195	1,888	2004	1977
onticello, FL	—	140	4,471	—	140	4,471	920	2004	1986
oorestown, NJ	_	2,060	51,628	_	2,060	51,628	-	2010	2000
orehead City, NC	—	200	3,104	1,648	200	4,752	1,345	1999	1999
organtown, KY	_	380	3,705	_	380	3,705	876	2003	1965
oss Point, MS	—	120	7,280	_	120	7,280	1,392	2004	1933
ount Airy, NC		270	6,430	118	270	6,548	851	2005	1998
ountain City, TN	—	220	5,896	660	220	6,556	2,958	2001	1976
t. Vernon, WA	_	400	2,200	156	400	2,356	249	2006	2001
yrtle Beach, SC	_	6,890	41,526	283	6,890	41,809	1,681	2007	2009
cogdoches, TX	_	390	5,754	_	390	5,754	546	2006	2007
aples, FL	_	1,716	17,306	923	1,716	18,229	12,497	1997	1999

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Description	Encumbrances	Land	Buildings & Improvements	Subsequent to Acquisition (Dollars in thousands)	Land	Buildings & Improvements	Accumulated Depreciation	Year Acquired	Year Built
Japles, FL		550	5,450	(Donars in ciousands)	550	5,450	1,024	2004	1968
Jashville, TN	_	4,910	29,590		4,910	29,590	1,024	2004	2007
Valativine, 114	_	190	4.096		190	4.096	717	2005	1975
Jeedham, MA		1,610	13,715	366	1,610	14,081	3,707	2002	1994
Jeenah, WI	_	630	15,120		630	15,120	234	2010	1991
lew Haven, IN	_	176	3,524	_	176	3,524	787	2004	1981
lew Haven, CT	_	160	4,778	1.682	160	6,460	1.877	2006	1958
lew York, NY	_	1.440	21,460	975	1.440	22,435	2,273	2006	1959
lewark, DE	_	560	21,220	_	560	21,220	3,452	2004	1998
lewburyport, MA	_	960	8,290	_	960	8,290	1,988	2002	1999
Iorman, OK	_	55	1.484	_	55	1.484	688	1995	1995
forth Augusta, SC	_	332	2,558	_	332	2,558	866	1999	1998
orth Miami, FL	_	430	3,918	_	430	3,918	985	2004	1968
lorth Miami, FL	-	440	4,830	_	440	4,830	992	2004	1963
orth Miami Beach, FL	_	300	5,709	2,006	300	7,715	5,145	1998	1987
orwalk, CT	-	410	2,118	2,973	410	5,091	1,581	2004	1971
cala, FL	_	1,340	10.564	_	1.340	10,564	374	2008	2009
gden, UT	_	360	6,700	_	360	6,700	1,144	2004	1998
klahoma City, OK	—	510	10,694	_	510	10,694	1,463	1998	1979
klahoma City, OK	_	590	7,513	_	590	7,513	518	2007	2008
klahoma City, OK	—	760	7,017	_	760	7,017	358	2007	2009
lympia, WA	7,387	550	16,689	_	550	16,689	434	2010	1995
maha, NE		370	10,230	_	370	10,230	183	2010	1998
maha, NE	4,681	380	8,864	_	380	8,864	157	2010	1999
neonta, NY	_	80	5,020	_	80	5,020	424	2007	1996
rmond Beach, FL	_	_	2,739	73	_	2,812	1,213	2002	1983
shkosh, WI	_	900	3,800	3,687	900	7,487	872	2006	2005
shkosh, WI		400	23,237		400	23,237	1,212	2007	2008
swego, IL	_	900	8,047	_	900	8,047	505	2006	2008
verland Park, KS	_	1,120	8,360	_	1,120	8,360	1,259	2005	1970
verland Park, KS		3,730	27,076	340	3,730	27,416	768	2008	2009
verland Park, KS		4,500	29,105		4,500	29,105	-	2010	1988
wasso, OK	_	215	1,380	_	215	1,380	544	1996	1996
wensboro, KY	_	240	6,760		240	6,760	1,134	1993	1966
wensboro, KY	_	225	13,275	_	225	13,275	2,135	2005	1964
wenton, KY	_	100	2,400	_	100	2,400	474	2005	1979
xford, MI	12,094	1,430	15,791	_	1,430	15,791	_	2010	2001
lestine, TX		180	4,320	1,300	180	5,620	579	2006	2005
alm Coast, FL	_	870	10,957	_	870	10,957	259	2008	2010
nama City, FL		300	9,200		300	9,200	1,734	2004	1992
uris, TX	_	490	5,452	_	490	5,452	1,513	2005	2006
sadena, TX	10,207	720	24,080		720	24,080	2,390	2007	2005
so Robles, CA	_	1,770	8,630	_	1,770	8,630	2,143	2002	1998
wlevs Island, SC	_	2.020	32,590	5,249	2.020	37.839	4,609	2005	1997
geon Forge, TN	_	320	4,180	117	320	4,297	1,236	2001	1986
kesville, MD	_	450	10,750	_	450	10,750	1,124	2007	1983
nehurst, NC	—	290	2,690	484	290	3,174	699	2003	1998
qua, OH	-	204	1,885		204	1,885	665	1997	1997
tsburgh, PA	—	1,750	8,572	115	1,750	8,687	1,408	2005	1998
ano, TX	_	1,305	9,095	952	1,305	10,047	1,515	2005	1977
attsmouth, NE	_	250	5,650	_	250	5,650	107	2010	1999
mouth, MI	12,876	1,490	19,990	_	1,490	19,990	-	2010	1972
rt St. Joe, FL	_	370	2,055	_	370	2,055	666	2004	1982
rt St. Lucie, FL	_	8,700	47,230	_	8,700	47,230	932	2008	2010
st Falls, ID	_	2,700	14,217	2,181	2,700	16,398	920	2007	2008
ospect, CT		820	1,441	2,503	820	3,944	1,356	2004	1970
eblo, CO	_	370	6,051	_	370	6,051	2,460	1998	1989
yallup, WA	11,830	1,150	20,776		1,150	20,776	522	2010	1985
incy, FL	—	200	5,333	—	200	5,333	1,105	2004	1983
incy, MA	_	2,690	15,410	_	2,690	15,410	2,436	2004	1999
itman, MS	—	60	10,340	—	60	10,340	1,861	2004	1976
leigh, NC	_	10,000	-		10,000	-	-	2008	
ytown, MO	_	510	5,490	_	510	5,490	573	2006	2000
hoboth Beach, DE	_	960	24,248	_	960	24,248	-	2010	1999
idsville, NC	_	170	3,830	857	170	4,687	1,073	2002	1998
no, NV	_	1,060	11,440	_	1,060	11,440	1,931	2004	1998
chmond, VA	_	1,211	2,889	_	1,211	2,889	897	2003	1995
chmond, VA	-	760	12,640	-	760	12,640	1,349	2007	1969
lgeland, MS	—	520	7,675	_	520	7,675	1,521	2003	1997
dgely, TN	-	300	5,700	97	300	5,797	1,534	2001	1990
inggold, LA		30	4,174		30	4,174	705	2005	1984

		Initial Co	ost to Company	Cost Capitalized		Gross Amount at Whie Carried at Close of Per	iod		
Description	Encumbrances	Land	Buildings & Improvements	Subsequent to Acquisition (Dollars in thousands)	Land	Buildings & Improvements	Accumulated Depreciation	Year Acquired	Year Built
Rockledge, FL	_	360	4,117	_	360	4,117	1,390	2001	1970
Rockwood, TN	_	500	7,116	741	500	7,857	2,082	2001	1979
Rocky Hill, CT	_	1,460	7,040	_	1,460	7,040	1,857	2002	1998
Rocky Hill, CT		1,090	6,710	1,500	1,090	8,210	1,403	2003	1996
Rogersville, TN		350	3,278		350	3,278	822	2003	1980
Rohnert Park, CA Romeoville, IL	14,280	6,500 854	18,700	1,125 58,220	6,500 6,100	19,825	2,530	2005 2006	1985 2010
Romeoville, IL	—	1,895	12,646	56,220	1,895	65,620	1,536	2006	2010
Roswell, GA	8,211	1,107	9,627	358	1,107	9,985	5,611	1997	1999
Royal Palm Beach, FL		980	8,320		980	8,320	1,604	2004	1984
Ruston, LA	_	130	9,403	_	130	9,403	1,407	2005	1965
acramento, CA	9,834	940	14,781	_	940	14,781	404	2010	1978
Saint Simons Island, GA	—	6,440	50,060	963	6,440	51,023	3,212	2008	2007
Salem, OR	_	449	5,172	_	449	5,172	1,727	1999	1998
Salisbury, NC	_	370	5,697	168	370	5,865	1,187	2003	1997
an Angelo, TX		260	8,800		260	8,800	1,456	2004	1997
San Antonio, TX	11,026 10,163	560 640	7,315 13,360		560 640	7,315 13,360	1,817 1,386	2002 2007	2000 2004
San Antonio, TX San Juan Capistrano, CA	10,163	1.390	6,942	_	1.390	6,942	1,386	2007	2004
San Ramon, CA	9,851	2,430	17,488		2,430	17,488	467	2000	1989
Garasota, FL	5,051	475	3,175		475	3,175	1,326	1996	1995
Garasota, FL	_	560	8,474	_	560	8,474	2,703	1999	2000
arasota, FL	_	600	3,400	_	600	3,400	713	2004	1982
Scituate, MA	-	1,740	10,640	_	1,740	10,640	1,484	2005	1976
cottsdale, AZ	_	2,500	3,890	710	2,500	4,600	291	2008	1999
Seattle, WA	7,921	5,190	9,350	_	5,190	9,350	389	2010	1962
eattle, WA	8,040	3,420	15,555	—	3,420	15,555	444	2010	2000
eattle, WA	9,548	2,630	10,257	_	2,630	10,257	328	2010	2003
eattle, WA elbyville, DE	29,655	10,670 750	37,291 25,912	_	10,670 750	37,291 25,912	919	2010 2010	2005 2008
even Fields, PA		484	4,663	59	484	4,722	1,585	1999	1999
eville, OH		230	1,770		230	1,770	387	2005	1981
hawnee, OK		80	1,400		80	1,400	574	1996	1995
heboygan, WI	_	80	5,320	3,774	80	9,094	663	2006	2006
Shelby, MS	_	60	5,340		60	5,340	991	2004	1979
Shelbyville, KY	_	630	3,870	_	630	3,870	630	2005	1965
Sherman, TX	-	700	5,221	—	700	5,221	565	2005	2006
Shrewsbury, NJ	_	2,120	38,116	_	2,120	38,116		2010	2000
Silvis, IL	—	880	16,420	—	880	16,420	147	2010	2005
Smithfield, NC		290 1,100	5,680	869	290	5,680	1,169	2003 2005	1998 1988
Sonoma, CA South Boston, MA	15,400	1,100	18,400 2,002	5,218	1,100 385	19,269 7,220	2,467 2,460	2005	1988
South Boston, MA		430	5,628	5,216	430	5,628	1,193	2004	1961
Sparks, NV		3,700	46,526		3,700	46,526	1,789	2007	2009
partanburg, SC	_	3,350	15,750	9,028	3,350	24,778	2,498	2005	1997
pring City, TN	_	420	6,085	2,579	420	8,664	2,179	2001	1987
St. Charles, IL	_	990	15,265	_	990	15,265	647	2006	2009
it. Louis, MO	_	750	6,030	_	750	6,030	1,436	1995	1994
st. Louis, MO	_	1,890	14,430	—	1,890	14,430		2010	1963
tanwood, WA	10,501	2,260	28,474	_	2,260	28,474	689	2010	1998
tarke, FL	—	120 150	10,180		120 150	10,180	1,903	2004 2003	1990
tatesville, NC tatesville, NC		310	1,447 6,183	266 8	310	1,713 6,191	376 1,228	2003	1990 1996
tatesville, NC		140	3,627	8	140	3,627	746	2003	1996
taunton, VA		310	11,090		310	11,090	1,196	2005	1959
tillwater, OK	_	80	1,400	_	80	1,400	577	1995	1995
tockton, CA	6,773	2,280	5,983	_	2,280	5,983	254	2010	1988
tuart, FL		390	8,110	_	390	8,110	1,503	2004	1985
wanton, OH	_	330	6,370	_	330	6,370	1,132	2004	1950
ampa, FL		830	6,370	_	830	6,370	1,470	2004	1968
exarkana, TX	_	192	1,403	_	192	1,403	552	1996	1996
oledo, OH	16,896	2,040	47,129	-	2,040	47,129	_	2010	1985
oms River, NJ	—	1,610 360	34,627	1 374	1,610 360	34,627	767	2010 2004	2005 1966
orrington, CT roy, OH	_	360 200	1,261 2,000	1,274 4,254	360 200	2,535 6,254	767	2004 1997	1966 1997
roy, OH roy, OH	_	470	2,000	4,254	470	6,254	2,862	2004	1997
Jucson, AZ		930	13,399		930	13,399	1,923	2004	1971
ulsa, OK	_	1.390	7,110		1.390	7,110	1,523	2003	1983
ulsa, OK	6.579	1,330	21,285	_	1,330	21,285	-	2010	1986
Tulsa, OK	8,598	1,500	20,861		1,500	20,861	_	2010	1984
win Falls, ID	0,000	550	14,740		550	14,740	3,557	2002	1991

		Initial C	ost to Company	Cost Capitalized		Gross Amount at Whi Carried at Close of Per			
Description	Encumbrances	Land	Buildings & Improvements	Subsequent to Acquisition (Dollars in thousands)	Land	Buildings & Improvements	Accumulated Depreciation	Year Acquired	Year Built
Tyler, TX	_	650	5,268	-	650	5,268	511	2006	2007
Uhrichsville, OH	-	24	6,716	_	24	6,716	925	2006	1977
Vacaville, CA	14,683	900	17,100	1,127	900	18,227	2,312	2005	1986
Vallejo, CA	22,409	4,000	18,000	1,341	4,000	19,341	2,428	2005	1989
Vallejo, CA	—	2,330	15,407	—	2,330	15,407	444	2010	1990
Valparaiso, IN	_	112	2,558	_	112	2,558	688	2001	1998
Valparaiso, IN	_	108	2,962	—	108	2,962	780	2001	1999
Vancouver, WA	10,000	1,820	19,042		1,820	19,042	484	2010	2006
Venice, FL	—	500	6,000	_	500	6,000	1,108	2004	1987
Venice, FL	_	1,150	10,674	—	1,150	10,674	302	2008	2009
Vero Beach, FL	—	263	3,187	—	263	3,187	830	2001	1999
Vero Beach, FL Vero Beach, FL		297 2.930	3,263 40,070	3.202	297 2.930	3,263 43,272	858 3,677	2001 2007	1996 2003
W. Hartford, CT		2,950	40,070	3,202	2,650	43,272 5,980	1,146	2007	1905
Wake Forest, NC	_	2,650	3,003	1.742	2,650	4,745	1,146	1998	1905
Wareham, MA	_	875	10,313	1,742	875	12,014	2,917	2002	1989
Warren, OH		240	3.810	1,701	240	3,810	660	2002	1973
Waterbury, CT		370	2.166	1,859	370	4.025	1.085	2005	1972
Waterford, CT		1,360	12,540	1,055	1,360	12,540	3,043	2000	2000
Waukesha, WI	_	1,100	14,910		1.100	14,910	402	2002	2009
Waxahachie, TX	_	650	5,763	_	650	5,763	410	2007	2008
Weatherford, TX	-	660	5,261	_	660	5,261	514	2006	2007
Webster, TX	9,713	360	5,940	_	360	5,940	1,470	2002	2000
West Haven, CT		580	1,620	1,529	580	3,149	1,019	2004	1971
West Worthington, OH	_	510	5,090	_	510	5,090	733	2006	1980
Westerville, OH	_	740	8,287	2,736	740	11,023	5,344	1998	2001
Westlake, OH	_	1,330	17,926	_	1,330	17,926	4,559	2001	1985
Westlake, OH	_	571	5,411	_	571	5,411	2,121	1998	1957
Westmoreland, TN	_	330	1,822	2,634	330	4,456	1,218	2001	1994
White Hall, IL	_	50	5,550	670	50	6,220	3,316	2002	1971
White Lake, MI	11,145	2,920 2,310	20,179		2,920 2,310	20,179		2010	2000
Whitemarsh, PA	12,295		6,190	1,702		7,892	1,236	2005	1967
Whittier, CA Wichita, KS	12,295	4,470 1.400	22,151 11,000		4,470 1.400	22,151 11,000	596 1,289	2010 2006	1988 1997
Williamsburg, VA	_	1,360	7,440		1,400	7,440	1,269	2008	
Williamstourg, VA Williamstown, KY		1,360	6,430		1,500	6,430	1.044	2007	1970 1987
Wilmington, NC		210	2,991	_	210	2,991	990	1999	1999
Winchester, VA	_	640	1.510	_	640	1.510	112	2008	1964
Winston-Salem, NC		360	2,514	459	360	2,973	630	2003	1996
Winston-Salem, NC		5,700	13,550	13,154	5,700	26,704	2,730	2005	1997
Woodbridge, VA	_	680	4,423	330	680	4,753	1,155	2002	1977
Worcester, MA	_	3,500	54,099	_	3,500	54,099	1,448	2007	2009
Worcester, MA	_	2,300	9,060	_	2,300	9,060	576	2008	1993
Zionsville, IN	_	1,610	22,400	_	1,610	22,400	148	2010	2009
Total senior housing and care facilities	660,567	479,062	4,993,512	330,111	484,308	5,318,377	599,276		
Medical facilities:			,,.				, .		
Akron, OH	—	300	20,200	—	300	20,200	528	2009	2008
Amarillo, TX	_	72	11,928	1,400	72	13,328	1,793	2005	1986
Arcadia, CA	10,154	5,408	23,219	1,082	5,618	24,091	3,567	2006	1984
Atlanta, GA	_	4,931	18,720	1,481	5,293	19,839	3,691	2006	1992
Austell, GA		2,223	7,982	59	2,223	8,041	2,048	2006	1999
Bartlett, TN	8,498	187	15,015	657	187	15,672	2,205	2007	2004
Boynton Beach, FL	4,225	214	6,574	206	214	6,780	978	2007	2004
Boynton Beach, FL	4,603	2,048	7,692	188	2,048	7,880	1,620	2006	1995
Boynton Beach, FL Boynton Beach, FL	4,129	2,048 109	7,403 11,235	645 458	2,048 117	8,048 11,685	1,169 1,624	2006 2007	1997 1996
			11,235				1,624 862	2007	2008
Roardman OH	6,164	1 200	12 000						
Boardman, OH Boardman, OH	_	1,200	12,800	_	1,200	12,800	862		2007
Boardman, OH		80	13,619	_	80	13,619	_	2010	2007
Boardman, OH Bellaire, TX	_	80 4,551	13,619 45,900	205	80 4,551	13,619 46,105	5,270	2010 2006	2005
Boardman, OH Bellaire, TX Bellaire, TX	_	80 4,551 2,972	13,619 45,900 33,445		80 4,551 2,972	13,619 46,105 34,683	5,270 4,462	2010 2006 2006	2005 2005
Boardman, OH Bellaire, TX Bellaire, TX Birmingham, AL	_	80 4,551 2,972 651	13,619 45,900 33,445 39,552		80 4,551 2,972 651	13,619 46,105 34,683 40,709	5,270 4,462 6,014	2010 2006 2006 2006	2005 2005 1971
Boardman, OH Bellaire, TX Bellaire, TX Birmingham, AL Bowling Green, KY		80 4,551 2,972 651 3,800	13,619 45,900 33,445		80 4,551 2,972 651 3,800	13,619 46,105 34,683	5,270 4,462	2010 2006 2006 2006 2006 2008	2005 2005
Boardman, OH Bellaire, TX Bellaire, TX Birmingham, AL		80 4,551 2,972 651 3,800 9,270	13,619 45,900 33,445 39,552		80 4,551 2,972 651 3,800 9,270	13,619 46,105 34,683 40,709	5,270 4,462 6,014	2010 2006 2006 2006	2005 2005 1971
Boardman, OH Bellaire, TX Bellaire, TX Birmingham, AL Bowlingham, AL Bowlingham, MA		80 4,551 2,972 651 3,800	13,619 45,900 33,445 39,552 26,700  99,186		80 4,551 2,972 651 3,800	13,619 46,105 34,683 40,709 26,745  99,186	5,270 4,462 6,014 1,726	2010 2006 2006 2006 2008 2008 2010	2005 2005 1971 1992 2010
Boardman, OH Bellaire, TX Bellaire, TX Birmingham, AL Bowling Green, KY Bellingham, MA Bellevue, NE		80 4,551 2,972 651 3,800 9,270 4,500	13,619 45,900 33,445 39,552 26,700 	205 1,238 1,157 45 —	80 4,551 2,972 651 3,800 9,270 4,500	13,619 46,105 34,683 40,709 26,745 	5,270 4,462 6,014 1,726 1,465 239	2010 2006 2006 2008 2008 2010 2008 2010	2005 2005 1971 1992 2010 2010
Boardman, OH Bellaire, TX Bellaire, TX Birmingban, AL Bowling Green, KY Bellingham, MA Bellevue, NE		80 4,551 2,972 651 3,800 9,270	13,619 45,900 33,445 39,552 26,700  99,186		80 4,551 2,972 651 3,800 9,270	13,619 46,105 34,683 40,709 26,745  99,186	5,270 4,462 6,014 1,726 1,465	2010 2006 2006 2008 2008 2010 2008	2005 2005 1971 1992 2010
Boardman, OH Bellaire, TX Bellaire, TX Birmingham, AL Bowling Green, KY Bellingham, MA Bellevue, NE Bellevue, NE Bellevue, NE		80 4,551 2,972 651 3,800 9,270 4,500 — 109	13,619 45,900 33,445 39,552 26,700 	205 1,238 1,157 45 —	80 4,551 2,972 651 3,800 9,270 4,500 	13,619 46,105 34,663 40,709 26,745 — 99,186 15,833 34,921	5,270 4,462 6,014 1,726 1,465 239	2010 2006 2006 2008 2010 2008 2010 2008 2010 2006	2005 2005 1971 1992 2010 2010 1995

Description		Initial Cost to Company Buildings &		Cost Capitalized					
				Subsequent to		Carried at Close of Peri Buildings &			Year
	Encumbrances	Land	Improvements	Acquisition	Land	Improvements	Depreciation	Year Acquired	Built
01/	8,357	132	12,829	(Dollars in thousands)	132	13,099	1,811	2007	2005
remore, OK pus Christi, TX	8,357	132	3,923	270	132	3,923	1,811 653	2007	200
al Springs, FL		1,598	10,627	541	1,635	11,131	1,967	2003	190
ington, KY		1,290	8,093	1,150	1,290	9,243	261	2008	200
las, TX	15,533	137	28,690	257	137	28,947	4,174	2006	199
ton. TX	12,327	157	19,407	395	157	19.802	2.180	2000	200
ay Beach, FL		1,882	34,767	3,333	1,941	38,041	6,299	2006	198
ham, NC	_	6,814	10,825	1,838	7,007	12,470	3,451	2006	198
nam, NC	_			157	13	144	52	2006	198
na, MN	6,033	310	15,132	_	310	15,132	_	2010	200
aso, TX	_	112	15,888	44	112	15,932	2,259	2005	199
aso, TX	10,405	677	17,075	516	677	17,591	2,794	2006	199
aso, TX	_	2,400	32,800	424	2,400	33,224	2,886	2008	200
aso, TX	_	600	6,700	_	600	6,700	511	2008	200
tteville, GA	3,327	959	7,540	388	959	7,928	1,282	2006	199
no, CA	_	2,500	35,800	73	2,500	35,873	2,314	2008	199
klin, TN		2,338	12,138	267	2,338	12,405	1,933	2007	198
klin, WI	8,122	6,872	7,550		6,872	7,550	242	2010	198
o, TX	9,253	_	18,635	48	—	18,683	2,458	2007	200
co, TX	_	170	15,309	1,023	170	16,332	2,185	2007	200
Wayne, IN		170	8,232		170	8,232	722 422	2006	200
en Bay, WI	10,223	-	14,891		-	14,891		2010	200
n Bay, WI Idale, CA	8,311	37	31,794 18,398	—	37	31,794 18,398	1,010 2,421	2010 2007	200 200
idale, CA atin, TN	8,311	37	18,398 19,480	_	3/	18,398 19,480	2,421	2007 2010	200.
atin, TN eley, CO		877	6,707	_	877	6,707	1,031	2010	199
nantown, TN		3.049	12,456	561	3.049	13.017	1,808	2007	200
eneville, TN	_	970	10,032	301	970	10,032	1,000	2000	200
ter, FL	7,255	2,252	11,415	69	2.252	11,484	1,952	2006	200
iter, FL	4,518	2,2.52	5,858	2,868	2,825	5,901	943	2007	2004
een, TX		760	22,977		760	22,977		2010	201
osha, WI	10,528		18,058			18,058	501	2010	199
wette, LA		1.928	10,483	26	1.928	10,509	1,629	2006	199
exa, KS	12,440	540	16,013		540	16,013	-,	2010	2008
Gatos, CA		488	22,386	466	488	22,852	3,644	2006	1993
eway, TX	-	2,801	_		2,801	_	_	2007	
oln, NE	11,550	1,420	29,692	_	1,420	29,692	_	2010	200
ahatchee, FL		1,340	6,509	10	1,340	6,519	1,004	2006	1993
ahatchee, FL	2,708	1,553	4,694	466	1,562	5,151	700	2006	1994
ahatchee, FL	_	1,637	5,048	762	1,646	5,801	752	2006	1997
Alamitos, CA	8,442	_	18,635	158	39	18,754	2,506	2007	2003
e St Louis, MO	_	240	11,937	_	240	11,937	-	2010	2008
Vegas, NV	_	6,127	_	—	6,127	_	-	2007	
Vegas, NV	_	6,734	54,886	89	6,734	54,975	7,170	2006	1993
Vegas , NV	6,058	74	15,287	250	74	15,537	2,756	2006	2000
Vegas, NV		2,319	4,612	688	2,319	5,300	785	2006	199
Vegas, NV	3,095		6,921	499	433	6,987	998	2007	199
ewood, CA	_	146	14,885	483	146	15,368	2,145	2006	1993
renceville, GA	—	2,279	10,732	49	2,298	10,762	1,706	2006	2001
renceville, GA	-	1,054	4,974	25	1,070	4,983 13,538	822	2006	200
inette, WI abar, FL	8,391	5,000	13,538 12,000	—	5,000	13,538	452	2010 2010	200
ibar, FL iletown, NY		1,756	20,364	465	1,756	20,829	4,247		200
west City, OK		1,/56	20,364	465	1,756	20,829	4,247	2006 2005	199
oourne, FL		600	3,034 9,400		600	5,654 9,400	625	2005	1996
bourne, FL	_	1,400	24,400	_	1,400	24,400		2010	2003
oourne, FL		7,000	69,000		7,000	69.000		2010	200.
ced, CA	_	7,000	13,772		7,000	13,772	417	2010	200
a, AZ		1,558	9,561	225	1,558	9,786	1,469	2005	198
dian, ID		3,600	20,802	251	3,600	21,053	1,941	2006	200
ton, NJ	_		38,300	36		38,336	2,475	2008	1994
illville, IN	-	700	11,699	154	700	11,853	835	2007	2008
rillville, IN	_	_	22,134			22,134	1,623	2008	2006
ow, GA	-	818	8,064	151	834	8,199	1,213	2007	199
nt Juliet, TN	5,288	1,566	11,697	_	1,566	11,697	1,703	2007	2005
kego, WI	1,758	964	2,159	_	964	2,159	60	2010	1993
waukee, WI	25,963	_	44,535	_	_	44,535	1,208	2010	198
vaukee, WI	7,289	1,425	11,520	_	1,425	11,520	451	2010	196
waukee, WI	5,067	540	8,457	_	540	8,457	254	2010	1930
vaukee, WI	1,749	922	2,185		922	2,185	107	2010	1958
ara Falls, NY		1,335	17,702	731	1,524	18,244	2,833	2007	1990

		Initial Cost to Company		Cost Capitalized		Gross Amount at Whie Carried at Close of Peri			
Description	Encumbrances	Land	Buildings & Improvements	Subsequent to Acquisition (Dollars in thousands)	Land	Buildings & Improvements	Accumulated Depreciation	Year Acquired	Year Built
Nashville , TN	-	1,806	7,165	748	1,806	7,913	1,487	2006	1986
Nashville, TN	_	4,300	_	-	4,300	_	-	2010	
New Berlin, WI	6,774	3,739	8,290		3,739	8,290	249	2010	1993
Okatie, SC Orange Village, OH	7,983	171 610	17,791 7,419	53 28	194 610	17,821 7.447	1,913 1,385	2007 2007	1998 1985
Oshkosh, WI	10,381	610	15,881	20	610	15,881	433	2007	2000
Oshkosh, WI	10,581		18,339			18,339	433	2010	2000
Palm Springs , CA		365	12,396	909	365	13,305	1.989	2006	1998
Phoenix, AZ	29,194	1,149	48,018	5.921	1.149	53,939	6,803	2006	1998
Pineville, NC	_	961	6,974	901	1,069	7,767	1,077	2006	1988
Plantation, FL	9,824	8,563	10,666	1,519	8,575	12,173	2,503	2006	1997
Plantation, FL	9,147	8,848	9,262		8,896	9,214	3,563	2006	1996
Plano, TX		195	14,805	500	195	15,305	2,133	2005	1995
Plano, TX Plymouth, WI	1,757	5,423 1,250	20,752 1,870	-	5,423 1,250	20,752 1,870	3,107 63	2008 2010	2007 1991
Palmer, AK	1,757	1,250	29,705	630	217	30,118	3,723	2010	2006
Palm Springs, FL	2,774	739	4,066	030	739	4,066	690	2007	1993
Palm Springs, FL	2,774	1,182	7,765	103	1,182	7,868	1,502	2006	1997
Pearland, TX	_	781	5,517	3	781	5,520	969	2006	2000
Pearland, TX	1,279	948	4,556	74	948	4,630	705	2006	2002
Reno, NV	—	1,117	21,972	260	1,117	22,232	3,404	2010	1991
Sacramento, CA	_	866	12,756	423	866	13,179	1,748	2006	1990
San Bernardino, CA	—	3,700	14,300	326	3,700	14,626	876	2008	1993
San Diego, CA Seattle, WA	_	4,410	22,003 39,015	74	4,410	22,077 39,015	1,333	2008 2010	1992 2010
Shakopee, MN	7.266	4,410	11.360	_	4,410	11.360	_	2010	1996
Shakopee, MN	12,337	640	18,094		640	18,094	_	2010	2007
Sheboygan, WI	1,818	1,012	2,216	_	1,012	2,216	75	2010	1958
Somerville, NJ		3,400	22,244	2	3,400	22,246	1,345	2008	2007
San Antonio, TX	_	2,050	16,251	771	2,050	17,022	3,690	2006	1999
San Antonio, TX	—	-	17,303	_	_	17,303	2,387	2007	2007
Stafford, VA	7,602	-	11,260	447		11,260	502	2008	2009
St. Louis, MO Suffolk, VA	7,602	1.530	17,247 10,979	44/	336 1,530	17,358 10,979	2,662 327	2007 2010	2001 2007
Summit, WI		2,899	87,666		2,899	87,666	4,600	2010	2007
Sewell, NJ		2,055	53,360	3,979	2,035	57,339	3,100	2003	2009
Oro Valley, AZ	10,363	89	18,339	325	89	18,664	2,424	2007	2003
Tucson, AZ	_	1,302	4,925	146	1,302	5,071	827	2008	1995
Tempe, AZ	5,522	-	9,112	1,864	1,486	9,490	1,486	2007	1996
Tallahassee, FL	_	_	16,404	_	—	16,404	-	2010	2011
Tomball, TX	_	1,404	5,071	560	1,404	5,631	1,242	2006	1982
Trussville, AL		1,336	2,177	119	1,336	2,296	828	2006 2006	1990 1992
Tulsa, OK Viera, FL		3,003 1,600	6,025 10,600	20	3,003 1,600	6,045 10,600	1,307	2008	1992
Van Nuys, CA		1,000	36,187		1,000	36,187	1.094	2010	1991
Voorhees, NJ		6,404	24,251	1,203	6,404	25,454	3,181	2005	1997
Pewaukee, WI	_	4,700	20,669	_	4,700	20,669	2,308	2007	2007
Webster, TX	_	2,418	12,028	32	2,418	12,060	2,043	2006	1991
Wellington, FL	7,066	107	16,933	129	107	17,062	2,259	2006	2000
Wellington , FL	6,338		13,697	351	381	13,667	1,702	2007	2003
Warrington, PA		85	23,231	1,653	3,104	21,865	3,360	2008	2001
West Palm Beach, FL West Palm Beach, FL	7,061	628 610	14,740	100 80	628 610	14,840	2,217 2,691	2006 2006	1993 1991
West Palm Beach, FL West Allis, WI	6,518 2,486	610 1.106	14,618 3,309	80	610 1.106	14,698 3,309	2,691	2006	1991 1961
West Seneca, NY	12,698	917	22,435	879	1,106	22,935	3.140	2010	1981
Yorkville, IL		1,419	2,816	73	1,419	2,889	623	2006	1980
Total medical facilities	463,478	232,281	2,486,537	90,758	242,742	2,566,834	237,690		
Construction in progress			356,793			356,793			
Total continuing operations properties Assets held for sale:	1,124,045	711,343	7,836,842	420,869	727,050	8,242,004	836,966		
Cedar Hill, TX	—	171	894	_	171	894	_	1997	1996
Chicago, IL	-	3,650	1,900	-	3,650	1,900	-	2002	1979
Duncan, OK	_	103	802	—	103	802	-	1995	1996
Desoto, TX Edmond, OK	_	205 175	844 940	-	205 175	844 940	-	1996 1995	1996 1996
Edmond, OK Enid, OK		90	940	_	90	940 817	_	1995	1996
Midwest City, OK		95	813		95	813	_	1996	1995
Oklahoma City, OK	-	87	919	-	87	919	-	1996	1996

# Table of Contents

		Buildings &	Subsequent to		Buildings &	Accumulated	Year	Year
Encumbrances	Land	Improvements	Acquisition	Land	Improvements	Depreciation	Acquired	Built
			(Dollars in thousands)					
_	130	802	_	130	802	_	1995	1996
_	173		_	173		-	1996	1996
_	114		_	114	906	_	1995	1995
_	154	865	_	154	865	-	1996	1996
_	360	1,999	_	360	1,999	-	2002	1999
_	360	2,006	_	360	2,006	-	2002	1999
	220	1,994		220	1,994		1999	1999
	6,087	17,354	_	6,087	17,354			
\$ 1,124,045	\$ 717,430	\$ 7,854,196	\$ 420,869	\$ 733,137	\$ 8,259,358	\$ 836,966		
		Encumbrances Land 	Encumbrances         Land         Improvements            130         802            173         853            114         906            154         865            360         1.999            360         2.006            220         1.934            6.087         17.354	Buildings & Incumbrances         Subsequent to Improvements         Subsequent to Acquisition (Dollars in thousands)           —         130         802         —           —         173         853         —           —         114         906         —           —         154         865         —           —         360         2,006         —           —         200         1,994         —           —         6,087         17,354         —	Buildings & Encumbrances         Buildings & Land         Subsequent to Movements         Land           —         130         802         —         130           —         173         853         —         173           —         114         906         —         114           —         154         865         —         154           —         360         2,006         —         360           —         220         1,934         —         220           —         6,087         17,354         —         6,087	Initial Cost to Company         Cast Capitalized Subsequent to         Carried at Close of Per Buildings & Acquisition	Buildings & Encumbrances         Buildings & Land         Subsequent to Improvements         Buildings & Acquisition         Buildings & Land         Accumulated Improvements           —         130         802         —         130         802         —           —         173         853         —         173         853         —           —         114         906         —         114         906         —           —         154         865         —         154         805         —           —         360         2,006         —         360         2,006         —           —         220         1,934         —         200         1,934         —           —         6,087         17,354         —         6,087         17,354         —	Initial Cost to Company         Cast Capitalized Subsequent to         Carried at Close of Period           Encumbrances         Land         Improvements Improvements         Buildings & Acquired         Accumulated Acquired         Year           —         130         802         —         1995           —         173         853         —         1995           —         114         906         —         1995           —         154         865         —         1995           —         360         1.999         —         360         1.999         —           —         360         2.006         —         360         2.002         _         2002           —         220         1.934         —         2002         _         1995           —         6.087         17.354         —         6.087         17.354         —

(1) Represents real property asset associated with a capital lease.

				ded December 31,		
		2010	- 7	2009		2008
			(h	n thousands)		
Reconciliation of real property: Investment in real estate:						
Balance at beginning of year	\$	6,336,291	\$	5,979,575	\$	5,117,005
Additions:	Э	0,330,291	Э	5,9/9,5/5	Э	5,117,005
Acquisitions		1,707,421		67,673		451,363
Improvements		398,510		590,394		431,303 646,161
Conversions from loans receivable		10.070		330,334		23,097
Assumed other items, net		208,314				1,899
Assumed debt		559,508		_		1,055
Purchase price adjustments				665		_
Reclassification of lease commissions		_				2,359
Total additions		2,883,823		658,732		1,124,879
Deductions:		2,000,020		000,702		1,124,075
Cost of real estate sold		(216,300)		(260,956)		(219,079)
Reclassification of accumulated depreciation and amortization for assets held for sale		(10,372)		(15,837)		(10,582)
Impairment of assets		(947)		(25,223)		(32,648)
Total deductions		(227,619)		(302,016)		(262,309)
Balance at end of year(2)	\$	8,992,495	\$	6,336,291	\$	5,979,575
Accumulated depreciation:						
Balance at beginning of year	\$	677,851	\$	600,781	\$	478,373
Additions:						
Depreciation and amortization expenses		202,543		164,923		163,045
Amortization of above market leases		2,524		2,061		3,477
Reclassification of lease commissions		_				423
Total additions		205,067		166,984		166,945
Deductions:						
Sale of properties		(31,919)		(74,244)		(33,578)
Reclassification of accumulated depreciation and amortization for assets held for sale		(14,033)		(15,670)		(10,959)
Total deductions	_	(45,952)		(89,914)	_	(44,537)
Balance at end of year	\$	836,966	\$	677,851	\$	600,781

(2) The aggregate cost for tax purposes for real property equals \$8,802,656,000, \$6,378,056,000 and \$5,977,346,000 at December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

# SCHEDULE IV — MORTGAGE LOANS ON REAL ESTATE December 31, 2010

Description	Interest Rate	Final Maturity Date	Periodic Payment Terms	Prior Liens	Face Amount of Mortgages	Carrying Amount of Mortgages	of Loa De Pri	ipal Amount ns Subject to elinquent incipal or Interest
C'unt annu a latin de annu a chuir a fa cilita in Nan Naul	7.60%	06/30/13	Monthly Payments \$234.829	s —	\$ 40.000	\$ 37,799	s	
First mortgage relating to one senior housing facility in New York	/.60%	06/30/13	\$234,829 Monthly Payments	\$ —	\$ 40,000	\$ 37,799	\$	
irst mortgage relating to one hospital in California	8.11%	12/01/17	\$99,373	-	17,500	15,218		-
First mortgage relating to one hospital in California	9.50%	06/01/20	Monthly Payments \$146,191	_	17,500	13,747		_
First mortgage relating to one senior housing facility in North Carolina	7.35%	04/30/15	Monthly Payments \$40,234	_	7,000	6,525		_
irst mortgage relating to one medical office building in Georgia	6.50%	10/01/14	Monthly Payments \$33.042	_	6.100	6.100		_
			Monthly Payments					
First mortgage relating to one hospital in California	9.63%	01/14/14	\$140,072 Monthly Payments	_	18,800	4,888		-
First mortgage relating to one senior housing facility in Arizona	3.55%	01/01/13	\$12,511	_	4,151	4,151		4,15
Second mortgage relating to one hospital in California	9.13%	10/31/13	Monthly Payments \$137,558	13,747	13,000	4.107		
second mortgage relating to one nospital in California		10/31/13	Monthly Payments			4,107		
econd mortgage relating to one senior housing facility in Wisconsin	15.21%	01/15/15	\$42,625	7,792	3,300	3,300		-
seven first mortgages relating to four senior housing facilities and three medical office buildings	% From 3.00to 10.90%	From 09/01/11 to 06/30/20	Monthly Payments from \$739 to 52,811	_	13,605	11,598		-
Second mortgage relating to one hospital in Massachusetts	12.17%	06/30/10	Monthly Payments \$16,900	4,100	2,000	1,850		1,85
Fotals				\$ 25,639	\$ 142,956	\$ 109,283	\$	6,00
					Vea	r Ended Decembe	r 31.	
				2	010	2009		2008
						(In thousands)		
Reconciliation of mortgage loans:								
Balance at beginning of year				\$	74,517	\$ 137,292	\$	143,09
Additions:								
New mortgage loans					73,439	9,456		22,14
Total additions					73,439	9,456		22,14
Deductions:								
Collections of principal(1)					(10,540)	(54,696)	)	(4,84
Conversions to real property					(10,070)			(23,09
Charge-offs					(18,063)	(17,535)	)	· -
Total deductions					(38,673)	(72,231	) —	(27,94
Balance at end of vear					109,283	\$ 74,517	\$	137,29

(1) Includes collection of negative principal amortization.

## EXHIBIT INDEX

- 1.1 Form of Equity Distribution Agreement, dated as of November 12, 2010, entered into by and between the Company and each of UBS Securities LLC, RBS Securities Inc., KeyBanc Capital Markets Inc. and Credit Agricole Securities (USA) Inc. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 1.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed November 15, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 2.1(a) Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of September 12, 2006, by and among the Company, Heat Merger Sub, LLC, Heat OP Merger Sub, L.P., Windrose Medical Properties Trust and Windrose Medical Properties, L.P. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed September 15, 2006 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 2.1(b) Amendment No. 1 to Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of October 12, 2006, by and among the Company, Heat Merger Sub, LLC, Heat OP Merger Sub, L.P., Windrose Medical Properties Trust and Windrose Medical Properties, L.P. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed October 13, 2006 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 3.1(a) Second Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 20, 2000 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 3.1(b) Certificate of Designation, Preferences and Rights of Junior Participating Preferred Stock, Series A, of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 20, 2000 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 3.1(c) Certificate of Amendment of Second Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 20, 2000 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
   3.1(d) Certificate of Amendment of Second Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed June
- (a) 13, 2003 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
   (b) 23, 2003 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
   (c) 24, 2003 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
   (c) 24, 2003 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
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   (c) 24, 2003 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
   (c) 24, 2003 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- A/A filed July 8, 2003 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
   3.1(f) Certificate of Designation of 7<sup>5</sup>/<sub>8</sub>% Series F Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 2.5 to the Company's Form 8-A
- filed September 10, 2004 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto). 3.1(g) Certificate of Amendment of Second Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.9 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed
- August 9, 2007 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto). 3.1(h) Certificate of Change of Location of Registered Office and of Registered Agent of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 10-Q
- Filed August 6, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
   Filed August 6, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by Perference thereto).
- 3.1(i) Certificate of Designation of 6% Series H Cumulative Convertible and Redeemable Preferred Stock of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed January 11, 2011 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 3.2 Second Amended and Restated By-Laws of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed October 29, 2007 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.1(a) Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed September 9, 2002 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.1(b) Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated as of September 6, 2002, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed September 9, 2002 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
   4.1(c) Amendment No. 1, dated March 12, 2003, to Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated as of September 6, 2002, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6,
- 4.1(c) Amendment No. 1, dated March 12, 2003, to Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated as of September 6, 2002, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed March 14, 2003 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).

- 4.1(d) Supplemental Indenture No. 2, dated as of September 10, 2003, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed September 24, 2003 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.1(e) Amendment No. 1, dated September 16, 2003, to Supplemental Indenture No. 2, dated as of September 10, 2003, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.4 to the Company's Form 8-K filed September 24, 2003 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.1(f) Supplemental Indenture No. 3, dated as of October 29, 2003, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed October 30, 2003 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.1(g) Amendment No. 1, dated September 13, 2004, to Supplemental Indenture No. 3, dated as of October 29, 2003, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., as successor to Fifth Third Bank (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed September 13, 2004 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.1(h) Supplemental Indenture No. 4, dated as of April 27, 2005, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed April 28, 2005 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.1(i) Supplemental Indenture No. 5, dated as of November 30, 2005, to Indenture for Senior Debt Securities, dated as of September 6, 2002, between the Company and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed November 30, 2005 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.2(a) Indenture, dated as of November 20, 2006, between the Company and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed November 20, 2006 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.2(b) Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated as of November 20, 2006, between the Company and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed November 20, 2006 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
  4.2(c) Supplemental Indenture No. 2, dated as of July 20, 2007, between the Company and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1
- 4.2(c) Supplemental Indenture No. 2, dated as of July 20, 2007, between the Company and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed July 20, 2007 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.3(a) Indenture, dated as of March 15, 2010, between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed March 15, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
   4.3(b) Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated as of March 15, 2010, between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed March 15, 2010, between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission a
- 4.3(b) Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated as of March 15, 2010, between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed March 15, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.3(c) Amendment No. 1 to Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated as of June 18, 2010, between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Form 8-K filed June 18, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.3(d) Supplemental Indenture No. 2, dated as of April 7, 2010, between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed April 7, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.3(e) Amendment No. 1 to Supplemental Indenture No. 2, dated as of June 8, 2010, between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Form 8-K filed June 8, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.3(f) Supplemental Indenture No. 3, dated as of September 10, 2010, between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed September 10, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).



- 4.3(g) Supplemental Indenture No. 4, dated as of November 16, 2010, between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed November 16, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.4 Form of Indenture for Senior Subordinated Debt Securities (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.9 to the Company's Form S-3 (File No. 333-73936) filed November 21, 2001, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 4.5 Form of Indenture for Junior Subordinated Debt Securities (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.10 to the Company's Form S-3 (File No. 333-73936) filed November 21, 2001, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 10.1 Fourth Amended and Restated Loan Agreement, dated as of August 6, 2007, by and among the Company and certain of its subsidiaries, the banks signatory thereto, KeyBank National Association, as administrative agent, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., as syndication agent, and UBS Securities LLC, Bank of America, N.A., JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Calyon New York Branch, Barclays Bank PLC and Fifth Third Bank, as documentation agents (filed with the SEC as Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed August 9, 2007 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 10.2 Health Care REIT, Inc. Interest Rate & Currency Risk Management Policy adopted on May 6, 2004 (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.6 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed July 23, 2004 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 10.3(a) The 1995 Stock Incentive Plan of Health Care REIT, Inc. (filed with the Commission as Appendix II to the Company's Proxy Statement for the 1995 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, filed September 29, 1995 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.3(b) First Amendment to the 1995 Stock Incentive Plan of Health Care REIT, Inc. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form S-8 (File No. 333-40771) filed November 21, 1997, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.3(c) Second Amendment to the 1995 Stock Incentive Plan of Health Care REIT, Inc. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Form S-8 (File No. 333-73916) filed November 21, 2001, and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.3(d) Third Amendment to the 1995 Stock Incentive Plan of Health Care REIT, Inc. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.15 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 12, 2004 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.3(e) Form of Stock Option Agreement for Executive Officers under the 1995 Stock Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.17 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 16, 2005 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.4(a) Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors of Health Care REIT, Inc. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed May 10, 2004 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.4(b) First Amendment to the Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors of Health Care REIT, Inc. effective April 21, 1998 (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed May 10, 2004 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.4(c) Form of Stock Option Agreement under the Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Form 10-Q/A filed October 27, 2004 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.5(a) Amended and Restated Health Care REIT, Inc. 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Appendix A to the Company's Proxy Statement for the 2009 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, filed March 25, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
   10.5(b) Form of Stock Option Agreement (with Dividend Equivalent Rights) for the Chief Executive Officer under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission)
- 10.5(b) Form of Stock Option Agreement (with Dividend Equivalent Rights) for the Chief Executive Officer under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.18 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2006 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
   10.5(c) Form of Amendment to Stock Option Agreements (with Dividend Equivalent Rights) for the Chief Executive Officer under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.18 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2006 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.5(c) Form of Amendment to Stock Option Agreements (with Dividend Equivalent Rights) for the Chief Executive Orticer under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.6 to the Company's Form 8-K filed January 5, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.5(d) Form of Stock Option Agreement (with Dividend Equivalent Rights) for the Chief Executive Officer under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.8 to the Company's Form 8-K filed January 5, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*

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10.5(e)Form of Stock Option Agreement (with Dividend Equivalent Rights) for Executive Officers under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.19 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2006 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\* 10.5(f) Form of Amendment to Stock Option Agreements (with Dividend Equivalent Rights) for Executive Officers under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.7 to the Company's Form 8-K filed January 5, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto) 10.5(g) Form of Stock Option Agreement (with Dividend Equivalent Rights) for Executive Officers under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.9 to the Company's Form 8-K filed January 5, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\* Form of Stock Option Agreement (without Dividend Equivalent Rights) for the Chief Executive Officer under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the 10.5(h) Commission as Exhibit 10.20 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2006 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\* Form of Stock Option Agreement (without Dividend Equivalent Rights) for the Chief Executive Officer under the Amended and Restated 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan 10.5(i) (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed May 10, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\* Form of Stock Option Agreement (without Dividend Equivalent Rights) for Executive Officers under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as 10.5(i) Exhibit 10.21 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2006 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\* 10.5(k) Form of Stock Option Agreement (without Dividend Equivalent Rights) for Executive Officers under the Amended and Restated 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed May 10, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto). 10.5(l) Form of Restricted Stock Agreement for the Chief Executive Officer under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.22 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2006 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\* 10.5(m)Form of Restricted Stock Agreement for Executive Officers under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.23 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2006 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\* Form of Restricted Stock Agreement for the Chief Executive Officer under the Amended and Restated 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as 10.5(n) Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed May 10, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto)." 10.5(o) Form of Restricted Stock Agreement for Executive Officers under the Amended and Restated 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed May 10, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*

10.5(p) Form of Deferred Stock Unit Grant Agreement for Non-Employee Directors under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.24 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 10, 2006 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*

10.5(q) Form of Amendment to Deferred Stock Unit Grant Agreements for Non-Employee Directors under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.10 to the Company's Form 8-K filed January 5, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*

10.5(r) Form of Deferred Stock Unit Grant Agreement for Non-Employee Directors under the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.11 to the Company's Form 8-K filed January 5, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
 10.5(s) Form of Deferred Stock Unit Grant Agreement for Non-Employee Directors under the Amended and Restated 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed with the Commission

as Exhibit 10.5 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed May 10, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
 Fifth Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated December 2, 2010, by and between the Company and George L. Chapman (filed with the Commission as

Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed December 8, 2010 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*

10.7 Second Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated December 29, 2008, between the Company and Scott A. Estes (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Form 8-K filed January 5, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*

10.8 Second Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated December 29, 2008, between the Company and Charles J. Herman, Jr. (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Form 8-K filed January 5, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*

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- 10.9 Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated December 29, 2008, between the Company and Jeffrey H. Miller (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.8 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 2, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.10 Employment Agreement, dated January 19, 2009, between the Company and John T. Thomas (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.10 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 2, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.11 Third Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated December 29, 2008, between the Company and Erin C. Ibele (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.11 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 2, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.12 Second Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated December 29, 2008, between the Company and Daniel R. Loftus (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.12 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 2, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.13 Amended and Restated Consulting Agreement, dated December 29, 2008, between the Company and Fred S. Klipsch (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.5 to the Company's Form 8-K filed January 5, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.14 Amended and Restated Consulting Agreement, dated December 29, 2008, between the Company and Frederick L. Farrar (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.14 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 2, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
   10.15 Amended and Restated Health Care REIT, Inc. Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan, dated December 29, 2008 (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.12 to the
- 10.15 Amended and Restated Health Care REIT, Inc. Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan, dated December 29, 2008 (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 1 Company's Form 8-K filed January 5, 2009 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.16 Form of Indemnification Agreement between the Company and each director, executive officer and officer of the Company (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed February 18, 2005 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).\*
- 10.17 Summary of Director Compensation.\*
- Statement Regarding Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges and Ratio of Earnings to Combined Fixed Charges and Preferred Stock Dividends (Unaudited).
  Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (filed with the Commission as Exhibit 14 to the Company's Form 10-K filed March 12, 2004 (File No. 001-08923), and incorporated herein by reference thereto).
- 21 Subsidiaries of the Company.
- 23 Consent of Ernst & Young LLP, independent registered public accounting firm.
- 24.1 Power of Attorney executed by William C. Ballard, Jr. (Director).
  24.2 Power of Attorney executed by Pier C. Borra (Director).
- 24.2 Power of Attorney executed by Pier C. Borra (Director).
  24.3 Power of Attorney executed by Thomas J. DeRosa (Director).
- 24.3 Power of Attorney executed by Thomas J. DeRosa (Director).24.4 Power of Attorney executed by Jeffrey H. Donahue (Director).
- 24.5 Power of Attorney executed by Series II. Donande (Director).
- 24.6 Power of Attorney executed by Fred S. Klipsch (Director).
- 24.7 Power of Attorney executed by Sharon M. Oster (Director).
- 24.8 Power of Attorney executed by Jeffrey R. Otten (Director).
- 24.9 Power of Attorney executed by R. Scott Trumbull (Director).
- 24.10 Power of Attorney executed by George L. Chapman (Director, Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and President and Principal Executive Officer).
- 24.11 Power of Attorney executed by Scott A. Estes (Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer and Principal Financial Officer).
- 24.12 Power of Attorney executed by Paul D. Nungester, Jr. (Vice President and Controller and Principal Accounting Officer).
- 31.1 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer.
- 31.2 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer.
- 32.1 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 by Chief Executive Officer.
- 32.2 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 by Chief Financial Officer.

\* Management Contract or Compensatory Plan or Arrangement.

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#### HEALTH CARE REIT, INC.

## Summary of Director Compensation

For each calendar year, each non-employee member of the Board of Directors of Health Care REIT, Inc. (the "Company") will receive an annual retainer of \$80,000, payable in equal quarterly installments. Additionally, the chairs of the Audit Committee, the Compensation Committee and the Nominating/Corporate Governance Committee each will receive an additional retainer of \$15,000. If the Board of Directors holds more than four meetings in a year, each non-employee member of the Board will receive \$1,500 for each meeting attended in excess of four meetings. With respect to the Audit, Compensation, Executive and Nominating/Corporate Governance Committees, if any of these committees holds more than four meetings in a year, each non-employee member of these committees will receive \$1,000 for each meeting attended in excess of four meetings.

Each of the non-employee directors will receive, in each calendar year, a grant of deferred stock units with a value of \$95,000, pursuant to the Company's Amended and Restated 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan. The deferred stock units will be convertible into shares of common stock of the Company in three equal installments on the first three anniversaries of the date of the grant. Recipients of the deferred stock units also will be entitled to dividend equivalent rights.

## STATEMENT REGARDING COMPUTATION OF RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES AND RATIO OF EARNINGS TO COMBINED FIXED CHARGES AND PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDENDS (UNAUDITED)

				1	Year End	led December 31	,			
		2006		2007	(D-11	2008 rs in thousands)		2009		2010
The set same					(Dollar	rs in thousands)				
Earnings:										
Pretax income from continuing operations before adjustment for income or loss from equity	\$	76.000	\$	05 204	\$	129,893	\$	1 40 202	\$	78,043
investees(1) Fixed charges	Э	76,980 101,263	Э	95,384 149,439	Э	129,895	Э	149,292 139.044	Э	167,807
Capitalized interest		(4,470)		(12,526)		(25,029)		(41,170)		(20,792)
Amortized premiums, discounts and capitalized expenses related to indebtedness		3,403		8,413		(23,029)		(41,170)		(20,792)
Noncontrolling interest in pre-tax income of subsidiaries that have not incurred fixed charges		(13)		(238)		(126)		342		(357)
		177,163		240,472		270,826		259,406		238,646
Earnings	_	177,103	_	240,472	_	270,820	_	239,400	_	236,040
Fixed charges:										
Interest expense(1)	\$	100,196	\$	145,326	\$	141,059	\$	109,772	\$	160,960
Capitalized interest		4,470		12,526		25,029		41,170		20,792
Amortized premiums, discounts and capitalized expenses related to indebtedness		(3,403)		(8,413)		(11,231)		(11,898)	-	(13,945)
Fixed charges	\$	101,263	\$	149,439	\$	154,857	\$	139,044	\$	167,807
Consolidated ratio of earnings to fixed charges		1.75		1.61		1.75		1.87		1.42
Earnings:										
Pretax income from continuing operations before adjustment for income or loss from equity										
investees(1)	\$	76,980	\$	95,384	\$	129,893	\$	149,292	\$	78,043
Fixed charges		101,263		149,439		154,857		139,044		167,807
Capitalized interest		(4,470)		(12,526)		(25,029)		(41,170)		(20,792)
Amortized premiums, discounts and capitalized expenses related to indebtedness		3,403		8,413		11,231		11,898		13,945
Noncontrolling interest in pre-tax income of subsidiaries that have not incurred fixed charges		(13)		(238)		(126)		342		(357)
Earnings	\$	177,163	\$	240,472	\$	270,826	\$	259,406	\$	238,646
Fixed charges:							_			
Interest expense(1)	\$	100,196	\$	145,326	\$	141,059	\$	109,772	\$	160,960
Capitalized interest		4,470		12,526		25,029		41,170		20,792
Amortized premiums, discounts and capitalized expenses related to indebtedness		(3,403)		(8,413)		(11,231)		(11,898)		(13,945)
Fixed charges		101,263		149,439		154,857		139,044		167,807
Preferred stock dividends		21,463		25,130		23,201		22,079		21,645
Combined fixed charges and preferred stock dividends	\$	122,726	\$	174,569	\$	178,058	\$	161,123	\$	189,452
Consolidated ratio of earnings to combined fixed charges and preferred stock dividends	-	1.44	-	1.38	-	1.52	-	1.61	-	1.26
Consolution rate of carnings to comonice fixed charges and preferred stock dividends		1.44		1.50		1.52		1.01		1.20

(1) We have reclassified the income and expenses attributable to the properties sold prior to or held for sale at December 31, 2010 to discontinued operations.

# SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY

100 Konciler Road, LLC     Delavare       1011 E. Pearc forve Road, LLC     Delavare       1022 SCypresseood Drive, LLC     Delavare       111 Lazelle Road East, LLC     Delavare       111 Lazelle Road East, LLC     Delavare       112 Sorver Road, LLC     Delavare       1205 North Chruch Street, LLC     Delavare       1220 Sorver Road, LLC     Delavare       1220 Sorver Road, LLC     Delavare       1230 Sorver Road, LLC     Delavare       12429 Sordel Farms Drive, LLC     Delavare       1230 Brown Street, LLC     Delavare       12429 Sordel Arms Drive, LLC     Delavare       130 Brown Nits Street, LLC     Delavare       130 Brown Street, LLC     Delavare       140 Street, Bray, LLC     Delavare       140 Street, Bray, LLC     Delavare       1500 Broften Road, LLC     Delavare       1500 Broften Road, LLC     Delavare       1500 Broften Road, LLC     Delavare       1500 Street, Braten Road, DLC     Delavare       1500 Street, Braten Road, DLC     Delavare       1500 Street, Braten Road, DLC     Delavare       1500	Name of Subsidiary	State of Organization
1022 Cypressword Dirve, LLCDelavare111 Lazelk Rod East, LLCDelavare112 Ast, Stoneman Avenue, LLCDelavare1220 Sont Church Street, LLCDelavare1220 Sont Church Street, LLCDelavare1230 Bart Church Street, LLCDelavare1242 Sord Eff Famis Drive, LLCDelavare1250 Bort Church Street, LLCDelavare129 Brown Street, LLCDelavare129 Brown Street, LLCDelavare129 Drive Street, LLCDelavare140 N. Washingon Doulevard, LLCDelavare140 Johnson Ferry Road, LLCDelavare140 Drive Street, LLCDelavare150 Dorden Road, LLCDelavare150 Dorden Road, LLCDelavare150 Street, Barch Road, LLCDelavare150 Street, Rach Road, LLCDelavare150 Street, Street, LLCDelavare150 Street, Rach Road, LLCDelavare150 Street, Rach Road, LLCDelavare150 Street, Street, LLCDelavare150 Street, LLCDelavare150 Street, Street, LLCDelavare150 Street, Street, LLCDelavare150 Street, Street, Street, Jefferson, LLCDelavare150 Street, Street, Jefferson, LLC<	100 Knoedler Road, LLC	Delaware
111 Larclie Road East, LLCDelavare1128 N. Stomen Avenue, LLCDelavare1221 Sevenh Street, LLCDelavare1221 Sevenh Street, LLCDelavare1242 Socidel Farns Drive, LLCDelavare130 Bueara Vista Street, LLCDelavare132 Brown Street, LLCDelavare134 N. Nveshington Boulevard, LLCDelavare1442 Socidel Farns Drive, LLCDelavare1445 Lincklington Soulevard, LLCDelavare1450 Lincklington Soulevard, LLCDelavare1460 Johnson Fary Road, LLCDelavare1470 Northville Road, LLCDelavare1470 Northville Road, LLCDelavare1505 Borden Road, LLCDelavare1505 Borden Road, LLCDelavare1505 Norden Road, LLCDelavare1705 Strest Road, LLCDelavare1705 Nue Road, Road West, LLCDelavare1705 Strest Pare Toter Strest To	1011 E. Pecan Grove Road, LLC	Delaware
1118. Stonema Avenue, LLCDelavare1220. Stork Church Street, LLCDelavare1224 Sconed Farms Drive, LLCDelavare1242 Sconed Farms Drive, LLCDelavare132 Brown Street, LLCDelavare132 Brown Street, LLCDelavare143 Univesk Street, LLCDelavare144 Sconed Road, LLCDelavare145 Univesk Road, LLCDelavare146 Drivesk Road, LLCDelavare1470 Northylle Road, LLCDelavare1470 Northylle Road, LLCDelavare1470 Northylle Road, LLCDelavare150 Borden Road, LLCDelavare150 Storden Road, LLCDelavare150 Storden Road, LLCDelavare172 St. Hank Road, LLCDelavare173 St. Heidth Parkvar, LLCDelavare173 St. Heidth Parkvar, LLCDelavare173 St. Hidth Parkvar, LLCDelavare173 St. Heidth Parkvar, LLCDelavare173 St. Heidth Parkvar, LLCDelavare173 St. Heidth Parkvar, LLCDelavare173 St. Heidth Parkvar, LLCDelavare174 Drive, LLCDelavare175 Drive, LLCDelavare175 Drive, LLCDelavare175 Drive, LLCDelavare175 Drive, LLCDelavare175 Streither, Heidth Parkvar, LLCDelavare175 Drive, LLCDelavare175 Drive, LLCDelavare175 Drive, LLCDelavare175 Drive, LLCDelavare175 Drive, LLCDelavare175 Drive, LLCDelavare	10225 Cypresswood Drive, LLC	Delaware
1205 North Church Streer, LLCDelavare1224 Seendi Streer, LLCDelavare130 Buerna Vista Street, LLCDelavare1329 Broon Street, LLCDelavare1340 N. Washington Boulevard, LLCDelavare1445 JordkallDelavare1445 JordkallDelavare1445 Street, LLCDelavare1445 JordkallDelavare1450 JordkallDelavare1460 Johnson Fury Road, LLCDelavare1470 Straville Road, LLCDelavare1550 Borden Road, LLCDelavare1705 Strapinia Ranch Road, LLCDelavare1705 Strapinia Road, Road, StrapiniaDelavare1705 Strapinia Road, Road, StrapiniaDelavare1705 Strapinia Road, Road, StrapiniaDelavare1705 Strapinia Road, LLCDelavare1705 Strapinia Road, LLCDelavare1705 Strapinia Road, LLCDelavare1705 Strapinia Road, LLCDelavare1705 Strapinia Road, LLCDel	111 Lazelle Road East, LLC	Delaware
121 Seventh Street, LLCDelavare1242 Sorield Farms Dive, LLCDelavare130 Baena Vista Street, LLCDelavare130 Rown Street, LLCDelavare130 N. Washingon Boulevard, LLCDelavare140 N. Usenigon Boulevard, LLCDelavare140 N. Usenigon Boulevard, LLCDelavare140 N. Usenigon Boulevard, LLCDelavare140 N. Usenigon Boulevard, LLCDelavare145 Sorkan Road, LLCDelavare1460 Johnson Ferry Road, LLCDelavare150 Boarden Road, LLCDelavare150 Boarden Road, LLCDelavare150 Strignia Ranch Road, LLCDelavare150 Strignia Ranch Road, LLCDelavare150 Strignia Roach Road, LLCDelavare150 Boarden Road, LLCDelavare170 Strignia Roach Road, LLCDelavare<	1118 N. Stoneman Avenue, LLC	Delaware
1242 Socied Fams Drive, LLCDelaware130 Buena Vista Street, LLCDelaware134 DAN Washington Boulevard, LLCDelaware134 DAN Washington Boulevard, LLCDelaware1455 Urekington Errey, Road, LLCDelaware1460 Johnson Ferry, Road, LLCDelaware1470 Street, LLCDelaware1570 Borden Road, LLCDelaware1570 Borden Road, LLCDelaware1570 Borden Road, LLCDelaware170 Street, Berk, LLCDelaware170 Street, Berk, DLCDelaware170 Street, Berk, DLCDelaware170 Street, Berk, DLCDelaware170 Street, Berk, DLCDelaware170 Street, DetawareDelaware170 Street, DetawareDelaware170 Street, DetawareDelaware170 Street, DetawareDelaware170 Street, DLCDelaware170 Street, DL	1205 North Church Street, LLC	Delaware
130 Beens Vista Street, LLCDelaware1329 Brows Street, LLCDelaware1430 I. Washington Boulevard, LLCDelaware1445 Lineklin Pike, LLCDelaware1455 Vorkland Road, LLCDelaware1460 Johnson Ferry Road, LLCDelaware1500 Borden Road, LLCDelaware1550 Virginia Ranch Road, LLCDelaware1550 Virginia Ranch Road, LLCDelaware1655 Virginia Ranch Road, LLCDelaware1705 NV. Hahl Parkowy, LLCDelaware1720 S.W. Hahl Road Wei, LLCDelaware290 Cleveland Road Wei, LLCDelaware290 Eleveland Road Wei, LLCDelaware291 Wei Huge Street, LLCDelaware292 Eleveland Wei	1221 Seventh Street, LLC	Delaware
1329 Brown Street, LLCDelaware1340 N. Washington Boulevard, LLCDelaware1451 Lineklin Pike, LLCDelaware1462 Jorkhan Road, LLCDelaware1463 Jorkhan Road, LLCDelaware1470 Northville Road, LLCDelaware1500 Borden Road, LLCDelaware1701 S.W. Health Parkway, LLCDelaware1705 S.W. Health Parkway, LLCDelaware1705 S.W. Health Parkway, LLCDelaware1705 S.W. Health Parkway, LLCDelaware1800 Borden Park Court, LLCDelaware1900 E. Village Road, LLCDelaware1900 E. Village Road, LLCDelaware1900 E. Village Road, LLCDelaware2005 Rout 22 West, LLCDelaware2016 New Horge Street, LLCDelaware2025 Border Street - Jefferson, LLC.Delaware225 Borden Street - Jefferson, LLC.Delaware235 Outpointe Drive, LLCDelaware235 Outpointe Drive, LLCDelaware<	12429 Scofield Farms Drive, LLC	Delaware
1340 N. Washington Boalevard, LLCDelaware1405 Limekiln Pike, LLCDelaware1425 Yorkkand Road, LLCDelaware1426 Vorkkand Road, LLCDelaware14707 Northville Road, LLCDelaware1500 Borden Road, LLCDelaware1505 Virginia Ranch Road, LLCDelaware1707 Northville Road, LLCDelaware1707 Northville Road, LLCDelaware1707 Northville Road, LLCDelaware1705 W. Health Parkway, LLCDelaware1705 W. Health Parkway, LLCDelaware1705 W. Health Parkway, LLCDelaware1705 W. Health Parkway, LLCDelaware1705 Straft, LLCDelaware1818 Martin Drive, LLCDelaware1818 Martin Drive, LLCDelaware1920 Cleveland Road West, LLCDelaware1920 Evillage Road, LLC.Delaware2005 Koute 22 West, LLCDelaware2010 F. Village Road, LLC.Delaware2020 Evillage Road, LLC.Delaware2031 Hew Hope Street, LLCDelaware2041 Hew Hope Street, LLCDelaware2051 Southopic Drive, LLCDelaware235 Southopic Drive, LLCDelaware240 E. Trint Street, LLCDelaware24	130 Buena Vista Street, LLC	Delaware
1405 Limeklin Pike, LLCDelaware1425 Yarkland Road, LLCDelaware1400 Johnson Ferry Road, LLCDelaware14707 Northville Road, LLCDelaware1508 Borden Road, LLCDelaware1508 Borden Road, LLCDelaware1508 Turginia Ranch Road, LLCDelaware1508 Turginia Ranch Road, LLCDelaware1507 Borden Road, LLCDelaware1708 Treshiger Avenue, LLCDelaware1718 Treshiger Avenue, LLCDelaware1723 LucDelaware1920 Cleveland Road West, LLCDelaware1920 Eveland Road West, LLCDelaware1920 Eveland Road West, LLCDelaware1920 Eveland Road West, LLCDelaware205 State 22 West, LLCDelaware205 Route 22 West, LLCDelaware205 Route 22 West, LLCDelaware205 Route 22 West, LLCDelaware205 Route 22 West, LLCDelaware225 Rockwell Drive, LLCDelaware225 States Freeway, LLCDelaware225 States Freeway, LLCDelaware225 Rockwell Drive, LLCDelaware235 Southord Evet, LLCDelaware240 F. Trint Street, LLCDelaware <td>1329 Brown Street, LLC</td> <td>Delaware</td>	1329 Brown Street, LLC	Delaware
1425 Yorkland Road, LLCDelaware1460 Johnson Ferry Road, LLCDelaware1500 Borden Road, LLCDelaware1505 Virginis Ranch Road, LLCDelaware1625 Virginis Ranch Road, LLCDelaware1625 Virginis Ranch Road, LLCDelaware1710 S.W. Health Parkway, LLCDelaware17231 Mill Forest Road, LLCDelaware17231 Mill Forest Road, LLCDelaware1785 Freshley Avenue, LLCDelaware1785 Crown Park Court, LLCDelaware1890 Matrin Drive, LLCDelaware1920 Cleveland Road West, LLCDelaware1920 Cleveland Road West, LLCDelaware1920 Leveland Road West, LLCDelaware2005 Kuti 22 West, LLCDelaware2016 Village Road, LLC.Delaware2020 Eveland Road West, LLCDelaware2031 Merima Road, LLC.Delaware2041 Wertman Road, LLC.Delaware2051 States Preeway, LLCDelaware2252 Eastes Freeway, LLCDelaware235 Outhopic Drive, LLCDelaware235 Outhopic Drive, LLCDelaware235 States Freeway, LLCDelaware235 States Freeway, LLCDelaware235 Outhopic Drive, LLCDelaware240 E. Third Street, LLCDelaware <td>1340 N. Washington Boulevard, LLC</td> <td>Delaware</td>	1340 N. Washington Boulevard, LLC	Delaware
1460 Johnson Ferry Road, LLCDelaware14707 Northville Road, LLCDelaware1506 Borden Road, LLCDelaware1505 Borden Road, LLCDelaware1505 Krignia Ranch Road, LLCDelaware1625 W. Sping Street, LLCDelaware1710 S.W. Health Parkway, LLCDelaware1723 I.Nill Forest Road, LLCDelaware1735 Freshley Avenue, LLCDelaware1785 Freshley Avenue, LLCDelaware1880 Crown Park Court, LLCDelaware1920 Cleveland Road West, LLCDelaware2005 Route 22 West, LLCDelaware2016 Soute 22 West, LLCDelaware2020 Soute 22 West, LLCDelaware2035 Soute 22 West, LLCDelaware204 Merriman Road, LLC,Delaware205 Soute 22 West, LLCDelaware205 Soute 23 West, LLCDelaware205 Soute 24 West, LLCDelaware205 Soute 24 West, LLCDelaware205 Soute 25 West, LLCDelaware205 Soute 25 West, LLCDelaware205 Soute 25 West, LLCDelaware225 States Freeway, LLCDelaware235 Southpointe Drive, LLCDelaware235 Southpointe Drive, LLCDelaware241 W. Norte, LLCDelaware245 States, LLCDelaware246 Street – JLCDelaware240 Southpointe, LLCDelaware241 W. Norte, LLCDelaware241 W. Norte, LLCDelaware241 W. Norte, LLCDelaware240 Street, LLCDelaware240 Street, LLC<	1405 Limekiln Pike, LLC	Delaware
14707 Northville Road, LLCDelaware1500 Borden Road, LLCDelaware1505 Vrigning Ranch Road, LLCDelaware1625 K. Spring Street, LLCDelaware170 S.W. Health Parkway, LLCDelaware17231 Mill Fores Road, LLCDelaware1785 Freshley Avenue, LLCDelaware1818 Martin Drive, LLCDelaware1820 Crown Park Court, LLCDelaware1920 Leveland Road West, LLCDelaware2005 Route 22 West, LLCDelaware2005 Route 22 West, LLCDelaware2010 Leveland Road West, LLCDelaware2021 Sullage Road, LLCDelaware2035 Route 22 West, LLCDelaware2040 Leveland Road West, LLCDelaware2051 Cure 23 West, LLCDelaware2052 Route 24 West, LLCDelaware2053 Route 25 West, LLCDelaware2054 Route 26 West, LLCDelaware2255 Eastes Freeway, LLCDelaware2255 Eastes Freeway, LLCDelaware235 Route Drive, LLCDelaware235 Route Drive, LLCDelaware236 Route Drive, LLCDelaware237 Southpointe Drive, LLCDelaware236 Southpointe Drive, LLCDelaware236 Route Drive, LLCDelaware236 Southpointe Drive, LLCDelaware237 Southpointe Drive, LLCDelaware238 Route Drive, LLCDelaware2395 Locus Drive, LLCDelaware2305 Locus Drive, LLCDelaware2305 Notus Drive, LLCDelaware2305 Notus Drive, LLC	1425 Yorkland Road, LLC	Delaware
1500 Borden Road, LLCDelaware1565 Virginia Ranch Road, LLCDelaware1625 W. Spring Street, LLCDelaware1703 SW. Health Parkway, LLCDelaware17231 Mill Forest Road, LLCDelaware1785 Freshley Avenue, LLCDelaware1880 Crown Park Court, LLCDelaware1920 Cleveland Road West, LLCDelaware1920 Cleveland Road West, LLCDelaware2005 Route 22 West, LLCDelaware2005 Route 22 West, LLCDelaware2010 New Hope Street, LLCDelaware2021 Cleveland Road, LLCDelaware2035 Route 23 West, LLCDelaware204 Street, LLCDelaware205 Route 24 West, LLCDelaware205 Route 25 West, LLCDelaware205 Route 25 West, LLCDelaware205 Route 26 West, LLCDelaware205 Route 27 West, LLCDelaware205 Route 28 Roth Street - Jefferson, L.L.C.Delaware235 Easter Freeway, LLCDelaware235 Streetway LLCDelaware235 Streetway LLCDelaware2341 W. Norvell Bryant Highway, LLCDelaware2405 Kaite, LLCDelaware2405 Kaite, LLCDelaware2405 Kaite, LLCDelaware2405 Kaite, LLCDelaware2405 Kaite, LLCDelaware2405 Kaite, Reteway, LLCDelaware <td>1460 Johnson Ferry Road, LLC</td> <td>Delaware</td>	1460 Johnson Ferry Road, LLC	Delaware
1565 Virginia Ranch Road, LLCDelaware1625 W. Spring Street, LLCDelaware1720 S.W. Health Parkway, LLCDelaware17231 Mill Forest Road, LLCDelaware1785 Freshley Arenue, LLCDelaware1818 Martin Drive, LLCDelaware1809 Crown Park Court, LLCDelaware1920 Cleveland Road West, LLCDelaware2005 Route 22 West, LLCDelaware2005 Route 22 West, LLCDelaware2010 New Hope Street, LLCDelaware2025 States Freeway, LLCDelaware2225 East Beech Street — Jefferson, L.C.Delaware22955 Eastex Freeway, LLCDelaware235 Southpointe Drive, LLCDelaware240 E. Third Street, LLCDelaware241 W. Norvell Bryant Highway, LLCDelaware2405 States Freeway, LLCDelaware2416 Strentwood Street, LLCDelaware2405 States, LLCDelaware2416 Strentwood Street, LLCDelaware2405 Staley Nick ILCDelaware2416 Strentwood Street, LLCDelaware2416 Strentwood Street, LLCDelaware2416 Strentwood Street, LLCDelaware2416 Strentwood Street, LLCDelaware2416 Strentwins Parkway, LLCDelaware2416 Strentwood Street, LLCDelaware2416 Strentwins Parkway, LLCDelaware2416 Strentwood Street, LLCDelaware2416 Strentwood Street, LLCDelaware2416 Strentwood Street, LLCDelaware2416 Strentwood Street, LLCDelaware2416	14707 Northville Road, LLC	Delaware
1625 W. Spring Street, LLCDelaware1710 S.W. Health Parkway, LLCDelaware17231 Mill Forest Road, LLCDelaware1785 Freshley Avenue, LLCDelaware1880 artom Park Court, LLCDelaware1920 Cleveland Road West, LLCDelaware200E evilage Road, LLCDelaware200F Storte Z2 West, LLCDelaware200F Storte Z2 West, LLCDelaware201 New Hope Street, LLCDelaware2021 Storte Z2 West, LLCDelaware2035 Storte Z2 West, LLCDelaware204 Merriman Road, L.L.C.Delaware205 Storte Z2 West, LLCDelaware205 Storte Z2 West, LLCDelaware205 Storte Z2 West, LLCDelaware205 Storte Z2 West, LLCDelaware205 Storte Z2 West, LLCDelaware225 Rockwell Drive, LLCDelaware235 Nockwell Drive, LLCDelaware234 W. Norvell Bryant Highway, LLCDelaware240 F. Third Street, LLCDelaware240 F. Third Street, LLCDelaware260 Country Drive, LLCDelaware260 Country Drive, LLCDelaware260 Country Drive, LLCDelaware260 West Slaughter Lane, LLCDela	1500 Borden Road, LLC	Delaware
1710 S.W. Health Parkway, LLCDelaware17231 Mill Forest Road, LLCDelaware17235 Treshley Avene, LLCDelaware1818 Martin Drive, LLCDelaware1850 Crown Park Court, LLCDelaware1920 Cleveland Road West, LLCDelaware2005 Route 22 West, LLCDelaware2005 Route 22 West, LLCDelaware2009 Merriman Road, L.L.C.Delaware2010 In New Hope Street, JLCDelaware2020 Street, JLCDelaware2035 Route 22 West, LLCDelaware2041 New Hope Street, JLCDelaware2058 Courty Club Drive, LLCDelaware2261 Courty Club Drive, LLCDelaware235 Southpointe Drive, LLCDelaware235 Southpointe Drive, LLCDelaware2405 L. Third Street, LLCDelaware2416 Brentwood Street, LLCDelaware2406 Country Drive, LLCDelaware2407 L. Third Street, LLCDelaware2408 Country Drive, LLCDelaware2409 L. Third Street, LLCDelaware <td>1565 Virginia Ranch Road, LLC</td> <td>Delaware</td>	1565 Virginia Ranch Road, LLC	Delaware
17231 Mill Forest Road, LLCDelaware1785 Freshley Avenue, LLCDelaware1818 Martin Drive, LLCDelaware1850 Crown Park Court, LLCDelaware1920 Cleveland Road West, LLCDelaware200 E. Village Road, LLCDelaware200 Stoute 22 West, LLCDelaware200 Stoute 22 West, LLCDelaware201 New Hope Street, LLCDelaware202 Stoute 22 West, LLCDelaware203 Stoute 22 West, LLCDelaware204 L. Winge Street, LLCDelaware225 Easte Reeth Street – Jefferson, L.L.C.Delaware2281 Country Club Drive, LLCDelaware235 States Freeway, LLCDelaware235 States Treeway, LLCDelaware2416 Brentwood Street, LLCDelaware2460 C. Mird Street, LLCDelaware2460 Statey The, LLCDelaware2460 Statey The, LLCDelaware2460 Statey The, LLCDelaware2460 Street, LLCDelaware2460 Street, LLCDelaware2460 Statey The, LLCDelaware	1625 W. Spring Street, LLC	Delaware
1785 Freshley Avenue, LLCDelaware1818 Martin Drive, LLCDelaware1850 Crown Park Court, LLCDelaware1920 Cleveland Road West, LLCDelaware2001 E. Village Road, LLCDelaware2005 Route 22 West, LLCDelaware2009 Merrinan Road, L.L.C.Delaware2010 In New Hope Street, LLCDelaware2021 Courty Club Drive, LLC.Delaware222 East Beech Street — Jefferson, L.L.C.Delaware2235 Easter Freeway, LLCDelaware2305 Laster Freeway, LLCDelaware2305 Laster Freeway, LLCDelaware2416 Courty Club Drive, LLCDelaware2406 L. Third Street, LLCDelaware2407 E. Third Street, LLCDelaware2408 Courty Drive, LLCDelaware2408 Courty Drive, LLCDelaware2409 Street, LLCDelaware2400 E. Third Street, LLCDelaware2400 E. Third Street, LLCDelaware2409 E. Third Street, LLCDelaware<	1710 S.W. Health Parkway, LLC	Delaware
1818 Martin Drive, LLCDelaware1850 Crown Park Court, LLCDelaware1920 Cleveland Road West, LLCDelaware200 E. Village Road, LLCDelaware2005 Route 22 West, LLCDelaware209 Merriman Road, L.L.C.Delaware2101 New Hope Street, LLCDelaware222 East Beech Street — Jefferson, L.L.C.Delaware223 Southy Club Drive, LLCDelaware235 Southy Club Drive, LLCDelaware235 Rockwell Drive, LLCDelaware235 Southy Drive, LLCDelaware240 E. Third Street, LLCDelaware241 B. Brantwood Street, LLCDelaware244 D. E. Third Street, LLCDelaware245 Southy Drive, LLCDelaware246 D. Country Drive, LLCDelaware241 B. Brantwood Street, LLCDelaware240 Street, LLCDelaware241 B. Brentwood Street, LLCDelaware240 Street, LLCDelaware240 Street, LLCDelaware241 B. Brentwood Street, LLCDelaware240 Street	17231 Mill Forest Road, LLC	Delaware
1850 Crown Park Court, LLCDelaware1920 Cleveland Road West, LLCDelaware200 E. Village Road, LLCDelaware2005 Route 22 West, LLCDelaware209 Merriman Road, L.L.C.Delaware2101 New Hope Street, LLCDelaware222 East Beech Street — Jefferson, L.L.C.Delaware22955 Eastex Freeway, LLCDelaware230 southpointe Drive, LLCDelaware235 Country Club Drive, LLCDelaware235 Rockwell Drive, LLCDelaware235 Rockwell Drive, LLCDelaware236 Country Club Drive, LLCDelaware235 Rockwell Drive, LLCDelaware235 Rockwell Drive, LLCDelaware236 Country Drive, LLCDelaware237 Rockwell Drive, LLCDelaware2381 Country Club Drive, LLCDelaware2392 Rockwell Drive, LLCDelaware230 Rockwell Drive, LLCDelaware231 W. Norvell Bryant Highway, LLCDelaware240 E. Third Street, LLCDelaware240 E. Third Street, LLCDelaware240 E. Third Street, LLCDelaware240 E. Third Street, LLCDelaware2400 Untry Drive, LLCDelaware2400 West Slaughter Lane, LLCDelaware2400 West Slaughter Lane, LLCDelaware240 West Slaughter Lane, LLCDelaware240 Urest Slaughter Lane, LLCDelaware240 Urest Slaughter Lane, LLCDelaware250 Locust Drive, LLCDelaware250 Locust Drive, LLCDelaware250 Locust Drive, LLC <t< td=""><td>1785 Freshley Avenue, LLC</td><td>Delaware</td></t<>	1785 Freshley Avenue, LLC	Delaware
1920 Cleveland Road West, LLCDelaware200 E. Village Road, LLCDelaware2005 Route 22 West, LLCDelaware209 Merriman Road, L.L.C.Delaware2101 New Hope Street, LLCDelaware222 East Beech Street — Jefferson, L.L.C.Delaware228 I Country Club Drive, LLCDelaware235 Southorite Drive, LLCDelaware235 Southorite Drive, LLCDelaware235 Rockwell Drive, LLCDelaware235 Rockwell Drive, LLCDelaware240 E. Third Street, LLCDelaware241 W. Norvell Bryant Highway, LLCDelaware240 E. Third Street, LLCDelaware241 Berntwood Street, LLCDelaware240 Country Drive, LLCDelaware240 Country Drive, LLCDelaware240 Street, LLCDelaware240 Street, LLCDelaware241 Berntwood Street, LLCDelaware2400 Country Drive, LLCDelaware2400 West Slaughter Lane, LLCDelaware2400 West Slaughter Lane, LLCDelaware2400 West Slaughter Lane, LLCDelaware250 Locust Drive, LLCDelaware250 Locust Drive, LLCDelaware	1818 Martin Drive, LLC	Delaware
200 E. Village Road, LLCDelaware2005 Route 22 West, LLCDelaware2009 Merriman Road, L.L.C.Delaware2010 New Hope Street, LLCDelaware222 East Beech Street — Jefferson, L.L.C.Delaware2281 Country Club Drive, LLCDelaware2295 Eastex Freeway, LLCDelaware233 Southpointe Drive, LLCDelaware234 N. Norvell Bryant Highway, LLCDelaware240 E. Third Street, LLCDelaware241 Brentwood Street, LLCDelaware240 E. Third Street, LLCDelaware241 E. Hawkins Parkway, LLCDelaware2460 Country Drive, LLCDelaware2410 Street, LLCDelaware2410 Street, LLCDelaware2410 Street, LLCDelaware2411 Brentwood Street, LLCDelaware2402 Ocumtry Drive, LLCDelaware2403 Valleyview Boulevard, LLCDelaware2404 DelawareDelaware2405 Stalleytre K. DuckDelaware2406 Country Drive, LLCDelaware2400 Country Drive, LLCDelaware2400 West Slaughter Lane, LLC </td <td>1850 Crown Park Court, LLC</td> <td>Delaware</td>	1850 Crown Park Court, LLC	Delaware
2005 Route2005 RouteDelaware209 Merriman Road, L.L.C.Delaware2101 New Hope Street, LLCDelaware222 East Beech Street — Jefferson, L.L.C.Delaware2281 Country Club Drive, LLCDelaware2355 Eastex Freeway, LLCDelaware235 Southpointe Drive, LLCDelaware235 Southpointe Drive, LLCDelaware234 W. Norvell Bryant Highway, LLCDelaware240 E. Third Street, LLCDelaware2416 Brentwood Street, LLCDelaware2460 Country Drive, LLCDelaware250 Valters Road, LLCDelaware250 Locust Drive, LLCDelaware250 Locust Drive, LLCDelaware	1920 Cleveland Road West, LLC	Delaware
209 Merriman Road, L.L.C.Delaware2101 New Hope Street, LLCDelaware222 East Beech Street — Jefferson, L.L.C.Delaware2281 Country Club Drive, LLCDelaware22955 Eastex Freeway, LLCDelaware23 Southpointe Drive, LLCDelaware23 Southpointe Drive, LLCDelaware235 Rockwell Drive, LLCDelaware240 E. Third Street, LLCDelaware250 Locust Drive, LLCDelaware350 Locust Drive, LLCDelaware	200 E. Village Road, LLC	Delaware
2101 New Hope Street, LLCDelaware222 East Beech Street — Jefferson, L.L.C.Delaware231 Country Club Drive, LLCDelaware23955 Eastex Freeway, LLCDelaware232 Southpointe Drive, LLCDelaware232 Stockwell Drive, LLCDelaware2325 Rockwell Drive, LLCDelaware2341 W. Norvell Bryant Highway, LLCDelaware240 E. Third Street, LLCDelaware2416 Brentwood Street, LLCDelaware2695 Valleyview Boulevard, LLCDelaware2860 Country Drive, LLCDelaware2300 West Slaughter Lane, LLCDelaware3200 West Slaughter Lane, LLCDelaware334 Watters Road, LLCDelaware350 Locust Drive, LLCDelaware	2005 Route 22 West, LLC	Delaware
222 East Beech Street — Jefferson, L.L.C.Delaware2281 Country Club Drive, LLCDelaware2295 Eastex Freeway, LLCDelaware23 Southpointe Drive, LLCDelaware232 Southpointe Drive, LLCDelaware2341 W. Norvell Bryant Highway, LLCDelaware240 E. Third Street, LLCDelaware241 Brentwood Street, LLCDelaware2416 Brentwood Street, LLCDelaware2416 Brentwood Street, LLCDelaware2460 Country Drive, LLCDelaware2860 Country Drive, LLCDelaware2860 Country Drive, LLCDelaware311 E. Hawkins Parkway, LLCDelaware3200 West Slaughter Lane, LLCDelaware334 Watters Road, LLCDelaware350 Locust Drive, LLCDelaware	209 Merriman Road, L.L.C.	Delaware
2281 Country Club Drive, LLCDelaware2295 Eastex Freeway, LLCDelaware23 Southpoine Drive, LLCDelaware2325 Rockwell Drive, LLCDelaware2341 W. Norvell Bryant Highway, LLCDelaware240 E. Third Street, LLCDelaware241 Brentwood Street, LLCDelaware2695 Valleyview Boulevard, LLCDelaware2860 Country Drive, LLCDelaware311 E. Hawkins Parkway, LLCDelaware3200 West Slaughter Lane, LLCDelaware3200 West Slaughter Lane, LLCDelaware350 Locust Drive, LLCDelaware	2101 New Hope Street, LLC	Delaware
22955 Eastex Freeway, LLCDelaware23 Southpointe Drive, LLCDelaware2325 Rockwell Drive, LLCDelaware2341 W. Norvell Bryant Highway, LLCDelaware240 E. Third Street, LLCDelaware2416 Brentwood Street, LLCDelaware2695 Valleyview Boulevard, LLCDelaware2860 Country Drive, LLCDelaware2860 Country Drive, LLCDelaware231 E. Hawkins Parkway, LLCDelaware3200 West Slaughter Lane, LLCDelaware3200 West Slaughter Kane, LLCDelaware3200 Locust Drive, LLCDelaware350 Locust Drive, LLCDelaware	222 East Beech Street — Jefferson, L.L.C.	Delaware
23 Southpointe Drive, LLCDelaware2325 Rockwell Drive, LLCDelaware2341 W. Norvell Bryant Highway, LLCDelaware240 E. Third Street, LLCDelaware2416 Brentwood Street, LLCDelaware2695 Valleyview Boulevard, LLCDelaware2600 Country Drive, LLCDelaware2800 Country Drive, LLCDelaware3200 West Slaughter Lane, LLCDelaware3200 West Slaughter Lane, LLCDelaware3200 Locust Drive, LLCDelaware350 Locust Drive, LLCDelaware	2281 Country Club Drive, LLC	Delaware
2325 Rockwell Drive, LLCDelaware2341 W. Norvell Bryant Highway, LLCDelaware240 E. Third Street, LLCDelaware2416 Brentwood Street, LLCDelaware2695 Valleyview Boulevard, LLCDelaware2860 Country Drive, LLCDelaware311 E. Hawkins Parkway, LLCDelaware3200 West Slaughter Lane, LLCDelaware3300 West Slaughter Lane, LLCDelaware3300 Locust Drive, LLCDelaware350 Locust Drive, LLCDelaware	22955 Eastex Freeway, LLC	Delaware
2341 W. Norvell Bryant Highway, LLCDelaware240 E. Third Street, LLCDelaware2416 Brentwood Street, LLCDelaware2695 Valleyview Boulevard, LLCDelaware2860 Country Drive, LLCDelaware311 E. Hawkins Parkway, LLCDelaware3200 West Slaughter Lane, LLCDelaware3200 West Slaughter Lane, LLCDelaware334 Watters Road, LLCDelaware350 Locust Drive, LLCDelaware	23 Southpointe Drive, LLC	Delaware
240 E. Third Street, LLCDelaware2416 Brentwood Street, LLCDelaware2695 Valleyview Boulevard, LLCDelaware2606 Country Drive, LLCDelaware311 E. Hawkins Parkway, LLCDelaware3200 West Slaughter Lane, LLCDelaware3434 Watters Road, LLCDelaware350 Locust Drive, LLCDelaware	2325 Rockwell Drive, LLC	Delaware
2416 Brentwood Street, LLCDelaware2695 Valleyview Boulevard, LLCDelaware2860 Country Drive, LLCDelaware311 E. Hawkins Parkway, LLCDelaware3200 West Slaughter Lane, LLCDelaware3434 Watters Road, LLCDelaware350 Locust Drive, LLCDelaware	2341 W. Norvell Bryant Highway, LLC	Delaware
2695 Valleyview Boulevard, LLCDelaware2606 Country Drive, LLCDelaware311 E. Hawkins Parkway, LLCDelaware3200 West Slaughter Lane, LLCDelaware3434 Watters Road, LLCDelaware350 Locust Drive, LLCDelaware	240 E. Third Street, LLC	Delaware
2860 Country Drive, LLCDelaware311 E. Hawkins Parkway, LLCDelaware3200 West Slaughter Lane, LLCDelaware3434 Watters Road, LLCDelaware350 Locust Drive, LLCDelaware	2416 Brentwood Street, LLC	Delaware
311 E. Hawkins Parkway, LLCDelaware3200 West Slaughter Lane, LLCDelaware3434 Watters Road, LLCDelaware350 Locust Drive, LLCDelaware	2695 Valleyview Boulevard, LLC	Delaware
3200 West Slaughter Lane, LLCDelaware3434 Watters Road, LLCDelaware350 Locust Drive, LLCDelaware		Delaware
3434 Watters Road, LLCDelaware350 Locust Drive, LLCDelaware		Delaware
350 Locust Drive, LLC Delaware		Delaware
	3434 Watters Road, LLC	Delaware
36101 Seaside Boulevard, LLC Delaware		Delaware
	36101 Seaside Boulevard, LLC	Delaware

Name of Subsidiary	State of Organization
3625 Green Crest Street, LLC	Delaware
3921 North Main Street, LLC	Delaware
402 South Colonial Drive, LLC	Delaware
430 North Union Road, LLC	Delaware
4500 Dorr Street Holdings, LLC	Delaware
4855 Snyder Lane, LLC	Delaware
500 Seven Fields Boulevard, LLC	Delaware
515 Jack Martin Boulevard, LLC	Delaware
5165 Summit Ridge Court, LLC	Delaware
5166 Spanson Drive SE, LLC	Delaware
5437 Eisenhauer Road, LLC	Delaware
5521 Village Creek Drive, LLC	Delaware
5550 Old Jacksonville Highway, LLC	Delaware
5700 Karl Road, LLC	Delaware
5902 North Street, LLC	Delaware
655 Mansell Road, LLC	Delaware
721 Hickory Street, LLC	Delaware
7231 East Broadway, LLC	Delaware
731 Old Buck Lane, LLC	Delaware
750 North Collegiate Drive, LLC	Delaware
7950 Baybranch Drive, LLC	Delaware
799 Yellowstone Drive, LLC	Delaware
800 Oregon Street, LLC	Delaware
8503 Mystic Park, LLC	Delaware
8702 South Course Drive, LLC	Delaware
935 Union Lake Road, LLC	Delaware
965 Hager Drive, LLC	Delaware
9802 48th Drive NE, LLC	Delaware
AMCO I, LLC	Wisconsin
Anchor HCN Doylestown, LLC	Delaware
Anchor HCN Properties II, LLC	Delaware
Anchor HCN Properties, LLC	Delaware
Badger RE Portfolio I, LLC	Wisconsin
Badger RE Portfolio II, LLC	Wisconsin
Badger RE Portfolio III, LLC	Wisconsin
Badger RE Portfolio IV, LLC	Wisconsin
Badger RE Portfolio V, LLC	Wisconsin
BAL Colts Neck LLC	Delaware
BAL Fenwick Island LLC	Delaware
BAL Governor's Crossing LLC	Delaware
BAL Holdings I, LLC	Delaware
BAL Holdings II, LLC	Delaware
BAL Holdings III, LLC	Delaware
BAL Holdings VII, LLC	Delaware
BAL Howell LLC	Delaware
BAL Longwood LLC	Pennsylvania
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Name of Subsidiary	State of Organization
BAL Reflections LLC	Delaware
BAL Savoy Little Neck LLC	Delaware
BAL Sycamore LLC	Delaware
BAL Toms River LLC	Delaware
Ballard Healthcare Investors, LLC	Delaware
Bardstown Physicians LLC	Delaware
Bellevue Healthcare Properties, LLC	Delaware
Bellevue Physicians, LLC	Delaware
Boardman Physicians LLC	Delaware
Brandall Central Avenue, LLC	Delaware
Bridgeton Healthcare Investors, LLC	Delaware
Brierbrook Partners, L.L.C.	Tennessee
BSL Huntington Terrace LLC	Delaware
CAL-GAT Limited Partnership	Florida
CAL-LAK Limited Partnership	Florida
Cooper Holding, L.L.C.	Florida
Cooper, L.L.C.	Delaware
CRP/BWN Litchfield L.L.C.	Delaware
DePaul Physicians, LLC	Delaware
DRF Boardman LLC	Minnesota
DRF Bridgeton LLC	Minnesota
DRF Durango LLC	Minnesota
DRF Great Falls LLC	Minnesota
DRF Lenexa LLC	Minnesota
DRF Lincoln LLC	Minnesota
DRF LSL LLC	Minesota
DRF Shawnee Mission LLC	Minesota
DRF South Valley LLC	Minnesota
DRF South valley EEC	Minnesota
DRF Westiminster LLC	Minnesota
DSG-2010 Loans I, Inc.	Delaware
Dublin Senior Community DRV, LLC	Oklahoma
Dublin Senior Community WPP, LLC	Oklahoma
FC HCN University Park, LLC	Delaware
FLA-PALM COURT, limited partnership	Florida
	Delaware
Forest City 40 Landsdowne, LLC Forest City 88 Sidney Street, LLC	Delaware
Forest City 66 States Street, LLC	Minnesota
	Miniesota Minnesota
Frauenshuh Bridgeton LLC	
Frauenshuh Greeneville LLC	Minnesota
Frauenshuh HealthCare Properties, LLC	Delaware
Frauenshuh HealthCare Real Estate Solutions, LLC	Minnesota
Frauenshuh HealthCare Venture Properties, LLC	Delaware
Frauenshuh Killeen LLC	Minnesota
Gemini Davenport, LLC	Oklahoma
Gemini Las Colinas, L.L.C.	Oklahoma

Name of Subsidiary	State of Organization
Gemini Romeoville, LLC	Oklahoma
Gemini SS Lessee, LLC	Oklahoma
Gemini Villa Ventura, L.L.C.	Oklahoma
Gemini Wexford, L.L.C.	Oklahoma
Gig Harbor Physicians, LLC	Delaware
Grand Ledge I, LLC	Delaware
Great Falls Clinic — Frauenshuh, LLC	Minnesota
Greeneville Healthcare Investors, LLC	Delaware
Hammes Company Green Bay I, LLC	Wisconsin
Hammes Company Green Bay II, LLC	Wisconsin
HC Mill Creek I, LLC	Washington
HC Redmond I, LLC	Wisconsin
HC Summit I, LLC	Wisconsin
HCN Access Holdings, LLC	Delaware
HCN Access Las Vegas I, LLC	Delaware
HCN Anchor Covington, LLC	Delaware
HCN BCC Holdings, Inc.	Delaware
HCN Capital Holdings, LLC	Delaware
HCN Development Services Group, Inc.	Indiana
HCN Emerald Holdings, LLC	Delaware
HCN FCE Life Sciences, LLC	Delaware
HCN Interra Lake Travis LTACH, LLC	Delaware
HCN Lake Travis Holdings, LLC	Delaware
HCN Lake Travis Property One, LLC	Delaware
HCN Lake Travis Property Two, LLC	Delaware
HCN Medicus Holdings, LLC	Delaware
HCN Navvis Clarkson Valley, LLC	Delaware
HCN Rendina Holdings, LLC	Delaware
HCN Rendina Merced, LLC	Delaware
HCN-TH Wisconsin I. LLC	Delaware
HCN-TH Wisconsin II, LLC	Delaware
HCN-TH Wisconsin III, LLC	Delaware
HCN-TH Wisconsin IV, LLC	Delaware
HCN-TH Wisconsin V, LLC	Delaware
HCN-TH Wisconsin VI, LLC	Delaware
HCN-TH Wisconsin VII. LLC	Delaware
HCN-TH Wisconsin VIII, LLC	Delaware
HCRE Solutions, LLC	Delaware
HCRI Abingdon Holdings, Inc.	North Carolina
HCRI Abingdon Properties, LP	North Carolina
HCRI Akron Properties, LLC	Delaware
HCRI Ancillary TRS, Inc.	Delaware
HCRI Asheboro Holdings, Inc.	North Carolina
HCRI Asheboro Properties, LP	North Carolina
HCRI Beachwood, Inc.	Ohio
HCRI Boardman Properties, LLC	Delaware
new Boardinair Properties, ELC	Delawale

Name of Subsidiary	State of Organization
HCRI Broadview, Inc.	Ohio
HCRI Burlington Manor Holdings, Inc.	North Carolina
HCRI Burlington Manor Properties, LP	North Carolina
HCRI Cold Spring Properties, LLC	Delaware
HCRI Concord Place Holdings, Inc.	North Carolina
HCRI Concord Place Properties, LP	North Carolina
HCRI Cumberland Properties, LLC	Delaware
HCRI Dayton Place — Denver Properties, LLC	Delaware
HCRI Draper Place Properties Trust	Massachusetts
HCRI Drum Hill Properties, LLC	Delaware
HCRI Eddy Pond Properties Trust	Massachusetts
HCRI Eden Holdings, Inc.	North Carolina
HCRI Eden Properties, LP	North Carolina
HCRI Emerald Holdings, LLC	Delaware
HCRI Exchange Management I, LLC	Delaware
HCRI Exchange Properties I, LLC	Delaware
HCRI Fairmont Properties, LLC	Delaware
HCRI Financial Services, LLC	Delaware
HCRI Financing, Inc.	Delaware
HCRI Forest City Holdings, Inc.	North Carolina
HCRI Forest City Properties, LP	North Carolina
HCRI Gaston Manor Holdings, Inc.	North Carolina
HCRI Gaston Manor Properties, LP	North Carolina
HCRI Greenville Holdings, Inc.	North Carolina
HCRI Greenville Properties, LP	North Carolina
HCRI High Point Manor Holdings, Inc.	North Carolina North Carolina
HCRI High Point Manor Properties, LP	North Carolina
HCRI Holdings Trust	Massachusetts
HCRI Hunters Glen Properties, LLC	Delaware
HCRI Illinois Properties II, LLC	Delaware
HCRI Illinois Properties, LLC	Delaware
HCRI Indiana Properties, Inc.	Delaware
	Indiana
HCRI Indiana Properties, LLC HCRI Investments, Inc.	
	Delaware
HCRI Kansas Properties, LLC	Delaware
HCRI Kentucky Properties, LLC	Kentucky
HCRI Kirkland Properties, LLC	Delaware
HCRI Limited Holdings, Inc.	Delaware
HCRI Logistics, Inc.	Delaware
HCRI Louisiana Properties, L.P.	Delaware
HCRI Marina Place Properties Trust	Massachusetts
HCRI Maryland Properties, LLC	Maryland
HCRI Massachusetts Properties Trust	Massachusetts
HCRI Massachusetts Properties Trust II	Massachusetts
HCRI Massachusetts Properties, Inc.	Delaware
HCRI Merrillville Medical Facility, LLC	Delaware

Name of Subsidiary	State of Organization
HCRI Mississippi Properties, Inc.	Mississippi
HCRI Missouri Properties, LLC	Delaware
HCRI Nevada Properties, Inc.	Nevada
HCRI New Hampshire Properties, LLC	Delaware
HCRI North Carolina Properties I, Inc.	North Carolina
HCRI North Carolina Properties II, Inc.	North Carolina
HCRI North Carolina Properties III, Limited Partnership	North Carolina
HCRI North Carolina Properties, LLC	Delaware
HCRI Pennsylvania Properties, Inc.	Pennsylvania
HCRI Prestonwood Medical Facility, LLC	Delaware
HCRI Provider Properties, LLC	Delaware
HCRI Ridgeland Pointe Properties, LLC	Delaware
HCRI Senior Housing Properties, Inc.	Delaware
HCRI Skeet Club Manor Holdings, Inc.	North Carolina
HCRI Skeet Club Manor Properties, LP	North Carolina
HCRI Smithfield Holdings, Inc.	North Carolina
HCRI Smithfield Properties, LP	North Carolina
HCRI Southern Investments I, Inc.	Delaware
HCRI Statesville Place Holdings I, Inc.	North Carolina
HCRI Statesville Place Holdings II, Inc.	North Carolina
HCRI Statesville Place Properties I, LP	North Carolina
HCRI Statesville Place Properties II, LP	North Carolina
HCRI Summit Properties, LLC	Delaware
HCRI Tallahassee Medical Facility, LLC	Delaware
HCRI Tennessee Properties, Inc.	Delaware
HCRI Tennessee Properties, LLC	Delaware
HCRI Texas Properties, Inc.	Delaware
HCRI Texas Properties, Ltd.	Texas
HCRI TRS Acquirer II, LLC	Delaware
HCRI TRS Acquirer, LLC	Delaware
HCRI Tucson Properties, Inc.	Delaware
HCRI Van Nuys Medical Facility, LLC	Delaware
HCRI Weddington Park Holdings, Inc.	North Carolina
HCRI Weddington Park Properties, LP	North Carolina
HCRI Westlake, Inc.	Ohio
HCRI Wilburn Gardens Properties, LLC	Delaware
HCRI Wisconsin Properties, LLC	Wisconsin
Healthcare Property Managers of America, LLC	Florida
Heat Merger Sub, LLC	Delaware
Heat OP TRS. Inc.	Delaware
HH Florida, LLC	Delaware
Kaiser Gemini Burgundy, LLC	Oklahoma
Kaiser Gemini Woodland, LLC	Oklahoma
Killeen Healthcare Investors. LLC	Delaware
Lake Mead Medical Investors Limited Partnership	Florida
Lenexa Investors. LLC	Delaware
Lenca myesiois, LLC	Delawale

Name of Subsidiary	State of Organization
Med Properties Asset Group, L.L.C.	Indiana
Medical Real Estate Property Managers of America, LLC	Florida
Merrill Gardens Harbor Court, LLC	Washington
Merrill Gardens Windsor Manor, LLC	Washington
MG Landlord, LLC	Delaware
MG Tenant, LLC	Delaware
MGP 41, LLC	Delaware
MGP 42, LLC	Delaware
MGP 43, LLC	Delaware
MGP I, LLC	Washington
MGP V, LLC	Washington
MGP VI, LLC	Washington
MGP X, LLC	Wisconsin
MGP XI, LLC	Wisconsin
MGP XII, LLC	Wisconsin
MGP XIII, LLC	Wisconsin
MGP XIV, LLC	Wisconsin
MGP XIX, LLC	Washington
MGP XL, LLC	Washington
MGP XV, LLC	Wisconsin
MGP XVI, LLC	Wisconsin
MGP XVII, LLC	Washington
MGP XXIX, LLC	Washington
MGP XXV, LLC	Washington
MGP XXXII, LLC	Washington
MGP XXXIII, LLC	Washington
MGP XXXIX, LLC	Washington
MGP XXXVII, LLC	Washington
MGP XXXVIII, LLC	Washington
Midland I, LLC	Delaware
Midwest 108th & Q, LLC	Delaware
Midwest Ames, LLC	Delaware
Midwest Miracle Hills, LLC	Delaware
Midwest Prestwick, LLC	Delaware
Midwest Van Dorn, LLC	Delaware
Midwest Village of Columbus, LLC	Delaware
Midwest Windermere, LLC	Delaware
Midwest Woodbridge, LLC	Delaware
Mill Creek Real Estate Partners, LLC	Delaware
MIMA Real Estate, L.L.C.	Florida
Murrieta Healthcare Investors, LLC	Delaware
Murrieta Healthcare Properties, LLC	Delaware
Paramount Real Estate Services, Inc.	Delaware
Pennsylvania BCC Properties, Inc.	Pennsylvania
Petoskey I, LLC	Delaware
Petoskey II, LLC	Delaware

Name of Subsidiary	State of Organization
Plymouth I, LLC	Delaware
PVL Landlord — Hattiesburg, LLC	Delaware
PVL Landlord — STL Hills, LLC	Delaware
PVL Tenant — STL Hills, LLC	Delaware
PVL Tenant- Hattiesburg, LLC	Delaware
Redmond Partners, LLC	Delaware
Senior Star Investments I, LLC	Delaware
Senior Star Tenant, LLC	Delaware
Shawnee Mission Investors, LLC	Delaware
Silverado Senior Living Alhambra, Inc.	California
Silverado Senior Living Azusa, Inc.	California
Silverado Senior Living Costa Mesa, Inc.	California
Silverado Senior Living Dallas, Inc.	Delaware
Silverado Senior Living Encinitas, Inc.	California
Silverado Senior Living Escondido, Inc.	California
Silverado Senior Living Houston, Inc.	Delaware
Silverado Senior Living Las Colinas, Inc.	Delaware
Silverado Senior Living Los Angeles, Inc.	California
Silverado Senior Living of Cypresswood, Inc.	Delaware
Silverado Senior Living of Kingwood, Inc.	Delaware
Silverado Senior Living of Sugarland, Inc.	Delaware
Silverado Senior Living of Woodlands, Inc.	Delaware
Silverado Senior Living Properties, Inc.	Delaware
Silverado Senior Living Redondo Beach, Inc.	California
Silverado Senior Living Salt Lake City, Inc.	Delaware
Silverado Senior Living San Juan Capistrano, Inc.	California
Silverado Senior Living Scottsdale, Inc.	Delaware
Silverado Senior Living Turtle Creek, Inc.	Delaware
Silverado Senior Living Tustin, Inc.	California
Silverado Senior Living, Inc.	California
South Valley Medical Building L.L.C.	Minnesota
South Valley Venture, LLC	Minnesota
SSL Aspen Park SPE, LLC	Delaware
SSL Landlord, LLC	Delaware
SSL Sponsor, LLC	Delaware
SSL Tenant, LLC	Delaware
St. Joseph Physicians, LLC	Delaware
Stafford Medical Office Pavilion, LLC	Delaware
Subtenant 10225 Cypresswood Drive, LLC	Delaware
Subtenant 1118 N. Stoneman Avenue, LLC	Delaware
Subtenant 1221 Seventh Street, LLC	Delaware
Subtenant 125 W. Sierra Madre Avenue, LLC	Delaware
Subtenant 1430 East 4500 South, LLC	Delaware
Subtenant 1500 Borden Road, LLC	Delaware
Subtenant 22955 Eastex Freeway, LLC	Delaware
Subtenant 240 E. Third Street, LLC	Delaware

Name of Subsidiary	State of Organization
Subtenant 30311 Camino Capistrano, LLC	Delaware
Subtenant 330 North Hayworth Avenue, LLC	Delaware
Subtenant 335 Saxony Road, LLC	Delaware
Subtenant 350 W. Bay Street, LLC	Delaware
Subtenant 3611 Dickason Avenue, LLC	Delaware
Subtenant 514 N. Prospect Avenue, LLC	Delaware
Subtenant 5521 Village Creek Drive, LLC	Delaware
Subtenant 7950 Baybranch Drive, LLC	Delaware
Subtenant 8855 West Valley Ranch Parkway, LLC	Delaware
Subtenant 9410 E. Thunderbird, LLC	Delaware
Voorhees Healthcare Properties, LLC	Delaware
Voorhees Physicians, LLC	Delaware
Warrior LP Holdco, LLC	Delaware
Waterstone I, LLC	Delaware
West Boynton Investors, LLLP	Florida
Westminster Junction Venture, LLC	Minnesota
White Lake I, LLC	Delaware
Windrose 310 Properties, L.L.C.	Tennessee
Windrose 4475 Sierra Properties, L.L.C.	Delaware
Windrose Aberdeen I Properties, L.L.C.	Florida
Windrose Aberdeen II Properties, L.L.C.	Delaware
Windrose Atrium Properties, L.L.C.	Delaware
Windrose AWPC II Properties, LLC	Delaware
Windrose AZ-Tempe Properties, LLC	Delaware
Windrose Bartlett Properties, LLC	Delaware
Windrose Bethesda Properties, LLC	Delaware
Windrose Biltmore Properties, L.L.C.	Virginia
Windrose Central Medical II Properties, L.L.C.	Virginia
Windrose Central Medical III Properties, L.L.C.	Virginia
Windrose Central Medical Properties, L.L.C.	Delaware
Windrose Claremore Properties, LLC	Delaware
Windrose Columbia Properties, Ltd.	Florida
Windrose Congress I Properties, L.P.	Delaware
Windrose Congress I Properties, L.P.	Delaware
Windrose Congress in Properties, L.L.C.	Virginia
Windrose Coral Springs Properties, L.L.C.	Virginia
Windrose Cottonwood Properties, LLC	Delaware
Windrose Denton Properties, LLC	Delaware
Windrose Desert Springs Properties, L.P.	Delaware
	Delaware
Windrose East Valley Properties, LLC Windrose East West Properties, L.L.C.	
Windrose Fast west Properties, L.L.C. Windrose Fayetteville Properties, L.L.C.	Virginia
	Delaware
Windrose Fox Valley Properties, L.L.C.	Virginia Delaware
Windrose Frisco I Properties, LLC	Delaware
Windrose Frisco II Properties, LLC	Delaware
Windrose Glendale Properties, LLC	Delaware

Name of Subsidiary	State of Organization
Windrose Gwinnett I Properties, L.L.C.	Virginia
Windrose Lafayette Properties, L.L.C.	Delaware
Windrose Lake Mead Properties, L.L.C.	Virginia
Windrose Lakewood Properties, L.L.C.	Virginia
Windrose Las Vegas Properties, LLC	Delaware
Windrose Los Alamitos Properties, LLC	Delaware
Windrose Los Gatos Properties, L.L.C.	Virginia
Windrose Medical Properties Management, L.L.C.	Virginia
Windrose Medical Properties, L.P.	Virginia
Windrose Mount Vernon Properties, L.L.C.	Virginia
Windrose Niagara Falls Properties, LLC	Delaware
Windrose Northside Properties, Ltd.	Florida
Windrose Northwest Professional Plaza Properties, LLC	Delaware
Windrose Ocala Urology Properties, L.L.C.	Virginia
Windrose Okatie I Properties, LLC	Delaware
Windrose Orange Centre Properties, LLC	Delaware
Windrose Orange Properties, L.L.C.	Delaware
Windrose Palm Court Properties, L.L.C.	Virginia
Windrose Palmer Properties, LLC	Delaware
Windrose Palms West III Properties, Ltd.	Florida
Windrose Palms West IV Properties, Ltd.	Florida
Windrose Palms West V Properties, Ltd.	Florida
Windrose Park Medical Properties, L.L.C.	Virginia
Windrose Partell Medical Center, L.L.C.	Virginia
Windrose Physicians Plaza Properties, LLC	Delaware
Windrose Princeton Properties, L.L.C.	Delaware
Windrose Santa Anita Properties, L.L.C.	Delaware
Windrose Sierra Properties, Ltd.	Florida
Windrose Southlake Properties, LLC	Delaware
Windrose Southpointe Properties, L.L.C.	Delaware
Windrose Southside Properties, Ltd.	Florida
Windrose SPE Mount Vernon Properties, Inc.	Georgia
Windrose St. Louis I Properties, LLC	Delaware
Windrose St. Mary's Medical Professional Building, L.L.C.	Virginia
Windrose Trussville Properties, L.L.C.	Delaware
Windrose TSM I Properties, LLC	Delaware
Windrose Tucson Properties, LLC	Delaware
Windrose Tulsa Properties, L.L.C.	Delaware
Windrose Union City Properties, L.L.C.	Virginia
Windrose Webster Properties, L.P.	Delaware
Windrose Wellington Properties, LLC	Delaware
Windrose Wellington Properties, Ltd.	Florida
Windrose West Boca Properties, Ltd.	Florida
Windrose West Seneca Properties, LLC	Delaware
Windrose West Tower Properties, Ltd.	Florida
Windrose Winn Way Properties, L.L.C.	Virginia

Name of Subsidiary	State of Organization
Windrose WPC Jupiter Properties, LLC	Delaware
Windrose WPC Properties, L.P.	Delaware
Windrose Yorkville Properties, L.L.C.	Virginia
WMP AWPC II Management, LLC	Delaware
WMP Bethesda Management, LLC	Delaware
WMP Boynton Beach Management, LLC	Delaware
WMP Cottonwood Management, LLC	Delaware
WMP East Valley Management, LLC	Delaware
WMP Niagara Falls Management, LLC	Delaware
WMP Northwest Professional Plaza Management, LLC	Delaware
WMP Physicians Plaza Management, LLC	Delaware
WMP Southlake Management, LLC	Delaware
WMP TSM I Management, LLC	Delaware
WMP Wellington Management, LLC	Delaware
WMP West Seneca Management, LLC	Delaware
WMPT Aberdeen I Management, L.L.C.	Delaware
WMPT Aberdeen II Management, L.L.C.	Delaware
WMPT Atrium Management, L.L.C.	Delaware
WMPT AZ-Tempe Management, LLC	Delaware
WMPT Bartlett Management, LLC	Delaware
WMPT Bellaire HP Properties, L.L.C.	Virginia
WMPT Bellaire HP. L.P.	Virginia
WMPT Bellaire L.P.	Virginia
WMPT Bellaire POB Properties, L.L.C.	Virginia
WMPT Bellaire POB, L.P.	Virginia
WMPT Bellaire Properties, L.L.C.	Virginia
WMPT Boynton West Management, LLC	Delaware
WMPT Claremore Management, LLC	Delaware
WMPT Columbia Management, L.L.C.	Delaware
WMPT Congress I Management, L.L.C.	Delaware
WMPT Congress II Management, L.L.C.	Delaware
WMPT Denton Management, LLC	Delaware
WMPT Desert Springs Management, L.L.C.	Delaware
WMPT Frisco I Management, LLC	Delaware
WMPT Frisco II Management, LLC	Delaware
WMPT Glendale Management, LLC	Delaware
WMPT Gwinnett II Properties, L.L.C.	Delaware
WMPT Lafayette Management, L.L.C.	Delaware
WMPT Las Vegas Management, LLC	Delaware
	Delaware
WMPT Los Alamitos Management, LLC WMPT Northside Management, L.L.C.	Delaware Delaware
WMP1 Northside Management, L.L.C. WMPT Okatie I Management, LLC	Delaware Delaware
	Delaware Delaware
WMPT Orange Centre Management, LLC	
WMPT Palmer Management, LLC	Delaware
WMPT Palms West III Management, L.L.C.	Delaware
WMPT Palms West IV Management, L.L.C.	Delaware

Name of Subsidiary	State of Organization
WMPT Palms West V Management, L.L.C.	Delaware
WMPT Pearland II Properties, L.L.C.	Virginia
WMPT Pearland II, L.P.	Virginia
WMPT Pearland Properties, L.L.C.	Virginia
WMPT Pearland, L.P.	Virginia
WMPT Princeton Management, L.L.C.	Delaware
WMPT Sacramento Properties, L.L.C.	Virginia
WMPT Sacramento, L.P.	Virginia
WMPT Santa Anita Management, L.L.C.	Delaware
WMPT Sierra Management, L.L.C.	Delaware
WMPT Southpointe Management, L.L.C.	Delaware
WMPT Southside Management, L.L.C.	Delaware
WMPT St. Louis I Management, LLC	Delaware
WMPT Stone Oak Properties, L.L.C.	Virginia
WMPT Stone Oak, L.P.	Virginia
WMPT Tomball Properties, L.L.C.	Virginia
WMPT Tomball, L.P.	Virginia
WMPT Trinity Properties, L.L.C.	Virginia
WMPT Trinity, L.P.	Virginia
WMPT Trussville Management, L.L.C.	Delaware
WMPT Tucson Management, LLC	Delaware
WMPT Tulsa Management, L.L.C.	Delaware
WMPT Webster Management, L.L.C.	Delaware
WMPT Wellington Management, L.L.C.	Delaware
WMPT West Boca Management, L.L.C.	Delaware
WMPT West Tower Management, L.L.C.	Delaware
WMPT WPC Jupiter Management, LLC	Delaware
WMPT WPC Management, L.L.C	Delaware
WTP Healthcare Properties, LLC	Delaware

#### CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the following registration statements:

- Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-01239) dated February 27, 1996 pertaining to the Health Care REIT, Inc. 1995 Stock Incentive Plan;
- Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-40769) dated November 21, 1997 pertaining to the Health Care REIT, Inc. Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors;
- Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-40771) dated November 21, 1997 pertaining to the Health Care REIT, Inc. 1995 Stock Incentive Plan;
- Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-73916) dated November 21, 2001 pertaining to the Health Care REIT, Inc. 1995 Stock Incentive Plan;
- Registration Statement (Form S-3 No. 333-107280) dated July 23, 2003, as amended on August 1, 2003, pertaining to \$937,557,819 of securities of Health Care REIT, Inc.;
- Registration Statement (Form S-3 No. 333-110877) dated December 2, 2003 pertaining to 811,335 shares of common stock of Health Care REIT, Inc. with respect to the resale of shares of common stock received in connection with the conversion of shares of the 6% Series E Cumulative Convertible and Redeemable Preferred Stock;
- Registration Statement (Form S-3 No. 333-110902) dated December 3, 2003, as amended on December 11, 2003, pertaining to the Health Care REIT, Inc. Amended and Restated Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan;
- Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-120915) dated December 1, 2004 pertaining to the Health Care REIT, Inc. Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors;
- Registration Statement (Form S-3 No. 333-120917) dated December 1, 2004, as amended on May 19, 2005, pertaining to \$831,794,619 of securities of Health Care REIT, Inc.;
- Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-126195) dated June 28, 2005 pertaining to the Health Care REIT, Inc. 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan;
- Registration Statement (Form S-3 No. 333-134082) dated May 12, 2006 pertaining to an indeterminate amount of debt securities, common stock, preferred stock, depositary shares, warrants and units of Health Care REIT, Inc.;
- Registration Statement (Form S-4 No. 333-138006) dated October 13, 2006 pertaining to shares of common stock and 7.5% Series G Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock of Health Care REIT, Inc. issued in connection with the merger between Health Care REIT, Inc. and Windrose Medical Properties Trust, as amended by Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement dated November 6, 2006, and Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 on Form S-8 to the Registration Statement dated December 21, 2006 pertaining to the Windrose Medical Properties Trust 2002 Stock Incentive Plan;
- Registration Statement (Form S-3 No. 333-142987) dated May 15, 2007 pertaining to the Health Care REIT, Inc. Second Amended and Restated Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan;
- Registration Statement (Form S-3 No. 333-159040) dated May 7, 2009 pertaining to an indeterminate amount of debt securities, common stock, preferred stock, depositary shares, warrants and units of Health Care REIT, Inc.;
- Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-161131) dated August 6, 2009 pertaining to the Amended and Restated Health Care REIT, Inc. 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan; and
- Registration Statement (Form S-3 No. 333-166705) dated May 10, 2010 pertaining to the Health Care REIT, Inc. Third Amended and Restated Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan;

of our reports dated February 25, 2011, with respect to the consolidated financial statements and schedules of Health Care REIT, Inc. and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting of Health Care REIT, Inc. included in this Annual Report (Form 10-K) of Health Care REIT, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Toledo, Ohio February 25, 2011

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned, a director of Health Care REIT, Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation that is about to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, a Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2010, hereby constitutes and appoints GEORGE L. CHAPMAN, with full power to act, his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, for him and in his name, place and stead, in the capacity as director, to sign such Form 10-K which is about to be filed, and any and all amendments to such Form 10-K, and to file such Form 10-K and each such amendment so signed, with all exhibits thereto, and and and all other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent, full power and authority to do and perform any and all cats and things requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned hereunto sets his hand this 27th day of January, 2011.

/s/ WILLIAM C. BALLARD, JR. William C. Ballard, Jr. Director

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned, a director of Health Care REIT, Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation that is about to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, a Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2010, hereby constitutes and appoints GEORGE L. CHAPMAN, with full power to act, his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, for him and in his name, place and stead, in the capacity as director, to sign such Form 10-K which is about to be filed, and any and all amendments to such Form 10-K, and to file such Form 10-K and each such amendment so signed, with all exhibits thereto, and and and all other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent, full power and authority to do and perform any and all cts and things requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned hereunto sets his hand this 27th day of January, 2011.

/s/ PIER C. BORA Pier C. Borra Director

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned hereunto sets his hand this 27th day of January, 2011.

/s/ Тномая J. DeRosa Thomas J. DeRosa Director

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned, a director of Health Care REIT, Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation that is about to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, a Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2010, hereby constitutes and appoints GEORGE L. CHAPMAN, with full power to act, his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, for him and in his name, place and stead, in the capacity as director, to sign such Form 10-K which is about to be filed, and any and all amendments to such Form 10-K, and to file such Form 10-K and each such amendment so signed, with all exhibits thereto, and and and all other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent, full power and authority to do and perform any and all cats and things requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned hereunto sets his hand this 27th day of January, 2011.

/s/ JEFFREY H. DONAHUE Jeffrey H. Donahue Director

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned, a director of Health Care REIT, Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation that is about to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, a Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2010, hereby constitutes and appoints GEORGE L. CHAPMAN, with full power to act, his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, for him and in his name, place and stead, in the capacity as director, to sign such Form 10-K which is about to be filed, and any and all amendments to such Form 10-K, and to file such Form 10-K and each such amendment so signed, with all exhibits thereto, and and and all other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent, full power and authority to do and perform any and all cts and things requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned hereunto sets his hand this 27th day of January, 2011.

/s/ Peter J. Grua Peter J. Grua Director

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned, a director of Health Care REIT, Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation that is about to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, a Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2010, hereby constitutes and appoints GEORGE L. CHAPMAN, with full power to act, his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, for him and in his name, place and stead, in the capacity as director, to sign such Form 10-K which is about to be filed, and any and all amendments to such Form 10-K, and to file such Form 10-K and each such amendment so signed, with all exhibits thereto, and and and all other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent, full power and authority to do and perform any and all cats and things requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned hereunto sets his hand this 27th day of January, 2011.

/s/ FRED S. KLIPSCH Fred S. Klipsch Director

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned, a director of Health Care REIT, Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation that is about to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, a Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2010, hereby constitutes and appoints GEORGE L. CHAPMAN, with full power to act, her true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, for her and in her name, place and stead, in the capacity as director, to sign such Form 10-K which is about to be filed, and any and all amendments to such Form 10-K, and to file such Form 10-K and each such amendment so signed, with all exhibits thereto, and any and all other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent, full power and authority to do and perform any and all cts and things requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as she might do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned hereunto sets her hand this 27th day of January, 2011.

/s/ SHARON M. OSTER Sharon M. Oster Director

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned, a director of Health Care REIT, Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation that is about to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, a Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2010, hereby constitutes and appoints GEORGE L. CHAPMAN, with full power to act, his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, for him and in his name, place and stead, in the capacity as director, to sign such Form 10-K which is about to be filed, and any and all amendments to such Form 10-K, and to file such Form 10-K and each such amendment so signed, with all exhibits thereto, and any and all other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent, full power and authority to do and perform any and all cts and things requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned hereunto sets his hand this 27th day of January, 2011.

/s/ JEFFREY R. OTTEN Jeffrey R. Otten Director

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned, a director of Health Care REIT, Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation that is about to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, a Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2010, hereby constitutes and appoints GEORGE L. CHAPMAN, with full power to act, his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, for him and in his name, place and stead, in the capacity as director, to sign such Form 10-K which is about to be filed, and any and all amendments to such Form 10-K, and to file such Form 10-K and each such amendment so signed, with all exhibits thereto, and and and all other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent, full power and authority to do and perform any and all cts and things requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned hereunto sets his hand this 27th day of January, 2011.

/s/ R. Scott Trumbull R. Scott Trumbull Director

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned, a director and the Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and President and Principal Executive Officer of Health Care REIT, Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation that is about to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, a Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2010, hereby constitutes and appoints SCOTT A. ESTES, with full power to act, his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, for him and in his name, place and stead, in the capacities as director and Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and President and Principal Executive Officer, to sign such Form 10-K which is about to be filed, and any and all amendments to such Form 10-K, and to file such Form 10-K and each such amendment so signed, with all exhibits thereto, and any and all other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent, full power and authority to do and perform any and all acts and things requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned hereunto sets his hand this 27th day of January, 2011.

/s/ GEORGE L. CHAPMAN George L. Chapman Director, Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and President and Principal Executive Officer

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned, the Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer and Principal Financial Officer of Health Care REIT, Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation that is about to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, a Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2010, hereby constitutes and appoints GEORGE L. CHAPMAN, with full power to act, his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, for him and in his name, place and stead, in the capacities as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer and Principal Financial Officer, to sign such Form 10-K which is about to be filed, and any and all amendments to such Form 10-K, and to file such Form 10-K and each such amendment so signed, with all exhibits thereto, and any and all other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent, full power and authority to do and perform any and all acts and things requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned hereunto sets his hand this 27th day of January, 2011.

/s/ SCOTT A. ESTES Scott A. Estes Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer and Principal Financial Officer

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned, the Vice President and Controller and Principal Accounting Officer of Health Care REIT, Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation that is about to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, a Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2010, hereby constitutes and appoints GEORGE L. CHAPMAN, with full power to act, his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, for his and in his name, place and stead, in the capacities as Vice President and Controller and Principal Accounting Officer, to sign such Form 10-K which is about to be filed, and any and all amendments to such Form 10-K, and to file such Form 10-K and each such amendment so signed, with all exhibits thereto, and any and all other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent, full power and authority to do and perform any and all acts and things requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned hereunto sets his hand this 27th day of January, 2011.

/s/ PAUL D. NUNGESTER, JR. Paul D. Nungester, Jr. Vice President and Controller and Principal Accounting Officer

## CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

I, George L. Chapman, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-K of Health Care REIT, Inc.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ GEORGE L. CHAPMAN George L. Chapman, Chief Executive Officer

Date: February 25, 2011

### CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

I, Scott A. Estes, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-K of Health Care REIT, Inc.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Scott A. Estes, Scott A. Estes, Chief Financial Officer

Date: February 25, 2011

## **CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350**

I, George L. Chapman, the Chief Executive Officer of Health Care REIT, Inc. (the "Company"), certify, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. Section 1350), that (i) the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the Company for the year ended December 31, 2010 (the "Report"), fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and (ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ George L. Chapman George L. Chapman, Chief Executive Officer

Date: February 25, 2011

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

# **CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350**

I, Scott A. Estes, the Chief Financial Officer of Health Care REIT, Inc. (the "Company"), certify, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. Section 1350), that (i) the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the Company for the year ended December 31, 2010 (the "Report"), fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and (ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ SCOTT A. ESTES SCOTT A. ESTES, Chief Financial Officer

Date: February 25, 2011

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.